

# **QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs**

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This feature enables you to configure Quality of Service (QoS) service policies in ATM permanent virtual path (PVP) mode for Layer 2 Virtual Private Networks (L2VPNs).

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# **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

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# Prerequisites for QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs

Before configuring QoS policies on L2VPN ATM PVPs, you should understand the concepts and configuration instructions in the following documents:

- Any Transport over MPLS
- Applying QoS Features Using the MQC



## Restrictions for QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs

- Queueing-based policies are not supported in ATM PVP mode and virtual circuit (VC) mode at the
  same time under the same main interface. However, nonqueueing policies can be mixed. For example,
  you can configure a nonqueueing policy in PVP mode and configure queueing policies on in VC mode
  under the same main interface. Similarly, you can configure a queueing policy in PVP mode and
  configure nonqueueing policies in VC mode in the input or output direction.
- ATM PVP mode does not support sessions.
- When you enable a policy in PVP mode, do not configure ATM rates on the VCs that are part of the PVP. The VCs should be unspecified bit rate (UBR) VCs only.
- If VCs are part of a PVP that has a policy configured, you cannot configure ATM VC traffic shaping.
- You cannot configure a queueing policy on an ATM PVP with UBR.
- You cannot configure queueing-based policies with UBR traffic shaping.

## Information About QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs

- The MQC Structure, page 2
- Elements of a Traffic Class, page 3
- Elements of a Traffic Policy, page 3

## The MQC Structure

The MQC structure allows you to define a traffic class, create a traffic policy, and attach the traffic policy to an interface.

The MQC structure consists of the following three high-level steps.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. Define a traffic class by using the **class-map**command. A traffic class is used to classify traffic.
- 2. Create a traffic policy by using the **policy-map** command. (The terms traffic policy and policy map are often synonymous.) A traffic policy (policy map) contains a traffic class and one or more QoS features that will be applied to the traffic class. The QoS features in the traffic policy determine how to treat the classified traffic.
- **3.** Attach the traffic policy (policy map) to the interface by using the **service-policy** command.

- **Step 1** Define a traffic class by using the **class-map**command. A traffic class is used to classify traffic.
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- **Step 3** Attach the traffic policy (policy map) to the interface by using the **service-policy** command.

### **Elements of a Traffic Class**

A traffic class contains three major elements: a traffic class name, a series of match commands, and, if more than one match command is used in the traffic class, instructions on how to evaluate these match commands.

The match commands are used for classifying packets. Packets are checked to determine whether they meet the criteria specified in the match commands; if a packet meets the specified criteria, that packet is considered a member of the class. Packets that fail to meet the matching criteria are classified as members of the default traffic class.

## **Elements of a Traffic Policy**

A traffic policy contains three elements: a traffic policy name, a traffic class (specified with the class command), and the command used to enable the QoS feature.

The traffic policy (policy map) applies the enabled QoS feature to the traffic class once you attach the policy map to the interface (by using the service-policy command).



A packet can match only one traffic class within a traffic policy. If a packet matches more than one traffic class in the traffic policy, the first traffic class defined in the policy will be used.

# **How to Configure QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs**

- Enabling a Service Policy in ATM PVP Mode, page 3
- Enabling Traffic Shaping in ATM PVP Mode, page 5
- Enabling Matching of ATM VCIs, page 7

## **Enabling a Service Policy in ATM PVP Mode**

You can enable a service policy in ATM PVP mode. You can also enable a service policy on PVP on a multipoint subinterface.



Note

The **show policy-map interface** command does not display service policy information for ATM interfaces.

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#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** interface atm slot / subslot / port [. subinterface]
- 4. atm pvp *vpi* l2transport
- **5. service-policy** [**input** | **output**] *policy-map-name*
- **6. xconnect** *peer-router-id vcid* encapsulation mpls
- **7.** end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface atm slot / subslot / port [. subinterface]	Defines the interface and enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# interface atml/0/0	
Step 4	atm pvp vpi l2transport	Specifies that the PVP is dedicated to transporting ATM cells and enters 12transport PVP configuration mode.
	Example:	• The <b>l2transport</b> keyword indicates that the PVP is for cell relay. This mode is for Layer 2 transport only; it is not for
	Router(config-if)# atm pvp 1 l2transport	regular PVPs.
Step 5	service-policy [input   output] policy-map-name	Enables a service policy on the specified PVP.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if-atm-l2trans-pvp)# service policy input pol1	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	xconnect peer-router-id vcid encapsulation mpls	Binds the attachment circuit to a pseudowire VC.
	Example:	The syntax for this command is the same as for all other Layer 2 transports.
	Router(config-if-atm-12trans-pvp)# xconnect 10.0.0.1 123 encapsulation mpls	
Step 7	end	Exits 12transport PVP configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if-atm-12trans-pvp)#	
	end	

## **Enabling Traffic Shaping in ATM PVP Mode**

Traffic shaping commands are supported in PVP mode. For egress VP shaping, one configuration command is supported for each ATM service category. The supported service categories are constant bit rate (CBR), UBR, variable bit rate-nonreal time (VBR-NRT), and variable bit rate real-time(VBR-RT).

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** interface atm slot / subslot / port [. subinterface]
- 4. atm pvp *vpi* l2transport
- **5.** Do one of the following:
  - **ubr** pcr
  - •
  - cbr pcr
  - or
  - **vbr-nrt** *pcr scr mbs*
  - O1
  - **vbr-rt** pcr scr mbs
- **6.** xconnect peer-router-id vcid encapsulation mpls

Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1 enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Enter your password if prompted.
Example:	
Router> enable	
Step 2 configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Example:	
Router# configure terminal	
Step 3 interface atm slot / subslot / port [. subinterface]	Defines the interface and enters interface configuration mode.
Example:	
<pre>Router(config)# interface atm1/0/0</pre>	
Step 4 atm pvp vpi l2transport	Specifies that the PVP is dedicated to transporting ATM cells and enters l2transport PVP configuration mode.
Example:	<ul> <li>The l2transportkeyword indicates that the PVP is for cell relay. This mode is for Layer 2 transport only; it is not for</li> </ul>
Router(config-if)# atm pvp 1 l2transport	regular PVPs.
Step 5 Do one of the following:	Enables traffic shaping in ATM PVP mode.
• ubr pcr	• pcr = peak cell rate
• <b>cbr</b> <i>pcr</i>	<ul> <li>scr = sustain cell rate</li> <li>mbs = maximum burst size</li> </ul>
• or	mos – maximum ourst size
• vbr-nrt per ser mbs	
• or	
• vbr-rt per ser mbs	
Example:	
Router(config-if-atm-l2trans-pvp)# cbr 1000	
Step 6 xconnect peer-router-id vcid encapsulation mpls	Binds the attachment circuit to a pseudowire VC.
Example:	The syntax for this command is the same as for all other Layer 2 transports.
Router(config-if-atm-l2trans-pvp)# xconnect 10.0.0.1 123 encapsulation mpls	

# **Enabling Matching of ATM VCIs**

You can match on an ATM VCI or range of VCIs, using the **match atm-vci** command in class-map configuration mode.



When you configure the **match atm-vci**command in class-map configuration mode, you can add this class map to a policy map that can be attached only to an ATM VP.

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#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** class-map class-map-name [match-all | match-any]
- 4. match atm-vci vc-id [- vc-id]
- **5**. **end**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
		Enter your password if prompted.	
	Example:		
	Router> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router# configure terminal		
Step 3	class-map class-map-name [match-all   match-any]		
		class, and enters class-map configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router(config)# class-map class1		
Step 4	match atm-vci vc-id [- vc-id]	Enables packet matching on an ATM VCI or range of VCIs. The range is 32 to 65535.	
	Example:	Note You can use the <b>match not</b> command to remove the match criteria.	
	Router(config-cmap)# match atm-vci 50		

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	end	(Optional) Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-cmap)# end	

# Configuration Examples for QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs

• Example Enabling Traffic Shaping in ATM PVP Mode, page 8

## **Example Enabling Traffic Shaping in ATM PVP Mode**

The following example enables traffic shaping in ATM PMP mode.

```
int atm 1/0/0
atm pvp 100 l2transport
ubr 1000
xconnect 10.11.11.11 777 encapsulation mpls
atm pvp 101 l2transport
cbr 1000
xconnect 10.11.11.11 888 encapsulation mpls
atm pvp 102 l2transport
vbr-nrt 1200 800 128
xconnect 10.11.11.11 999 encapsulation mpls
```

## **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases
Description of commands associated with MPLS and MPLS applications	Cisco IOS Multiprotocol Label Switching Command Reference
Modular Quality of Service (QoS) Command-Line Interface (CLI) (MQC)	Applying QoS Features Using the MQC
Any Transport over MPLS	Any Transport over MPLS

#### **Standards**

Standard	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	

#### **MIBs**

MIB	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:
	http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

#### **RFCs**

RFC	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

# Feature Information for QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1 Feature Information for QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
QoS Policy Support on L2VPN ATM PVPs	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.3	This feature enables you to configure Quality of Service (QoS) service policies in ATM permanent virtual path (PVP) mode for Layer 2 Virtual Private Networks (L2VPNs).
		The following commands were introduced or modified: <b>cbr</b> , <b>match atm-vci</b> , <b>service-policy</b> , <b>ubr</b> , <b>vbr-nrt</b> , <b>vbr-rt</b> .
Cell-Based ATM Shaping per PVP	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.3	This feature was introduced for Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers.

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