



# Release Notes for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 in IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6

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Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6 is based on Cisco IOS Release 12.4, with enhancements to the Cisco Packet Data Serving Node (Cisco PDSN) feature. This Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 based on IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6 is optimized for the Cisco PDSN feature on the Cisco Service and Application Module for IP (SAMI) card on the Cisco 7600 Series Router.

## Contents

These release notes include important information and caveats for the Cisco PDSN software feature provided by the Cisco IOS 12.4(22)XR6 for the Cisco 7600 Series Router platform.

This release note describes:

- [Introduction, page 2](#)
- [System Requirements, page 2](#)
- [Migration to Cisco PDSN, page 4](#)
- [Upgrading to New Software Release, page 12](#)
- [Cisco PDSN Software Features in Release 12.4\(22\)XR6, page 16](#)
- [Caveats, page 18](#)
- [Related Documentation, page 21](#)
- [Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request, page 22](#)



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# Introduction

Cisco PDSN is an IOS software feature that enables a SAMI card on a Cisco 7600 Series Router to function as a gateway between the wireless Radio Access Network (RAN) and the Internet. With Cisco PDSN enabled on a router, a stationary or roaming mobile user can access the Internet, a corporate intranet, or Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) services. Cisco PDSN supports both simple IP and mobile IP operations.

## System Requirements

This section describes the system requirements for running Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6:

- [Memory Requirements, page 2](#)
- [Hardware Supported, page 2](#)
- [Software Compatibility, page 3](#)
- [Cisco PDSN Software Features in Release 12.4\(22\)XR6, page 16](#)

## Memory Requirements

To install Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 that supports the SAMI card on the Cisco 7600 Series Router, ensure that you meet the following memory requirements:

- Platform: Cisco 7600 Series Router
- Software/Feature Set: PDSN
- Image Name: *12.4(22)XR6 – c7svcsami-c6ik9s-mz.124.22.XR* (This file is a bundled image.)
- Required Memory:
  - Flash: 256 MB
  - DRAM: 2048 MB
- Runs from: RAM

## Hardware Supported

Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6 is optimized for the SAMI card on the Cisco 7600 Series Router.

You can use the Hardware-Software Compatibility Matrix tool to search for hardware components that are supported on a Cisco platform and an IOS release.

**Note**

You must have a valid Cisco.com account to log in to this tool:

<http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/front.x/Support/HWSWmatrix/hwswwmatrix.cgi>

## Software Compatibility

Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6 is developed on Cisco IOS Release 12.4 and supports the features included in Cisco IOS Release 12.4, with the addition of the Cisco PDSN feature.

For information on the new and existing features, see [Cisco PDSN Software Features in Release 12.4\(22\)XR6](#).

## MIBs

Old Cisco MIBs will be replaced in a future release. Currently, OLD-CISCO-\* MIBs have been converted to more scalable MIBs—without affecting existing Cisco IOS products or NMS applications. You can update deprecated MIBs, to the replacement MIBs as shown in [Table 1](#).

Deprecated MIB	Replacement
OLD-CISCO-APPLETALK-MIB	RFC1243-MIB
OLD-CISCO-CHASSIS-MIB	ENTITY-MIB
OLD-CISCO-CPUK-MIB	To be decided
OLD-CISCO-DECNET-MIB	To be decided
OLD-CISCO-ENV-MIB	CISCO-ENVMON-MIB
OLD-CISCO-FLASH-MIB	CISCO-FLASH-MIB
OLD-CISCO-INTERFACES-MIB	IF-MIB CISCO-QUEUE-MIB
OLD-CISCO-IP-MIB	To be decided
OLD-CISCO-MEMORY-MIB	CISCO-MEMORY-POOL-MIB
OLD-CISCO-NOVELL-MIB	NOVELL-IPX-MIB
OLD-CISCO-SYS-MIB	(Compilation of other OLD-CISCO-* MIBs)
OLD-CISCO-SYSTEM-MIB	CISCO-CONFIG-COPY-MIB
OLD-CISCO-TCP-MIB	CISCO-TCP-MIB
OLD-CISCO-TS-MIB	To be decided
OLD-CISCO-VINES-MIB	CISCO-VINES-MIB
OLD-CISCO-XNS-MIB	To be decided

# Migration to Cisco PDSN

This section describes the migration paths and scenarios for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2:

- [Migration Path for Cisco PDSN, page 4](#)
- [Migration Scenarios for Cisco PDSN 5.2, page 5](#)
- [Migration Steps, page 8](#)

## Migration Path for Cisco PDSN

Table 1 lists currently available Cisco PDSN releases and the migration path to the SAMI card.

**Table 1** *Migration Path for Cisco PDSN*

	<b>Cisco PDSN Release 3.0 or earlier</b>	<b>Cisco PDSN Release 3.5</b>	<b>Cisco PDSN Release 4.0</b>	<b>Cisco PDSN Release 5.0 and 5.1</b>
<b>Platform</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 7200 NPE400/NPE-G1</li> <li>• MWAM platform (5 processor only)</li> </ul>	MWAM (5 processors only)	SAMI	SAMI
<b>Chassis/Power Supply, Fan Trays</b>	7200VXR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 6500 chassis</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> </ul>	7600 chassis	7600 chassis
<b>Supervisor Engine</b>	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SUP2</li> <li>• SUP720</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SUP720</li> <li>• RSP720</li> <li>• SUP32</li> </ul>	SUP720
<b>Supervisor Engine</b>	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SUP32</li> <li>• SUP IOS SX-based</li> </ul>	SUP IOS—SRC-based image (for example: <i>c7600s72033-advipservicesk9-mz.122-33.SRC.bin</i> )	SUP IOS—Latest SRE-based image (For example: <i>c7600s72033-advipservices-mz.122-33.SRE</i> )
—	—	SUP redundancy	SUP redundancy	SUP redundancy

## Migration Scenarios for Cisco PDSN 5.2

Based on [Table 1](#), there are many possible migration scenarios. This section focuses on those scenarios closest to existing customer deployments. You must determine the migration path based on your end-to-end deployment.



### Note

- We recommend that you perform the migration during a maintenance window in your deployment.
- You can also use this window for the following network redesign activities:
  - Redesigning IP address scheme.
  - Configuring the routing protocols.
  - Configuring network connectivity between Cisco PDSN and the Home Agent (HA).
  - Configuring application connectivity between Cisco PDSN and AAA servers.
  - Configuring routing on the new SAMI Cisco PDSN or the HA.



### Note

For all these migration plans, both hardware and software configurations have significant changes. This requires prudent operation planning and network redesign. The [Migration Steps](#) section describes the possible migration steps to minimize both network reconfiguration and service disruption.

[Table 2](#) lists the most common migration scenarios.

**Table 2** *Migrations Scenarios for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2*

Scenario	Migration From	To	Remarks	Downtime
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-SR</li> <li>• Non-clustering</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• Each processor can act as an individual Cisco PDSN</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-SR</li> <li>• Non-clustering</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• One Cisco PDSN per blade (single IP architecture)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Erase existing configuration in all processors.</li> <li>• After upgrading to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2, ensure that the configuration is done only on the PCOP (that is, processor 3).</li> <li>• IP address-pool requirements in Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (at the blade level) are five times that configured in Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 (at the processor level).</li> </ul>	Yes

**Table 2** *Migrations Scenarios for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (continued)*

2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-SR</li> <li>• Non-clustering</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• One blade with each processor acting as an individual Cisco PDSN</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR enabled</li> <li>• Non-clustering</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• Two SAMI blades (in the same chassis) with a single Cisco PDSN at the blade level</li> <li>• Autosynchronization enabled</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Erase existing configuration in all processors on active and standby blades.</li> <li>• After upgrading to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2, ensure that the configuration is done only on an active blade PCOP (that is, processor 3).</li> <li>• Ensure that the standby SAMI blade is shut down while configuring the active blade.</li> <li>• IP address-pool requirements in Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (at blade level) are five times that configured in Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 (at the processor level).</li> </ul>	Yes
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR-enabled</li> <li>• Non-clustering</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• Two SAMI blades (in the same chassis)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR-enabled</li> <li>• Non-clustering</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• Two SAMI blades (in the same chassis)</li> <li>• Autosynchronization enabled</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Erase existing configuration in all processors on active and standby blades.</li> <li>• After upgrading to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2, ensure that the configuration is done only on an active blade PCOP (that is, processor 3).</li> <li>• Ensure that the standby SAMI blade is shut down while configuring the active.</li> <li>• IP address-pool requirements in Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (at the blade level) are five times that configured in Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 (at the processor level).</li> </ul>	Yes
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-SR</li> <li>• Clustering enabled</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• One or more processors running a Cisco PDSN member</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-SR</li> <li>• Clustering enabled</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• One Cisco PDSN member per blade</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Erase existing configuration in all processors on active and standby blades.</li> <li>• After upgrading to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2, ensure that the configuration is done only on an active blade PCOP (that is, processor 3).</li> <li>• IP address-pool requirements in Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (at the blade level) are five times that configured in Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 (at the processor level).</li> </ul>	Yes

**Table 2**      **Migrations Scenarios for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (continued)**


5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR enabled (controller redundancy)</li> <li>• Clustering enabled</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• Running controller in one of the processors</li> <li>• Redundant SAMI blades (in the same chassis)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR enabled</li> <li>• Clustering enabled</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• Can run both controller and collocated member</li> <li>• Redundant SAMI blades (in the same chassis)</li> <li>• Autosynchronization enabled</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Erase existing configuration in all processors on active and standby blades.</li> <li>• After upgrading to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2, ensure that the configuration is done only on an active blade PCOP (that is, processor 3).</li> <li>• Ensure that the standby SAMI blade is shutdown while configuring the active blade.</li> <li>• If collocated member is configured, ensure that session redundancy is enabled.</li> <li>• IP address-pool requirements in Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (at the blade level) are five times that configured in Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 (at the processor level).</li> </ul>	Yes
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR-enabled</li> <li>• Clustering-enabled</li> <li>• 7600 chassis</li> <li>• Redundant SAMI blades (in the dual chassis)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR-enabled</li> <li>• Clustering enabled</li> <li>• 7600 Chassis</li> <li>• Redundant SAMI blades (in the inter-chassis)</li> <li>• Autosynchronization disabled (default)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Erase existing configuration in all processors on active and standby blades.</li> <li>• After upgrading to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2, ensure that the configuration is done only on an active blade PCOP (that is, processor 3).</li> <li>• If configured, Cisco PDSN acts as controller and collocated member.</li> <li>• IP address-pool requirements in Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 (at the blade level) are five times that configured in Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 (at the processor level).</li> </ul>	Yes

## Migration Steps

Migration to the Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 image is more than replacing Multi-processor WAN Application Module (MWAM) cards with SAMI modules. Ensure that you plan your migration such that migration activities have a minimal impact on an existing mobile subscriber's service connections.


Table 3 lists the migration tasks that are based on the scenarios established in Table 2.

**Table 3** *Migration Steps from Cisco PDSN 4.0 to 5.2*


Scenario	Migration Steps
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In SAMI cards with the Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 image, erase configuration on all processors and reload Cisco PDSN.</li> <li>• Configure the I/O memory (IOMEM) on all processors as 256 MB and save the configuration to the NVRAM.</li> </ul> <div>  <b>Note</b> If you have set the IOMEM size as 64 MB, ensure that you configure the <b>memory lite</b> command. The recommended memory size is, however, 256 MB.         </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upgrade to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 and reconfigure the Cisco PDSN configuration on processor 3.</li> <li>• Provision MS and PCFs to use the newly added Cisco PDSN Release 5.2-based PDSN IP.</li> <li>• Provision the newly added PDSN with the HA to service MIP calls.</li> </ul> <p>To minimize provisioning tasks, Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 reuses the IP address and routing scheme used in one of the Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 processors.</p> <p>1. MS = Mobile Station. 2. PCF = Packet Control Function.</p>




**Table 3**      **Migration Steps from Cisco PDSN 4.0 to 5.2 (continued)**

2, 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Install the new SAMI card on 7600/720 that is to be used in a redundant configuration.</li> <li>• In the existing Cisco PDSN Release 4.0, erase the existing configuration on all processors and reload the Cisco PDSN.</li> <li>• Configure the IOMEM size on all processors as 256 MB and save the configuration to the NVRAM.</li> </ul>
	<div data-bbox="505 443 548 485"></div> <div data-bbox="500 489 548 512"><b>Note</b></div> <div data-bbox="586 489 1507 552"> <p>If you have set the IOMEM size as 64 MB, ensure that you configure the <b>memory lite</b> command. The recommended memory size is, however, 256 MB.</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upgrade both the SAMI blades to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2.</li> <li>• Shut down the blade for configuration as standby (unit2).</li> <li>• Enable autosynchronization on the active blade (unit1). Configure the PDSN on active blade on processor 3. Keep unit2 as a standby in a redundant configuration. When configuring redundancy, you must configure the Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP) main interface before configuring InterProcessor Communication (IPC).</li> <li>• Save the configuration on the active blade.</li> <li>• Bring up unit2 with Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 image. Configurations are autosynchronized from the active blade.</li> <li>• Verify the output of the <b>show redundancy state</b> and <b>show redundancy inter device</b> commands on both active and standby blades to confirm if redundancy is enabled. If the output for one of the blades requires a reload to enable redundancy, reload that blade.</li> <li>• Provision MS and PCFs to use the newly added Cisco PDSN Release 5.2-based PDSN IP.</li> <li>• Use the CDMA-1x IP address on the PDSN as controller or member IP when provisioning.</li> <li>• Provision the newly added PDSN with that of the HA to service MIP calls.</li> </ul> <p>To minimize provisioning tasks, Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 reuses the IP address and routing scheme used in one of the Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 processors.</p>


**Table 3**      **Migration Steps from Cisco PDSN 4.0 to 5.2 (continued)**

4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In SAMI cards with Cisco PDSN Release 4.0, erase the existing configuration on all processors and reload Cisco PDSN. If the blade includes Cisco PDSN members as part of the cluster, we recommend that you remove the PDSN member part before reloading.</li> <li>• Configure the IOMEM size on all processors as 256 MB and save the configuration to the NVRAM.</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">  <p><b>Note</b>      If you have set the IOMEM size as 64 MB, ensure that you configure the <b>memory lite</b> command. The recommended memory size is, however, 256 MB.</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upgrade to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 and reconfigure the PDSN on processor 3.</li> <li>• You can configure the Cisco PDSN as both controller and collocated member. Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 interoperates with Cisco PDSN Release 3.0 or 4.0 controller or member.</li> <li>• Provision MS and PCFs to use the newly added Cisco PDSN Release 5.2-based PDSN IP.</li> <li>• Use the CDMA-1x IP address on the PDSN as controller or member IP when provisioning.</li> <li>• Provision newly added PDSN with that of the HA to service MIP calls.</li> </ul> <p>To minimize provisioning tasks, Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 reuses the IP address and routing scheme used in one of the Cisco PDSN Release 4.0 processors.</p>
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**Table 3**      **Migration Steps from Cisco PDSN 4.0 to 5.2 (continued)**

5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Install the new SAMI card on 7600/720 that is to be used in redundant configuration.</li> <li>• In the existing Cisco PDSN Release 4.0, erase the existing configuration on all processors and reload the Cisco PDSN.</li> <li>• Configure the IOMEM size on all processors as 256 MB and save the configuration to the NVRAM.</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">  <p><b>Note</b>      If you have set the IOMEM size as 64 MB, ensure that you configure the <b>memory lite</b> command. The recommended memory size is, however, 256 MB.</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upgrade both the SAMI blades to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2.</li> <li>• Shut down the blade for configuration as standby (unit2).</li> <li>• Enable autosynchronization on the active blade (unit1). Configure the PDSN on active blade on processor 3. Keep unit2 as a standby in a redundant configuration. When configuring redundancy, you must configure the Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP) main interface before configuring Interprocessor Communication (IPC).</li> <li>• Save the configuration on the active blade.</li> <li>• Bring up unit2 with Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 image. Configurations are autosynchronized from the active blade.</li> <li>• Verify the output of the <b>show redundancy state</b> and <b>show redundancy inter device</b> commands on both active and standby blades to confirm if redundancy is enabled. If the output for one of the blades requires a reload to enable redundancy, reload that blade.</li> <li>• Provision MS and PCFs to use the newly added Cisco PDSN Release 5.2-based PDSN IP.</li> <li>• Use the CDMA-1x IP address on the PDSN as controller or member IP when provisioning.</li> <li>• Provision the newly added PDSN with that of the HA to service MIP calls.</li> <li>• You can configure the Cisco PDSN to act as controller and colocated member. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– In the case of a colocated member, ensure that you enable session redundancy, so that the standby is synchronized with sessions handled by the colocated member.</li> <li>– For an active controller to synchronize the information with the standby controller, ensure that all remote members connect to the HSRP main interface of the controller.</li> <li>– If the member IP is configured, ensure that it is the same as the CDMA -1x interface IP address.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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**Table 3** *Migration Steps from Cisco PDSN 4.0 to 5.2 (continued)*

6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In the existing Cisco PDSN Release 4.0, erase the existing configuration on all processors and reload the Cisco PDSN.</li> <li>• Configure the IOMEM size on all processors to 256 MB and save the configuration to the NVRAM.</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">  <p><b>Note</b> If you have set the IOMEM size as 64 MB, ensure that you configure the <b>memory lite</b> command. The recommended memory size is, however, 256 MB.</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upgrade both the SAMI blades to Cisco PDSN Release 5.2.</li> <li>• Reconfigure the Cisco PDSN and enable inter-chassis HSRP redundancy as in Cisco PDSN Release 4.0.</li> <li>• Provision MS and PCFs to use the newly added Cisco PDSN Release 5.2-based PDSN IP.</li> <li>• Use the CDMA-1x IP address on the PDSN as controller or member IP when provisioning.</li> <li>• Provision the newly added Cisco PDSN with the HA to service MIP calls.</li> </ul>
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## Upgrading to New Software Release

The following sections describe how to determine the existing software version and how to upgrade your Cisco PDSN:

- [Determining the Software Version, page 13](#)
- [Upgrading the Supervisor Image, page 14](#)
- [Upgrading the SAMI Software, page 14](#)
- [Changing Configuration on Cisco PDSN in a Live Network, page 14](#)

For information on upgrading to a new software release, see the product bulletin *Cisco IOS Software Upgrade Ordering Instructions*, located at:

[http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/cc/pd/iosw/prodlit/957\\_pp.htm](http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/cc/pd/iosw/prodlit/957_pp.htm)

## Determining the Software Version

To determine the version of Cisco IOS software running on your router, log in to the router and enter the **show version** command in the EXEC mode:

```
Router# show version
Cisco IOS Software, SAMI Software (SAMI-C6IK9S-M), Experimental Version
12.4(20100227:034944) [jsomiram-CDMA_PDSN_V124_22_XR_R52_DTHO_26022010 102]
Copyright (c) 1986-2010 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Fri 26-Feb-10 19:50 by jsomiram

ROM: System Bootstrap, Version 12.4(20080703:222712) [plin2-sami-bouncer 104], DEVELOPMENT
SOFTWARE

PDSN-Act-ftb3-83 uptime is 2 days, 22 hours, 31 minutes
System returned to ROM by reload at 05:43:51 UTC Fri Aug 1 2008
System restarted at 05:48:55 UTC Fri Aug 1 2008
System image file is "c7svcsami-c6ik9s-mz.CDMA_PDSN_V124_22_XR_R52_DTHO_26022010"
Last reload reason: Reload Command

This product contains cryptographic features and is subject to United States and local
country laws governing import, export, transfer and use. Delivery of Cisco cryptographic
products does not imply third-party authority to import, export, distribute or use
encryption. Importers, exporters, distributors and users are responsible for compliance
with U.S. and local country laws. By using this product you agree to comply with
applicable laws and regulations. If you are unable to comply with U.S. and local laws,
return this product immediately.

A summary of U.S. laws governing Cisco cryptographic products may be found at:
http://www.cisco.com/wwl/export/crypto/tool/stqrg.html

If you require further assistance please contact us by sending email to export@cisco.com.

Cisco Systems, Inc. SAMI (MPC8500) processor (revision 2.2) with 786432K/262144K bytes of
memory.
Processor board ID SAD121202VD
FS8548H CPU at 1250MHz, Rev 2.0, 512KB L2 Cache
1 Gigabit Ethernet interface
65536K bytes of processor board system flash (AMD S29GL256N)

Configuration register is 0x2102
```

## Upgrading the Supervisor Image

To upgrade the Supervisor image:

- 
- Step 1** Copy the SUP image to the disks (for example, disk0: / slavedisk0:).
- Step 2** Add the following command to the running-configuration boot system disk0:*SUP-image-name*. For example:

```
boot system disk0:s72033-advipservicesk9_wan-mz.122-18.SXE3.bin
```




---

**Note** To enable the image to reload, remove previously configured instances of this command.

---

- Step 3** Run the **write memory** command to save the running-configuration on the active and standby SUP.
- Step 4** Run the **reload** command on the active SUP.
- Both active and standby SUP reload simultaneously and come up with the SXE3-based image.




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**Note** Running the **reload** command on the active SUP causes both the active and standby Supervisors to reload simultaneously, causing some downtime during the upgrade process.

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## Upgrading the SAMI Software

To upgrade an Cisco PDSN image on the SAMI card, follow the directions at:

[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/wireless/service\\_application\\_module/sami/user/guide/maintain.html#wp1047551](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/wireless/service_application_module/sami/user/guide/maintain.html#wp1047551)

## Changing Configuration on Cisco PDSN in a Live Network

To change the working configuration on a Cisco PDSN in a live environment:

- 
- Step 1** Bring the standby Cisco PDSN out of service.
- For example, to isolate the standby Cisco PDSN from the session redundancy setup, you must run the **no cdma pdsn redundancy** command.
- ```
7600a-Stdy(config)# no cdma pdsn redundancy
```
- Step 2** Run the **write memory** command to save the configuration.
- Step 3** Make the necessary configuration changes on the standby Cisco PDSN, and save the configuration.
- Step 4** Run the **cdma pdsn redundancy** command again and save the configuration.
- Step 5** Issue the **reload** command to bring the standby Cisco PDSN back into the session redundancy setup with the changed configuration. Verify if the processor comes back in the SR setup using the following **show** commands:

```
7600a-Stdy# show standby brief
```

```

                                P indicates configured to preempt.
                                |
Interface   Grp Prio P State      Active      Standby      Virtual IP
Gi0/0.101   300 110   Standby  20.20.101.10  local        20.20.101.101

```

7600a-Stdy# **show cdma pdsn redundancy**

CDMA PDSN Redundancy is enabled

CDMA PDSN Session Redundancy system status

PDSN state = STANDBY HOT

PDSN-peer state = ACTIVE

CDMA PDSN Session Redundancy Statistics

Last clearing of cumulative counters never

|            | Total<br>Synced from active | Current<br>Connected |
|------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Sessions   | 15                          | 15                   |
| SIP Flows  | 15                          | 15                   |
| MIP Flows  | 0                           | 0                    |
| PMIP Flows | 0                           | 0                    |

7600a-Stdy# **show redundancy inter-device**

Redundancy inter-device state: RF\_INTERDEV\_STATE\_STDBY

Scheme: Standby

Groupname: pdsn-rp-srl Group State: Standby

Peer present: RF\_INTERDEV\_PEER\_COMM

Security: Not configured

7600a-Stdy# **show redundancy states**

my state = 8 -STANDBY HOT

peer state = 13 -ACTIVE

Mode = Duplex

Unit ID = 0

Split Mode = Disabled

Manual Swact = Enabled

Communications = Up

client count = 9

client\_notification\_TMR = 30000 milliseconds

RF debug mask = 0x0

7600a-Stdy#

**Step 6** Configure the standby Cisco PDSN to take over as active by reloading the current active Cisco PDSN.



**Caution**

Before proceeding with the configuration changes, we recommend that you disable the HSRP preemption configuration on the active and standby PDSN.

Because of a change of configuration following this step, an outage may occur on existing calls on the active PDSN (which is now being taken out of service) when synchronized with new active units.

**Step 7** Configure the current standby Cisco PDSN using the procedures described from [Step 1](#) to [Step 5](#).



**Note**

For Cisco PDSN SR to work properly, ensure that configurations on the active and standby Cisco PDSNs are identical.

# Cisco PDSN Software Features in Release 12.4(22)XR6

Cisco IOS software is packaged in feature sets consisting of software images—depending on the platform. Each feature set contains a specific set of Cisco IOS features.

**Caution**

Cisco IOS images with strong encryption (including, but not limited to 168-bit (3DES) data encryption feature sets) are subject to United States government export controls and have limited distribution. Strong encryption images to be installed outside the United States are likely to require an export license. Customer orders may be denied or subject to delay because of United States government regulations. When applicable, the purchaser or user must obtain local import and use authorizations for all encryption strengths. Please contact your sales representative or distributor for more information, or send an e-mail to [export@cisco.com](mailto:export@cisco.com).

Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6 supports the same feature sets as Cisco Release 12.4; additionally, it supports the Cisco PDSN feature. Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 includes the following new and existing features:

- Base Station ID in MIP RRQ
- Service Option in MIP RRQ
- Counter for IPCP term request
- Simple IP Client IP Accounting Support
- SNMP New MIB Objects Per PCF
- Support for Common NAI
- Proxy MIP Changes for Latest IS-835
- Simple IPv6 Support
- Access-Request Attributes
- New PPP-per-PCF Counters
- VPDN Conditional Debugging
- GRE CVSE and MN NAI Extension in Revocation Message
- Single IP per Blade
- Osler Support
- Improved Throughput and Transaction Handling
- Cluster Controller Support in Single IP Blade
- IMSI and PCF Redirection
- Mobile IP and AAA Attributes for China Telecom
- Trap Generation for AAA Server Unresponsiveness
- Supervisor Support
- Data Over Signaling
- Differentiated Services Code Point Marking Support
- Nortel Aux A10 Support
- Masking Off IMSI Prefix
- Persistent TFT Support



- Conserve Unique IP-ID for FA-HA IP-in-IP Tunnel
- GRE CVSE Support in FA-HA Tunnel
- Remote Address Accounting
- Default Service Option Implementation
- Configurable Per-Flow Accounting Options
- IP Flow Discriminator Support for PCF Backward Compatibility
- Support for Remark DSCP to Max-class Value
- Command Support for Fragmentation Size
- New Statistics Counters for China Telecom
- Attribute Support
  - Served MDN
  - Framed Pool
  - 3GPP2 DNS Server IP
- Virtual Route Forwarding with Sub-interfaces
- Conditional Debugging Enhancements (for Cisco PDSN Release 4.1)
- Multiple Service Connections
- Data Plane
- Subscriber QoS Policy (both downloading per-user profile from the AAA server and configuring a local profile)
- QoS Signaling
- Traffic Flow Templates
- Per-flow Accounting
- Call Admission Control
- PDSN MIB Enhancements (for Cisco PDSN Release 4.0)
- PDSN on SAMI
- Inter-user Priority
- Roamer Identification
- Bandwidth Policing
- Packet Data Service Access—Simple IPv6 Access
- Session Redundancy Infrastructure
- RADIUS Server Load Balancing
- Subscriber Authorization Based on Domain
- PDSN MIB Enhancements
  - PPP Counters in Cisco PDSN Release 3.0
  - RP Counters in Cisco PDSN Release 3.0
- Conditional Debugging Enhancements—Trace Functionality in Cisco PDSN Release 3.0
- Randomized IMSI Handling
- Protocol Layering and RP Connections

- PPPoGRE RP Interface
- A11 Session Update
- SDB Indicator Marking
- Resource Revocation for Mobile IP
- Packet of Disconnect
- IS-835 Prepaid Support
- Prepaid Billing
- Mobile IP Call Processing per Second Improvements
- Always-On Feature
- PDSN MIB Enhancements
- Conditional Debugging Enhancements
- Cisco Proprietary Prepaid Billing
- 3DES Encryption
- Mobile IP IPSec
- Hardware IPSec Acceleration Using IPSec Acceleration Module—Static IPSec
- 1xEV-DO Support
- Integrated Foreign Agent
- AAA Server Support
- Packet Transport for VPDN
- Proxy Mobile IP
- Multiple Mobile IP Flows
- PDSN Cluster Controller / Member Architecture

Refer to the *Cisco Packet Data Serving Node Release 5.2 for Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR4* at [https://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12\\_4/12\\_4x/12\\_4\\_22\\_xr4/feature/guide/pdsn\\_5\\_2fcs\\_xr4.html](https://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/12_4x/12_4_22_xr4/feature/guide/pdsn_5_2fcs_xr4.html) for more information on the features.

## Caveats

Caveats describe unexpected behavior in Cisco IOS software releases. Severity 1 caveats are the most serious caveats; severity 2 caveats are less serious.

Caveats for Cisco IOS Releases 12.4 are available on Cisco.com at:

[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12\\_4t/release/notes/124TCAVS.html](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4t/release/notes/124TCAVS.html)

The “[Open Caveats](#)” section lists open caveats that apply to the current release; they may also apply to previous releases.

The “[Resolved Caveats](#)” section lists caveats resolved in a particular release that may have been open in previous releases.

The “[Product Documentation](#)” section describes the product documentation that is available.


**Note**

If you have an account with Cisco.com, you can use Bug Navigator II to find caveats of any severity for any release. You can access Bug Navigator II on Cisco.com at **Software Center: Cisco IOS Software: Cisco Bug Toolkit: Cisco Bugtool Navigator II**, or at <http://www.cisco.com/support/bugtools>.

## Open Caveats

The following are the unresolved caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6 and earlier releases.

### Unresolved Caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6

[Table 4](#) lists the unresolved caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6.

| <b>Table 4      Unresolved Caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CDETS Number</b>                                                     | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>Workaround/Resolution</b>                                                                                                        |
| CSCtc92933                                                              | When an IP packet of size 1,500 bytes with the DF-bit set is sent to a mobile, Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 routes the packet incorrectly. This behavior occurs for mobiles that negotiate ACCM as zero and IXP does the AHDLC encoding. When the IP packet is encapsulated with PPP and IP/GRE, the packet exceeds 1,500 egress MTU size and fragments at the A10 level in PPC. | Configuring the MTU to 1,600 bytes ensures that the packet (after A10 encapsulation) does not fragment and is forwarded to the IXP. |

## Resolved Caveats

The following caveats are resolved in Cisco IOS 12.4(22)XR6:

[Table 5](#) lists the resolved caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6.

**Table 5** *Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6*

| CDETS Number | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Workaround/Additional Information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CSCtf17328   | In the SAMI card, NTPv4 synchronization takes a long time (18-20 mins) when the iburst is configured. This occurs only when the "iburst" is configured and it is part of startup configuration, when the router is booted.                                    | If the intent (of configuring iburst) is to achieve faster convergence for NTPv4, then "burst" can be used instead of "iburst".<br><br>This is applicable only for NTPv4 (not for v3).                                                                                             |
| CSCtg59269   | SAMI IXP drops packet due to memory leak, which affects the outbound traffic.<br><br>The problem could be caused by very high traffic rate pumped into IXP2 with large HDLC fragmentation.                                                                    | Reloading module                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| CSCtg57980   | All the packets coming to PPC is blocked.PPC-IXP Health-monitoring also fails.<br><br>When high traffic is sent to PDSN , and its FPGA version is 0x34d.<br>from proc 0 ;<br>show daughtercard 1 fpga reg   inc FPGA_REV<br>Only in PDSN it is version 0x34d. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Session to proc 0 from sup. "session slot &lt;x&gt; proc 0"</li> <li>2. Create a file in the image directory with the name kabob_ffc_off. (copy image:&lt;filename&gt; image:kabob_ffc_off)</li> <li>3. Reload the sami card.</li> </ol> |
| CSCtg68074   | In the process path the traffic is not going in Aux. Although its accounted properly in AUX, the traffic is forwarded to MAIN. The problem is caused when traffic is sent on Aux in the process path.                                                         | None                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

# Product Documentation

Table 6 describes the product documentation that is available.

**Table 6**      **Product Documentation**

| Document Title                                                                      | Available Formats                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Release Notes for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 in IOS Release 12.4(22)XR5</i>          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On Cisco.com at:<br/><a href="http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/12_4x/12_4_22_xr5/release/notes/124_22xr5rn.html">http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/12_4x/12_4_22_xr5/release/notes/124_22xr5rn.html</a></li> </ul>               |
| <i>Command Reference for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 in IOS Release 12.4(22)XR4</i>      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On Cisco.com at:<br/><a href="http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/12_4x/12_4_22_xr4/command/reference/pdsn_5_2cr_xr4.html">http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/12_4x/12_4_22_xr4/command/reference/pdsn_5_2cr_xr4.html</a></li> </ul> |
| <i>Cisco Packet Data Serving Node Release 5.2 for Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)XR4</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On Cisco.com at:<br/><a href="http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/12_4x/12_4_22_xr4/feature/guide/pdsn_5_2fcs_xr4.html">http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_4/12_4x/12_4_22_xr4/feature/guide/pdsn_5_2fcs_xr4.html</a></li> </ul>       |

## Related Documentation

Table 7 describes the related documentation that is available:

**Table 7**      **Related Documentation**

| Document Title                                                                               | Available Formats                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Cisco IOS Mobile Wireless Packet Data Serving Node Configuration Guide, Release 12.4T</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On Cisco.com at:<br/><a href="http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/mwpdsn/configuration/guide/12_4t/mwp_12_4t_book.html">http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/mwpdsn/configuration/guide/12_4t/mwp_12_4t_book.html</a></li> </ul>       |
| <i>Documentation on Cisco 7600 Series Router</i>                                             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On Cisco.com at:<br/><a href="http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/routers/ps368/tsd_products_support_series_home.html">http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/routers/ps368/tsd_products_support_series_home.html</a></li> </ul>   |
| <i>Documentation on Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series Switch</i>                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On Cisco.com at:<br/><a href="http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/switches/ps708/tsd_products_support_series_home.html">http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/switches/ps708/tsd_products_support_series_home.html</a></li> </ul> |
| <i>Documentation on Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4</i>                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On Cisco.com at:<br/><a href="http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6350/prod_release_notes_list.html">http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6350/prod_release_notes_list.html</a></li> </ul>                                         |

# Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation, at:

<http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html>

Subscribe to the *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation* as a Really Simple Syndication (RSS) feed and set content to be delivered directly to your desktop using a reader application. The RSS feeds are a free service and Cisco currently supports RSS Version 2.0.

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Release Notes for Cisco PDSN Release 5.2 in IOS Release 12.4(22)XR6

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