

# **Performing Secure Erase**

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# **Information about Secure Erase**

Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 10.2(2)F, the Secure Erase feature is introduced to erase all customer information for Nexus 9000 switches. Secure Erase is an operation to remove all the identifiable customer information on Cisco NX-OS devices in conditions of product removal due to Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA), or upgrade or replacement, or system end-of-life.

Cisco Nexus 9000 switches consume storage to conserve system software images, switch configuration, software logs, and operational history. These areas can have customer-specific information such as details regarding network architecture, and design as well as a potential target for data thefts.

The Secure Erase process is used in the following two scenarios:

- Return Material Authorization (RMA) for a device If you must return a device to Cisco for RMA, remove all the customer-specific data before obtaining an RMA certificate for the device.
- Recovering the compromised device If the key material or credentials that are stored on a device is compromised, reset the device to factory configuration, and then reconfigure the device.



**Note** Secure Erase feature will not erase content in External storage.

The device reloads to perform a factory reset which results in the EoR chassis modules to enter the power down mode. After a factory reset, the device clears all configuration, logs, and storage information.

### **Prerequisites for Performing Secure Erase**

• Ensure that all the software images, configurations, and personal data are backed up before performing the secure erase operation.

- Ensure that there is an uninterrupted power supply when the process is in progress.
- Ensure that neither In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) nor In-Service Software Downgrade (ISSD) is in progress before starting the secure erase process.

## **Guidelines and Limitations for Secure Erase**

- FX3 or FX3S or FX3P switches are supported in TOR and FEX mode. If secure erase is done in FEX mode, a switch will boot in TOR mode after the secure erase operation.
- Software patches, if installed on the device, will not be restored after the Secure Erase operation.
- If the **factory-reset** command is issued through a session, the session is not restored after the completion of the factory reset process.

The top of rack switches and supervisor modules returns to the loader prompt.

End of row switch modules will be in a powered down state.

If you configure secure erase of fex, the factory reset is initiated and fex configuration will be removed.

Fex secure erase to be monitored using fex console. In case of failure, reboot and bring up fex and initiate secure erase again.

#### **Configuring Secure Erase**

To delete all necessary data before shipping to RMA, configure secure erase using the below command:

Command	Purpose		
<b>factory-reset module</b> <i>mod</i> Example:	Use the command with <b>all</b> options enabled. No system configuration is required to use the <b>factory reset</b> command.		
<pre>switch(config)# factory-reset [module &lt;3&gt;]</pre>	To secure erase for fex, use <b>factory-resetfex</b> [ <i>allfex_no</i> ]		
	• To secure erase all fex at once, use option <b>all</b> .		
	<b>Note</b> Ensure that the fex is not in Active-Active scenario, before initiating secure erase operation.		
	Use the option <b>mod</b> to reset the start-up configurations:		
	• For top of rack switches, the command is <b>factory-reset</b> or <b>factory-reset module 1</b> .		
	• In LXC mode for top of rack switches, the command is <b>factory-reset module 1</b> or <b>27</b>		
	• For end of row module switches, the command is [{module <module> [bypass-secure-erase] [preserve-image]}]</module>		
	Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 10.2(3), the following options are supported for the factory-reset command:		
	• <b>bypass-secure-erase</b> : Use this option when secure data removal is not required (repartition and reformat storage only).		
	<b>preserve-image</b> : This option preserves the running image and autoboots after the completion of erase operations.		
	After the factory reset process is successfully completed, the switch reboots and is powered down.		

**Note** Parallel secure erase operations are not supported. To erase more than one module in single EoR chassis, the recommended order is line card, fabric, standby supervisor, system controller, and then active supervisor.

You can boot that secure erase image to trigger the data wipe.

The following is an example output for configuring secure erase factory reset command:

FX2-2-	switch#			
FX2-2-	switch#	show fex		
FEX		FEX	FEX	FEX
Number		Description	State	Model

Serial \_\_\_\_\_ 109 FEX0109 Online N2K-C2348TQ-10GE FOC1816R0F2 FEX0110 Online 110 N2K-C2348TO-10G-E FOC2003R1SQ FX2-2-switch# factory-reset fex all !!!! WARNING: This command will perform factory-reset of all FEX modules !!!! The factory reset operation will erase ALL persistent storage on the specified FEX module. This includes configuration, all log data, and the full contents of flash and SSDs. Special steps are taken in an effort to render data non-recoverable. Please, proceed with caution and understanding that this operation cannot be undone and will leave the system in a fresh-from-factory state. !!!! WARNING !!!! Do you want to continue? (y/n) [n] y Initiating factory-reset for the FEX: 109 --- SUCCESS !! FEX: 109 is reloading for the reset operation to proceed. Factory reset may take time... Please, wait and do not power off the FEX... Trying to remove the FEX:109 config !!! Initiating factory-reset for the FEX: 110 --- SUCCESS!! FEX: 110 is reloading for the reset operation to proceed. Factory reset may take time ... Please, wait and do not power off the FEX... Trying to remove the FEX:110 config !!! Successfully removed FEX:110 config. !!! The following shows the example of fex logs: FX2-2-switch# 2021 FEX console logs: \_\_\_\_\_ bgl-ads-4157:138> telnet 10.127.118.15 2007 Trying 10.127.118.15... Connected to 10.127.118.15. Escape character is '^]'. fex-109# fex-109# [129266.313614] writing reset reason 9, Factory-reset requested by abc [129266.391801] Restarting system - Factory-reset requested by abc [9] U-Boot 2011.12 (Jun 25 2014 - 16:28:41) Cisco Systems CPU0: P1020E, Version: 1.1, (0x80ec0011) Core: E500, Version: 5.1, (0x80212051) Clock Configuration: CPU0:666.667 MHz, CPU1:666.667 MHz, CCB:333.333 MHz, DDR:333.333 MHz (666.667 MT/s data rate) (Asynchronous), LBC:83.333 MHz L1: D-cache 32 kB enabled I-cache 32 kB enabled Board: P1020FEX [MCPSUMR 0x00000000, RSTRSCR 0x00000000, AUTORSTSR 0x0000c000] I2C buses: ready Golden image U-boot retry count 0 Jump to upgradeable image at 0xefd20040 U-Boot 2011.12 (Jun 25 2014 - 16:19:54) Cisco Systems CPU0: P1020E, Version: 1.1, (0x80ec0011) Core: E500, Version: 5.1, (0x80212051) Clock Configuration: CPU0:666.667 MHz, CPU1:666.667 MHz, CCB:333.333 MHz, DDR:333.333 MHz (666.667 MT/s data rate) (Asynchronous), LBC:83.333 MHz

L1: D-cache 32 kB enabled I-cache 32 kB enabled Board: P1020FEX [MCPSUMR 0x0000000, RSTRSCR 0x0000000, AUTORSTSR 0x0000c000] I2C buses: readv Upgradeable image DRAM: Configuring DDR for 666.667 MT/s data rate Time-out count = 480 DDR configuration get done 1 GiB (DDR3, 32-bit, CL=6, ECC on) Memory test from 0x40000 to 0x1fdffff Data line test..... OK Address line test..... OK OK Flash: 288 MiB L2: 256 KB enabled Set dbglevel to its default value (0x1) PCIe1: Root Complex of mini PCIe SLOT, x1, regs @ 0xffe0a000 PCTe1: Bus 00 - 01 PCIe2: Root Complex of PCIe SLOT, no link, reqs @ 0xffe09000 PCIe2: Bus 02 - 02 Net: eTSEC1, eTSEC3 Hit Ctrl-L to stop autoboot: 0 WARN: user forced bootcmd="run sysboot" .. WARNING: adjusting available memory to 30000000 ## Booting kernel from Legacy Image at 01000000 ... Image Name: Linux-2.6.27.47 Created: 2015-11-20 10:22:39 UTC Image Type: PowerPC Linux Kernel Image (gzip compressed) Data Size: 8936305 Bytes = 8.5 MiB Load Address: 0000000 Entry Point: 00000000 Verifying Checksum ... OK ## Flattened Device Tree blob at 00c00000 Booting using the fdt blob at 0x00c00000 Uncompressing Kernel Image ... OK Loading Device Tree to 03ffb000, end 03fffe82 ... OK setup arch: bootmem mpc85xx fex\_setup\_arch() arch: exit [0.436112] Host controller irg 17 [0.477490] pci 0000:00:00.0: ignoring class b20 (doesn't match header type 01) [0.566841] Assign root port irq 17 for 0000:00:00.0 [2.210329] Enabling all PCI devices [2.802226] FSL:i2c-mpc - probing i2c controller modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory [2.975494] FSL:i2c-mpc - probing i2c controller modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory [3.889037] [3.889041] Watchdog init<0> Mount failed for selinuxfs on /selinux: No such file or directory INIT: version 2.86 booting Setting system clock: [ OK ] Mounting all filesystems: [ OK ] /sbin/dhclient-script: configuration for eth1 not found. Continuing with defaults. /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/network-functions: line 78: eth1: No such file or directory Mounting system image: [ OK ] Unpacking system image: [ OK ]

**Configuring Secure Erase** 

Uncompressing system image: [ OK ] Loading system image: [ OK ] net.ipv4.ip forward = 0net.ipv4.ip default ttl = 64 net.ipv4.ip\_no\_pmtu\_disc = 1 Starting internet superserver: inetd [ OK ] net.core.rmem max = 524288 net.core.wmem max = 524288 net.core.rmem default = 524288 net.core.wmem\_default = 524288 net.core.somaxconn = 1024 net.core.netdev max backlog = 1024 modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory [23.255118] Device eth0 configured with sgmii interface Non issu restart [24.151321] [24.151327] base addr is 26524<0> Secure erase requested! Please, do not power off module! Starting the secure erase. !! This may take time. Please wait !! >>>> Wiping all storage devices ... [28.706882] NX-OS starts punching watchdog grep: Backu: No such file or directory +++ Starting mtd secure erase for the partition /dev/mtd2 +++ Erasing /dev/mtd2 ... Erasing 128 Kibyte @ 17e0000 -- 99 % complete. ---> SUCCESS Writing random data onto /dev/mtd2 Filling /dev/mtd2 using random data ... Erasing blocks: 192/192 (100%) Writing data: 24576k/24576k (100%) Verifying data: 24576k/24576k (100%) ---> SUCCESS Erasing /dev/mtd2 ... Erasing 128 Kibyte @ 17e0000 -- 99 % complete. ---> SUCCESS +++ Skipping cmos secure erase +++ >>>> Done +++ Skipping nvram secure erase +++ >>>> Done >>>> Iniatilzing system to factory defaults ... +++ Starting init-system +++ Initializing /dev/mtd5 /isan/bin/mount\_jffs2.sh: line 68: \${LOG\_FILE}: ambiguous [ 651.954326] Restarting system. U-Boot 2011.12 (Jun 25 2014 - 16:28:41) Cisco Systems CPU0: P1020E, Version: 1.1, (0x80ec0011) Core: E500, Version: 5.1, (0x80212051) Clock Configuration: CPU0:666.667 MHz, CPU1:666.667 MHz, CCB:333.333 MHz, DDR:333.333 MHz (666.667 MT/s data rate) (Asynchronous), LBC:83.333 MHz L1: D-cache 32 kB enabled I-cache 32 kB enabled Board: P1020FEX [MCPSUMR 0x0000000, RSTRSCR 0x0000000, AUTORSTSR 0x0000c000] I2C buses: ready Golden image U-boot retry count 1 Jump to upgradeable image at 0xefd20040 U-Boot 2011.12 (Jun 25 2014 - 16:19:54) Cisco Systems CPU0: P1020E, Version: 1.1, (0x80ec0011) Core: E500, Version: 5.1, (0x80212051) Clock Configuration: CPU0:666.667 MHz, CPU1:666.667 MHz,

CCB:333.333 MHz, DDR:333.333 MHz (666.667 MT/s data rate) (Asynchronous), LBC:83.333 MHz L1: D-cache 32 kB enabled I-cache 32 kB enabled Board: P1020FEX [MCPSUMR 0x00000000, RSTRSCR 0x00000000, AUTORSTSR 0x0000c000] I2C buses: ready Upgradeable image DRAM: Configuring DDR for 666.667 MT/s data rate Time-out count = 480 DDR configuration get done 1 GiB (DDR3, 32-bit, CL=6, ECC on) Memory test from 0x40000 to 0x1fdffff Data line test..... OK Address line test..... OK OK Flash: 288 MiB L2: 256 KB enabled Set dbglevel to its default value (0x1) PCIe1: Root Complex of mini PCIe SLOT, x1, regs @ 0xffe0a000 PCIe1: Bus 00 - 01 PCIe2: Root Complex of PCIe SLOT, no link, regs @ 0xffe09000 PCIe2: Bus 02 - 02 Net: eTSEC1, eTSEC3 Hit Ctrl-L to stop autoboot: 0 WARN: user forced bootcmd="run sysboot" .. WARNING: adjusting available memory to 30000000 ## Booting kernel from Legacy Image at 01000000 ... Image Name: Linux-2.6.27.47 Created: 2015-11-20 10:22:39 UTC Image Type: PowerPC Linux Kernel Image (gzip compressed) Data Size: 8936305 Bytes = 8.5 MiB Load Address: 0000000 Entry Point: 00000000 Verifying Checksum ... OK ## Flattened Device Tree blob at 00c00000 Booting using the fdt blob at 0x00c00000 Uncompressing Kernel Image ... OK Loading Device Tree to 03ffb000, end 03fffe82 ... OK setup\_arch: bootmem mpc85xx fex setup\_arch() arch: exit [ 0.436112] Host controller irq 17 [ 0.477490] pci 0000:00:00.0: ignoring class b20 (doesn't match header type 01) [ 0.566841] Assign root port irq 17 for 0000:00:00.0 [ 2.210556] Enabling all PCI devices [ 2.804559] FSL:i2c-mpc - probing i2c controller modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory [ 2.975502] FSL:i2c-mpc - probing i2c controller modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory [ 3.889014] [ 3.889018] Watchdog init<0> Mount failed for selinuxfs on /selinux: No such file or directory INIT: version 2.86 booting Setting system clock: [ OK ] Mounting all filesystems: [ OK ] /sbin/dhclient-script: configuration for eth1 not found. Continuing with defaults. /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/network-functions: line 78: eth1: No such file or directory

```
Mounting system image: [ OK ]
Unpacking system image: [ OK ]
Uncompressing system image: [ OK ]
Loading system image: [ OK ]
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 0
net.ipv4.ip default ttl = 64
net.ipv4.ip no pmtu disc = 1
Starting internet superserver: inetd [ OK ]
net.core.rmem max = 524288
net.core.wmem_max = 524288
net.core.rmem default = 524288
net.core.wmem default = 524288
net.core.somaxconn = 1024
net.core.netdev max backlog = 1024
modprobe: FATAL: Could not load /lib/modules/2.6.27.47/modules.dep: No such file or directory
[ 22.630994] Device eth0 configured with sqmii interface
Non issu restart
[ 23.535827]
[ 23.535832] base addr is 26524<0>
INIT: Entering runlevel: 3
fex login: Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/sbin/sysctl -q -w vm.drop_caches=3'
as root on fex.
[ 28.090052] NX-OS starts punching watchdog
fex login:
```

The following is an example output for configuring secure erase factory reset command on module:

```
switch# factory-reset [all | module <mod>]
switch# factory-reset [module <3>]
!!!! WARNING !!!!
The factory reset operation will erase ALL persistent storage on the specified module.
This includes configuration, all log data, and the full contents of flash and SSDs.
Special steps are taken to render data non-recoverable. Please, proceed with caution and
understanding that this operation cannot be undone and will leave the system in a
fresh-from-factory state.
!!!! WARNING !!!!
Continue? (y/n) [n] y
A module reload is required for the reset operation to proceed. Please, wait...
...truncated ...
Secure erase requested! Please, do not power off module!
>>>> Wiping all storage devices ...
+++ Starting mmc secure erase for /dev/mmcblk0 +++
*** Please, wait - this may take several minutes ***
\backslash
---> SUCCESS
+++ Starting SSD secure erase for /dev/sda +++
*** Please, wait - this may take several minutes ***
\backslash
---> SUCCESS
+++ Starting cmos secure erase +++
---> SUCCESS
>>>> Done
+++ Starting nvram secure erase +++
\
---> SUCCESS
>>>> Done
```

The following is an example output logs for configuring secure erase factory reset command on LC:

switch	n# show mod			
Mod	Ports	Module-Type	Model	Status
1	32	32x40/100G Ethernet Module	N9K-X9732C-FX	ok
22	0	4-slot Fabric Module	N9K-C9504-FM-E	ok

N9K-C9504-FM-E ok N9K-C9504-FM-E ok 24 0 4-slot Fabric Module 4-slot Fabric Module 26 0 27 0 Supervisor Module N9K-SUP-B+ active \* N9K-SUP-B+ 0 28 Supervisor Module ha-standby N9K-SC-29 0 System Controller active 30 0 System Controller N9K-SCstandby Mod Sw Hw Slot \_\_\_\_\_ 10.2(1.196)0.107010.2(1.196)1.210.2(1.196)1.2 1 LC1 22 FM2 24 FM4 1.1 FM6 10.2(1.196) 2.6 10.2(1.196) 1.0 27 SUP1 28 10.2(1.196) 1.2 SUP2 SC1 29 10.2(1.196) 1.4 30 10.2(1.196) 1.4 SC2 switch# switch# factory-reset mod 1 !!!! WARNING !!!! The factory reset operation will erase ALL persistent storage on the specified module. This includes configuration, all log data, and the full contents of flash and SSDs. Special steps are taken in an effort to render data non-recoverable. Please, proceed with caution and understanding that this operation cannot be undone and will leave the system in a fresh-from-factory state. !!!! WARNING !!!! Continue? (y/n) [n] **y** A module reload is required for the reset operation to proceed. Please, wait... reloading module 1 ... SUCCESS! All persistent storage devices detected on the specified module have been purged. switch# switch# show mod Mod Ports Module-Type Model Status \_\_\_\_\_ -----\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 32x40/100G Ethernet Module N9K-X9732C-FX 1 32 powered-dn 4-slot Fabric ModuleN9K-C9504-FM-E4-slot Fabric ModuleN9K-C9504-FM-E 2.2 0 ok 0 24 ok 26 0 4-slot Fabric Module N9K-C9504-FM-E ok 0 Supervisor Module N9K-SUP-B+ 27 active \* Supervisor Module N9K-SUP-B+ N9K-SC-A ha-standby 2.8 0 29 0 System Controller active System Controller N9K-SC-A System Controller N9K-SC-A 30 0 standby Mod Power-Status Reason \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ Configured Power down 1 powered-dn Mod Sw Ηw Slot 22 10.2(1.196) 1.2 FM2 2.4 10.2(1.196)1.2 FM4 1.1 26 10.2(1.196) FM6 27 10.2(1.196) 1.0 SUP1 1.2 28 10.2(1.196) SUP2 29 10.2(1.196) 1.4 SC1

switch#

The following is an example output logs for configuring secure erase factory reset command on mod:

switch# factory-reset mod 26
!!!! WARNING !!!!

The factory reset operation will erase ALL persistent storage on the specified module. This includes configuration, all log data, and the full contents of flash and SSDs. Special steps are taken in an effort to render data non-recoverable. Please, proceed with caution and understanding that this operation cannot be undone and will leave the system in a fresh-from-factory state. !!!! WARNING !!!! Continue? (y/n) [n] **y** A module reload is required for the reset operation to proceed. Please, wait... reloading module 26  $\dots$ 

SUCCESS! All persistent storage devices detected on the specified module have been cleared. >>>> Please, note - multiple write passes were required to remove data from one or more devices. <<<<

Mod	Ports	Module-	Туре	Model	Status
1 22 24 26	32 0 0 0	4-slot 4-slot	.00G Ethernet Module Fabric Module Fabric Module Fabric Module	N9K-C9504-FM-E N9K-C9504-FM-E	
Mod	Power-S	Status	Reason		
1 26	1	ed-dn ed-dn	Configured Power Configured Power		
Mod	Sw	Hw	Slot		
 22 24 27 28 29	10.2(1.196) 10.2(1.196) 10.2(1.196)	1.0	FM2 FM4 SUP1 SUP2 SC1		

switch#

switch# show mod