

# **Using Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links**

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This module contains conceptual information and configuration tasks for using Multilink PPP over serial interface links. Multilink PPP is a method used to reduce latency and jitter for real-time traffic.

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## **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

# Prerequisites for Using Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links

#### Knowledge

• Be familiar with the concepts in the "Reducing Latency and Jitter for Real-Time Traffic Using Multilink PPP" module.

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#### **Enable Queueing Mechanism**

 Multilink uses first-in first out (FIFO) queuing for queueing and interleaving packets. Other queueing mechanisms such as low latency queueing (LLQ), weighted fair queueing (WFQ), and class-based weighted fair queueing (CBWFQ) can be used. If you want to use one of these alternative mechanisms, enable it before configuring multilink.

# **Restrictions for Using Multilink PPP over Serial Interface** Links

#### Number of Links per Multilink Bundle

If a multilink bundle has one link or packet order is not important for interleaved packets, use Link Fragmentation and Interleaving (LFI) without multiclass. Use LFI with multiclass if a multilink bundle has multiple links.

#### **VoIP Support**

Only Voice over IP (VoIP) is supported.

#### Queueing Mechanisms Not Supported

Many of the legacy queueing mechanisms are not supported by multilink. These mechanisms include:

- Fair queueing on a virtual template interface
- Weighted random early detection (WRED) on a virtual template interface
- Custom queueing
- Priority queueing



Fair queueing, WRED, and priority queueing can be configured in a traffic policy using the Modular Quality of Service (QoS) Command-Line Interface (CLI) (MQC).

# Information About Using Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links

- MQC and Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links, page 2
- Multilink Group Interfaces, page 3

### **MQC and Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links**

Before using Multilink PPP over serial interface links, a traffic policy (also known as a policy map) must be created. (See the MQC and Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links, page 2.) Policy maps are created using the Modular Quality of Service (QoS) Command-Line Interface (CLI) (MQC).

The MQC is a CLI structure that allows users to create traffic polices (policy maps) and attach these policy maps to interfaces. A policy map contains a traffic class and one or more QoS features. A traffic class is used to classify traffic. The QoS features in the traffic policy determine how to treat the classified traffic.

### **Multilink Group Interfaces**

A multilink group interface is a collection of interfaces bundled together in the multilink PPP configuration. With a multilink group interface, you can bundle interfaces into logical multilink groups.

## How to Configure Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links

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### Configuring Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links on a Multilink Group Interface

Before proceeding with this task, you must create a policy map. The policy map contains the configuration parameters used to apply the specific quality of service feature to the network traffic. To create a policy map, use the MQC. See the MQC and Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links, page 2.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface multilink multilink-bundle-number
- 4. ip address ip-address mask [secondary]
- 5. service-policy output policy-map-name
- 6. service-policy input policy-map-name
- 7. ppp multilink fragment delay milliseconds [microseconds]
- 8. ppp multilink interleave
- 9. ppp multilink multiclass
- 10. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1 enable Ena		Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
		• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Example:		
	Router> enable		

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router# configure terminal		
Step 3	interface multilink multilink-bundle-number	Creates a multilink bundle and enters interface configuration mode.	
		• Enter the multilink bundle number.	
	Example:		
	Router(config)# interface multilink 1		
Step 4	ip address ip-address mask [secondary]	Sets a primary IP address for an interface. This command can also set the optional secondary IP address for an interface.	
	Example:	• Enter the primary IP address (and, optionally, the secondary IP address).	
	Router(config-if)# ip address 10.10.100.1 255.255.255.0		
Step 5	service-policy output policy-map-name	Attaches the previously created QoS traffic policy (policy map). See the Configuring Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links on a	
	Example:	applies QoS features for traffic <i>leaving</i> the interface.	
	Router(config-if)# service-policy output policy1	Enter the policy map name.	
Step 6	service-policy input policy-map-name	Attaches the previously created QoS traffic policy (policy map). See the Configuring Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links on a	
	Example:	applies QoS features for traffic <i>entering</i> the interface.	
	Router(config-if)# service-policy input policy1	• Enter the policy map name.	
Step 7	<b>ppp multilink fragment delay</b> <i>milliseconds</i> [ <i>microseconds</i> ]	Specifies a maximum size in units of time for packet fragments on a Multilink PPP (MLP) bundle.	
		• Enter the maximum amount of time, in milliseconds.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-if)# ppp multilink fragment delay 20		
Step 8	ppp multilink interleave	Enables interleaving of packets among the fragments of larger packets on a multilink bundle.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-if)# ppp multilink interleave		

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9 ppp multilink multiclass		(Optional) Enables Multiclass Multilink PPP (MCMP) on an interface.
		<b>Note</b> Use this command only if there are multiple links in the
	Example:	multilink bundle.
	Router(config-if)# ppp multilink multiclass	
Step 10	end	(Optional) Exits interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# end	

## Associating the Serial Interface with the Multilink Group

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- **2**. configure terminal
- 3. interface serial *slot* / *port* : *timeslot*
- 4. no fair-queue
- 5. encapsulation ppp
- 6. ppp multilink
- 7. ppp multilink group group-number
- 8. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1 enable		Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		• Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	interface serial slot / port : timeslot	Specifies a serial interface created on a channelized E1 or channelized T1 controller (for ISDN PRI, channel-associated signaling, or robbed-bit signaling), and enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	• Enter the slot number and port number where the channelized E1 or
	Router# interface serial 4/1:23	T1 controller is located.
	Example:	
Step 4	no fair-queue	Disables WFQ (or DWFQ for VIP-enabled routers).
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# no fair-queue	
Step 5	encapsulation ppp	Sets the serial interface encapsulation method used by the interface.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# encapsulation ppp	
Step 6	ppp multilink	Enables Multilink on an interface.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# ppp multilink	
Step 7	ppp multilink group group-number	Restricts a physical link to joining only a designated multilink group interface.
	Example:	• Enter the multilink group number.
	Router(config-if)# ppp multilink group 1	
Step 8	end	(Optional) Exits interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# end	

## Verifying the Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Link Configuration

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. show interfaces [type number] [first] [last] [accounting]
- **3. show ppp multilink** [active | interface | interface | [username name] [endpoint endpoint]]
- **4.** show policy-map interface *interface-name* [vc [vpi/] vci] [dlci dlci] [input | output]
- 5. exit

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		• Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	show interfaces [type number] [first] [last] [accounting]	(Optional) Displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router or access server.
	Example:	
	Router# show interfaces	
Step 3	<pre>show ppp multilink [active   inactive   interface bundle- interface   [username name] [endpoint endpoint]]</pre>	(Optional) Displays bundle information for mutlilink bundles.
	Example:	
	Router# show ppp multilink	
Step 4	<pre>show policy-map interface interface-name [vc [vpi/] vci] [dlci dlci] [input   output]</pre>	(Optional) Displays the packet statistics of all classes that are configured for all service policies either on the specified interface or subinterface or on a specific permanent virtual circuit (PVC) on the interface.
	Example:	
	Router# show policy-map interface serial0/0	
Step 5	exit	(Optional) Exits privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router# exit	

# Configuration Examples for Using Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links

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- Associating the Serial Interface with the Multilink Group Example, page 9
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## Configuring Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links on a Multilink Group Interface Example

The following is an example of configuring Multilink PPP over serial interface links on a multilink group interface:

Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface multilink 1
Router(config-if)# ip address 10.10.100.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# service-policy output policy1
Router(config-if)# service-policy input policy1
Router(config-if)# ppp multilink fragment delay 20
Router(config-if)# ppp multilink interleave
Router(config-if)# ppp multilink multiclass
Router(config-if)# end

## Associating the Serial Interface with the Multilink Group Example

The following is an example of associating the serial interface serial4/1 with the multilink group:

Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface serial 4/1:23
Router(config-if)# no fair-queue
Router(config-if)# encapsulation ppp
Router(config-if)# ppp multilink
Router(config-if)# ppp multilink group 1
Router(config-if)# end

### Verifying the Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Link Configuration Example

You can verify the Multilink PPP over serial interface links configuration by using one or more of the following **show** commands:

- show interfaces
- show ppp multilink
- show policy-map interface

The following section provides sample output of the **show ppp multilink** command only. For sample output of the other commands, see the appropriate Cisco IOS Release 12.3 T command reference publication.

#### show ppp multilink Command Output Example

The following is an example of the **show ppp multilink** command output. In this example, one multilink bundle called 7206-2 is on the system. This bundle has two member links: one active link and one inactive link.

```
Router# show ppp multilink
Multilink2, bundle name is 7206-2
Endpoint discriminator is 7206-2
Bundle up for 00:00:09, 1/255 load
Receive buffer limit 12000 bytes, frag timeout 1500 ms
0/0 fragments/bytes in reassembly list
0 lost fragments, 0 reordered
0/0 discarded fragments/bytes, 0 lost received
0x0 received sequence, 0x3 sent sequence
Member links:1 active, 1 inactive (max not set, min not set)
Se3/2, since 00:00:10, 240 weight, 232 frag size
Se3/3 (inactive)
```

## Where to Go Next

To use Multilink PPP over ATM links, see the "Using Multilink PPP over ATM Links" module.

To use Multilink PPP over Frame Relay, see the "Using Multilink PPP over Frame Relay" module.

To use Multilink PPP over dialer interface links, see the "Using Multilink PPP over Dialer Interface Links" module.

# **Additional References**

The following sections provide references related to Multilink PPP over serial interface links:

Related Documents		
Related Topic	Document Title	
QoS commands: complete command syntax, command modes, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples	Cisco IOS Quality of Service Solutions Command Reference	
LLQ, WFQ, CBWFQ, PQ, CQ, FIFO and other queueing mechanisms	"Configuring Weighted Fair Queueing" module	
MQC	"Applying QoS Features Using the MQC" module	
Multilink PPP configurations	"Configuring Media-Independent PPP and Multilink PPP" module	
Multilink PPP overview module	"Reducing Latency and Jitter for Real-Time Traffic Using Multilink PPP" module	
Multilink PPP over ATM links (including ATM interfaces and ATM PVCs)	"Using Multilink PPP over ATM Links" module	
Multilink PPP over Frame Relay	"Using Multilink PPP over Frame Relay" module	
Multilink PPP over dialer interface links	"Using Multilink PPP over Dialer Interface Links" module	
Standards		
Standard	Title	
No new or modified standards are supported, and		

No new or modified standards are supported, and support for existing standards has not been modified.

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MIB	MIBs Link	
No new or modified MIBs are supported, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:	
	http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs	
RFCs		
RFC	Title	
RFC 1990	The PPP Multilink Protocol (MP)	
RFC 2686	Multiclass Extension to Multilink PPP (MCML)	
Technical Assistance		
Description	Link	
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/ index.html	

# Feature Information for Using Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Feature Name	Software Releases	Feature Configuration Information
Distributed Link Fragmentation and Interleaving Over Leased Lines	12.2(8)T	The Distributed Link Fragmentation and Interleaving over Leased Lines feature extends distributed link fragmentation and interleaving functionality to leased lines.
		This feature was extensively rewritten from the perspective of using Multilink PPP for link fragmentation and interleaving over serial interface links.
Distributed Link Fragmentation and Interleaving for Frame Relay and ATM Interfaces on Cisco 7500 Series Routers	12.2(4)T	The Distributed Link Fragmentation and Interleaving (dLFI) for Frame Relay and ATM Interfaces on Cisco 7500 Series Routers feature extends link fragmentation and interleaving functionality to VIP-enabled Cisco 7500 series routers.
		This feature was extensively rewritten from the perspective of using Multilink PPP for link fragmentation and interleaving over serial interface links.

 Table 1
 Feature Information for Using Multilink PPP over Serial Interface Links

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