

# **Secure Copy**

### **Last Updated: January 16, 2012**

The Secure Copy (SCP) feature provides a secure and authenticated method for copying router configuration or router image files. SCP relies on Secure Shell (SSH), an application and a protocol that provide a secure replacement for the Berkeley r-tools.

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## **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## **Prerequisites for Secure Copy**

- Before enabling SCP, you must correctly configure SSH, authentication, and authorization on the router.
- Because SCP relies on SSH for its secure transport, the router must have an Rivest, Shamir, and Adelman (RSA) key pair.



# **Information About Secure Copy**

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## **How SCP Works**

The behavior of SCP is similar to that of remote copy (rcp), which comes from the Berkeley r-tools suite, except that SCP relies on SSH for security. In addition, SCP requires that authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) authorization be configured so the router can determine whether the user has the correct privilege level.

SCP allows a user who has appropriate authorization to copy any file that exists in the Cisco IOS XE File System (IFS) to and from a router by using the **copy** command. An authorized administrator may also perform this action from a workstation.

## **How to Configure SCP**

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## **Configuring SCP**

To enable and configure a Cisco router for SCP server-side functionality, perform the following steps.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. aaa new-model
- **4.** aaa authentication login {default | list-name} method1[method2...]
- **5.** aaa authorization {network | exec | commands level | reverse-access | configuration} {default | list-name} [method1 [method2...]]
- **6. username** *name* [**privilege** *level*]{**password** *encryption-type encrypted-password*}
- 7. ip scp server enable

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Router# configure terminal</pre>	
Step 3	aaa new-model	Sets AAA authentication at login.
		-
	Example:	
	Router (config)# aaa new-model	
Step 4	$ \begin{array}{l} \textbf{aaa authentication login } \{ \textbf{default} \mid \textit{list-name} \} \\ method 1 [method 2] \end{array} $	Enables the AAA access control system.
	Example:	
	Router (config)# aaa authentication login default group tacacs+	
Step 5	aaa authorization {network   exec   commands level   reverseaccess   configuration} {default   list-name} [method1 [method2]]	Sets parameters that restrict user access to a network.  Note The exec keyword runs authorization to determine if the user is allowed to run an EXEC shell; therefore, you must use it when you configure SCP.
	Router (config)# aaa authorization exec default group tacacs+	
Step 6	username name [privilege level]{password encryption-type	Establishes a username-based authentication system.
	encrypted-password}	Note You may skip this step if a network-based authentication mechanismsuch as TACACS
	Example:	+ or RADIUShas been configured.
	Router (config)# username superuser privilege 2 password 0 superpassword	
Step 7	ip scp server enable	Enables SCP server-side functionality.
	Example:	
	Router (config)# ip scp server enable	

# **Verifying SCP**

To verify SCP server-side functionality, perform the following steps. \\

## **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. show running-config

## **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
		Enter your password if prompted.	
	Example:		
	Router> enable		
Step 2	show running-config	Verifies the SCP server-side functionality.	
	Example:		
	Router# show running-config		

# **Troubleshooting SCP**

## **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. debug ip scp

## **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	1 enable Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	debug ip scp	Troubleshoots SCP authentication problems.
	Example:	
	Router# debug ip scp	

# **Configuration Examples for Secure Copy**

- Example SCP Server-Side Configuration Using Local Authentication, page 5
- Example SCP Server-Side Configuration Using Network-Based Authentication, page 5

## **Example SCP Server-Side Configuration Using Local Authentication**

The following example shows how to configure the server-side functionality of SCP. This example uses a locally defined username and password.

```
! AAA authentication and authorization must be configured properly for SCP to work. aaa new-model aaa authentication login default local aaa authorization exec default local username tiger privilege 15 password 0 lab ! SSH must be configured and functioning properly. ip ssh time-out 120 ip ssh authentication-retries 3 ip scp server enable
```

# **Example SCP Server-Side Configuration Using Network-Based Authentication**

The following example shows how to configure the server-side functionality of SCP using a network-based authentication mechanism:

```
! AAA authentication and authorization must be configured properly for SCP to work. aaa new-model aaa authentication login default group tacacs+ aaa authorization exec default group tacacs+ ! SSH must be configured and functioning properly. ip ssh time-out 120 ip ssh authentication-retries 3 ip scp server enable
```

## **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases
Security commands: complete command syntax, command modes, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference
Secure Shell	Configuring Secure Shell and Secure Shell Version 2 Support feature modules.
Configuring authentication and authorization	Configuring Authentication , Configuring Authorization , and Configuring Accounting feature modules.

#### **Standards**

Standards	Title
None	

#### **MIBs**

MIBs	MIBs Link
None	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:
	http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

#### **RFCs**

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

# **Feature Information for Secure Copy**

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1 Feature Information for Secure Copy

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Configuration Information
Secure Copy	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	The Secure Copy (SCP) feature provides a secure and authenticated method for copying router configuration or router image files. SCP relies on Secure Shell (SSH), an application and a protocol that provide a secure replacement for the Berkeley rtools.
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1, this feature was introduced on Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers.
		The following commands were introduced or modified: <b>debug ip scp</b> , <b>ip scp server enable</b> .

## **Glossary**

**AAA** --authentication, authorization, and accounting. Framework of security services that provide the method for identifying users (authentication), for remote access control (authorization), and for collecting and sending security server information used for billing, auditing, and reporting (accounting).

**rcp** --remote copy. Relying on Remote Shell (Berkeley r-tools suite) for security, rcp copies files, such as router images and startup configurations, to and from routers.

**SCP** --secure copy. Relying on SSH for security, SCP support allows the secure and authenticated copying of anything that exists in the Cisco IOS XE File Systems. SCP is derived from rcp.

**SSH** --Secure Shell. Application and a protocol that provide a secure replacement for the Berkeley r-tools. The protocol secures the sessions using standard cryptographic mechanisms, and the application can be used similarly to the Berkeley rexec and rsh tools. SSH Version 1 is implemented in the Cisco IOS XE software.

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