

# gNMI - gRPC Network Management Interface

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# **About gNMI**

gNMI uses gRPC (Google Remote Procedure Call) as its transport protocol.

Cisco NX-OS supports gNMI for dial-in subscription to telemetry applications running on switches. Although the past release supported telemetry events over gRPC, the switch pushed the telemetry data to the telemetry receivers. This method was called dial out.

With gNMI, applications can pull information from the switch. They subscribe to specific telemetry services by learning the supported telemetry capabilities and subscribing to only the telemetry services that it needs.

Table 1: Supported gNMI RPCs

gNMI RPC	Supported
Capabilities	Yes
Get	Yes
Set	Yes
Subscribe	Yes

# gNMI RPC and SUBSCRIBE

The NX-OS 9.3(1) release supports gNMI version 0.5.0. Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(1) supports the following parts of gNMI version 0.5.0.

Table 2: SUBSCRIBE Options

Туре	Sub Type	Supported?	Description
Once		Yes	Switch sends current values only once for all specified paths
Poll		Yes	Whenever the switch receives a Poll message, the switch sends the current values for all specified paths.
Stream	Sample	Yes	Once per stream sample interval, the switch sends the current values for all specified paths. The supported sample interval range is from 1 through 604800 seconds.  The default sample interval is 10 seconds.
	On_Change	Yes	The switch sends current values as its initial state, but then updates the values only when changes, such as create, modify, or delete occur to any of the specified paths.
	Target_Defined	No	

#### **Optional SUBSCRIBE Flags**

For the SUBSCRIBE option, some optional flags are available that modify the response to the options listed in the table. In release 9.3(1), the updates\_only optional flag is supported, which is applicable to ON\_CHANGE subscriptions. If this flag is set, the switch suppresses the initial snapshot data (current state) that is normally sent with the first response.

The following flags are not supported:

- · aliases
- · allow aggregation
- · extensions
- · heart-beat interval
- prefix
- qos
- · suppress\_redundant

# **Guidelines and Limitations for gNMI**

Following are the guidelines and limitations for gNMI:

- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(5), Get and Set are supported.
- gNMI queries do not support wildcards in paths.
- gRPC traffic destined for a Nexus device will hit the control-plane policer (CoPP) in the default class. To limit the possibility of gRPC drops, configure a custom CoPP policy using the gRPC configured port in the management class.
- When you enable gRPC on both the management VRF and default VRF and later disable on the default VRF, the gNMI notifications on the management VRF stop working.

As a workaround, disable gRPC completely by entering the **no feature grpc** command and reprovision it by entering the **feature grpc** command and any existing gRPC configuration commands. For example, **grpc certificate** or **grpc port**. You must also resubscribe to any existing notifications on the management VRF.

• When you attempt to subscribe an OpenConfig routing policy with a preexisting CLI configuration like the following, it returns empty values due to the current implementation of the OpenConfig model.

```
ip prefix-list bgp_v4_drop seq 5 deny 125.2.0.0/16 le 32
ipv6 prefix-list bgp_v6_drop seq 5 deny cafe:125:2::/48 le 128
using the xpath
openconfig-routing-policy:/routing-policy/defined-sets/prefix-sets/prefix-set[name=bgp_v4_drop]/config
openconfig-routing-policy:/routing-policy/defined-sets/prefix-sets/prefix-set[name=bgp_v6_drop]/config
```

• Only server certificate authentication takes place. The client certificate is not authenticated by the server.

• If the gRPC certificate is explicitly configured, after a reload with the saved startup configuration to a prior Cisco NX-OS 9.3(x) image, the gRPC feature does not accept connections. To confirm this issue, enter the **show grpc gnmi service statistics** command and the status line displays an error like the following:

Status: Not running - Initializing...Port not available or certificate invalid.

Unconfigure and configure the proper certificate command to restore the service.

- The reachability in non-default VRF for gRPC is supported only over L3VNI's/EVPN and IP. However, reachability over MPLS in non-default VRF and VXLAN Flood and Learn is not supported.
- Use of origin, use models, or both, is optional for gNMI subscriptions.
- gNMI Subscription supports Cisco DME and Device YANG data models. Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3), Subscribe supports the OpenConfig model.
- For Cisco NX-OS prior to 9.3(x), information about supported platforms, see *Platform Support for Programmability Features* in the guide for that release. Starting with Cisco NX-OS release 9.3(x), for information about supported platforms, see the Nexus Switch Platform Matrix.
- The gNMI feature supports the Subscribe and Capability gNMI RPCs.
- The feature supports JSON and gnmi.proto encoding. The feature does not support protobuf.any encoding.
- Each gNMI message has a maximum size of 12 MB. If the amount of collected data exceeds the 12 MB maximum, the collected data is dropped. Applies to gNMI ON CHANGE mode only.

You can avoid this situation by creating more focused subscriptions that handle smaller, more granular data-collection sets. So, instead of subscribing to one higher-level path, create multiple subscriptions for different, lower-level parts of the path.

- Across all subscriptions, there is support of up to 150K aggregate MOs. Subscribing to more MOs can lead to collection data drops.
- The feature does not support a path prefix in the Subscription request, but the Subscription can contain an empty prefix field.
- The gRPC process that supports gNMI uses the HIGH\_PRIO control group, which limits the CPU usage to 75% of CPU and memory to 1.5 GB.
- The **show grpc gnmi** command has the following considerations:
  - The gRPC agent retains gNMI calls for a maximum of one hour after the call has ended.
  - If the total number of calls exceeds 2000, the gRPC agent purges ended calls based on the internal cleanup routine.

The gRPC server runs in the management VRF. As a result, the gRPC process communicates only in this VRF forcing the management interface to support all gRPC calls.

gRPC functionality now includes the default VRF for a total of two gRPC servers on each switch. You can run one gRPC server in each VRF, or run only one gRPC server in the management VRF. Supporting a gRPC in the default VRF adds flexibility to offload processing gRPC calls from the management VRF, where significant traffic load is not desirable.

If two gRPC servers are configured, be aware of the following:

- VRF boundaries are strictly enforced, so each gRPC server process requests independent of the other. Requests do not cross between VRFs.
- The two servers are not HA or fault tolerant. One gRPC server does not back up the other, and there is no switchover or switchback between them.
- Any limits for the gRPC server are per VRF.

The following are the limitations for gNMI:

- multi-level wildcard "..." in path is not allowed
- wildcard '\*' in the top of the path is not allowed
- wildcard '\*' in key name is not allowed
- wildcard and value cannot be mixed in keys

The following table shows the wildcard support details for gNMI:

Table 3: Wildcard Support for gNMI Requests

Type of Request	Wildcard Support
gNMI GET	YES
gNMI SET	NO
gNMI SUBSCRIBE, ONCE	YES
gNMI SUBSCRIBE, POLL	YES
gNMI SUBSCRIBE, STREAM, SAMPLE	YES
gNMI SUBSCRIBE, STREAM, TARGET_DEFINED	YES
gNMI SUBSCRIBE, STREAM, ON_CHANGE	NO

# Configuring gNMI

Configure the gNMI feature through the **grpc gnmi** commands.

To import certificates used by the **grpc certificate** command onto the switch, see the Installing Identity Certificates section of the Cisco Nexus 3500 Series NX-OS Security Configuration Guide, Release 9.3(x).



Note

When modifying the installed identity certificates or **grpc port** and **grpc certificate** values, the gRPC server might restart to apply the changes. When the gRPC server restarts, any active subscription is dropped and you must resubscribe.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

#### 1. configure terminal

- 2. feature grpc
- **3.** (Optional) **grpc port** port-id
- 4. (Optional) grpc certificate certificate-id
- 5. grpc gnmi max-concurrent-call number

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose			
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.			
	Example:  switch-1# configure terminal switch-1(config)#				
Step 2	<pre>feature grpc Example: switch-1# feature grpc switch-1 (config) #</pre>	Enables the gRPC agent, which supports the gNMI interface for dial-in.			
Step 3	(Optional) grpc port port-id  Example: switch-1(config)# grpc port 50051	Configure the port number. The range of <i>port-id</i> is 1024–65535. 50051 id the default.  Note This command is available beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3).			
Step 4	(Optional) grpc certificate certificate-id  Example: switch-1(config)# grpc certificate cert-1	Specify the certificate trustpoint ID. For more information, see the Installing Identity Certificates section of the Cisco Nexus Series NX-OS Security Configuration Guide, Release 9.3(x) for importing the certificate to the switch.  Note This command is available beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3).			
Step 5	<pre>grpc gnmi max-concurrent-call number Example: switch-1(config) # grpc gnmi max-concurrent-call 16 switch-1(config) #</pre>	Sets the limit of simultaneous dial-in calls to the gNMI server on the switch. Configure a limit from 1 through 16. The default limit is 8.  The maximum value that you configure is for each VRF. If you set a limit of 16 and gNMI is configured for both management and default VRFs, each VRF supports 16 simultaneous gNMI calls.  This command does not affect and ongoing or in-progress gNMI calls. Instead, gRPC enforces the limit on new calls, so any in-progress calls are unaffected and allowed to complete.  Note The configured limit does not affect the gRPCConfigOper service.			

# **Configuring Server Certificate**

When you configured a TLS certificate and imported successfully onto the switch, the following is an example of the **show grpc gnmi service statistics** command output.

gNMI communicates over gRPC and uses TLS to secure the channel between the switch and the client. The default hard-coded gRPC certificate is no longer shipped with the switch. The default behavior is a self-signed key and certificate which is generated on the switch as shown below with an expiration date of one day.

When the certificate is expired or failed to install successfully, you will see the 1-D default certificate. The following is an example of the **show grpc gnmi service statistics** command output.

With an expiration of one day, you can use this temporary certificate for quick testing. For long term a new key/certificate must be generated.



Note

After the certificate expires, there are two ways to have the key/certificate to regenerate:

- · Reload the switch.
- Manually delete the key/certificate in the /opt/mtx/etc folder and enter the **no feature grpc** and **feature grpc** commands.

# **Generating Key/Certificate Examples**

Follow these examples to generate Key/Certificates:

 Generating and Configuring Key/Certificate Examples for Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(2) and Earlier, on page 8

# Generating and Configuring Key/Certificate Examples for Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(2) and Earlier

The following is an example for generating key/certificate:

For more information on generating identify certificates, see the Installing Identity Certificates section of the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Security Configuration Guide, Release 9.3(x).

**Step 1** Generate the selfsigned key and pem files.

```
switch# run bash sudo su
bash-4.3# openssl req -x509 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout self_sign2048.key -out self_sign2048.pem -days
365 -nodes
```

**Step 2** After generating the key and pem files, modify the mtx.conf.user files in the Bash shell to have the gRPC service pick up the certificates.

```
[grpc]
key = /bootflash/self-sign2048.key
cert = /bootflash/self-sign2048.pem
```

- **Step 3** Reload the box to have the gRPC service pick up the certificate.
- **Step 4** Verify gRPC is now using the certificate.

```
Cert notAfter: Nov 5 16:48:58 2035 GMT

Max concurrent calls: 16
Listen calls: 1
Active calls: 0

Number of created calls: 953
Number of bad calls: 0

Subscription stream/once/poll: 476/238/238

Max gNMI::Get concurrent: 5
Max grpc message size: 8388608
gNMI Synchronous calls: 10
gNMI Synchronous errors: 0
gNMI Adapter errors: 0
gNMI Dtx errors: 0
```

# Examples for Generating and Configuring Key/Certificate for Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3) and Later

The following is an example for generating key/certificate.



Note

This task is an example of how a certificate can be generated on a switch. You can also generate a certificate in any Linux environment. In a production environment, you should consider using a CA signed certificate.

For more information on generating identity certificates, see the Installing Identity Certificates section of the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Security Configuration Guide, Release 9.3(x).

**Step 1** Generate the selfsigned key and pem files.

```
switch# run bash sudo su
bash-4.3# openssl req -x509 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout self_sign2048.key -out self_sign2048.pem -days
365 -nodes
```

**Step 2** After generating the key and pem files, you must bundle the key and pem files for use in the trustpoint CA Association.

```
switch# run bash sudo su
bash-4.3# cd /bootflash/
bash-4.3# openssl pkcs12 -export -out self_sign2048.pfx -inkey self_sign2048.key -in self_sign2048.pem
-certfile self_sign2048.pem -password pass:Ciscolab123!
bash-4.3# exit
```

**Step 3** Verify the setup.

```
switch(config)# show crypto ca certificates
Trustpoint: mytrustpoint
certificate:
subject= /C=US/O=Cisco Systems, Inc./OU=CSG/L=San Jose/ST=CA/street=3700 Cisco
Way/postalCode=95134/CN=ems.cisco.com/serialNumber=FGE18420KOR
```

```
issuer= /C=US/O=Cisco Systems, Inc./OU=CSG/L=San Jose/ST=CA/street=3700 Cisco
Way/postalCode=95134/CN=ems.cisco.com/serialNumber=FGE18420K0R
serial=0413
notBefore=Nov 5 16:48:58 2015 GMT
notAfter=Nov 5 16:48:58 2035 GMT
SHA1 Fingerprint=2E:99:2C:CE:2F:C3:B4:EC:C7:E2:52:3A:19:A2:10:D0:54:CA:79:3E
purposes: sslserver sslclient
CA certificate 0:
subject= /C=US/O=Cisco Systems, Inc./OU=CSG/L=San Jose/ST=CA/street=3700 Cisco
Way/postalCode=95134/CN=ems.cisco.com/serialNumber=FGE18420KOR
issuer= /C=US/O=Cisco Systems, Inc./OU=CSG/L=San Jose/ST=CA/street=3700 Cisco
Way/postalCode=95134/CN=ems.cisco.com/serialNumber=FGE18420K0R
serial=0413
notBefore=Nov 5 16:48:58 2015 GMT
notAfter=Nov 5 16:48:58 2035 GMT
SHA1 Fingerprint=2E:99:2C:CE:2F:C3:B4:EC:C7:E2:52:3A:19:A2:10:D0:54:CA:79:3E
purposes: sslserver sslclient
```

#### **Step 4** Configure gRPC to use the trustpoint.

```
switch(config)# grpc certificate mytrustpoint
switch(config)# show run grpc
!Command: show running-config grpc
!Running configuration last done at: Thu Jul 2 12:24:02 2020
!Time: Thu Jul 2 12:24:05 2020

version 9.3(5) Bios:version 05.38
feature grpc
grpc gnmi max-concurrent-calls 16
grpc use-vrf default
grpc certificate mytrustpoint
```

#### **Step 5** Verify gRPC is now using the certificate.

switch# show grpc gnmi service statistics

```
gRPC Endpoint
Vrf : management
Server address : [::]:50051
Cert notBefore : Nov 5 16:48:58 2015 GMT
Cert notAfter: Nov 5 16:48:58 2035 GMT
Max concurrent calls: 16
Listen calls : 1
Active calls: 0
Number of created calls: 953
Number of bad calls : 0
Subscription stream/once/poll: 476/238/238
Max qNMI::Get concurrent : 5
Max grpc message size : 8388608
gNMI Synchronous calls : 10
gNMI Synchronous errors : 0
gNMI Adapter errors : 0
```

gNMI Dtx errors : 0

# **Verifying gNMI**

To verify the gNMI configuration, enter the following command:

Command	Description		
show grpc gnmi service statistics	Displays a summary of the agent running status, respectively for the management VRF, or the default VRF (if configured). It also displays:		
	Basic overall counters		
	Certificate expiration time		
	Note If the certificate is expired, the agent cannot accept requests.		
show grpc gnmi rpc summary	Displays the following:		
	Number of capability RPCs received.		
	Capability RPC errors.		
	• Number of Get RPCs received.		
	• Get RPC errors.		
	• Number of Set RPCs received.		
	• Set RPC errors.		
	More error types and counts.		

Command	Description
show grpc gnmi transactions	The <b>show grpc gnmi transactions</b> command is the most dense and contains considerable information. It is a history buffer of the most recent 50 gNMI transactions that are received by the switch. As new RPCs come in, the oldest history entry is removed from the end. The following explains what is displayed:
	• RPC – This shows the type of RPC that was received (Get, Set, Capabilities)
	<ul> <li>DataType – For a Get only. Has values ALL, CONFIG, and STATE.</li> </ul>
	• Session – shows the unique session-id that is assigned to this transaction. It can be used to correlate data that is found in other log files.
	• Time In shows timestamp of when the RPC was received by the gNMI handler.
	• Duration – time delta in ms from receiving the request to giving response.
	• Status – the status code of the operation returned to the client (0 = Success, !0 == error).
	This section is data that is kept per path within a single gNMI transaction. For example, a single Get or Set
	• subtype – for a Set RPC, shows the specific operation that is requested per path (Delete, Update, Replace). For Get, there is no subtype.
	• dtx – shows that this path was processed in DTX "fast" path or not. A dash '-' means no, an asterisk '*' means yes.
	• st – Status for this path. The meaning is as follows:
	<ul> <li>OK: path is valid and processed by infra successfully.</li> </ul>
	• ERR: path is either invalid or generated error by infra
	•: path not processed yet, might or might not be valid and has not been sent to infra yet.
	• path – the path

#### show grpc gnmi service statistics Example

```
_____
gRPC Endpoint
_____
Vrf : management
Server address : [::]:50051
Cert notBefore : Mar 13 19:05:24 2020 GMT
Cert notAfter: Nov 20 19:05:24 2033 GMT
Max concurrent calls : 8
Listen calls : 1
Active calls : 0
Number of created calls : 1
Number of bad calls : 0
Subscription stream/once/poll : 0/0/0
Max gNMI::Get concurrent : 5
Max grpc message size: 8388608
gNMI Synchronous calls : 74
gNMI Synchronous errors : 0
gNMI Adapter errors : 0
gNMI Dtx errors : 0
```

#### show grpc gnmi rpc summary Example

```
gRPC Endpoint
_____
   : management
Server address : [::]:50051
Cert notBefore : Mar 31 20:55:02 2020 GMT
Cert notAfter : Apr 1 20:55:02 2020 GMT
Capability rpcs : 1
Capability errors : 0
Get rpcs : 53
Get errors
            : 19
Set rpcs
Set errors
Resource Exhausted: 0
Option Unsupported: 6
Invalid Argument : 18
Operation Aborted : 1
Internal Error : 2
Unknown Error
             : 0
RPC Type
          State
                  Last Activity Cnt Req Cnt Resp Client
Subscribe Listen 04/01 07:39:21 0
```

#### show grpc gnmi transactions Example

```
gRPC Endpoint
```

\_\_\_\_\_

```
: management
Server address : [::]:50051
Cert notBefore : Mar 31 20:55:02 2020 GMT
Cert notAfter : Apr 1 20:55:02 2020 GMT
           DataType Session
                                     Time In
                                                         Duration(ms) Status
- 2361443608
Set
                                    04/01 07:43:49 173
subtype: dtx: st: path:
Delete - OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo789]
                       2293989720
                                     04/01 07:43:45
                                                          183
                                                                       0
subtype: dtx: st: path:
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo6]
Set.
                      2297110560
                                     04/01 07:43:41
                                                          184
                                                                       0
subtype: dtx: st: path:
Update - OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo7]
Set.
                       0
                                      04/01 07:43:39
                                                           0
                                                                       10
                       3445444384
                                     04/01 07:43:33
                                                           3259
                                                                        Ω
subtype: dtx: st: path:
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo789]
Delete -
Delete
              OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo790]
Delete
              OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo791]
Delete -
             OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo792]
Delete -
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo793]
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo794]
Delete -
             OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo795]
OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo796]
OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo797]
Delete
Delete
Delete
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo798]
Delete -
Delete -
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo799]
Delete -
              OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo800]
              OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo801]
OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo802]
Delete
Delete -
Delete -
             OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo803]
Delete -
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo804]
Delete -
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo805]
Delete
             OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo806]
Delete
             OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo807]
Delete -
            OK /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo808]
                       2297474560
                                     04/01 07:43:26
                                                           186
                                                                        0
subtype: dtx: st: path:
             OK /System/ipv4-items/inst-items/dom-items/Dom-list[name=foo]/rt-
items/Route-list[prefix=0.0.0.0/0]/nh-items/Nexthop-list[nhAddr=192.168.1.1/32][n
hVrf=foo][nhIf=unspecified]/tag
                       2294408864
                                      04/01 07:43:17
                                                           176
                                                                       13
Set
subtype: dtx: st: path:
Delete - ERR /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list/descr
                      Ω
                                      04/01 07:43:11
                                                          Ω
                                                                       3
Set
subtype: dtx: st: path:
              -- /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo4]/descr
            ERR /system/processes
Update -
```

Set	-		2464255200	04/01	07:43:05	708	0
subtype:	dtx:		path:				
Delete	-	OK	/System/intf-items/lk				
Delete	-	OK	/System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo777]				
Delete	-	OK	<pre>/System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo778] /System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list[id=lo779]</pre>				
Delete	-	OK	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Delete	-	OK	/System/intf-items/lk				
Replace	-	OK	/System/intf-items/lk				
Replace	_	OK	/System/intf-items/lk				
Replace	_		/System/intf-items/lk /System/intf-items/lk				
Update Update	_	OK OK	/System/intf-items/lk				
Update	_	OK	/System/intf-items/lk				
opuace		OIC	/ Dyscem/ inci icems/ ix	J ICCIII	S/IDRCUIT IISC	id-100]/desci	
Set	-		3491213208	04/01	07:42:58	14	0
subtype:							
Replace	-	OK	/System/intf-items/lk	o-item:	s/LbRtdIf-list[	id=1o3]/descr	
Set	_		3551604840	04/01	07:42:54	35	0
subtype:	dtx.	st.		04/01	07.42.54	33	O
Delete	-	OK	/System/intf-items/lk	n-item:	s/LbRtdTf-list[	id=1011	
201000		011	, 5,550,, 11101 100,, 12	200111	0,12010011 1100[	101)	
Set	-		2362201592	04/01	07:42:52	13	13
subtype:	dtx:						
Delete	-	ERR	/System/intf-items/lk	o-item	s/LbRtdIf-list[	id=lo3]/lbrtd:	if-items
/operSt							
Set	_		0	04/01	07:42:47	0	3
subtype:	d+v•	o+•		04/01	07.42.47	O	5
Delete	- uca.		/System/*				
Delece		DIVIV	/ byscem/				
Set	_		2464158360	04/01	07:42:46	172	3
subtype:	dtx:	st:		,	******		-
Delete	_		/system/processes/sha	abang			
			. 4 . 4				
Set	-		2295440864	04/01	07:42:46	139	3
subtype:	dtx:	st:	path:				
Delete	-	ERR	/System/invalid/path				
Set	-		3495739048	04/01	07:42:44	10	0
Get	7/	LL	3444580832	04/01	07:42:40	3	0
subtype:			path:	04/01	07.42.40	5	U
-	- -		/System/bgp-items/ins	st = i t = 1	ms/disPolRatch		
		OIC	/ System/ Dgp Items/ In	ot ite	ms/ disioibacch		
Get	A	LL	0	04/01	07:42:36	0	3
subtype:				,			
	-		/system/processes/pro	cess[]	pid=1]		
Get		LL	3495870472	04/01	07:42:36	2	0
subtype:							
-	*	OK	/system/processes/pro	ocess[]	pid=1]		
Cot	-7A -	LL	2304485008	04/01	07.42.26	33	0
Get subtype:				04/01	07:42:36	JJ	U
-	*		/system/processes				
		010	, 0,1000, P10000000				
Get	A	LL	2464159088	04/01	07:42:36	251	0
subtype:							
-	_		/system				
			=				

```
Get ALL 2293232352 04/01 07:42:35 258 0 subtype: dtx: st: path:
- OK /system

Get ALL 0 04/01 07:42:33 0 12 subtype: dtx: st: path:
- - /intf-items
```

## **Clients**

There are available clients for gNMI. One such client is located at https://github.com/influxdata/telegraf/tree/master/plugins/inputs/cisco\_telemetry\_gnmi.

# Sample DME Subscription - PROTO Encoding

```
gnmi-console --host >iip> --port 50051 -u <user> -p <pass> --tls --
[Subscribe]-----
### Reading from file ' /root/gnmi-console/testing bl/once/61_subscribe_bgp_dme_gpb.json '
Wed Jun 26 11:49:17 2019
### Generating request : 1 ------
### Comment : ONCE request
### Delay : 2 sec(s) ...
### Delay : 2 sec(s) DONE
subscribe {
subscription {
path {
origin: "DME"
elem {
name: "sys"
elem {
name: "bqp"
mode: SAMPLE
mode: ONCE
use models {
name: "DME"
organization: "Cisco Systems, Inc."
version: "1.0.0"
encoding: PROTO
Wed Jun 26 11:49:19 2019
Received response 1 -----
update {
timestamp: 1561574967761
prefix {
elem {
name: "sys"
elem {
name: "bgp"
```

```
update {
path {
elem {
elem {
name: "version str"
string_val: "1.0.0"
update {
path {
elem {
elem {
name: "node_id_str"
val {
string_val: "n9k-tm2"
update {
path {
elem {
elem {
name: "encoding_path"
}
val {
string_val: "sys/bgp"
update {
path {
elem {
elem {
/Received -----
Wed Jun 26 11:49:19 2019
Received response 2 -----
sync_response: true
/Received ------
( gnmi) [root@tm-ucs-1 gnmi-console]#
```

# **Capabilities**

## **About Capabilities**

The Capabilities RPC returns the list of capabilities of the gNMI service. The response message to the RPC request includes the gNMI service version, the versioned data models, and data encodings supported by the server.

## **Guidelines and Limitations for Capabilities**

Following are the guidelines and limitations for Capabilities:

- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3), Capabilities supports the OpenConfig model.
- The gNMI feature supports Subscribe and Capability as options of the gNMI service.
- The feature supports JSON and gnmi.proto encoding. The feature does not support protobuf.any encoding.
- Each gNMI message has a maximum size of 12 MB. If the amount of collected data exceeds the 12-MB maximum, the collected data is dropped.

You can avoid this situation by creating more focused subscriptions that handle smaller, more granular data-collection sets. So, instead of subscribing to one higher-level path, create multiple subscriptions for different, lower-level parts of the path.

- All paths within the same subscription request must have the same sample interval. If the same path requires different sample intervals, create multiple subscriptions.
- The feature does not support a path prefix in the Subscription request, but the Subscription can contain an empty prefix field.
- The feature supports Cisco DME and Device YANG data models. Openconfig YANG is not supported.
- The gRPC process that supports gNMI uses the HIGH\_PRIO cgroup, which limits the CPU usage to 75% of CPU and memory to 1.5 GB.
- The **show grpc gnmi** command has the following considerations:
  - The commands are not XMLized in this release.
  - The gRPC agent retains gNMI calls for a maximum of 1 hour after the call has ended.
  - If the total number of calls exceeds 2000, the gRPC agent purges ended calls based an internal cleanup routine.

The gRPC server runs in the management VRF. As a result, the gRPC process communicates only in this VRF forcing the management interface to support all gRPC calls.

gRPC functionality now includes the default VRF for a total of 2 gRPC servers on each switch. You can run one gRPC server in each VRF, or run only one gRPC server in the management VRF. Supporting a gRPC in the default VRF adds flexibility to offload processing gRPC calls from the management VRF, where significant traffic load might not be desirable.

If two gRPC servers are configured, be aware of the following:

- VRF boundaries are strictly enforced, so each gRPC server processes requests independent of the other, and requests do not cross between VRFs.
- The two servers are not HA or fault tolerant. One gRPC server does not back up the other, and there is no switchover or switchback between them.
- Any limits for the gRPC server are per VRF.

## **Example Client Output for Capabilities**

In this example, all the OpenConfig model RPMs have been installed on the switch.

The following is an example of client output for Capabilities.

name: "openconfig-network-instance-policy"

```
hostname user$ ./gnmi cli -a 172.19.193.166:50051 -ca crt ./grpc.pem -insecure -capabilities
supported models: <
 name: "Cisco-NX-OS-device"
  organization: "Cisco Systems, Inc."
  version: "2019-11-13"
supported models: <</pre>
 name: "openconfig-acl"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "1.0.0"
supported models: <
 name: "openconfig-bgp-policy"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "4.0.1"
supported models: <
 name: "openconfig-interfaces"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "2.0.0"
supported models: <
  name: "openconfig-if-aggregate"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "2.0.0"
supported models: <
 name: "openconfig-if-ethernet"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "2.0.0"
supported models: <
  name: "openconfig-if-ip"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "2.3.0"
supported models: <
  name: "openconfig-if-ip-ext"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "2.3.0"
supported_models: <</pre>
  name: "openconfig-lacp"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "1.0.2"
supported models: <
 name: "openconfig-lldp"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.2.1"
supported models: <
  name: "openconfig-network-instance"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.11.1"
supported models: <
```

```
organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "0.1.1"
supported models: <</pre>
 name: "openconfig-ospf-policy"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.1.1"
supported models: <</pre>
 name: "openconfig-platform"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "0.12.2"
supported models: <
  name: "openconfig-platform-cpu"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "0.1.1"
supported models: <</pre>
 name: "openconfig-platform-fan"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "0.1.1"
supported models: <
 name: "openconfig-platform-linecard"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "0.1.1"
supported_models: <</pre>
 name: "openconfig-platform-port"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "0.3.2"
supported models: <
 name: "openconfig-platform-psu"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.2.1"
supported models: <
 name: "openconfig-platform-transceiver"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.7.0"
supported models: <
  name: "openconfig-relay-agent"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.1.0"
supported_models: <</pre>
  name: "openconfig-routing-policy"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "2.0.1"
supported models: <</pre>
  name: "openconfig-spanning-tree"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
 version: "0.2.0"
supported models: <</pre>
  name: "openconfig-system"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.3.0"
supported models: <
```

```
name: "openconfig-telemetry"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "0.5.1"
supported models: <
  name: "openconfig-vlan"
  organization: "OpenConfig working group"
  version: "3.0.2"
supported models: <
  name: "DME"
  organization: "Cisco Systems, Inc."
supported models: <
  name: "Cisco-NX-OS-Syslog-oper"
  organization: "Cisco Systems, Inc."
  version: "2019-08-15"
supported encodings: JSON
supported encodings: PROTO
gNMI_version: "0.5.0"
hostname user$
```

## Get

#### **About Get**

The purpose of the Get RPC is to allow a client to retrieve a snapshot of the data tree from the device. Multiple paths may be requested in a single request. A simplified form of XPATH according to the gNMI Path Conventions, Schema path encoding conventions for gNMI are used for the path.

For detailed information on the Get operation, refer to the Retrieving Snapshots of State Information section in the gNMI specification: gRPC Network Management Interface (gNMI)

#### **Guidelines and Limitations for Get**

The following are guidelines and limitations for Get and Set:

- GetRequest.encoding supports only JSON.
- For GetRequest.type, only DataType CONFIG and STATE have direct correlation and expression in YANG. OPERATIONAL is not supported.
- A single request cannot have both OpenConfig (OC) YANG and device YANG paths. A request must have only OC YANG paths or device YANG paths, but not both.
- GetRequest for root path ("/": everything from **all** models) is not allowed.
- GetRequest for the top level of the device model ("/System") is not allowed.
- gNMI Get returns all default values (ref. report-all mode in RFC 6243 [4]).
- Subscribe supports the model Cisco-NX-OS-syslog-oper.
- Get does not support the model Cisco-NX-OS-syslog-oper.

- Query from the path /system does not return data from the path /system/processes. The specific path /system/processes should be used to query openconfig-processor data.
- The following optional items are not supported:
  - Path prefix
  - · Path alias
  - Wildcards in path
- A single GetRequest can have up to 10 paths.
- If the size of value field to be returned in GetResponse is over 12 MB, the system returns error status grpc::RESOURCE EXHAUSTED.
- The maximum gRPC receive buffer size is set to 8 MB.
- The number of total concurrent sessions for Get is limited to five.
- Performing a Get operation when a large configuration is applied to the switch might cause the gRPC process to consume all available memory. If a memory exhaustion condition is hit, the following syslog is generated:

```
MTX-API: The memory usage is reaching the max memory resource limit (3072) MB
```

If this condition is hit several times consecutively, the following syslog is generated:

The process has become unstable and the feature should be restarted.

We recommend that you restart the gRPC feature at this point to continue normal processing of gNMI transactions.

## Set

#### **About Set**

The Set RPC is used by a client to change the configuration of the device. The operations, which may be applied to the device data, are (in order) delete, replace, and update. All operations in a single Set request are treated as a transaction, meaning that all operations are successful or the device is rolled-back to the original state. The Set operations are applied in the order that is specified in the SetRequest. If a path is mentioned multiple times, the changes are applied even if they overwrite each other. The final state of the data is achieved with the final operation in the transaction. It is assumed that all paths specified in the SetRequest::delete, replace, update fields are CONFIG data paths and writable by the client.

For detailed information on the Set operation, refer to the Modifying State section of the gNMI Specification <a href="https://github.com/openconfig/reference/blob/1cf43d2146f9ba70abb7f04f6b0f6eaa504cef05/rpc/gnmi/gnmi-specification.md">https://github.com/openconfig/reference/blob/1cf43d2146f9ba70abb7f04f6b0f6eaa504cef05/rpc/gnmi/gnmi-specification.md</a>.

### **Guidelines and Limitations for Set**

The following are guidelines and limitations for Set:

• SetRequest.encoding supports only JSON.

- A single request cannot have both OpenConfig (OC) YANG and device YANG paths. A request must have only OC YANG paths or device YANG paths, but not both.
- Subscribe supports the model Cisco-NX-OS-syslog-oper.
- Query from the path /system does not return data from the path /system/processes. The specific path /system/processes should be used to query openconfig-procmon data.
- The following optional items are not supported:
  - Path prefix
  - · Path alias
  - · Wildcards in path
- A single SetRequest can have up to 20 paths.
- The maximum gRPC receive buffer size is set to 8 MB.
- The number of total concurrent sessions for Get is limited to five.
- Performing a Set operation when a large configuration is applied to the switch might cause the gRPC process to consume all available memory. If a memory exhaustion condition is hit, the following syslog is generated:

MTX-API: The memory usage is reaching the max memory resource limit (3072) MB

If this condition is hit several times consecutively, the following syslog is generated:

The process has become unstable and the feature should be restarted.

We recommend that you restart the gRPC feature at this point to continue normal processing of gNMI transactions.

• For the Set::Delete RPC, an MTX log message warns if the configuration being operated on may be too large:

Configuration size for this namespace exceeds operational limit. Feature may become unstable and require restart.

## **Subscribe**

#### **Guidelines and Limitations for Subscribe**

Following are the guidelines and limitations for Subscribe:

- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3), Subscribe supports the OpenConfig model.
- The gNMI feature supports Subscribe and Capability as options of the gNMI service.
- The feature supports JSON and gnmi.proto encoding. The feature does not support protobuf.any encoding.
- Each gNMI message has a maximum size of 12 MB. If the amount of collected data exceeds the 12-MB maximum, the collected data is dropped.

You can avoid this situation by creating more focused subscriptions that handle smaller, more granular data-collection sets. So, instead of subscribing to one higher-level path, create multiple subscriptions for different, lower-level parts of the path.

- All paths within the same subscription request must have the same sample interval. If the same path requires different sample intervals, create multiple subscriptions.
- The feature does not support a path prefix in the Subscription request, but the Subscription can contain an empty prefix field.
- The feature supports Cisco DME and Device YANG data models. Openconfig YANG is not supported.
- The gRPC process that supports gNMI uses the HIGH\_PRIO cgroup, which limits the CPU usage to 75% of CPU and memory to 1.5 GB.
- The **show grpc gnmi** command has the following considerations:
  - The commands are not XMLized in this release.
  - The gRPC agent retains gNMI calls for a maximum of 1 hour after the call has ended.
  - If the total number of calls exceeds 2000, the gRPC agent purges ended calls based an internal cleanup routine.

The gRPC server runs in the management VRF. As a result, the gRPC process communicates only in this VRF forcing the management interface to support all gRPC calls.

gRPC functionality now includes the default VRF for a total of 2 gRPC servers on each switch. You can run one gRPC server in each VRF, or run only one gRPC server in the management VRF. Supporting a gRPC in the default VRF adds flexibility to offload processing gRPC calls from the management VRF, where significant traffic load might not be desirable.

If two gRPC servers are configured, be aware of the following:

- VRF boundaries are strictly enforced, so each gRPC server processes requests independent of the other, and requests do not cross between VRFs.
- The two servers are not HA or fault tolerant. One gRPC server does not back up the other, and there is no switchover or switchback between them.
- Any limits for the gRPC server are per VRF.

### gNMI Payload

gNMI uses a specific payload format to subscribe to:

- DME Streams
- YANG Streams

Subscribe operations are supported with the following modes:

- ONCE: Subscribe and receive data once and close session.
- POLL: Subscribe and keep session open, client sends poll request each time data is needed.

- STREAM: Subscribe and receive data at specific cadence. The payload accepts values in nanoseconds 1 second = 1000000000.
- ON\_CHANGE: Subscribe, receive a snapshot, and only receive data when something changes in the tree.

#### Setting modes:

- Each mode requires 2 settings, inside sub and outside sub
- ONCE: SAMPLE, ONCE
- POLL: SAMPLE, POLL
- STREAM: SAMPLE, STREAM
- ON\_CHANGE: ON\_CHANGE, STREAM

#### Origin

- DME: Subscribing to DME model
- · device: Subscribing to YANG model

#### Name

- DME = subscribing to DME model
- Cisco-NX-OS-device = subscribing to YANG model

#### Encoding

- JSON = Stream will be send in JSON format.
- PROTO = Stream will be sent in protobuf.any format.

#### Sample gNMI Payload for DME Stream



Note

Different clients have their own input format.

```
"name": "sys"
                                 },
                                     "name": "bgp"
                        },
                         "mode": "SAMPLE"
                    }
                ],
                "mode": "ONCE",
                "allow_aggregation" : false,
                "use_models":
                [
                         " comment" : "1st module",
                         "name": "DME",
                         "organization": "Cisco Systems, Inc.",
                        "version": "1.0.0"
                    }
                ],
"encoding": "JSON"
           }
      }
   ]
}
```

#### Sample gNMI Payload YANG Stream

```
{
    "SubscribeRequest":
    [
            "_comment" : "ONCE request",
            __delay" : 2,
            "subscribe":
                "subscription":
                [
                        " comment" : "1st subscription path",
                        _
"path":
                            "origin": "device",
                            "elem":
                                     "name": "System"
                                 },
                                 {
                                      "name": "bgp-items"
                          },
                                                   "mode": "SAMPLE"
                      }
                  ],
                  "mode": "ONCE",
                  "allow_aggregation" : false,
                  "use_models":
```

# **Streaming Syslog**

## **About Streaming Syslog for gNMI**

gNMI Subscribe is a new way of monitoring the network as it provides a real-time view of what's going on in your system by pushing the structured data as per gNMI Subscribe request.

Beginning with the Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(3), support is added for gNMI Subscribe functionality.

gNMI Subscribe Support Detail

- Syslog-oper model streaming
  - stream\_on\_change

This feature applies to Cisco Nexus 3500 platform switches with 8 GB or more of memory.

## **Guidelines and Limitations for Streaming Syslog - gNMI**

The following are guidelines and limitations for Streaming Syslog:

- An invalid syslog is not supported. For example, a syslog with a filter or query condition
- Only the following paths are supported:
  - Cisco-NX-OS-Syslog-oper:syslog
  - Cisco-NX-OS-Syslog-oper:syslog/messages
- The following modes are not supported:
  - Stream sample
  - POLL
- A request must be in the YANG model format.
- You can use the internal application or write your own application.
- The payload comes from the controller and gNMI sends a response.
- Encoding formats are JSON and PROTO.

## **Syslog Native YANG Model**

The YangModels are located here.



Note

The time-zone field is set only when the **clock format show-timezone syslog** is entered. By default, it's not set, therefore the time-zone field is empty.

```
PYANG Tree for Syslog Native Yang Model:
>>> pyang -f tree Cisco-NX-OS-infra-syslog-oper.yang
module: Cisco-NX-OS-syslog-oper
+--ro syslog
+--ro messages
+--ro message* [message-id]
+--ro message-id int32
+--ro node-name? string
+--ro time-stamp? uint64
+--ro time-of-day? string
+--ro time-zone? string
+--ro category? string
+--ro group? string
+--ro message-name? string
+--ro severity? System-message-severity
+--ro text? string
```

## **Subscribe Request Example**

The following is an example of a Subscribe request:

```
"SubscribeRequest":
[
        " comment" : "STREAM request",
        "delay" : 2,
        "subscribe":
            "subscription":
            [
                    " comment" : "1st subscription path",
                    "path":
                        "origin": "syslog-oper",
                        "elem":
                          [
                                 "name": "syslog"
                            },
                                 "name": "messages"
                    "mode": "ON CHANGE"
            "mode": "ON CHANGE",
         "allow aggregation" : false,
```

# **Sample PROTO Output**

This is a sample of PROTO output.

```
############################
### Reading from file ' /root/gnmi-console/testing_bl/stream_on_change/OC_SYSLOG.json '
Sat Aug 24 14:38:06 2019
### Generating request : 1 ------
### Comment : STREAM request
### Delay : 2 sec(s) ...
### Delay : 2 sec(s) DONE
subscribe {
subscription {
path {
origin: "syslog-oper"
elem {
name: "syslog"
elem {
name: "messages"
mode: ON CHANGE
use models {
```

```
name: "Cisco-NX-OS-Syslog-oper"
organization: "Cisco Systems, Inc."
version: "0.0.0"
encoding: PROTO
Thu Nov 21 14:26:41 2019
Received response 3 -----
update {
timestamp: 1574375201665688000
prefix {
origin: "Syslog-oper"
elem {
name: "syslog"
}
elem {
name: "messages"
update {
path {
elem {
name: "message-id"
val {
uint_val: 529
update {
path {
elem {
name: "node-name"
val {
string_val: "task-n9k-1"
update {
path {
elem {
name: "message-name"
val {
string_val: "VSHD_SYSLOG_CONFIG_I"
update {
path {
elem {
name: "text"
}
val {
string_val: "Configured from vty by admin on console0"
```

```
update {
path {
elem {
name: "group"
val {
string val: "VSHD"
update {
path {
elem {
name: "category"
}
val {
string_val: "VSHD"
}
update {
path {
elem {
name: "time-of-day"
val {
string_val: "Nov 21 2019 14:26:40"
update {
path {
name: "time-zone"
val {
string_val: ""
update {
path {
elem {
name: "time-stamp"
}
val {
uint_val: 1574375200000
update {
path {
elem {
name: "severity"
val {
uint_val: 5
}
}
```

## Sample JSON Output

This is a sample JSON output.

```
[Subscribe]-----
### Reading from file ' testing bl/stream on change/OC SYSLOG.json '
Tue Nov 26 11:47:00 2019
 ### Generating request : 1 ------
### Comment : STREAM request
### Delay : 2 sec(s) ...
### Delay : 2 sec(s) DONE
subscribe {
subscription {
path {
origin: "syslog-oper"
elem {
name: "syslog"
elem {
name: "messages"
mode: ON CHANGE
use_models {
name: "Cisco-NX-OS-Syslog-oper"
organization: "Cisco Systems, Inc."
version: "0.0.0"
Tue Nov 26 11:47:15 2019
Received response 5 -----
update {
timestamp: 1574797636002053000
prefix {
update {
path {
origin: "Syslog-oper"
elem {
name: "syslog"
val {
json val: "[ { \"messages\" : [[
 11:47:15\\", "severity":3, 'message-name'": "HDR L2LEN ERR\", 'category\": '"ARP\", 'group\": '"ARP\", '"text\": '"arp '". '"
  [30318] Received packet with incorrect layer 2 address length (8 bytes), Normal pkt with
S/D MAC: 003a.7d21.d55e ffff.ffff.ffff eff_ifc mgmt0(9), log_ifc mgmt0(9), phy_ifc
mgmt0(9)\",\"time-zone\":\"\"} ]] } ]"
 /Received ------
```

# **Troubleshooting**

## **Gathering TM-Trace Logs**

```
1. tmtrace.bin -f gnmi-logs gnmi-events gnmi-errors following are available
2. Usage:
bash-4.3\# tmtrace.bin -d gnmi-events | tail -30 Gives the last 30
[06/21/19 15:58:38.969 PDT f8f 3133] [3981658944][tm transport internal.c:43] dn:
Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/cdp-items, sub id: 0,
sub id str: 2329, dc start time: 0, length: 124, sync response:1
[06/21/19 15:58:43.210 PDT f90 3133] [3621780288][tm ec yang data processor.c:93] TM EC:
[Y] Data received for 2799743488: 49
"cdp-items" : {
"inst-items" : {
"if-items" : {
"If-list" : [
"id" : "mgmt0",
"ifstats-items" : {
"v2Sent" : "74",
"validV2Rcvd" : "79"
[06/21/19 15:58:43.210 PDT f91 3133] [3981658944][tm transport internal.c:43] dn:
Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/cdp-items, sub id: 0,
sub id str: 2329, dc start time: 0, length: 141, sync response:1
[06/21/19 15:59:01.341 PDT f92 3133] [3981658944][tm transport internal.c:43] dn:
Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/intf-items, sub_id:
4091, sub_id_str: , dc_start_time: 1561157935518, length: 3063619, sync response:0
[06/21/19 15:59:03.933 PDT f93 3133] [3981658944][tm_transport_internal.c:43] dn:
Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/cdp-items, sub_id:
4091, sub id str: , dc start time: 1561157940881, length: 6756, sync response:0
[06/21/19 15:59:03.940 PDT f94 3133] [3981658944][tm transport internal.c:43] dn:
Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/lldp-items, sub_id:
4091, sub id str: , dc start time: 156115\overline{7}940912, length: 8466, sync response:1
bash-4.3#
```

## **Gathering MTX-Internal Logs**

```
<leaf name="content" type="string" default="$DATETIME$</pre>
$COMPONENTID$ $TYPE$: $MSG$">$DATETIME$ $COMPONENTID$ $TYPE$
$SRCFILE$ @ $SRCLINE$ $FCNINFO$:$MSG$</leaf>
            <container name="componentID">
          <leaf name="enabled" type="boolean" default="true"></leaf>
            </container>
            <container name="dateTime">
          <leaf name="enabled" type="boolean" default="true"></leaf>
          <leaf name="format" type="string" default="%y%m%d.%H%M%S"><</pre>
/leaf>
             </container>
             <container name="fcn">
           <leaf name="enabled" type="boolean" default="true"></leaf>
           <leaf name="format" type="string"</pre>
default="$CLASS$::$FCNNAME$($ARGS$)@$LINE$"></leaf>
             </container>
      </container>
      <container name="facility">
          <leaf name="info" type="boolean" default="true">true</leaf>
          <leaf name="warning" type="boolean" default="true">true<
/leaf>
          <leaf name="error" type="boolean" default="true">true</leaf>
          <leaf name="debug" type="boolean" default="false">true<
/leaf>
        </container>
        <container name="dest">
          <container name="console">
            <leaf name="enabled" type="boolean" default="false">true<</pre>
/leaf>
          </container>
          <container name="file">
         <leaf name="enabled" type="boolean" default="false">true<</pre>
/leaf>
    <leaf name="name" type="string" default="mtx-internal.log"><</pre>
/leaf>
        <leaf name="location" type="string" default="./mtxlogs">
/volatile</leaf>
              <leaf name="mbytes-rollover" type="uint32" default="10"</pre>
>50</leaf>
              <leaf name="hours-rollover" type="uint32" default="24"</pre>
>24</leaf>
              <leaf name="startup-rollover" type="boolean" default="</pre>
false">true</leaf>
            <leaf name="max-rollover-files" type="uint32" default="10"</pre>
>10</leaf>
        </container>
      </container>
      <list name="logitems" key="id">
        stitem>
                <leaf name="id" type="string">*</leaf>
                     <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="false"</pre>
>false</leaf>
         </listitem>
          stitem>
                 <leaf name="id" type="string">MTX-EvtMgr</leaf>
                      <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
               <leaf name="id" type="string">TM-ADPT</leaf>
                   <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>false</leaf>
```

```
</listitem>
        stitem>
              <leaf name="id" type="string">TM-ADPT-JSON</leaf>
                  <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>false</leaf>
        </listitem >
        stitem>
                <leaf name="id" type="string">SYSTEM</leaf>
                    <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
                <leaf name="id" type="string">LIBUTILS</leaf>
                      <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
                <leaf name="id" type="string">MTX-API</leaf>
                    <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </listitem>
         stitem>
                 <leaf name="id" type="string">Model-*</leaf>
                     <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
                <leaf name="id" type="string">Model-Cisco-NX-OS-
device</leaf>
                 <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>false</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
                 <leaf name="id" type="string">Model-openconfig-bgp<</pre>
/leaf>
                      <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>false</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
               <leaf name="id" type="string">INST-MTX-API</leaf>
                   <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </list.it.em>
        stitem>
                <leaf name="id" type="string">INST-ADAPTER-NC</leaf>
                    <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
               <leaf name="id" type="string">INST-ADAPTER-RC</leaf>
                   <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
        </listitem>
        stitem>
               <leaf name="id" type="string">INST-ADAPTER-GRPC</leaf>
                    <leaf name="active" type="boolean" default="true"</pre>
>true</leaf>
         </listitem>
      </list>
    </container>
  </container>
</config>
2. Run "no feature grpc" / "feature grpc"
```

```
bash-4.3# cd /volaiflels -al
total 148
drwxrwxrwx 4 root root 340 Jun 21 15:47 .
drwxrwxr-t 64 root network-admin 1600 Jun 21 14:45 ..
-rw-rw-rw- 1 root root 103412 Jun 21 16:14 grpc-internal-log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 24 Jun 21 14:44 mtx-internal-19-06-21-14-46-21.log
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 24 Jun 21 14:46 mtx-internal-19-06-21-14-46-46.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 175 Jun 21 15:11 mtx-internal-19-06-21-15-11-57.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 175 Jun 21 15:12 mtx-internal-19-06-21-15-12-28.log
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 175 Jun 21 15:13 mtx-internal-19-06-21-15-13-17.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 175 Jun 21 15:13 mtx-internal-19-06-21-15-13-42.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 24 Jun 21 15:13 mtx-internal-19-06-21-15-14-22.log
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 24 Jun 21 15:14 mtx-internal-19-06-21-15-19-05.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 24 Jun 21 15:19 mtx-internal-19-06-21-15-47-09.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 24 Jun 21 15:47 mtx-internal.log
-rw-rw-rw- 1 root root 355 Jun 21 14:44 netconf-internal-log
-rw-rw-rw- 1 root root 0 Jun 21 14:45 nginx logflag
drwxrwxrwx 3 root root 60 Jun 21 14:45 uwsgipy
drwxrwxrwx 2 root root 40 Jun 21 14:43 virtual-instance
bash-4.3#.
```