



## Monitoring Devices

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### Set Up Packet Capture to Monitor Network Traffic

In addition to aggregating data from multiple NAMs, Prime Infrastructure makes it easy to actively manage and troubleshoot network problems using multiple NAMs and ASRs.



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**Note** This feature is supported for NAMs and ASRs. For more information on minimum Cisco IOS XE version supported on ASRs, see the [Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers Release Notes](#).

In the following workflow, a network operator needs to troubleshoot a set of similar authentication violations taking place at multiple branches. Because the operator suspects that the authentication problems are due to a network attack in progress, the operator runs the Packet Capture feature against the NAMs or ASRs for each branch, then runs the Packet Decoder to inspect the suspicious traffic.

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**Note** The legacy cipher, which helps you to perform the Copy To or Merge functionalities in the **Packet Capture** screen, in the Prime Infrastructure server is enabled by default.

In case the Copy To/Merge functionalities do not work, you must enable it manually by entering the following command in the Prime Infrastructure's CLI.

**#admin ncs run ssh-server-security-legacy-algorithms enable**

You must disable it after performing these actions. Enter the following command to disable.

**admin# ncs run ssh-server-legacy-algorithms disable**

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**Step 1** Create a capture session definition:

- a) Choose **Monitor > Tools > Packet Capture** to create a new capture session definition.
- b) Complete the **General** section as needed. Give the session definition a unique name and specify how you want to file the captured data. To capture the full packet, enter 0 in the Packet Slice Size.

- c) If you want to restrict the captured traffic to particular source or destination IPs, VLANs, applications, or ports, click **Add** in the Software Filters section and create filters as needed. If you do not create a software filter, it captures everything.
- d) In the Devices area, you can select: A NAM and its data ports. You can create one capture session per NAM only, whether the capture session is running or not. An ASR and its interfaces.
- e) Click **Create** and **Start All Sessions**. Prime Infrastructure saves the new session definition, then runs separate capture sessions on each of the devices you specified. It stores the sessions as files on the device and displays the list of packet capture files in the Capture Files area.

**Step 2**

To decode a packet capture file:

- a) Choose **Monitor > Tools > Packet Capture**
- b) Select a PCAP file in a NAM or ASR device.
- c) Select Copy To to copy the PCAP file to the PI server (the decode operation only runs on files in the PI server).
- d) Click View Jobs to confirm that the copy job completed successfully.
- e) Open the localhost folder, select the check box for the new capture file, then click Decode. The decoded data appears in the bottom pane.
- f) A TCP Stream displays the data as the application layer sees it. To view the TCP Stream for a decoded file, select a TCP packet from the Packet List, then click TCP Stream. You can view the data as ASCII text or in a HEX dump.

**Step 3**

To run a packet capture session again, select the session definition in the **Capture Sessions** area and click **Start**.

## Manage Jobs Using the Jobs Dashboard

If you have the appropriate user account privileges, you can manage Prime Infrastructure jobs using the Jobs dashboard. To view the **Jobs** dashboard, choose **Administration > Dashboards > Job Dashboard**. From here, you can quickly see if a job was successful, partially successful, or failed.

If too many jobs are already running, Prime Infrastructure will hold other jobs in the queue until resources are available. If this delays a scheduled job past its normal starting time, the job will not run. You will have to run it manually.

Some jobs may require approval. In such cases, Prime Infrastructure sends an email to users with Administrator privileges notifying them that a job was scheduled and needs approval. The job will only run after it is approved.

The following table describes the buttons displayed in the **Jobs** dashboard.

**Table 1: Jobs Dashboard Buttons**

Button	Description
<b>Delete Job</b>	Removes a job from the <b>Jobs</b> dashboard.
<b>Edit Job</b>	Edit the settings configured for the selected job.
<b>Edit Schedule</b>	Displays the series schedule and lets you edit it (start time, interval, and end time).  <b>Note</b> Editing the schedule of an already-scheduled job will change the status of that job to <b>Pending for Approval</b> since each edit requires an approval from the user who created the job.

Button	Description
<b>Run</b>	Runs a new instance of the selected job. Use this to rerun partially successful or failed jobs; the job will only run for the failed or partially successful components.
<b>Abort</b>	Stops a currently-running job, but allows you to rerun it later. Not all jobs can be aborted; Prime Infrastructure will indicate when this is the case.
<b>Cancel Series</b>	Stops a currently-running job and does not allow anyone to rerun it. If the job is part of a series, future runs are not affected.
<b>Pause Series</b>	Pauses a scheduled job series. When a series is paused, you cannot run any instances of that series (using <b>Run</b> ).
<b>Resume Series</b>	Resumes a scheduled job series that has been paused.



**Note** The **Delete Job**, **Abort**, and **Cancel Series** buttons are not available for system and poller jobs.



**Note** If you have logged in as a root user, then you can view all the jobs under Job Dashboard. If you have logged in as a non-root user, then you can only view the jobs performed by you.

To view the details of a job, follow these steps:

**Step 1** Choose **Administration > Dashboards > Job Dashboard**.

**Step 2** From the **Jobs** pane, choose a job series to get basic information (such as job type, status, job duration, and next start time).

**Step 3** To view the job interval, click a job instance hyperlink.

At the top of the job page, the **Recurrence** field indicates how often the job recurs. Job interval details will be added for every job that triggers.

**Step 4** To get details about a failed or partially successful job, click the job instance hyperlink and expand the entries provided on the resulting page.

This is especially helpful for inventory-related jobs. For example, if a user imported devices using a CSV file (a bulk import), the job will be listed in the **Jobs** sidebar menu under **User Jobs > Device Bulk Import**. The job details will list the devices that were successfully added and the devices that were not.

### Example

To troubleshoot a failed software image import job:

1. Choose **User Jobs > Software Image Import** from the **Jobs** sidebar menu.
2. Locate the failed job in the table and then click its hyperlink.

3. Expand the job's details (if not already expanded) to view the list of devices associated with the job and the status of the image import for each device.
4. To view the import details for a specific device, click that device's *i* (**information**) icon in the **Status** column. This opens an **Image Management Job Results** pop-up window.
5. Examine each step and its status. For example, the **Collecting image with Protocol: SFTP** column might report that SFTP is not supported on the device.