

Configuring Serial Interfaces

This chapter configures the serial interface module (PN: A900-IMASER14A/S) Async/Sync R232 serial data using Transparent Pseudowire (PW) over MPLS network and raw socket. It includes the following sections:

For information about managing your system images and configuration files, refer to the Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Configuration Guide and Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference publications.

For more information about the commands used in this chapter, refer to the Cisco IOS Command Reference publication for your Cisco IOS software release.

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Information About Serial Interface Module

The serial interface module supports pseudowire transport over MPLS and raw socket for Async and Sync tranffic. The Serial IM interfaces monitor and detect cable connections, cable types and also monitors modem control signals periodically.



The A900-IMASER14A/S interface provides a direct connection between the Cisco ASR 903 router and external networks.



Note We recommend that you use a smart serial or 4-port octopus cable to connect the A900-IMASER14A/S with the external network.

Table 1: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Support for A900-IMASER14A/S on A900-RSP3C-400-S	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1	This feature supports 14-port serial interface module (A900-IMASER14A/S) on the Cisco A900-RSP3C-400-S, A900-RSP3C-200-S, A900-RSP2A-128 and A900-RSP2A-64 platforms.

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Note Effective from Cisco IOS XE Bangalore Release 17.6.1, 14-port serial interface module (A900-IMASER14A/S) is supported on the following:

- Any slots on A900-RSP2A-128 in ASR 903
- Any slots on A900-RSP3C-400-S in ASR 903
- Only on slot 4 on A900-RSP3C-200-S in ASR 903
- Only on slots 3, 4 and 5 on A900-RSP2A-64 in ASR 903
- Only on slots 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 and 12 on A900-RSP3C-400-W in ASR 907. The serial IM will not work on slots 11 and 12, if the IMs A900-IMA8T or A900-IMA8S is inserted on any slot in the router.

Out of 14 ports, 6 ports support sync interfaces and 8 ports support async interfaces. RS232 Async data is carried over Raw Socket and Transparent byte mode and RS232 Sync data is carried over Raw Socket.

For more information about RS422 and RS485, refer to Table 6 in the **Troubleshooting** chapter of the Cisco ASR 903 and ASR 903U Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide

Restrictions

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Note Serial interfaces are *not* supported on the ASR 900 RSP3 Module.

This section describes the port restrictions for Serial interface module:

- Ports 0-7 are Async ports on the 68-pin connector
- Ports 8-13 are Sync or Async on the 12-in-1 connector



Note Sync is *not* supported in Cisco IOS XE Release 3.14S. Sync ports cannot be configured in Cisco IOS XE Release 3.14S.

• Maximum speed on all ports is 236Kbps.

This section describes the software limitations that apply when configuring the Serial interface module:

- QoS is not supported on serial interfaces for A900-IMASER14A/S interface module.
- The router can only be configured as data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE).
- Configuration of pseudowire between local and remote PE with different speed on Sync and Async ports is not supported.
- Sub-rate (below DS0 bandwidth) Async (R232) data over MPLS MPLS using T1/E1 CESoP is not supported.
- Pseudowire ping is *not* supported for the pseusdowire configured on the serial interface module.

- Only two serial interface modules can come up on the router in release prior to Cisco IOS XE Release 3.14. Starting with Cisco IOS XE Release 3.14, all 6 bays on the router are available for insertion of interface modules simultaneously.
- Only Trans encapsulation is supported in Cisco IOS XE Release 3.14S.
- If you installed a new A900-IMASER14A/S or if you want to change the configuration of an existing interface, you must enter configuration mode to configure the new interfaces. If you replaced an A900-IMASER14A/S that was previously configured, the system recognizes the new interfaces and brings each of them up in their existing configuration.
- Pseudowire ping is not supported for cross-connect configured on A900-IMA14A/S interface module.
- A maximum speed of 64 kbps between PE and DTE is supported for RS232 Sync ports.
- PE can act only as DCE and provides the clock to DTE.
- Serial IM Sync signaling transport does not interoperate with the third party equipments. HLDC frames used for transport of these signals are Cisco-specific.
- CTS signal goes down, when control signal frequency is configured more than 5000 ms and timeout setting is more than 20,000 ms (4x control_frequency), which is greater than the OIR time (~20s) for a selected subordinate to complete an OIR cycle. This results in the primary being unaware that the subordinate is down and CTS of all subordinates are down too. To avoid this situation, ensure that the timeout is shorter than the OIR time of the subordinate. Set the control frequency to less than or equal to 5000 ms and the timeout setting to less than or equal to 20,000 ms before you perform OIR.
- If the mode is changed from P2P to P2MP with one primary serving three subordinates (all three subordinates on the same card on another chassis, different from the primary) or an online insertion and removal (OIR) of the card is performed with P2MP configuration, CTS signal for all the subordinates will go down despite that all are still driving their RTS up. This will get corrected when the subordinates toggle their RTS.
- RS422 and RS485 can be configured only on ports 0-7 of the serial interface.

How to Configure Serial Interface

Required Configuration Tasks

Configuring the Controller

To create the interfaces for the Serial interface module, complete these steps:

	Procedure
Step 1	configure terminal Example:
	Router# configure terminal

Enters global configuration mode.

Step 2 controller serial *slot/subslot/port*

Example:

Router(config) # controller serial 0/4/1

Selects the controller to configure and enters controller configuration mode.

• *slot/subslot/port*—Specifies the location of the interface.

Note The slot number is always 0.

Step 3 physical-layer async | sync

Example:

Router(config-controller) # physical-layer async

Configures the serial interface in async or sync mode.

- async—Specifies async interface.
- sync—Specifies sync interface. This is the default mode.

Step 4 exit

Example:

Router(config)# exit

Exits configuration mode and returns to the EXEC command interpreter prompt.

Example: Controller Configuration

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# controller
0/4/1
Router(config-controller)# physical-layer async
Router(config)# exit
```

Optional Configurations

Configuring Layer 1 on Sync and Async Interface Server

The RS232 which is enabled by default on the async interface, supports RS232 DCE cable with the DB-25 connector. The Cisco smart serial cable with the DB-25 connector supports RS232, RS485, and RS422. The RJ45 cable type supports only RS485.

Procedure

Step 1	configure terminal				
	Example:				
	Router# configure terminal				
	Enters global configuration mode.				
Step 2	line <i>slot/bay/port</i>				
	Example:				
	Router(config)#line 0/4/1				
	Select the controller to configure and enters serial interface configuration mode.				
	• <i>slot/subslot/port</i> —Specifies the location of the interface.				
Step 3	media-type {rs422 rs485 }				
	Example:				
	Router(config-line)# media-type rs422				
	Sets the media type to either RS422 or RS485.				
Step 4	databits {5 6 7 8}				
	Example:				
	Router(config-line)# databits 8				
	Sets the databit configuration. The default is 8.				
Step 5	stopbits {1 1.5 2}				
	Example:				
	Router(config-line)# stopbits 2				
	Sets the stopbit configuration. The default is 2.				
Step 6	speed speed-value				
	Example:				
	Router(config-line)# speed 9600				
	Specifies the serial interface speed. The valid range is form 300 to 230400. The default is 9600.				
Step 7	raw-socket tcp server port server ip address				
	Example:				
	Router(config-line)# raw-socket tcp server 5000 10.0.0.1				
	Specifies raw-tcp server configuration.				

Step 8	raw-socket packet length packet length
	Example:
	Router(config-line)# raw-socket packet-length 32
	Specifies raw-tcp packet length configuration options.
Step 9	parity {even mark none odd space}
	Example:
	Router(config-line)# parity none
	Sets the parity.
Step 10	sig-transport u-frame pattern pattern
	Example:
	Router(config-line)#sig-transport u-frame pattern NR0
	This step is specific to Sync mode only. Specifies the u-frame format used for internal signal transport.
Step 11	control-sig-transport [on off] frequency frequency range
	Example:
	Router(config-line)#control-sig-transport on frequency <50-65535>
	Specifies if hardware control signals need to be sent to remote PE or not. Also specifies the frequency (period between successive control frames) in milliseconds. By default, control signal is OFF. Frequency needs to be configured only if the control signal is ON.
Step 12	connection-topology [point-to-point point-to-multipoint]
	Example:
	Router(config-line)#connection-topology point-to-multipoint
	This step is specific to Sync mode only. Specifies the type of topology.
Step 13	dtr [used not-used]
	Example:
	Router(config-line)# dtr not-used
	(Optional) DTR is programmable when DTR pin in FPGA is not connected. By default, DTR is set as used.
Step 14	connection-timeout timeout
	Example:
	Router(config-line)# connection-timeout <800-65535>
	(Optional) Specifies the connection timeout of the primary and subordinate session. It should be configured 4 times higher than the frequency.
Step 15	exit
	Example:
	Router(config)# exit

Exits configuration mode and returns to the EXEC command interpreter prompt.

Example: Async Layer 1 Parameters

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# line 0/4/1
Router(config-line)# databits 8
Router(config-line)# stopbits 2
Router(config-line)# speed 9600
Router(config-line)# parity none
Router(config-line)# exit
```

Configuring Layer 1 on Sync and Async Interface Client

	Procedure
Step 1	configure terminal
	Example:
	Router# configure terminal
	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	line slot/bay/port
	Example:
	Router(config)# line 0/ 4/1
	Select the controller to configure and enters serial interface configuration mode.
	• <i>slot/subslot/port</i> —Specifies the location of the interface.
Step 3	databits {5 6 7 8}
	Example:
	Router(config-line)# databits 8
	Example:
	Sets the databit configuration. The default is 8.
Step 4	stopbits {1 1.5 2}
	Example:
	Router(config-line)# stopbits 2
	Sets the stopbit configuration. The default is 2.
Step 5	speed speed-value

Example:

Router(config-line) # speed 9600

Specifies the serial interface speed. The valid range is form 300 to 230400. The default is 9600.

Step 6 raw-socket tcp client server ip address server port client ip address client port

Example:

Router(config-line)# raw-socket tcp client 10.0.0.1 5000 10.10.10.10 9000 Specifies raw-tcp client configuration.

Step 7 raw-socket packet length packet length

Example:

Router(config-line)# raw-socket packet-length 32 Specifies raw-tcp packet length configuration options.

 Step 8
 parity {even | mark | none | odd | space}

Example:

Router(config-line) # parity none Sets the parity.

Step 9 exit

Example:

Router(config)# exit

Exits configuration mode and returns to the EXEC command interpreter prompt.

Configuring a Channel Group

Procedure

Step 1 configure terminal Example:

Router# configure terminal

Enters global configuration mode.

Step 2controller serial slot/bay/port

Example:

Router(config) # **controller serial 0/4/1** Configures the controller. *slot/subslot/port*—Specifies the location of the interface.

Step 3 channel-group channel-group

Example:

Router(config-controller)# channel-group 0

Configures the channel group with specified NxDS0 time slots.

Step 4 exit

Example:

```
Router(config-controller)# exit
```

Exits configuration mode and returns to the EXEC command interpreter prompt.

Example: Channel Group

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# controller serial 0/4/1
Router(config-controller)# channel-group 0
Router(config-controller)# exit
```

Configuring Encapsulation

When traffic crosses a WAN link, the connection needs a Layer 2 protocol to encapsulate traffic.

Note L2TPv3 encapsulation is *not* supported on the Cisco ASR 900 Series router. Trans encapsulation is only supported in Cisco IOS XE Release 3.14S.

Procedure

Step 1 configure terminal

Example:

Router# configure terminal

Enters global configuration mode.

Step 2 interface serial slot/bay/port

Example:

Router(config) # interface serial 0/4/1

Selects the interface to configure from global configuration mode.

• *slot/subslot/port*—Specifies the location of the interface.

Step 3 encapsulation {ppp|raw-tcp | trans | sdmc}

Example:

Router(config-if) # encapsulation raw-tcp

Set the encapsulation method on the interface.

- **ppp**—Described in RFC 1661, PPP encapsulates network layer protocol information over point-to-point links.
- trans—Transparent encapsulation.
- **Note** Trans encapsulation is supported on the access side for serial interfaces which has cross connect configured.
 - sdmc—Switched Multimegabit Data Services (SDMC) for serial interface.

Step 4 exit

Example:

```
Router(config) # exit
```

Exits configuration mode and returns to the EXEC command interpreter prompt.

Example: Encapsulation

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface serial 0/
4/1
Router(config-if)# encapsulation trans
Router(config-if)# exit
```

Configuring Transparent Pseudowire (PW) Cross-Connect

Transparent PW mode provides a facility to configure the speed between 300 bps to 230400 bps.

Procedure

Step 1 configure terminal

Example:

Router# configure terminal

Enters global configuration mode.

Step 2 interface serial *slot/bay/port*

Example:

Router(config) # interface serial 0/4/1

Selects the interface to configure from global configuration mode.

• *slot/subslot/port*—Specifies the location of the interface.

Step 3 xconnect *peer-router-id vcid* encapsulation mpls

Example:

Router(config-if)# xconnect 10.0.0.1 1001 encapsulation mpls

Configures the VC to transport packets.

Step 4 exit

Example:

```
Router(config)# exit
```

Exits configuration mode and returns to the EXEC command interpreter prompt.

Example: Transparent Pseudowire on Cross Connect

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface serial 0/
4/1
Router(config-if)# xconnect 10.0.0.1 1001 encapsulation mpls
Router(config)# exit
```

Configuring Invert Clock Signal

Procedure

Step 1	configure terminal
	Example:
	Router# configure terminal
	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	controller serial slot/bay/port
	Example:
	Router(config)# controller serial 0/4/1
	Configures the controller.
	slot/subslot/port—Specifies the location of the interface.
Step 3	invert data
	Example:
	Router(config-controller)# invert data

Configures the invert data clock signal.

Step 4 exit

Example:

Router(config) # exit

Exits configuration mode and returns to the EXEC command interpreter prompt.

Example: Invert Data on the Serial Interface

The following example shows invert data configuration on the serial interface.

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# controller serial 0/4/1
Router(config-controller)# invert data
Router(config-controller)# exit
```

Configuring NRZI Formats

Procedure

Step 1	configure terminal
	Example:
	Router# configure terminal
	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	interfaceserial slot/bay/port
	Example:
	Router(config)# interface serial 0/4/1
	Select the controller to configure and enters serial interface configuration mode.
	• <i>slot/subslot/port</i> —Specifies the location of the interface.
Step 3	nrzi-encoding
	Example:
	Router(config-if)# nrzi-encoding
	Enable NRZI encoding.
	To disable NRZI encoding, use the no form of the commnad.

Saving the Configuration

To save your running configuration to nonvolatile random-access memory (NVRAM), use the following command in privileged EXEC configuration mode:

Command	Purpose
copy running-config startup-config	Writes the new configuration to NVRAM.

For information about managing your system images and configuration files, refer to the Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Configuration Guide and Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference publications.

Verifying the Serial Interface Configuration

Use the following commands to verify the configuration the serial interface

show controllers serial slot/bay/port

Use the show controllers serial *slot/bay/port* command to display serial interface configuration on the router.

```
Router# show controllers serial 0/1/0
Serial0/1/0 - (A900-IMASER14A/S) is up
Encapsulation : RAW-TCP
Cable type: RS-232 DCE
mtu 1500, max_buffer_size 1524, max_pak_size 1524 enc 84
loopback: Off, crc: 16, invert_data: Off
nrzi: Off, idle char: Flag
dce_terminal_timing_enable: Off ignore_dtr: Off
serial_clockrate: 64000bps, serial_clock_index: 14 serial_restartdelay:30000,
serial_restartdelay_def:30000
```

DCD=up DSR=up DTR=up RTS=up CTS=up

show interfaces serial slot/bay/port

Use the **show interfaces serial** *slot/bay/port* command **to display** serial interface packet status information, model control signal status information on the router.

```
Router# show interfaces serial 0/1/0
Serial0/1/0 is up, line protocol is up
   Hardware is A900-IMASER14A/S
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 64 Kbit/sec, DLY 20000 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 47/255, rxload 103/255
  Encapsulation RAW-TCP, loopback not set
  Keepalive not supported
  Last input never, output 00:00:00, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters 00:38:06
  Input queue: 0/375/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
  Queueing strategy: fifo
  Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 26000 bits/sec, 69 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 12000 bits/sec, 69 packets/sec
    157782 packets input, 7562229 bytes, 0 no buffer
     Received 0 broadcasts (0 IP multicasts)
     0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
     0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
     156862 packets output, 3460471 bytes, 0 underruns
```

0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets 0 unknown protocol drops 0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out 0 carrier transitions DCD=up DSR=up DTR=up RTS=up CTS=up

• show running-config interface serial slot/bay/port

Use the show running-config interface serial *slot/bay/port* command **to display** serial interface IP address information, keep alive and cross-connect status information on the router.

```
Router# show running-config interface serial 0/1/0
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 107 bytes
!
interface Serial0/1/0
no ip address
encapsulation trans
xconnect 10.0.0.1 1001 encapsulation mpls
End
```

show xconnet all

Use the show xconnect all to command to display all cross connect status on the router.

Router# show x	connect all					
Legend: XC :	ST=Xconnect State	S1=Segment1	State	S2=Segment2	State	
UP=Up	DN=Down	AD=Admin Do	wn	IA=Inactive		
SB=Standby	HS=Hot Standby	RV=Recoveri	ng	NH=No Hardwa	are	
XC ST Segment	1	S1	Segment	2		s2
		++			+	
UP pri ac Se	0/1/0(HDLC)	UP	mpls 10.	.0.0.1:1001		UP

Use the **show raw-socket tcp sessions** and **show raw-socket tcp statistic** commands to display the raw socket status.

Router#show raw-socket tcp sessions

Interface tty		vrf name	socket mode	local ip addr	local port
dest ip addr	dest port	up time	idle time/timeout		—
0/3/12 154			0 server	20.20.20.20	5000
listening					
0/3/12 154			1 server	20.20.20.20	5000
10.10.10.10	9000	00:20:49	00:00:00/5 min		

Router#show raw-socket tcp statistic

----- TCP-Serial Statistics

Interface tty	vrf_name	sessions	tcp_in_bytes
tcp_out_bytes	tcp_to_tty_frames	tty_to_tcp_frames	
0/3/12 154		1	1847204
4640310	87709	87671	

Configuration Examples

This section includes the following configuration examples:

Example: Encapsulation Configuration

The following example sets encapsulation for the controller and interface:

PE1 CONFIG

```
controller SERIAL 0/1/0
physical-layer async
channel-group 0
interface Serial0/1/0
no ip address
encapsulation trans
xconnect 10.0.0.2 1001 encapsulation mpls
```

PE2 CONFIG

```
controller SERIAL 0/2/0
physical-layer async
channel-group 0
interface Serial0/2/0
no ip address
encapsulation trans
xconnect 10.0.0.1 1001 encapsulation mpls
```