

Advanced Configuration and Modification of the Management Ethernet Interface on Cisco IOS XR Software

This module describes the configuration of Management Ethernet interfaces on the Cisco IOS XR Software.

Before you can use Telnet to access the router through the LAN IP address, you must set up a Management Ethernet interface and enable Telnet servers, as described in the *Configuring General Router Features* module of the *Cisco IOS XRGetting Started Guide*. This module describes how to modify the default configuration of the Management Ethernet interface after it has been configured, as described in *Cisco IOS XR Getting Started Guide*.



Forwarding between physical layer interface modules (PLIM) ports and Management Ethernet interface ports is disabled by default. To enable forwarding between PLIM ports and Management Ethernet interface ports, use the **rp mgmtethernet forwarding** command.



Although the Management Ethernet interfaces on the system are present by default, the user must configure these interfaces to use them for accessing the router, using protocols and applications such as Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA), HTTP, extensible markup language (XML), TFTP, Telnet, and command-line interface (CLI).

Feature History for Configuring Management Ethernet Interfaces

Release	Modification	
Release 3.2	This feature was first supported on the Cisco XR 12000 Series Router.	
Release 3.3.0	Manual configuration of the Management Ethernet interface is the only option. The initial prompts that originally walked the user through Management Ethernet interface configuration upon software installation were removed.	

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Prerequisites for Configuring Management Ethernet Interfaces

You must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes the proper task IDs. The command reference guides include the task IDs required for each command. If you suspect user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Before performing the Management Ethernet interface configuration procedures that are described in this module, be sure that the following tasks and conditions are met:

- You have performed the initial configuration of the Management Ethernet interface, as described in the *Configuring General Router Features* module of *Cisco IOS XR Getting Started Guide*.
- To use the **show running-config** command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes the proper task IDs for configuration management commands. The Task ID for the **show running-config** command is listed in *Cisco IOS XR System Management Command Reference*.
- You know how to apply the generalized interface name specification rack/slot/module/port.
 For further information on interface naming conventions, refer to Cisco IOS XR Getting Started Guide.



Note that, for transparent switchover, both active and standby Management Ethernet interfaces are expected to be physically connected to the same LAN or switch.

Information About Configuring Management Ethernet Interfaces

To configure Management Ethernet interfaces, you must understand the following concept:

• Default Interface Settings, page 82

Default Interface Settings

Table 1 describes the default Management Ethernet interface settings that can be changed by manual configuration. Default settings are not displayed in the **show running-config** command output.

Table 1	Management Ethernet Interface Default Settings
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Parameter	Default Value	Configuration File Entry
Speed in Mbps	Speed is autonegotiated.	speed [10 100 1000]
		To return the system to autonegotiate speed, use the no speed [10 100 1000] command.
Duplex mode	Duplex mode is	duplex {full half}
autonegotiated.	autonegotiated.	To return the system to autonegotiated duplex operation, use the no duplex {full half} command, as appropriate.
MAC address	MAC address is read from the hardware burned-in address (BIA).	mac-address address To return the device to its default MAC address, use the no mac-address address command.

How to Perform Advanced Management Ethernet Interface Configuration

This section contains the following procedures:

- Configuring a Management Ethernet Interface, page 83 (required)
- Configuring the Duplex Mode for a Management Ethernet Interface, page 85 (optional)
- Configuring the Speed for a Management Ethernet Interface, page 86 (optional)
- Modifying the MAC Address for a Management Ethernet Interface, page 88 (optional)
- Verifying Management Ethernet Interface Configuration, page 89 (optional)

Configuring a Management Ethernet Interface

Perform this task to configure a Management Ethernet interface. This procedure provides the minimal configuration required for the Management Ethernet interface.



You do not need to perform this task if you have already set up the Management Ethernet interface to enable telnet servers, as described in the *Configuring General Router Features* module of the *Getting Started Guide*.

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 3. ipv4 address ip-address mask
- 4. mtu bytes
- 5. no shutdown

6. end

or

commit

7. show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure terminal	
Step 2	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the Ethernet interface name and notation <i>rack/slot/module/port</i> .
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0</pre>	The example indicates port 0 on the RP card that is installed in slot 0.
Step 3	ipv4 address ip-address mask	Assigns an IP address and subnet mask to the interface.
	Example:	• Replace <i>ip-address</i> with the primary IPv4 address for the interface.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# ipv4 address 172.18.189.38 255.255.255.224	• Replace <i>mask</i> with the mask for the associated IP subnet. The network mask can be specified in either of two ways:
		 The network mask can be a four-part dotted decimal address. For example, 255.0.0.0 indicates that each bit equal to 1 means that the corresponding address bit belongs to the network address.
		 The network mask can be indicated as a slash (/) and number. For example, /8 indicates that the first 8 bits of the mask are ones, and the corresponding bits of the address are network address.
Step 4	mtu bytes	(Optional) Sets the maximum transmission unit (MTU) byte value for the interface. The default is 1514.
	Example:	• The default is 1514 bytes.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if# mtu 1448	• The range for the Management Ethernet interface Interface mtu values is 64 to 1514 bytes.
Step 5	no shutdown	Removes the shutdown configuration, which removes the forced administrative down on the interface, enabling it to
	Example:	move to an up or down state.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# no shutdown	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	end	Saves configuration changes.
	or commit	• When you issue the end command, the system prompts you to commit changes:
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if) # end or RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if) # commit</pre>	 Uncommitted changes found, commit them before exiting (yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]: Entering yes saves configuration changes to the running configuration file, exits the configuration session, and returns the router to EXEC mode.
		 Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes.
		 Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes.
		• Use the commit command to save the configuration changes to the running configuration file and remain within the configuration session.
Step 7	show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id	(Optional) Displays statistics for interfaces on the router.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show interfaces MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0	

Configuring the Duplex Mode for a Management Ethernet Interface

Perform this task to configure the duplex mode of the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 3. duplex [full | half]
- 4. end or commit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure	
Step 2	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the Management Ethernet interface name and instance.
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0</pre>	
Step 3	duplex [full half]	Configures the interface duplex mode. Valid options are full or half .
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# duplex full</pre>	Note To return the system to autonegotiated duplex operation, use the no duplex command.
Step 4	end	Saves configuration changes.
	<pre>commit Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end or RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit</pre>	• When you issue the end command, the system prompts you to commit changes:
		Uncommitted changes found, commit them before exiting(yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]:
		 Entering yes saves configuration changes to the running configuration file, exits the configuration session, and returns the router to EXEC mode.
		 Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes.
		 Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes.
		• Use the commit command to save the configuration changes to the running configuration file and remain within the configuration session.

Configuring the Speed for a Management Ethernet Interface

Perform this task to configure the speed of the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 3. speed {10 | 100 | 1000}

4. end or commit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure	
Step 2	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the Management Ethernet interface name and instance.
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # interface MgmtEth</pre>	
Step 3	speed {10 100 1000}	Configures the interface speed parameter.
		Valid speed options are 10 , 100 or 1000 Mbps.
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# speed 100</pre>	Note The default Management Ethernet interface speed is autonegotiated.
		Note To return the system to the default autonegotiated speed, use the no speed command.
Step 4	end	Saves configuration changes.
	or commit	• When you issue the end command, the system prompts you to commit changes:
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end</pre>	<pre>Uncommitted changes found, commit them before exiting(yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]:</pre>
	Or RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit	 Entering yes saves configuration changes to the running configuration file, exits the configuration session, and returns the router to EXEC mode.
		 Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes.
		 Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes.
		• Use the commit command to save the configuration changes to the running configuration file and remain within the configuration session.

Modifying the MAC Address for a Management Ethernet Interface

Perform this task to configure the MAC layer address of the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 3. mac-address address
- 4. end or commit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure	
Step 2	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the Management Ethernet interface name and instance.
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0</pre>	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	mac-address address	Configures the MAC layer address of the Management Ethernet interface.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# mac-address 0001.2468.ABCD	Note To return the device to its default MAC address, use the no mac-address address command.
Step 4	end Or commit	Saves configuration changes. • When you issue the end command, the system prompts you to commit changes:
	<pre>Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end or RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit</pre>	Uncommitted changes found, commit them before exiting (yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]: - Entering yes saves configuration changes to the running configuration file, exits the configuration session, and returns the router to EXEC mode. - Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes. - Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes. • Use the commit command to save the configuration changes to the running configuration file and remain within the configuration session.

Verifying Management Ethernet Interface Configuration

Perform this task to verify configuration modifications on the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

- 1. show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 2. show running-config

Step 1	show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id	Displays the Management Ethernet interface configuration.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show interfaces MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0	
Step 2	<pre>show running-config interface MgmtEth interface-path-id</pre>	Displays the running configuration.
	Example:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show running-config interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0	

Configuration Examples for Management Ethernet Interfaces

This section provides the following configuration examples:

• Configuring a Management Ethernet Interface: Example, page 90

Configuring a Management Ethernet Interface: Example

This example displays advanced configuration and verification of the Management Ethernet interface on the RP:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# ipv4 address 172.29.52.70 255.255.255.0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# speed 100
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# duplex full
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# no shutdown
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:Mar 26 01:09:28.685 :ifmgr[190]:%LINK-3-UPDOWN :Interface
MgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0, changed state to Up
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show interfaces MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
MMgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0 is up, line protocol is up
  Hardware is Management Ethernet, address is 0011.93ef.e8ea (bia 0011.93ef.e8ea
  Description: Connected to Lab LAN
  Internet address is 172.29.52.70/24
  MTU 1514 bytes, BW 100000 Kbit
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set,
  ARP type ARPA, ARP timeout 04:00:00
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  5 minute input rate 3000 bits/sec, 7 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 1 packets/sec
     30445 packets input, 1839328 bytes, 64 total input drops
     O drops for unrecognized upper-level protocol
     Received 23564 broadcast packets, 0 multicast packets
              0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles, 0 parity
     57 input errors, 40 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
     171672 packets output, 8029024 bytes, 0 total output drops
     Output 16 broadcast packets, 0 multicast packets
     0 output errors, 0 underruns, 0 applique, 0 resets
     0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
     1 carrier transitions
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show running-config interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
interface MgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0
description Connected to Lab LAN
ipv4 address 172.29.52.70 255.255.255.0
```

Additional References

These sections provide references related to Management Ethernet interface configuration.

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS XR master command reference	Cisco IOS XR Master Commands List
Cisco IOS XR interface configuration commands	Cisco IOS XR Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference
Initial system bootup and configuration information for a router using the Cisco IOS XR software.	Cisco IOS XR Getting Started Guide
Information about user groups and task IDs	Cisco IOS XR Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference

Standards

Standards	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by the feature.	

MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
There are no applicable MIBs for this module.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms using Cisco IOS XR Software, use the Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:
	http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Technical Support website contains	http://www.cisco.com/support
thousands of pages of searchable technical content,	
including links to products, technologies, solutions,	
technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users	
can log in from this page to access even more content.	