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# Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller 7.0

Administration Guide

April 2023

# Introduction

This document is an administration guide for configuration of the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller platform version 7.0. For details on installation, see the *Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Installation Guide*.

The document explains:

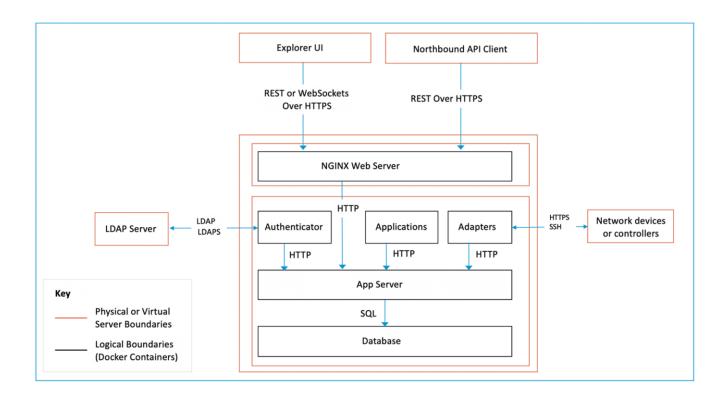
- Security Architecture
- Security and Administration
- System Health including the Notification Manager
- Database Backup and Restore
- HA Cluster Management
- Device Management (Credentials, Adapters, and Managed Devices)
- Model Settings (Regions, Tags, and Events)
- Link Management

# Security Architecture

This section provides information on the security architecture, feature set, configurations, and practices used by Cisco to ensure that Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller is highly secured and can safely be deployed without any risk or vulnerability. Cisco continuously follows the developments and practices commonly accepted by the industry and keeps pace by updating Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.

This section details the feature set by category, configurations to reduce risks, supported standards, and development and deployment processes. Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller security is based on a layered architecture, where each logical element provides different security, and each security step is a prerequisite for the next one. For instance, user authorization takes place only for users who are already authenticated.

The NGINX Web Server is the only component that is accessible from outside the device on which Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller is installed. The HTTP and SQL connections are internal connections that are bound to local interfaces and are not accessible from outside the device on which Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller is installed. In addition, each logical element runs inside a Docker container, which means that each box is sandboxed and cannot access any of the other boxes or the operating system, except for the explicit connections allowed.



#### Figure 1. Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Security Architecture

# **Architecture Overview**

# **NGINX Web Server**

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller runs on the App Server deployed behind an NGINX Web Server. The NGINX Web Server is configured as a reverse proxy server, intercepts all requests to the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller App Server, and acts as the first line of defense against security attacks.

The NGINX Web Server only accepts HTTPS packets on port 443. HTTP traffic is terminated by the reverse proxy and redirected to HTTPS so that HTTP traffic does not reach the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller App Server.

The NGINX Web Server performs client authorization to the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller authenticator using the ngx\_http\_auth\_request\_module of NGINX.

#### **Authentication Framework**

The Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller authentication framework is Passport, an authentication middleware that supports a comprehensive set of authentication strategies.

#### **Password Storage**

For local authentication, passwords are stored in the database using secure, salted password hashing that is a one-way function. A salt is random data that is used as input to a function that hashes the password to prevent dictionary attacks. This greatly increases security because passwords are protected even if the password file is compromised.

The hashing function used is bcrypt, which is based on the Blowfish cipher. In addition to incorporating a salt to protect against rainbow table attacks, bcrypt is an adaptive function that ensures Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller remains resistant to brute-force search attacks even with increasing computation power.

#### Containers

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller uses Docker containers to deploy and run processes of applications and the Application Server. To maintain a high level of database security, containers are deployed in two separate networks. The Application Server and database are in one network and all the rest of the containers are in another network. Only the Application Server can access the database.

The debug level of containers is initially set to INFO.

#### Database

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller uses Postgres as the database. Access to the database is restricted by user and password which are kept encrypted. Tables of sensitive data, such as network element details and user credentials, are all encrypted.

Encryption is by AES256.

# **User Access and Authentication**

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller authenticates users by communicating with an external LDAP server or locally for users defined in Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.

Each user accessing the system is uniquely authenticated.

Each user can open multiple sessions concurrently.

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller users can only interact with the platform resources, the user is not able to gain underlying OS access from the platform.

Access management for the host OS and the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller platform are managed separately.

#### **User Groups**

User groups can be defined in the LDAP server, which passes them to Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller upon access accept. These groups are mapped to user roles (see more in <u>Authentication</u>).

#### Local Users

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller allows the creation of local users.

As a best practice, locally defined users should be limited to admin users only.

#### **Password Policy Settings**

The password strength forced for local users can be enabled or disabled and can be set in scores of 1 to 5 (weak to strong). The given password is checked against several dictionaries and common passwords lists, to ensure its complexity according to the selected score.

#### **Two-factor Authentication**

Two-factor authentication is currently not part of the default package; however, it can be added as a professional service on demand.

#### **Communication with LDAP Server**

The LDAP application protocol is an open, vendor-neutral industry standard for accessing and maintaining distributed directory information services. LDAP authentication is similar except that its communication is over an encrypted transport connection.

#### **Administrator Options**

The administrator can set the login banner.

The administrator can block and unblock active users and set the idle session expiration time.

#### SAML

If the same SAML server is used for several of the Crosswork platform applications, a user only needs to log in once. They can then use the other Crosswork platform applications without needing to log in again. The SAML server is a customer server (not a part of the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller platform).

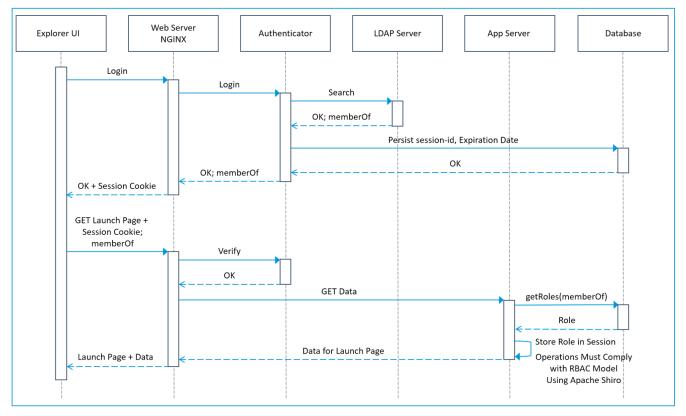
#### **User Lockout Policy**

After a configurable number of unsuccessful login attempts, the user is blocked. The blocking period starts with a low duration and grows with each failed login attempt.

The default number of login attempts is 8.

Login attempts from the user's IP address are not handled during this period.

#### **Authentication Flow**



#### **Figure 2.** Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Authentication Flow

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller supports role-based access control (RBAC), which enables each user (either locally defined or an LDAP user) to be individually assigned to a role. The following Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller roles are available:

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Role	Permissions
Read Only	Read-only access to Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Explorer UI.
User	Access to Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Explorer UI and all apps, some of which can change the network.
Administrator	Full control over configuration and all users. Access to Configuration UI, Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Explorer UI, and all apps.
Support	Same permissions as the User role with the addition of access to Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller diagnostic tools for the Cisco Support Team.

## **Role Assignment to User**

A Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller administrator provides Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller a Bind DN and password that Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller then uses to connect and query the LDAP server. The administrator also configures the search base, search filter, and mapping between LDAP groups and Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller roles. This mapping policy identifies who can log in to the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Explorer UI and which role they have. All users that meet both the search base and the search filter criteria are permitted to log in with the roles (access privileges) assigned to their group. If the user is not a member of any group that is mapped to a Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller role, the login attempt is rejected.

The Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller administrator also assigns roles to local users who are not handled by LDAP. Both local users and access to the LDAP server can be disabled so that one or the other method can be used for authentication and authorization.

# Access to VM and Containers

#### VM Level

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller is installed in several micro-services installed on Docker containers hosted on any VM with the proper OS version and HW resources allocated.

Access restriction at the VM OS level is the responsibility of the operator.

Communication via the host OS to Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller is with encrypted protocols - HTTPS/WS secure for UI/NBI and SSH for advanced management via host OS.

Open only the following specific ports in the VM for Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller as listed here:

Direction	Port	Description
Inbound	TCP 22	SSH remote management
	TCP 80	HTTP for UI access (redirect to HTTPS)
	TCP 443	HTTPS for UI access

Direction	Port	Description
Outbound	TCP+ 22	NETCONF to routers
	UDP 161	SNMP to routers and/or ONEs
	TCP 389	LDAP if using Active Directory
	TCP 636	LDAPS if using Active Directory
	Customer Specific	HTTP for access to an SDN controller
	Customer Specific	HTTPS for access to an SDN controller

Access to the VM and to the NGINX Server can be restricted to specific IP addresses and ports (white list) during the initial installation.

#### Containers

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller uses Alpine OS for containers, it only uses one port and listens to localhost.

# **HTTP Access in Northbound Interface**

The Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller management interface uses secured interfaces. HTTPS/Secure WebSocket is used on the management interface for application-level management for both the GUI and NBI.

Web access to Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller UI and to Web services (REST commands) is protected with SSL and a certificate in X509 version 3.

The URL does not include any user credentials or device-sensitive information.

# **Access in Southbound Interface**

All control traffic between Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller and NEs/NMSs is encrypted.

This is dependent on the NE/NMS ability to provide encrypted interface. As a best practice policy, Cisco will choose the most secure interface/protocol the NE/NMS has to offer.

# Audit Trail Log (Accounting)

All user login/logout and operations activities in applications are audited, logged and can be exported to external systems. The audit log contains the username, hostname, time, operation, specific information, and results.

#### **Events and Notifications**

System events are stored in Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller DB and can be accessed via SHQL command. This includes:

- Login/logout sessions
- Applications activities
- Updates in network inventory and topology

Events can be sent as SYSLOG to multiple destinations according to their category.

# **EU Data Protection Directive**

As a network controller, Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller deals with network data, and does not deal with data associated with a 'natural person' as defined within GDPR, as outlined by the EU data protection directive. Moreover, Cisco is at most the data processor when addressing support tickets, the Service Provider customer remains the data controller, and data processor, utilizing Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller. There is no personal data associated with a 'natural person'.

# **Development Security Procedures**

Cisco's continuous integration build process runs a static check, including security checks. Static analysis does not allow the build to continue if there are high-severity warnings, such as security warnings. The continuous integration process also runs a Web Server scanner on an instance of Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller that is automatically deployed for integration test purposes.

The security tools, which are referenced by OWASP<sup>1</sup>, are FindBugs, Find Security Bugs plug-in and Testssl that verifies SSL configuration.

- FindBugs is an open-source tool that uses static analysis to detect bug patterns in Java code.
   Potential errors are ranked, enabling developers to readily understand the possible impact or severity. One of the main techniques FindBugs uses is to syntactically match source code to known suspicious programming practice.
- Find Security Bugs is a FindBugs plugin for security audits of Java Web applications. It can detect 86 different vulnerability types with over 200 unique signatures. Extensive references are given for each bug pattern with references to OWASP Top 10 and CWE2.
- Test-ssl is a command line tool which checks a server's service on any port for the support of TLS/SSL ciphers, protocols as well as recent cryptographic flaws and more

# **Security Patches Update Policy**

Cisco is responsible for ensuring that all software libraries and images, used by the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller software and by its deployment components, are all fully protected against any security threats, and do not generate any malware or virus risk to other systems in the service provider network.

#### Active Engagement to Secure Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Software

To meet this commitment, Cisco performs the necessary steps, as described in this document, to comply with this statement. Steps are taken in the design phase, when selecting new component and certify it before use, when any upgrade is required to such components, and when security patches are proactively being released. These tests, using Clair, check for vulnerabilities in containers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> OWASP (Open Web Application Security Project) is an organization that focuses on Web application security. One of its endeavors is to publish a list of the top 10 vulnerabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> CWE (Common Weakness Enumeration) is an international organization that provides a unified, measurable set of software weaknesses.

#### **New Software Component Certification**

The use of any software library or image by Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, its containerized host, databases, and operating system is subject to security certification by Cisco as part of its selection, prior to its use.

The certification process ensures by reviewing official declarations and by testing that it stands in following conditions:

- Ports in use are well-known.
- Any communication is by secured protocols (SSH, HTTPS, TLS v1.2/1.3) with certification, SFTP).
- No use of super user or admin privileges.
- Authentication is required to access its APIs.
- Authorization is implemented internally between processes.
- Password rules are enforced.
- Security test results are published.

Cisco always prefers software libraries and product with the highest security level. In case no substitute software is available, it will make careful use of it by restricting its use and will notify in release notes of any potential risk that may be caused by this software.

#### **Proactive Patches Update Policy**

Cisco continuously tracks the relevant opensource software libraries and enterprise software products in use or that interact with Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller. The full list can be retrieved from Cisco if required.

The purpose of the tracking is to find if there are any patch updates or alerts related to security holes or threats caused by this software to its users.

Cisco experts examine the potential risk by its use in Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller and decide on the severity and the actions to take. Based on its urgency level, it may be decided to perform the following:

- In case of alert generate an official information letter to all its deployed customers. Such a letter
  notifies customers that Cisco is aware of the situation and is committed to resolve the matter with
  the release of a patch. In cases where no recovery is planned, Cisco may consider a replacement
  of the component.
- When a patch is released in case the threat repaired by the patch was found to have an impact on Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller users. Cisco will start the process of a patch update. This process involves; 1) upgrade to the patch in R&D lab, 2) proper quality tests to ensure its smooth operation with no harm to security and to Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller functionality, 3) release of the patch as a formal notification to all Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller users. The formal notification on patch upgrade may, upon its severity, be received electronically or personally.

#### **Reactive Patches Update Policy**

On very rare occasions, a security threat may be found by Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller users who will alert Cisco.

Cisco is fully committed to act immediately and assess the impact of the reported threat on its software and environment. Cisco will share the results with the customer and will take the necessary steps to avoid any damage. Steps may require a Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller patch upgrade. In this case, Cisco will inform the user whether an independent upgrade using the security patch by the user is permitted.

#### Testing

Security patches of any software component are tested against Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller to ensure that they have no effect on any of the functionality. If there is any resulting limitation, this will be reported in the patch release notes.

#### Approval

Following the test results and based on the assessment of risks to software stability and quality, the patches deliveries are reviewed by security and IT team in charge and approval is given to the field team to proceed with the installation. Approval is a formal part of the delivery, and it states the approvers names in the path release notes

#### Delivery

Delivery of patches, for security and for any other purpose, is followed by a formal notification by Cisco to all its users. Security patches are declared as such, they are released with proper documentation, and are free and not connected to any specific maintenance agreement.

Note that upgrades to the latest security patches are mandatory to ensure continuous support by Cisco, as per the maintenance agreement, and when upgrading to a newer version of Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.

# Security and Administration

# Install a Certificate

Getting a valid certificate is a two phase process. First, generate a Certificate Request (CSR), then, this file is used by the CA (Customer IT team) to generate a trusted certificate (PEM/CRT) to be installed on the server.

Before generating the CSR, you'll need the exact URL of the deployed system, e.g: cisco.corp.com. This is the certificate Common Name (CN).

#### To generate a CSR:

- 1. Access the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller server's command line (usually using SSH).
- 2. Ensure that you are logged in as root. If you logged in as a different user, run: sudo su -
- 3. Create a folder for the CSR:

mkdir /usr/local/etc/sedona/ssl

4. Change path to the folder created:

cd /usr/local/etc/sedona/ssl

5. Generate a new DH param file (this may take a few minutes):

openssl dhparam -out dhparam.pem 2048

#### To install the certificate:

1. Copy the PEM file received from the CA into:

/usr/local/etc/sedona/ssl/new\_certificate.pem.

2. Restart the system:

sedo system restart

#### **User Administration**

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller supports the creation and maintenance of local users, as well as integration with an Active Directory (LDAP) server. Local users can be created and assigned a role and permissions. The administrator can also select password complexity rules (OWASP) on passwords of local users. By selecting a scoring level, the length and character composition of the password is enforced.

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Role	Permissions
ReadOnly	Read-only access to Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Explorer UI.
User	Access to Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Explorer UI and all apps, some of which can change the network.
Admin	Full control over configuration and all users. Access to Configuration UI, Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Explorer UI, and all apps.
Support	Same permissions as the User role with the addition of access to Crosswork Hierarchical Controller diagnostic tools for the Cisco Support Team.

#### To add/edit a user:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Settings.
- 2. Click Security Settings.

Username 👳	Full Name	Ŧ	Role =	Permissions =	Status =	Description
4 ITEMS						
admin	Admin		Admin	No Permissions	Active (Locked)	NetFusion default .
texasboy	Texas Man		User	No Permissions	Active	
texas	texas		User	No Permissions	Active	texas
tester	Tester		User	fibers-srlg-Texas	Active	Test Account
	rester					
ERMISSIONS	i cacci	÷		_		+ Ad
	rester	÷	Description	÷	Арр	+ A

3. In **LOCAL USERS**, click **Add** or click on an existing user.

Username*		
Usemanie		
Full Name		
Description		
Role*		
Admin		
Password*		
Confirm Password*		
Available Permissions	Ŧ	Assigned Permissions
0 ITEMS	>	0 ITEMS
(No items)	<	(No items)
<ul> <li>Active</li> </ul>		

- 4. Complete the fields and assign any required permissions.
- 5. Click Save.

# **Active Directory**

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller allows for authenticating users via an LDAP server.

#### To configure an LDAP Server:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Settings**.
- 2. Click Security Settings.

LDAP CONFIGURATION SETTINGS				
C URL		Bind DN		
ldap://ad.sedona.sys:389		admin		
Bind Credentials		Search Base		
•••••		CN=Sedona,DC=ad,DC=sedona,DC=sys		
Search Filter				
(cn={{username}})				
LDAP Enabled			🗙 Reset	✓ Save
LDAP ROLE MAPPING				G
Map From	÷	Role		Ŧ
0 ITEMS				
	(No it	tems)		
				+ Add
LDAP PERMISSION MAPPING				C
Map From	÷	Permission		Ŧ
0 ITEMS				
	(No it	tems)		
				+ Add

- 3. Configure the **ACTIVE DIRECTORY (LDAP)** settings.
- 4. Click Save.

# SAML

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller allows for single sign on (SSO) using a SAML server in Service Provider mode.

When using SSO, if you log out of Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, you are not logged out from the SAML server. This means that you can continue to work in other applications that use the same SAML server login, and if you restart HCO while the SAML session is active, you do not have to log in again.



#### Figure 3.

Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller SSO Login or Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Login

#### To configure SAML:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Settings**.
- 2. Click Security Settings.

Login URL		
Entity ID		
Consumer Base URL		
Signing Certificate		
	I	

- 3. Configure the SAML CONFIGURATION SETTINGS:
  - Login URL: The SAML server URL.
  - Entity ID: The globally unique name for the SAML entity.

- **Consumer Base URL:** The URL to redirect the user to once they are logged in, that is, the HCO instance.
- **Signing Certificate:** The certificate used to authenticate with the SAML server.
- 4. Select **SAML Enabled**.
- 5. Click Save.
- 6. In **ROLE MAPPING** configure the **SAML Group** role for the **User** role and also for the **Admin** role.

Map From Role   4 ITEMS   LDAP Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs Admin   LDAP Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d User   SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs Admin	ATTEMS ADAP Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs Admin DAP Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d User SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d User SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs Admin + A	ULE MAPPING	C
LDAP Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs       Admin         LDAP Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d       User         SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d       User         SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs       Admin	Admin Admin Admin Admin ADAP Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d User AML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d Admin Admi	Aap From $ arr$	Role
LDAP Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d       User         SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d       User         SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs       Admin	DAP Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d       User       SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d     User       SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs     Admin	ITEMS	
SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d       User         SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs       Admin	SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d User SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs Admin  the dit Mapping  Source ID	DAP Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs	Admin
SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs Admin	Admin  Admin  SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs  Admin  dit Mapping  Source ID	DAP Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d	User
	dit Mapping	SAML Group: cn=Users,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs,d	User
Edit Mapping	Source ID	SAML Group: cn=Admins,ou=Sedona Users,dc=sedona,dc=ciscolabs	Admin
- dr. mapping	Source ID		
		dit Mapping	+ Ac
	cn=Users.ou=Sedona Users.dc=sedona.dc=ciscolabs.dc=com		+ Ac
	cn-oseis,ou-sedona oseis,ou-sedona.uc-ciscolabs.uc-com		
Source Type		Source ID cn=Users.ou=Sedona Users.dc=sedona.dc=ciscolabs.dc=com	A + D

Role
User
User

7. Click Save.

# **Login Limits**

The number of logins attempts by users can be limited to avoid denial of service and brute force attacks.

#### To configure login limits:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Settings**.
- 2. Click Security Settings.

LOGIN LIMITER	
Max Attempts*	Delay After*
Delay Amount (ms)* 250	Limiter Window (ms)* 300000
	Cancel Save

- 3. Configure the **LOGIN LIMITER** settings.
  - Max Attempts: The maximum number of login attempts.
  - **Delay After:** The number of incorrect login attempts before the delay is applied.
  - **Delay Amount (ms):** The time in ms before the next login attempt is permitted.
  - **Limiter Window (ms):** The period when login is not permitted once the max attempts are exceeded. Usually set to 300000 ms or 5 minutes.
- 4. Click Save.

# System Health

# **View System Info**

#### To view system info:

1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Settings**.

	ter-v4.0.895					
Ŧ	Version	÷	Build	÷	Hash	
	latest		214		97ee2f47bff592d100	53e2c0fd7.
	latest		212		1d881993460dfdba9	bc1805357
	latest		724		a479dc044ed428ffec	06c15f438.
	latest		661		9e0b3dd6edd3fd136	a6d6c8dd.
	latest		249		eb0dfbc9200802c2f3	6ce5587a8
	Ţ	latest latest latest latest	latest latest latest latest	Iatest214latest212latest724latest661	Iatest     214       Iatest     212       Iatest     724       Iatest     661	Idatest         214         97ee2f47bff592d1009           Idatest         212         1d881993460dfdba91           Idatest         724         a479dc044ed428ffec           Idatest         661         9e0b3dd6edd3fd136

2. In System Info, the VERSIONS table displays the installed packages and their build number.

# View System CPU Load

The Crosswork Hierarchical Controller platform performance can be tracked, and you can view system CPU load and disk usage in the UI to isolate a specific service that may cause a reduction in performance or block specific functionality.

To view the system load:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Settings.
- 2. In System Info, the SYSTEM LOAD information is updated every two minutes by default.
  - The values in the three rectangles displays the percentage of the CPU used by Crosswork Hierarchical Controller in the last minute, 5 minutes and 15 minutes (server load average).
  - The columns display the percentage memory and CPU currently used by each of the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller processes.

1 Minute 0.00	5 Minutes 0.08	15 Minutes 0.12		
Name	÷	Memory	÷	CPU
15 ITEMS				
shql_query_app		0.81% (128.1 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.02%
service_management		0.80% (126.2 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.02%
pce-app		6.25% (984.7 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.02%
fibers-srlg		2.92% (459.4 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.02%
utililsation_app		1.63% (256.7 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.00%
network-inventory-app		2.43% (383.3 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.03%
srlg-app		1.09% (171.8 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.00%
failure-impact-app		0.91% (142.5 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.00%
layer_relations		1.19% (188.0 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.03%
rca-app		0.56% (88.7 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.00%
failure-analysis		1.57% (247.1 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.00%
grafana-app		0.31% (48.1 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.06%
frontier		0.40% (63.4 MiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.00%
utililsation_app/brain		20.82% (3.2 GiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.81%
mysgl		14.44% (2.2 GiB / 15.4 GiB)		0.13%

3. To configure a different interval, run the command:

sedo config set monitor.load\_average.rate.secs [VALUE]

- 4. Refresh the screen to see the change.
- 5. To set a load average threshold (a SYSLOG notification is generated when this is crossed), run the command:

sedo config set monitor.load\_average.threshold [VALUE]

The recommended threshold is the number of cores multiplied by 0.8.

#### **View Disk Usage**

To view disk usage:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Settings**.
- 2. In System Info, the **DISK USAGE** information is updated every hour by default.

- The values in the three rectangles displays the available, used and total disk space on the current partition.
- The Size column displays the size of each of the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller application containers (excluding the application data).

Available SizeUsed SizeTotal Size47.8 GiB22.2 GiB70.0 GiB	
Name	≂ Size -
15 ITEMS	
shql_query_app	568.4 KiB
service_management	672.0 KiB
pce-app	639.6 KiB
fibers-srlg	683.5 KiB
utililsation_app	834.6 KiB
network-inventory-app	648.2 KiB
srlg-app	668.9 KiB
failure-impact-app	621.6 KiB
layer_relations	591.7 KiB
rca-app	624.2 KiB
failure-analysis	731.8 KiB
grafana-app	410.7 KiB
frontier	46.1 KiB
utililsation_app/brain	1.0 MiB

3. To configure a different interval, run the command:

sedo config set monitor.diskspace.rate.secs [VALUE]

- 4. Refresh the screen to see the change.
- 5. To set a disk space threshold (a SYSLOG notification is generated when this is crossed), run the command:

sedo config set monitor.diskspace.threshold.secs [VALUE]

The recommended threshold is 80%.

## **SYSLOG Notifications**

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller can send SYSLOG notification on security and monitoring events to multiple destinations.

Note that from version 7.0, the new <u>Notification Manager</u> enables you to send events via SMTP, to the Syslog server and/or to the Pulsar server.

The categories of these events are:

- All security and monitoring
- Security all login and logout events
- Monitoring disk space thresholds, load average thresholds
- **Custom** custom category events

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller sends three types of messages with the following facility codes:

- **AUTH (4)** for /var/log/security messages.
- **LOGAUDIT (13)** for Audit messages (login, logout, and so on).
- USER (1) for all other messages.

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller sends Device Manager SYSLOG events when the:

- Device reachability state changes
- Adapter fails to parse files
- Adapter fails to connect to the controller, for example, Authentication failure or TCP Connection failed.

#### To add a new Syslog server:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Settings**.
- 2. Click Security Settings.

SYSLOG SERVE	ERS										
Enabled	÷	Host	Ŧ	Port	÷	Application Name	Ŧ	Protocol	Ŧ	Category	÷
0 ITEMS											
					(No i	items)					
											+ Add

3. In SYSLOG SERVERS, click Add.

New Syslog Server	
Enabled	
Host*	
⊂ Port*	
514	
Application Name	
netfusion	
─ Protocol* —	
UDP	•
Category*	
	Cancel Save

- 4. Complete the following:
  - Host
  - **Port**: 514 or 601
  - Application Name: free text
  - **Protocol**: TCP or UDP
  - Category: All, Monitoring, Security, or Custom
- 5. If you selected **Custom**, enter a custom category.
- 6. Click Save.

#### **Notification Manager**

Events can be sent via SMTP, to the Syslog server and/or to the Pulsar server.

You can specify multiple rules for sending notifications, for example, user logged in audit events in one rule, and debug calculation events in another.

The following events are also supported:

- Switchover between nodes, with details on active node and reason.
- Standby node is not responding.
- Witness node is not responding.
- DB sync failed.

You can also add several streams, sending different events via SMTP, to the Syslog server and to a Pulsar server.

Up to 100 events are queued and sent. If there are more than 100 events in the queue, the oldest messages are discarded.

#### Send Events via SMTP

You can send event information in the notifications, for example, event.severity and event.subType.

#### To send events to SMTP:

- 1. Access the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller server's command line (usually using SSH).
- 2. Ensure that you are logged in as root. If you logged in as a different user, run:

```
sudo su -
```

3. To configure sending USER\_LOGGED\_IN audit events emails via SMTP, run:

```
sedo apps state set notification-manager-app config global '
{
   "pollIntervalSec":60,
   "upstreams":{
      "email-1":{
         "type":"smtp",
         "host": "host",
         "port":1025,
         "username":"username",
         "password": "password",
         "from":"from",
         "to":[
            "emailto"
         ],
         "subject":"HCO Event {{ event.severity }}",
         "template":"This is an urgent email about {{ event.subType }}"
      }
   },
   "rules":{
      "rule1":{
         "filter":{
            "severity":"Audit",
            "type":"Audit",
            "subType":"USER LOGGED IN",
            "data":{
               "msq":"User"
            }
         },
         "upstream":"email-1",
         "maxRequestsPerInterval":5,
         "intervalSec":60
```

} } }'

#### Send Events to Syslog Server

#### To send events to Syslog Server:

- 1. Access the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller server's command line (usually using SSH).
- 2. Ensure that you are logged in as root. If you logged in as a different user, run: sudo su -
- 3. To configure sending USER\_LOGGED\_IN audit events emails to the Syslog server, run:

```
sedo apps state set notification-manager-app config global '{
    "pollIntervalSec": 60,
    "upstreams": {
        "syslog-1": {
            "type": "syslog",
            "host": "host",
            "port": 514,
            "protocol": "udp",
            "appName": "appName",
            "template": "This is an urgent message about {{ event.subType }}",
        }
    },
    "rules": {
        "rule1": {
            "filter": {
                "severity": "Audit",
                "type": "Audit",
                "subType": "USER_LOGGED_IN",
                "data": {"msg": "User"},
            },
            "upstream": "syslog-1",
            "maxRequestsPerInterval": 5,
            "intervalSec": 60,
        }
    },
} '
```

#### Send Events to Pulsar Server

This requires the use of certificates.

To send events to Pulsar Server:

- 1. Access the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller server's command line (usually using SSH).
- 2. Ensure that you are logged in as root. If you logged in as a different user, run: sudo su -
- 3. To configure sending USER\_LOGGED\_IN audit events emails to the Pulsar server, run:

```
sedo apps state set notification-manager-app config global '{
   "pollIntervalSec": 60,
   "upstreams": {
        "pulsar-1": {
            "type": "pulsar",
            "server": "pulsar+ssl://host:6651",
            "topic": "topic",
            "publicKey": "publiccert",
            "privateKey": "privatekey",
            "ca": "cacert",
            "template": "This is an urgent message about {{ event.subType }}",
        }
   },
   "rules": {
        "rule1": {
            "filter": {
                "severity": "Audit",
                "type": "Audit",
                "subType": "USER LOGGED IN",
                "data": {"msg": "User"},
            },
            "upstream": "pulsar-1",
            "maxRequestsPerInterval": 5,
            "intervalSec": 60,
        }
   },
} "
```

#### Send Events to Multiple Streams

You can send event information in the notifications, for example, event.severity and event.subType.

#### To send events to multiple streams:

- 1. Access the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller server's command line (usually using SSH).
- 2. Ensure that you are logged in as root. If you logged in as a different user, run:

sudo su -

#### 3. To configure sending multiple streams, run:

```
sedo apps state set notification-manager-app config global '{
    "pollIntervalSec": 60,
    "upstreams": {
        "email-1": {
            "type": "smtp",
            "host": "host",
            "port": 1025,
            "username": "username",
            "password": "password",
            "from": from,
            "to": [emailto],
            "subject": "HCO Event {{ event.severity }}",
            "template": "This is an urgent email about {{ event.subType }}",
        },
        "syslog-2": {
            "type": "syslog",
            "host": "host",
            "port": 514,
            "protocol": "udp",
            "appName": "appName",
            "template": "This is an urgent email about {{ event.subType }}",
        },
        "pulsar-3": {
            "type": "pulsar",
            "server": "pulsar+ssl://host:6651",
            "topic": "topic",
            "publicKey": "publiccert",
            "privateKey": "privatekey",
            "ca": "cacert",
            "template": "This is an urgent message about {{ event.subType }}",
        },
    },
    "rules": {
        "rule1": {
            "filter": {
                "severity": "Audit",
                "type": "Audit",
                "subType": "USER LOGGED IN",
                "data": {"msg": "User"},
            },
            "upstream": "email-1",
```

```
"maxRequestsPerInterval": 5,
            "intervalSec": 60,
        },
        "rule2": {
            "filter": {
                "severity": "Audit",
                "type": "Audit",
                "subType": "USER LOGGED IN",
                "data": {"msg": "User"},
            },
            "upstream": "syslog-2",
            "maxRequestsPerInterval": 5,
            "intervalSec": 60,
        },
        "rule3": {
            "filter": {
                "severity": "Audit",
                "type": "Audit",
                "subType": "USER LOGGED IN",
                "data": {"msg": "User"},
            },
            "upstream": "pulsar-3",
            "maxRequestsPerInterval": 5,
            "intervalSec": 60,
        },
    },
} '
```

# Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Database Backup and Restore Periodical Crosswork Hierarchical Controller DB Backup

- Backups are done every day automatically.
- Daily backups only include the gap from the previous day. These delta backups expire after a week.
- A full backup is done once a week automatically. The full backup expires after a period, which by default is set to a year.

# **Backup Commands**

```
sedo backup [-h] COMMAND ...
positional arguments:
COMMAND
Create create a backup
list list available backups
```

export export a backup to file delete delete backups optional arguments:

-h, --helpshow this help message and exit

## Manual Crosswork Hierarchical Controller DB Backup

You can manually back up the database, and you can use this complete backup file to restore the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller database or copy it to a new instance.

#### To back up the DB:

• To back up the database, use the command:

sedo backup create [-h] [--omit-stats] [-f] [FILENAME]

#### positional arguments:

FILENAMEspecify filename (default: netfusion-backup-<version>-<timestamp>.tar.gz)

#### optional arguments:

-h, --help show this help message and exit
--omit-stats omit the operational statistics table (not for production use!)
-f, --force do not prompt for confirmation

The backup file name includes the version and date.

#### **Restore the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller DB**

When you restore, Crosswork Hierarchical Controller uses the last full backup plus the delta backups to restore. This is done automatically for you when you use the restore command.

#### To restore the DB:

• To restore the database, use the command:

```
sedo system restore [-h] (--backup-id BACKUP_ID | --filename FILENAME) [--no-verify]
[-f]
```

optional arguments:

-h, --help show this help message and exit --backup-id BACKUP\_ID restore backup by this ID --filename FILENAME restore from this backup filename --no-verify do not verify backup file integrity -f, --force do not prompt for confirmation

#### List the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller DB Backups

Backups are created as follows:

- A full backup is created every Sunday (with an expiration of a year later, by default).
- A delta backup is created daily, except for Sunday (with an expiration of seven days later).

So, typically, you will see six delta backups between full backups.

In addition, full backups are created (with an expiration of seven days later):

• When the machine is first installed.

• If Crosswork Hierarchical Controller or the entire machine is rebooted (Monday to Saturday). **To list the backups:** 

#### • Use the command:

sedo backup list[-h]

#### optional arguments:

-h, --help show this help message and exit

	I	ID	++   Timestamp   ++	Type	Expires	Status	Size
1		QP80G0	2021-02-28 04:00:04+00	FULL	2022-02-28 04:00:04+00	OK	75.2 MiB
2	Ι	QP65S0	2021-02-27 04:00:01+00	DELTA	2021-03-06 04:00:01+00	OK	2.4 MiB
3	I	QP4B40	2021-02-26 04:00:04+00   +	DELTA	2021-03-05 04:00:04+00	OK	45.9 MiB
4	I	QP2GG0	2021-02-25 04:00:03+00	DELTA	2021-03-04 04:00:03+00	OK	44.3 MiB
5		QPOLSO	2021-02-24 04:00:00+00	DELTA	2021-03-03 04:00:00+00	OK	1.5 MiB
6	I	QOYR40	2021-02-23 04:00:03+00	FULL	2021-03-02 04:00:03+00	OK	39.7 MiB

#### **Delete Backup**

You can delete backups in a specific time frame. To delete a single backup, set the FROM\_ID to the same value as the TO\_ID.

Deleting a full backup also deletes the successive delta backups.

#### To delete a backup:

• Use the command:

sedo backup delete [-h] [-f] FROM\_ID TO\_ID

#### positional arguments:

FROM ID delete backups starting from this backup ID inclusive

TO\_ID delete backups up to this backup ID inclusive

#### optional arguments:

-h, --help show this help message and exit
-f, --force do not prompt for confirmation

### **Export Backup**

You can export a backup to a file.

#### To export a backup:

• Use the command:

sedo backup export [-h] BACKUP\_ID [FILENAME]

#### positional arguments:

BACKUP\_ID export backup of this ID FILENAME specify filename (default: netfusion-backup-<version>-<timestamp>.tar.gz)

optional arguments:

-h, --help show this help message and exit

#### **History Deletion**

You can delete the history in the database.

The cleaner-threshold default is 365 days, which means that history older than 365 days is deleted when the cleaner runs (every night at 00:30).

#### To set the history threshold:

• To delete the history, use the command:

```
sedo history [-h] [cleaner-threshold]
```

positional arguments:

cleaner-threshold after how many days the history should be deleted

optional arguments:

-h, --help show this help message and exit

## **History Defrag**

You can defrag the database. Run this if you have updated the history cleaner-threshold.

#### To defrag the database:

• To defrag the database, use the command:

sedo history defrag [-h]

optional arguments:

-h, --help show this help message and exit

If you change the cleaner-threshold, you must run the defrag command prior to using the new configuration in the next cleaning iteration. For example, to delete the history older than 30 days run:

```
sedo history cleaner-threshold set P30D
sedo history defrag
```

# HA Cluster Management

#### **Deconfigure HA Cluster**

To deconfigure the HA cluster, disconnect the nodes from the HA cluster in the following order:

- Standby
- Witness
- Active (Leader)

By default, when you uninstall the apps are disabled. You can keep the apps on the active node and continue running on a single node.

To deconfigure the HA cluster:

1. On the standby node, run the following command:

sedo ha reset-node

- 2. To confirm that you want to disconnect the current node (standby) from the HA cluster, type:  $_{\rm Y}$
- 3. Repeat to disconnect the witness node.
- 4. To disconnect the Leader (active) node and keep the applications running, run the following command: sedo ha reset-node -keep-apps
- 5. To check the state of the cluster, run the following command:

```
sedo ha state
```

This node is not part of a cluster.

# **Upgrade HA Cluster**

To upgrade the HA, deconfigure the HA cluster, upgrade the nodes, and then reassemble the cluster.

#### To upgrade the HA cluster:

- 1. Deconfigure the cluster. See Deconfigure HA Cluster.
- 2. Upgrade each of the nodes.
- 3. Configure the cluster. See the Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Installation Guide.

#### **Restore HA Cluster**

Use the desired backup to restore the cluster.

Note: Only restore a backup from the same version.

#### To restore the HA cluster:

- 1. Deconfigure the cluster. See <u>Deconfigure HA Cluster</u>.
- 2. Restore one node using the desired backup (from one of the instances). The database on this node will be the basis for the cluster.
- 3. Configure the cluster from this restored node. See the *Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Installation Guide*.

#### **Check HA State**

The state command returns the IPsec Tunnels, etcd Nodes and Database cluster info.

#### To check the state of the HA cluster:

Run the following command to see the state of the HA cluster:

sedo ha state

The nodes are connected via a full mesh of IPsec tunnels and have a distributed datastore for persistent cluster configuration using the etcd tool.

### **Switchover HA**

The switchover command switches roles between the active and standby nodes.

#### To switchover the HA cluster:

Run the following command to switchover the HA cluster:

sedo ha switchover

# **Device Management**

# Terminology

Term	Definition
Adapter	The software used by Crosswork Hierarchical Controller to connect to a device or to the manager, in order to collect information required by the network model and configure the device.
Device	Optical network element, router, or microwave device.
Device Manager	The Crosswork Hierarchical Controller application that manages the deployed adapters.
NMS	Network Management System. Manages multiple optical network elements or routers.
SDN Controller	Software that manages multiple routers or optical network elements.

# **About Device Management**

A key need for operators is network discovery and the monitoring and management of network devices. This is achieved by configuring network adapters to monitor groups of network devices, either directly or by using their management systems (EMS, NMS, or SDN Controller), using various technologies, such as CLI, SNMP or REST.

The Device Manager is a crucial Crosswork Hierarchical Controller application that manages Crosswork Hierarchical Controller southbound adapters, enabling you to add and manage devices, manage the assignment of devices to an adapter and monitor the adapter's health as well as the devices reachability and discovery states.

Device Manager enables you to start discovering the network, monitor the connectivity and troubleshoot when a connectivity failure occurs.

The Device Manager service is available both in the UI and as an API.

To accurately reflect reachability and discovery, the Device Manager application provides the device discovery status per adapter and per information type (inventory, topology, and statistics). In 3D Explorer, the device **Reachability Status** is an aggregated state that reflects the state of all information types.

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller sends SYSLOG events when the:

- Device reachability state changes
- Adapter fails to parse files
- Adapter fails to connect to the controller, for example, Authentication failure or TCP Connection failed.

# **Credentials**

When you work with adapters you are required to use credentials. These are used for authentication when a device is assigned to an adapter. The same credentials may be shared by multiple adapters. You can therefore create "template" credentials for reuse. For ease of use, ensure that you enter a meaningful name.

You can add, edit, and delete credentials.

A credential can be one of the following:

- SSH User and Password
- SSH Public Key
- HTTP
- SNMP Community
- SFTP

#### Add Credential

You can add a credential.

#### To add a credential:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Device Manager.
- 2. Select the **Credentials** tab.
- 3. Click Add new credentials.
- 4. Enter the Name and select a Type.
- 5. Enter the required credentials.
- 6. Click Add Credentials.

#### **Delete Credential**

You can delete a credential.

#### To delete a credential:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Device Manager**.
- 2. Select the Credentials tab.
- 3. Select the required credential.
- 4. Click Delete selected credentials. A confirmation message appears.
- 5. Click **Confirm**.

# Adapters

Adapter types are installed by Cisco. An adapter type uses a specific protocol to manage a specific scope of information to be retrieved or configured on a group of devices or network manager. An adapter type connects to one manager only, for example, an EPN-M instance.

An adapter is an instance of an adapter type and is used by Crosswork Hierarchical Controller to connect to a device or to the manager, to collect information required by the network model and configure the device.

The Device Manager manages the deployed adapters, the assignment of devices to adapters and managers and the status of both adapters and devices throughout the lifecycle of operations. An adapter once configured to connect to devices and/or a manager, polls periodically to make sure that the devices and/or the NMS are reachable and discovered.

**Note:** The discovery state of the links is reported in Explorer and in the Network Inventory application (not in the Device Manager).

A device or manager may be associated with one or more adapters. This means that you can monitor the same device for different types of information by associating the device with multiple adapters.

All adapters accessing a device or manager, use the same IP address or host name, but the credentials may be different.

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller sends SYSLOG events when the:

- Adapter fails to parse files
- Adapter fails to connect to the controller, for example, **Authentication failure** or **TCP Connection failed**.

## **Adapter Status Values**

The following statuses are available for the devices assigned to an adapter (and as a total for all the devices assigned to the adapter) in the Adapters table in Device Manager.

		Information Types			
Possible values	Inventory	Topology	Statistics		
ОК	When the adapter collecting the s itself and discovered the device d	pecific info type successfully reached ata.	d the device NMS system or device		
ERROR		fo type reached the device but could redentials, command type error, or n			
UNREACHABLE	When the adapter collecting the in with connectivity.	fo type failed to reach the device, ty	pically as a result of a problem		
WARNING	N/A When the adapter that collects statistics failed to get the data some device ports.				
UNKNOWN	When no status was reported by t Refer this to support.	he adapter. This occurs when there i	s an internal communication error.		

## **View Adapters**

You can view a list of the adapters and see a list of the devices assigned to each adapter and the device status for inventory, topology, and statistics, as well as the events raised by the adapter.

#### To view adapters:

 In the applications bar, select Services > Device Manager > Adapters. A list of the adapters appears in the Adapters pane.

Device Manager	Adapters Mana	aged Devices	Credentials C	3
Adapters	6			
cnc				
ios-xr				
			Q	
+ Add new ad	apter			

- Select the required adapter. A summary of how many devices are OK, ERROR, UNREACHABLE or UNKNOWN for Topology, Inventory and Statistics appear, as well as a list of the assigned devices with the following information per device:
  - Name
  - Topology Status
  - Last topology success sync
  - Inventory Status
  - Last inventory success sync
  - Statistics Status
  - Last statistics success sync
  - Site
  - Host
  - Port

Device Manager Adapters Mana	aged Devices Credentials	C
Adapters 😇	Devices Events General	
cisco001	Topology	
cisco002		
ciscoisoxr	OK ERROR UNREACHABLE UNKNOWN OK ERROR UNREACHABLE UNKNOWN OK WARNING ERROR UNREACHABLE UNKNOWN	
ios-xr	Name Inventory Status Last Topology Status Last Statistics Status Last Statistics Status Last Host Host Statistics Status Statistics Status Statistics Status Statistics Status Statistics	Port 👻
	217EMS	
	test-unreachable X Unreachable Never X Unreachable Never X Unreachable Never L1.1.1	22
	test-reachable 🗸 Ok 2021-08-1 ✓ Ok 2021-08-1 ✓ Ok 2021-08-1	22
+ Add new adapter		

- 3. Hover over a device name to view the device in the map and click **Open in Explorer** to open the device in Explorer (or click on the device directly to view the device in Explorer).
- 4. To view the device details, click on any of the columns (except the **Name** column).

eachable					
General	Adapters	Events			
Name* test-reachable			Network Element Site	×Q	
Delete device					Cancel

5. To view the device adapters, select the **Adapters** tab.

General Adap	ters Events	S	
ios-xr			Unassign device from this adapte
Host* 10.1.0.57		Port*	
Direct Connect (avoid tunn	el if configured)	Authentication Cisco	·
Enabled*			
✓ Enabled*			
Znabled*			
Cnabled*			
Enabled*		+ Assign device to a new adapter	

6. To view the device events, select the **Events** tab.

reachable				
General	Adapters	Events		
Timestamp	-	Status	✓ Adapter	туре
0919 ITEMS				
021-08-14 15:22:48		OK	ios-xr	STATISTICS
021-08-14 15:22:48		ОК	ios-xr	INVENTORY
021-08-14 15:22:48		OK	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
021-08-14 15:17:48		ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
021-08-14 15:17:48		ОК	ios-xr	INVENTORY
021-08-14 15:17:48		OK	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
021-08-14 15:12:47		ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
021-08-14 15:12:47		OK	ios-xr	INVENTORY
021-08-14 15:12:47		OK	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
021-08-14 15:07:47		ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
021-08-14 15:07:47		OK	ios-xr	INVENTORY
021-08-14 15:07:47		ОК	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
021-08-14 15:02:47		ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
021-08-14 15:02:47		ОК	ios-xr	INVENTORY
021-08-14 15:02:47		ОК	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
021-08-14 14:57:48		ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
021-08-14 14:57:48		ОК	ios-xr	INVENTORY

7. To view further details, click on an event.

1					
General	Adapters	Events			
+ Timestamp	▼ Status	✓ Adapter	▪ Туре	Event description	
9 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:24:01	UNREACHABLE	ios	INVENTORY	Connectivity	
2022-01-25 15:24:01	UNREACHABLE	ios	STATISTICS	× Authentication failure	
2022-01-25 15:24:01	UNREACHABLE	ios	TOPOLOGY	<ul> <li>Retrieval</li> <li>Information not available</li> <li>Processing</li> <li>Information not available</li> <li>Persisting</li> <li>Information not available</li> </ul>	
2022-01-25 15:24:01	UNREACHABLE	ios	INVENTORY		
2022-01-25 15:23:57	UNREACHABLE	ios	STATISTICS		
2022-01-25 15:23:57	UNREACHABLE		TOPOLOGY		
2022-01-25 15:23:57	UNREACHABLE	ios	STATISTICS		
2022-01-25 15:22:09	UNREACHABLE	ios	TOPOLOGY		
2022-01-25 15:21:55	UNREACHABLE	ios	TOPOLOGY		
t-device					
t-device General	Adapters	Events			
General + Timestamp	Adapters • Status	Events • Adapter	• Туре	* Event description	
General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS	✓ Status	- Adapter		cvent description	
General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:23:45	• Status	Adapter     cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS	Event description     Connectivity     Successful	
General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:23:45	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter     cisco-ios-xr     cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY	Connectivity Successful Retrieval	
General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:23:45	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY	Connectivity Successful Retrieval Successful	
General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:13:44	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter     cisco-ios-xr     cisco-ios-xr     cisco-ios-xr     cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS	Connectivity Concessful Retrieval Concessful Processing	
General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:13:44 2022-01-25 15:13:44	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY	Connectivity Successful Retrieval Successful	
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General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:13:44 2022-01-25 15:13:44 2022-01-25 15:13:44	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS	Connectivity Connectivity Concessful Retrieval Concessful Processing Concessful Processing Processful Process	
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General + Timestamp 3129 ITEMS 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:23:45 2022-01-25 15:13:44 2022-01-25 15:13:44 2022-01-25 15:13:44	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS	Connectivity Connectivity Concessful Retrieval Concessful Processing Concessful Processing Processful Process	
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General           * Timestamp           3129 TEMS           2022-01-25 15:23:45           2022-01-25 15:23:45           2022-01-25 15:13:44           2022-01-25 15:13:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter      cisco-ios-xr      cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS	Connectivity Connectivity Concessful Retrieval Concessful Processing Concessful Processing Processful Process	
General           * Timestamp           3129 ITEMS           2022-01-25 15:23:45           2022-01-25 15:23:45           2022-01-25 15:13:44           2022-01-25 15:13:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter      cisco-los-xr      cisco-los-xr	STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY TOPOLOGY STATISTICS INVENTORY	Connectivity Connectivity Concessful Retrieval Concessful Processing Concessful Processing Processful Process	
General           * Timestamp           3129 ITEMS           2022-01-25 15:23:45           2022-01-25 15:23:45           2022-01-25 15:13:44           2022-01-25 15:13:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44           2022-01-25 15:03:44	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>	Adapter     cisco-los-xr	STATISTICS       INVENTORY       TOPOLOGY       STATISTICS       INVENTORY       TOPOLOGY	Connectivity Connectivity Concessful Retrieval Concessful Processing Concessful Processing Processful Process	

8. Click to filter by event **Status**.

General	Adapters Ev	ents			
+ Timestamp	• Status 👻	Adapter	▪ Туре	Event description	×
3129 ITEMS					
2022-01-25 04:33:40	Filter	cisco-ios-xr	INVENTORY	Connectivity     Authentication failure	
2022-01-25 04:33:40	✓ Select All X Clear All	cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS	▼ Retrieval	
2022-01-25 04:23:42	UNREACHABLE 1713	cisco-ios-xr	TOPOLOGY	① Information not available	
2022-01-25 04:23:41	ОК 1416	cisco-ios-xr	INVENTORY	Processing     O information not available     Persisting     O information not available	
2022-01-25 04:23:41	Cancel Apply	cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS		
2022-01-25 04:13:42	Hide Column	cisco-ios-xr	TOPOLOGY		
2022-01-25 04:13:41	Restore All Columns	cisco-ios-xr	INVENTORY		
2022-01-25 04:13:41		cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS		
2022-01-25 04:03:42	UNREACHABLE	cisco-ios-xr	TOPOLOGY		
2022-01-25 04:03:41	UNREACHABLE	cisco-ios-xr	INVENTORY		
2022-01-25 04:03:41	UNREACHABLE	cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS		
2022-01-25 03:53:42	UNREACHABLE	cisco-ios-xr	TOPOLOGY		
2022-01-25 03:53:41	UNREACHABLE	cisco-ios-xr	INVENTORY		
2022-01-25 03:53:40	UNREACHABLE	cisco-ios-xr	STATISTICS		
2022-01-25 03:43:42	UNREACHABLE	cisco-ios-xr	TOPOLOGY		

# **Edit Device**

You can edit a device and select the network element in Explorer, assign the device to an adapter or unassign the device from an adapter.

### To edit a device:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Device Manager.
- 2. Select the required adapter.
- 3. Select the Managed Devices tab.
- 4. Click on the required device row (not on the link in the **Name** column).
- 5. In the **General** tab, in **Network Element Site** click to select the network element in Explorer.

### **Edit Adapter**

You can edit the adapter configuration and enable or disable the adapter, set the logging level and polling cycle, specify the number of concurrent routers to poll in each polling cycle, and select the required collection parameters. You can also edit any adapter-specific parameters. To add or remove devices from an adapter, see <u>Managed Devices</u>.

#### To edit adapters:

- In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Device Manager. A list of the adapters appears in the Adapters pane.
- 2. Select the required adapter.
- 3. Click the General tab.
- 4. Configure the following options:
  - **Enabled**: Whether the adapter is enabled or disabled.
  - **Logging Level**: The logging level (Info, Critical, Error, Warning, Debug). Info by default.
  - **Polling Cycle (sec)**: The polling interval in seconds.

- **Number of concurrent routers collected**: The number of network elements that can be concurrently polled in a polling cycle.
- **Enable provisioning support**: Whether to enable provisioning support. For example, if provisioning is enabled, creating a new tunnel or service.
- 5. Configure the **SSH CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS** (for adapters that are configured to work with SSH):
  - **Enable Tunnel**: This enables the tunnel.
  - **Tunnel Host**: The tunnel host.
  - **Tunnel Port**: The tunnel port.
  - **Tunnel Credentials Key**: The tunnel
  - **Router Connect timeout**: The router connect timeout.
  - Router Command timeout: The router command timeout.
- 6. Configure the FILE BRINGER PARAMETERS:
  - **Enable File Bringer**: This enables the module in the adapter to transfer the files from the remote file server to Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.
  - File Server Location: The file server location In the format http/sftp://<ip>:port/<path>.
  - **File Type**: For example, CSV, JSON.
  - Authentication
  - **Backup File Server Location**: The backup file server location In the format *http/sftp://<ip>:port/<path>*.
  - Backup\_server\_authentication
- 7. Configure the **NETFUSION COLLECTION CYCLES FILES:** 
  - Enable NetFusion Cycles mode: Whether to get the files periodically or not.
  - **Cycle Directories Location**: Where to store the files received in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.
- 8. Configure any other adapter-specific parameters, if any.
- 9. Configure the **COLLECTION PARAMETERS** (common to all IP adapters):
  - Enable Topology Collection
  - Enable IGP IS-IS Collection
  - Enable IGP OSPF Collection
  - Enable Interface Stats Collection
  - Enable VRF Collection
  - Enable LLDP Collection
  - Enable MLPS Tunnels Collection
  - Enable LSP Stats Collection

- Enable SNMP Collection
- IGP IS-IS Priority
- Collect only IGP IS-IS seed routers
- Allow to use loopback IP as management IP
- Enable RSVP Collection
- Enable collection of optics and coherent DSP
- Enable Segment Routing Collection
- 10. Click Save.

### Add Adapter

An adapter is an instance of an adapter type. The adapter types are usually pre-installed with Crosswork Hierarchical Controller (adapter types can also be added without impacting the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller platform installation).

You can also configure any adapter-specific parameters (these are added per project).

To add or remove devices from an adapter, see Managed Devices.

#### To add an adapter:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Device Manager**. A list of the adapters appears in the **Adapters** pane.
- 2. Click Add new adapter.

Add New Adapter	×
Adapter Type*	Ţ
Adapter Name*	
	Cancel Add

- 3. Enter the adapter details:
  - **Adapter Type**: Select an adapter type from the list of available adapter types currently installed in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.
  - **Adapter Name**: Unique user defined name of this adapter type instance (there can be several instances of the same adapter type).
- 4. Click Add.
- 5. To configure the adapter, select the adapter in the **Adapters** pane.
- 6. Click the **General** tab.
- 7. Configure the following options:

- **Enabled**: Whether the adapter is enabled or disabled.
- **Logging Level**: The logging level (Info, Critical, Error, Warning, Debug). Info by default.
- **Polling Cycle (sec)**: The polling interval in seconds.
- **Number of concurrent routers collected**: The number of network elements that can be concurrently polled in a polling cycle.
- **Enable provisioning support**: Whether or not to enable provisioning support. For example, if provisioning is enabled, creating a new tunnel or service.
- 8. Configure the SSH CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS (for adapters that are configured to work with SSH):
  - Enable Tunnel
  - Tunnel Host
  - Tunnel Port
  - Tunnel Credentials Key
  - Router Connect timeout
  - Router Command timeout
- 9. Configure the FILE BRINGER PARAMETERS:
  - **Enable File Bringer**: This enables the module in the adapter to transfer the files from the remote file server to Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.
  - File Server Location: The file server location In the format http/sftp://<ip>:port/<path>.
  - **File Type**: For example, CSV, JSON.
  - Authentication
- 10. Configure the **NETFUSION COLLECTION CYCLES FILES**:
  - Enable NetFusion Cycles mode: Whether to get the files periodically or not.
  - Cycle Directories Location: Where to store the files received in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller.
- 11. Configure any other adapter-specific parameters, if any.
- 12. Configure the COLLECTION PARAMETERS (common to all IP adapters):
  - Enable Topology Collection
  - Enable IGP IS-IS Collection
  - Enable IGP OSPF Collection
  - Enable Interface Stats Collection
  - Enable VRF Collection
  - Enable LLDP Collection
  - Enable MLPS Tunnels Collection
  - Enable LSP Stats Collection

- Enable SNMP Collection
- IGP IS-IS Priority
- Collect only IGP IS-IS seed routers
- Allow to use loopback IP as management IP
- Enable RSVP Collection
- Enable collection of optics and coherent DSP
- Enable Segment Routing Collection
- 13. Click Save.
- 14. Assign devices to the adapter. See Assign Device.

### **Delete Adapter**

#### To delete an adapter:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Device Manager**. A list of the adapters appears in the Adapters pane.
- 2. Select an adapter.
- 3. Select the **General** tab.
- 4. Click **Delete Adapter**. A confirmation message appears.
- 5. Click **Confirm**. The adapter is deleted.

### **View Adapter Events**

You can view the user-driven and system-driven events for a specific adapter. The adapter events vary according to the adapter type.

#### To view adapter events:

- In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Device Manager. A list of the adapters appears in the Adapters pane.
- 2. Click to select the required adapter.
- 3. Select the Events tab.

evice Manager	Adapters Mana	aged Devices Credent	ials		O Live ▼		
lapters	6	Devices	Events	General			
co_ios_xr		+ Timestamp			7 Status	 Status Description	
iper_os_1		1 ITEM					
		2020-04-27 16:50:36			① Unknown	No status update was seen in last 1440 min	

- 4. The event table details:
  - Timestamp
  - Status
  - Status Description

# Managed Devices

The following statuses are available per device (and as a total for all the devices) in the **Managed Devices** table in Device Manager.

	Information Types				
Possible values	Inventory	Topology	Statistics		
ОК	When the adapter collecting the specific info type successfully reached the device NMS system or device itself and discovered the device data.				
ERROR		nfo type reached the device but coul redentials, command type error, or r			
UNREACHABLE	When the adapter collecting the ir with connectivity.	fo type failed to reach the device, t	ypically as a result of a problem		
WARNING	N/A	N/A	When the adapter that collects statistics failed to get the data of some device ports.		
UNKNOWN	When no status was reported by t Refer this to support.	he adapter. This occurs when there	is an internal communication error.		

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller sends SYSLOG events when the device reachability state changes.

You can add devices and assign them to adapters.

# Add Device and Assign to Adapters

You can add a device, and then assign it to one or more adapters.

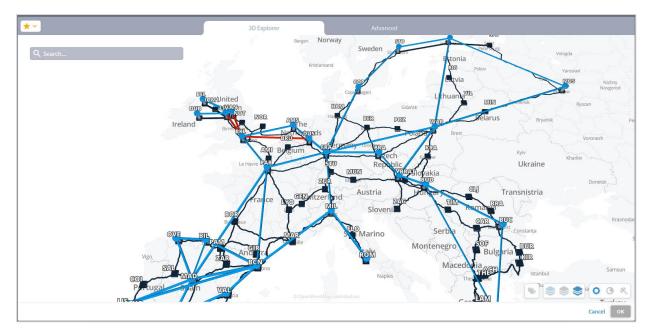
Ensure that you have added the required credential before assigning the device to an adapter. See <u>Credentials</u>.

#### To add a device:

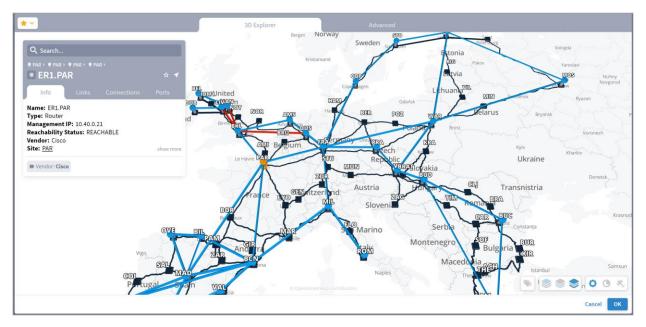
- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Device Manager**. A list of the adapters appears in the **Adapters** pane.
- 2. Select the Managed Devices tab.

evice Manager						
Merged topology	Merged Inventory 1 0 1 0 OK ERROR UNREACHABLE UNKNOWN	Merged statistics				⊢ Add (
erged Topology Status	<ul> <li>Merged Inventory Status</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Merged Statistics Status</li> </ul>	✓ Name	✓ Site	- Adapter(s)	
TEMS						
Unreachable	× Unreachable	× Unreachable	test-unreachable		ios-xr	
N/A	© N/A	① N/A	test			
Ok	✓ Ok	✓ Ok	test-reachable		ios-xr	

- 3. Click Add Device.
- 4. In the **General** tab, enter the **Name**.
- 5. (Optional) In Network Element Site, click to select a site where the device is located.



6. Select the network element.



7. Click **OK**.

Add New Device		×
General Adapters		
Name* Cisco100	Retwork Element Site     ER1.PAR     The Network element location	× Q
		Cancel Add Device

# 8. Select the **Adapters** tab.

Add New Device		×
General Adapters		
	+ Assign device to a new adapter	
		Cancel Add Device

9. Click **Assign device** to a new adapter.

dd New Device				×
General	Adapters			
		Adapter		
			Cancel Assign	
				Cancel Add Device

10. Select the adapter to assign the device to and click **Assign**.

lew Device		
General Adapters		
cisco_ios_xr		Unassign device from this adapter
Host*	Port* 22	
Direct Connect (avoid tunnel if configured)	Authentication	•
Enabled*		
Enabled*		
	+ Assign device to a new adapter	

- 11. Complete the details for the adapter:
  - Host
  - Port
  - Direct Connect (avoid tunnel if configured)
  - Authentication (this is the credential)
  - Enabled
- 12. Click Save.
- 13. Repeat for as many adapters as required.
- 14. Click Add Device.

# **Assign Device to an Adapter**

You can assign a device to one or more adapters.

### To assign a device:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Device Manager**.
- 2. Select the Managed Devices tab.
- 3. Click on the required device row (not on the link in the **Name** column).
- 4. Select the Adapters tab.

1		
General Adapters Events		
cisco_ios_xr		Unassign device from this adapted
Host* 10.1.0.58	Port*	
✓ Direct Connect (avoid tunnel if configured)	- Authentication	•
Carabled*		
	+ Assign device to a new adapter	
		Cancel

- 5. Click Assign device to a new adapter.
- 6. Select an Adapter and click Assign.

General Adapters Events		
✓ Enabled <sup>*</sup>		
ciscoadap1		<ul> <li>Unassign device from this adapter</li> </ul>
Host*	Port*	
Direct Connect (avoid tunnel if configured)	Authentication	•
Enabled*		
	+ Assign device to a new adapter	
		Cancel

- 7. Complete the following:
  - Host
  - Port
  - **Direct Connect** (avoid tunnel if configured)
  - Authentication (this is the credential)
  - Enabled
- 8. Click Save.

### **Unassign Device**

You can unassign a device from an adapter. The device is removed from the adapter but remains in the model.

#### To unassign a device from an adapter (from the device):

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Device Manager**.
- 2. Select the Managed Devices tab.
- 3. Click on the required device row (not on the link in the Name column).
- 4. Select the **Adapters** tab.

cisco_ios_xr		📋 Unassign device from this adapte
Host* 10.1.0.58	Port*	
10.1.0.36	C Authentication	
Direct Connect (avoid tunnel if configured)	Cisco	-
_		
Chapter Enabled*		

- 5. Click Unassign device from this adapter.
- 6. Click Save.

### **View Device Events**

You can view the events for a device. The adapters poll the devices periodically.

#### To view device events:

1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Device Manager.

- 2. Select the Managed Devices tab.
- 3. Click on the required device row (not on the link in the **Name** column).

#### 4. Select the **Events** tab.

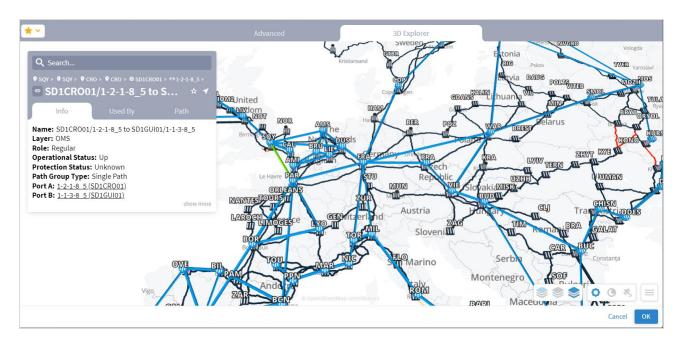
General A	dapters Events		
↓ Timestamp	- Status	✓ Adapter	<b>▼</b> Туре
21051 ITEMS			
2021-08-14 18:58:41	ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
2021-08-14 18:58:41	ОК	ios-xr	INVENTORY
2021-08-14 18:58:41	ОК	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
2021-08-14 18:53:42	ок	ios-xr	STATISTICS
2021-08-14 18:53:42	ок	ios-xr	INVENTORY
2021-08-14 18:53:42	ок	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
2021-08-14 18:48:42	ок	ios-xr	STATISTICS
2021-08-14 18:48:42	ок	ios-xr	INVENTORY
2021-08-14 18:48:42	ОК	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
2021-08-14 18:43:41	ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
2021-08-14 18:43:41	ОК	ios-xr	INVENTORY
2021-08-14 18:43:41	ОК	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
2021-08-14 18:38:42	ОК	ios-xr	STATISTICS
2021-08-14 18:38:42	ОК	ios-xr	INVENTORY
2021-08-14 18:38:42	OK	ios-xr	TOPOLOGY
2021-08-14 18:33:41	OK	ios-xr	STATISTICS
2021-08-14 18:33:41	ок	ios-xr	INVENTORY

## **Edit Device**

You can edit a device and select the network element in Explorer, assign the device to an adapter or unassign the device from an adapter.

#### To edit a device:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Device Manager.
- 2. Select the required adapter.
- 3. Select the Managed Devices tab.
- 4. Click on the required device row (not on the link in the **Name** column).
- 5. In the General tab, in Network Element Site click to select the network element in Explorer.
- 6. Select the **3D Explorer** tab.
- 7. Select the network element.



- 8. Click OK.
- 9. Select the Adapters tab.

juniper_os_1			Unassign device from this adapter
Host* 10.1.0.34		Port*	
10.1.0.34			
Direct Connect (avoid tu	innel if configured)	Authentication junos	
Enabled*			
<ul> <li>Enabled*</li> </ul>			
Enabled*			
Enabled"			
Enabled"			
Enabled"			
Enabled.			
Enabled.			
Enabled*			
Enabled.			
Enabled"			
Chableo"			

- 10. To unassign the device from an adapter, click Unassign device from the adapter.
- 11. To assign the device to an adapter, click **Assign device to a new adapter**.

Add New Device		×
General Adapters		
	Adapter  Cancel Assign	
	Cancel Add Devi	ce

12. Select the adapter to assign the device to and click Assign.

General Adapters	Events	
juniper_os_1		<ul> <li>Unassign device from this adapter</li> </ul>
Host*	Port*	
<ul> <li>Direct Connect (avoid tunnel if configured)</li> </ul>	Authentication	
Enabled*		
	+ Assign device to a new adapter	

- 13. Complete the details for the adapter:
  - Host
  - Port
  - Direct Connect (avoid tunnel if configured)
  - Authentication (this is the credential)
  - Enabled
- 14. Click Save.

## **Delete Device**

You can delete a device and unassign it from its adapters. The device is deleted from the model.

Alternatively, if you want to keep the device in the model, and only unassign the device, see <u>Unassign</u> <u>Device</u>.

To delete a device:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Device Manager**.
- 2. Select the required adapter.
- 3. Select the Managed Devices tab.
- 4. Click on the required device row (not on the link in the **Name** column).
- 5. Click **Delete device**. A confirmation message appears.
- 6. Click **Confirm** to delete the device, unassign it from all adapters and delete the device from the model.

# **Model Settings**

The network model includes regions (the geographical areas where network sites are located) and sites (the logical groupings in the network) are defined in the model. In addition, resources can be tagged with a text label which then can be used to filter in various applications.

For more on regions and sites, see the *Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Network Visualization Guide*.

# Regions

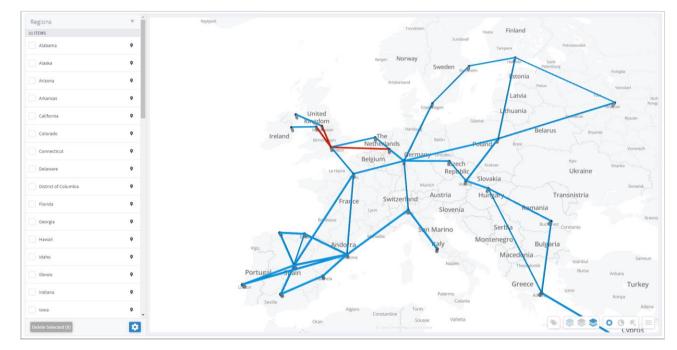
Regions are the geographical areas where network sites are located. The Model Settings application enables you to view and filter regions, delete regions, export regions, and import regions. Cisco will usually collaborate with you to set up the regions in your model.

## View a Region

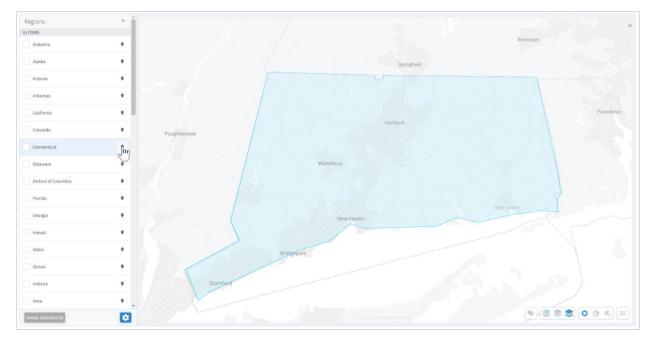
You can view a region in Model Settings.

### To view a region in Model Settings:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Model Settings.
- 2. Select the **Regions** tab.



3. To view a region, in **Regions**, click next to the required region, for example, **Connecticut**. The map moves to the selected region. The region is outlined.

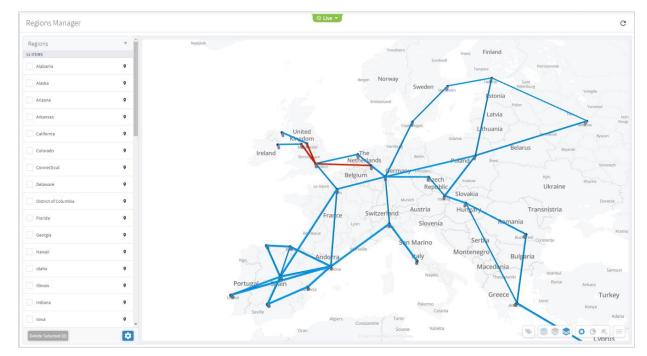


# **Filter the Regions**

You can filter the regions.

## To filter a region:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Regions** tab.



3. To filter the regions, click 🗧 and enter the filter criteria (case insensitive).

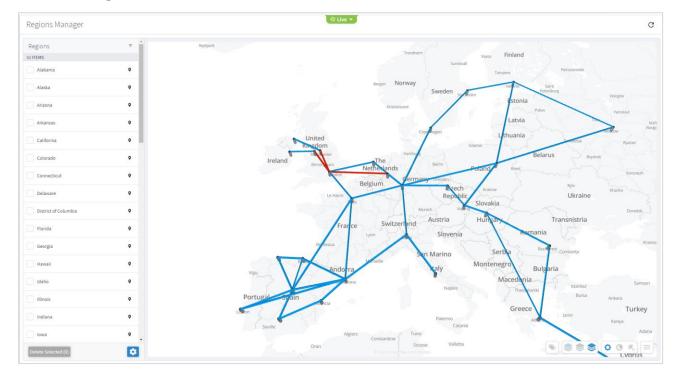
Regions		۲
2 OUT OF 51	- Filter	
Virgini		
West Vir	rginia	٥

# **Delete Regions**

You can delete regions in Regions Manager.

### To delete regions in Regions Manager:

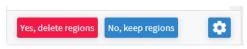
- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Regions** tab.



3. In **Regions**, select one or more regions.

Regions Manager	⊙ Live ▼ C
Regions si ITEMS Alabama	
Alaska Arizona	• IA Vadosa
Arkansas	Burovikoge     New Orleans     Gatesville
Colorado	Occis     Doproni,Blanch     Occis     Occis     Oprini,Blanch     Orlando     Sosimmee
Delaware District of Columbia	FLORIDA     Sampota
Florida     Georgia	• Preport
Hawaii Idaho	•
Illinois Indiana	• Bahama
Delete Selected (3)	

4. Click Delete Selected.



5. To delete the regions, click Yes, delete regions.

### **Export and Import Regions**

Cisco will usually collaborate with you to set up the regions in your model. The regions are set up according to the standards published by <u>http://geojson.io/</u> and can be exported or imported in GeoJSON or Region POJOs.

You can import (and export) regions in the following formats:

- GeoJSON
- Region POJOs

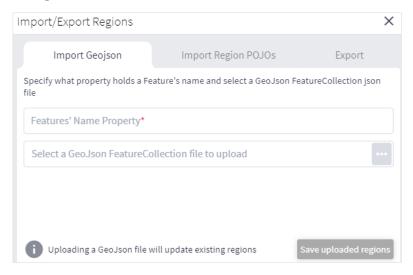
Valid geometry types for regions are:

- Point
- LineString
- Polygon
- MultiPoint
- MultiLineString
- MultiPolygon

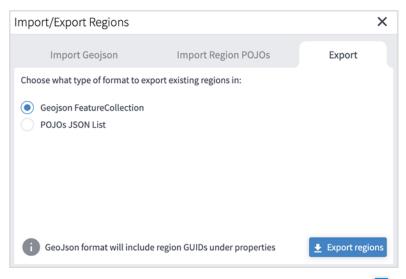
## To export regions:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Regions** tab.

3. In **Regions**, click 🙆 .



4. To export In Regions, select the Export tab.



- 5. Select the required format, and then click **Export regions 2**. The JSON file is downloaded.
- 6. (Optional) Use a JSON formatter to review the content.

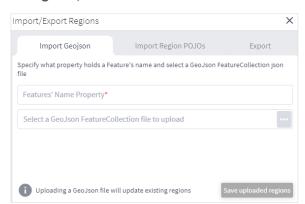


object	▶ features ▶	
	▼ object {4}	-
: D	type : FeatureCollection	- 1
: B	name : netfusion-regions-geojson	
: 8	<pre>crs : urn:ogc:def:crs:OGC::CR584</pre>	
: D	<pre>w features [51]</pre>	
: D	▼ 0 {3}	
: 0	type : Feature	
: D	<pre>v properties {2}</pre>	
: 0	name : Alabama	
: 0	GUID : RG/USA-3541	
: 0	<pre>w geometry {2}</pre>	
3 D	type : MultiPolygon	
: 0	▼ coordinates [2]	
: 0	▼ 0 [1]	
8 8	▼ 0 [122]	
: 0	▼ 0 [2]	
: 0	0 : -87.48951063106118	
	1 : 30.377682814609685	

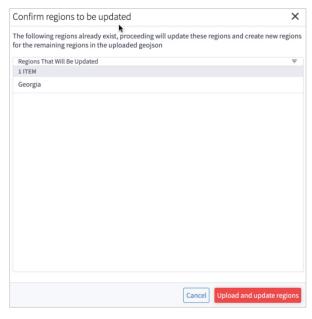
### To import regions:

- 1. (Option 1) Prepare the import file in **GeoJSON** format:
  - A quick way to create the file in the correct format is to export the current regions in the required format and then edit the file.
  - The GeoJSON import file must be a **FeatureCollection** GeoJSON file and not a single **Feature** GeoJSON file.
  - The GeoJSON import file MUST have a region name property that will be specified when you import the file.
  - The GeoJSON import file may include a GUID for each region. If a GUID is not provided, Regions Manager, generates a GUID for the GeoJSON feature. If a GUID is provided, Regions Manager uses it, and if a region with that GUID already exists it is updated.
  - Each region name (and GUID if included) must only appear once.
  - Region names are case insensitive.
  - If a region already exists either by GUID or with an identical name, when you import the file, a message appears informing you that the region will be updated if you proceed.
- 2. (Option 2) Prepare the import file in Region POJOs format:
  - A quick way to create the file in the correct format is to export the current regions in the required format and then edit the file.
  - The RegionPOJO import file has a fixed format and the region name property is **name**. This
    property does not have to be specified when you import the file.
  - The RegionPOJO import file must include the region GUID as a property.
  - Each region name and GUID must only appear once.
  - Region names are case insensitive.
  - If a region already exists (by name or GUID), when you import the file, a message appears informing you that the region will be updated if you proceed.
- 3. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 4. Select the **Regions** tab.

5. In Regions, click 🙋 .



- 6. To import regions in GeoJSON format:
  - Enter the property that includes the region name. Typically, this would be name.
  - Select a file to upload.
- 7. To import regions in Region POJOs format:
  - Select the Import Region POJOs tab.
  - Select a file to upload.
- 8. Click Save uploaded regions. The JSON file is processed.
- 9. If there are updates to existing regions, a list of the regions that will be updated appears. To proceed, click **Upload and update regions**.



### **Regions API**

Cisco Sales Engineers will usually set up the regions and overlays in your model. The regions are set up according to the standards published by <u>http://geojson.io/</u>. You can query the model to return the region definition. This returns the region GUID, name, coordinates, and geometry type. Valid geometry types for regions are Point, LineString, Polygon, MultiPoint, MultiLineString, and MultiPolygon.

In Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, devices are attached to sites. Sites have geographical coordinates (latitude, longitude). A site may be in one or more regions.

Overlaps are used to group several regions, for example, the countries in Africa.

There are several APIs that can be used to:

- Get the region definition.
- Get the sites in one or more regions.
- Add regions to an overlay.
- Get the sites in an overlay.

Several samples are listed below:

• To return the RG/1 region definition, run the following GET command:

```
curl -skL -u admin:admin -H 'Content-Type: application/json'
https://$SERVER/api/v2/config/regions/RG/1 | jq
```

To return the sites in the Estonia and Greece regions:

```
curl -skL -u admin:admin -H 'Content-Type: application/json'
https://$SERVER/api/v2/config/regions/RG/1 | jq
```

• To return the sites in the Estonia and Greece regions:

```
curl -skL -u admin:admin -H 'Content-Type: text/plain' -d 'region[.name in
("Estonia", "Greece")] | site' https://$server/api/v2/shql
```

• To add the Estonia and Greece regions to the overlay\_europe overlap:

```
curl -X PUT -skL -u admin:admin -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"guid":
    "RG/116", "overlay": "overlay_europe"}' https://$SERVER/api/v2/config/regions/RG/116
curl -X PUT -skL -u admin:admin -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"guid":
    "RG/154", "overlay": "overlay europe"}' https://$SERVER/api/v2/config/regions/RG/154
```

• To return the sites in the overlay\_europe overlay:

https://\$SERVER/api/v2/config/regions/RG/154

curl -skL -u admin:admin -H 'Content-Type: text/plain' -d 'region[.overlay =
"overlay europe"] | site' https://\$SERVER/api/v2/shql | jq | grep -c name

The regions and overlays can be used in SHQL to query the model. You can transition down the model using link or site.

```
To return all the links in a specific region (using SHQL):
region[.name = "France"] | link
```

# Sites

Sites are the logical groupings in the network. The Model Settings application enables you to view and filter sites, delete sites, export sites, and import sites. Cisco will usually collaborate with you to set up the sites in your model.

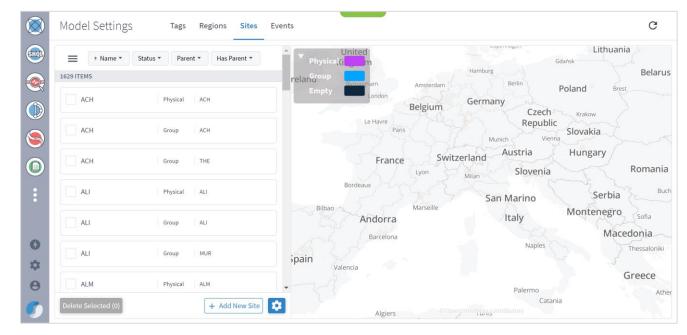
The physical objects in the site can be grouped by parent object, which in turn can be grouped by the next level of parent object, and so on. The only limitation is that all sites must have the same number of levels.

## View a Site

You can view a site in Model Settings.

### To view a site in Model Settings:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Model Settings.
- 2. Select the **Sites** tab.



3. To view a site item, in Sites, click the required site item. The map moves to the selected site item.

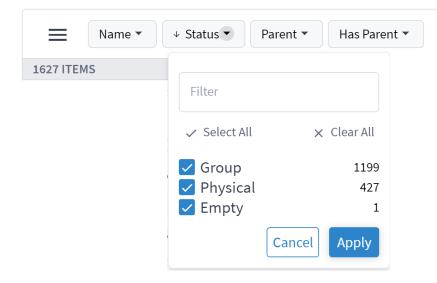
	Parent + Has Parent +	Physical 🔛		Timistra		E Sit
1 ITEMS		S Group		1 10050		
ACH	Physical ACH	Empty Novi Sad	Zrenjanin	Resta		
ACH	Empty -	Jugar (		5		
ACH	Group ACH	1 4 56	Belgrade		Drobeta- Turnu Severin	
ACH	Group THE					c
ADM	Physical BCN	Lan				
ALI	Physical ALJ	Site Details	Kragujevac		F P	
ALI	Group ALI		7-2650- 0 1 2	Name*	Longitude*	
ALI	Group MUR	Status:	7a36ff9e_0_1_2 Empty	Latitude*		
ALM	Physical ALM	Sites Depth: 0	0	40.860875	Parent	
ALM				1 null		

## **Filter the Sites**

You can filter the sites, by name, status, parent or has parent.

#### To filter a site:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Sites** tab.
- 3. To filter the sites, click and select or enter the filter criteria (case insensitive).



## **Delete Sites**

You can delete sites in Sites Manager.

### To delete sites in Sites Manager:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Model Settings.
- 2. Select the **Sites** tab.
- 3. In Sites, select one or more sites.
- 4. Click Delete selected. A confirmation appears.
- 5. To delete, click **Delete selected**.



### **Add Sites**

You can add sites in Sites Manager.

#### To add sites in Sites Manager:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Sites** tab.
- 3. Click Add New Site.

Add New Site	$\times$
Please fill the mandatory fields below	
GUID (format: "ST/xxx")*	
Name*	
Longitude*	
Latitude*	
Parent	
1 Extra	
X Cancel	ve Site

- 4. Enter the site details. For example, **ST/London**.
- 5. Click Save Site.

## **Export and Import Sites**

Cisco will usually collaborate with you to set up the sites in your model. The sites are set up according to the standards published by <u>http://geojson.io/</u> and can be exported or imported in GeoJSON or Site POJOs.

You can import (and export) sites in the following formats:

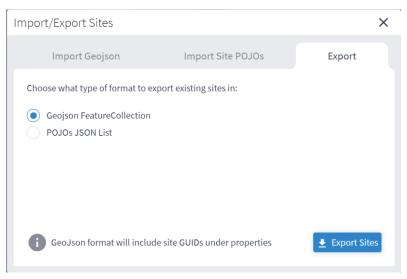
- GeoJSON
- Site POJOs

### To export sites:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Model Settings.
- 2. Select the **Sites** tab.
- 3. In Sites, click 🙆.

Import/Export Sites		×
Import Geojson	Import Site POJOs	Export
Specify what property holds a Fea file	ture's name and upload a GeoJs	on FeatureCollection
Features' Name Property*		
Select a GeoJson FeatureCol	lection file to upload	
(i) Uploading a file will update	already existing sites	Save Sites
Uproading a file will update	aiready existing sites	Save Sites

4. To export In Sites, select the Export tab.



- 5. Select the required format, and then click **Export sites 2**. The **netfusion-sites-geojson.json** file is downloaded.
- 6. (Optional) Use a JSON formatter to review the content.

```
1 - {
      "site": [
 2 -
3 -
          "guid": "ST/001ca9f0dc37",
4
          "latitude": 51.5105384,
 5
          "longitude": -0.5950406,
6
          "name": "SLO",
 7
8 -
          "parent": {
9
            "guid": "ST/001ca9f0dc37 0"
10
          },
          "extra": null
11
12
        },
13 -
        {
14
          "guid": "ST/001ca9f0dc37_0",
          "latitude": 51.5105384,
15
          "longitude": -0.5950406,
16
17
          "name": "SLO",
18 -
          "parent": {
19
            "guid": "ST/2971737bd3ba_0_1"
20
          },
21
          "extra": null
22
        },
23 -
          "guid": "ST/002d237f16fb8c65",
24
25
          "latitude": 37.9020842,
26
          "longitude": -6.5648524,
          "name": "ILA-SD1EV001-SD1SEV01-1",
27
          "parent": {
28 -
29
            "guid": "ST/002d237f16fb8c65 0"
30
          },
31
          "extra": null
32
        },
33 -
          "guid": "ST/002d237f16fb8c65_0",
34
35
          "latitude": 37.9020842,
36
          "longitude": -6.5648524,
37
          "name": "ILA-SD1EV001-SD1SEV01-1",
```

### To import sites:

- 1. (Option 1) Prepare the import file in **GeoJSON** format:
  - A quick way to create the file in the correct format is to export the current sites in the required format and then edit the file.
  - The GeoJSON import file must be a FeatureCollection GeoJSON file and not a single Feature GeoJSON file.
  - The GeoJSON import file MUST have a site name property that will be specified when you import the file.
  - The GeoJSON import file may include a GUID for each site. If a GUID is not provided, Sites Manager, generates a GUID for the GeoJSON feature. If a GUID is provided, Sites Manager uses it, and if a site with that GUID already exists it is updated.
  - Each site name (and GUID if included) must only appear once.
  - Site names are case insensitive.

- If a site already exists either by GUID or with an identical name, when you import the file, a message appears informing you that the site will be updated if you proceed.
- 2. (Option 2) Prepare the import file in Site POJOs format:
  - A quick way to create the file in the correct format is to export the current sites in the required format and then edit the file.
  - The SitePOJO import file has a fixed format and the site name property is name. This property does not have to be specified when you import the file.
  - The SitePOJO import file must include the site GUID as a property.
  - Each site name and GUID must only appear once.
  - Site names are case insensitive.
  - If a site already exists (by name or GUID), when you import the file, a message appears informing you that the site will be updated if you proceed.
- 3. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 4. Select the **Sites** tab.
- 5. In Sites, click 🔯 .

In	nport/Export Sites		×				
	Import Geojson	Import Site POJOs	Export				
	Specify what property holds a Featile	Specify what property holds a Feature's name and upload a GeoJson FeatureCollection file					
	Features' Name Property*						
	Select a GeoJson FeatureCollection file to upload						
	Uploading a file will update	e already existing sites	Save Sites				

- 6. To import sites in GeoJSON format:
  - Enter the property that includes the site name. Typically, this would be name.
  - Select a file to upload.
- 7. To import sites in Site POJOs format:
  - Select the Import Site POJOs tab.
  - Select a file to upload.
- 8. Click Save uploaded sites. The JSON file is processed.

9. If there are updates to existing sites, a list of the sites that will be updated appears. To proceed, click **Upload and Update Sites**.

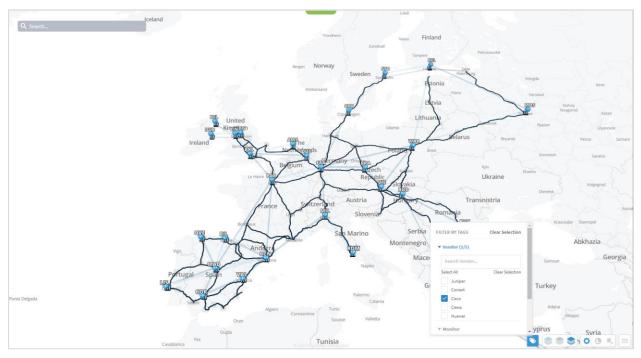
Confirm Sites to be updated	×
The following sites already exist, proceeding will update these sites and create n remaining sites in the uploaded file	ew sites for the
Sites That Will Be Updated	•
1641 ITEMS	
slo (ST/001ca9f0dc37)	
slo (ST/001ca9f0dc37_0)	
ila-sd1evo01-sd1sev01-1 (ST/002d237f16fb8c65)	
ila-sd1evo01-sd1sev01-1 (ST/002d237f16fb8c65_0)	
ila-sd1evo01-sd1sev01-1 (ST/002d237f16fb8c65_0_1)	
ila-sd1evo01-sd1sev01-1 (ST/002d237f16fb8c65_0_1_2)	
ila-sd2bra01-sd2clj01-0 (ST/02539c320f9a3dff)	
ila-sd2bra01-sd2clj01-0 (ST/02539c320f9a3dff_0)	
ila-sd2bra01-sd2clj01-0 (ST/02539c320f9a3dff_0_1)	
ila-sd2bra01-sd2clj01-0 (ST/02539c320f9a3dff_0_1_2)	
ila-sd1pra01-sd1vie01-0 (ST/027e3d88f5b57cbe)	
ila_cd1pra01_cd1vio01_0/ST/02702d99f5h57ch0_0)	
Cancel	d & Update Sites

# Tags

Resources can be tagged with a text label (using key:value pair). You can view, add, or delete tags in the Model Settings application (or using the Tags API).

Tags can be used as follows:

- In Explorer, for example, you can filter the 3D map by links tags this applies to the links that are visible in the map (logical, OMS), and you can select which tags to use as a map filter.
- In the Network Inventory application, you can show tags as columns.
- In the Path Optimization application, you can run a test on tagged links, and exclude tagged links from the path.
- In the Network Vulnerability application, you can run a test on tagged routers.
- In the Root Cause Analysis application, you can filter results by tag.



### View the Tags

#### To view the tags in Model Settings:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Tags** tab.

Tag Keys & Values	
1 ITEM	
Vendor	
	ey tags as 3D map filters
💊 Ciena 🕼	
Sisco 🕅	Inventory Item 71 Obje
💊 Coriant 🕼	Inventory Item 39 Obje
🔖 Huawei 🔘	Inventory Item 7 Obje
Suniper 🕅	Inventory Item 5 Obje
▼ Juniper IJ	Inventory Item 5 Obje
	+ Add a New Tag
	+ Add a New Tag

3. To view the tags, expand the tag key and select the value, for example, expand **Vendor**.

g Keys & Values	۲	TAG PROPERTIES
EMS		
Monitor		General Contguration     Key      Value     Value
Vendor	D	Vendor   Clsco  Types:  Inventory item  Link  Port  Service
Set all of this key tags as 3D map filters		/ General Information
Ciena 🕅 Inventory Item	424 Objects	Created At:         22:02:55, Feb 10 2021         Last Changed:         09:17:34, Feb 23 2021         Tagged Objects:         71         C? Refresh
Cisco	71 Objects	Last Bolvack 17 20 13, Feb 11 20
Coriant 🗐 Inventory Item	39 Objects	- Rule Editor
Huawei 🕅 Inventory Item	7 Objects	<pre>inventory_item(.vendor = "Cisco")</pre>
S Juniper 🕅 Inventory Item	5 Objects	
+ Add a New Tag		Delete Tag Clear Changes Save

# **Add Tags**

You can add a new value to an existing tag, or add a new tag.

### To add tags in Model Settings:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Tags** tab.
- 3. Click Add a New Tag.

Model Settings Tags Regions Events	c
Tag Keys & Values 🔹	NEW TAG FORM
> Monitor D	General Configuration
► Vendor 🛛	- Select -   Value* Types: InventoryItem Unk Port Service
	Pular Editor
+ Add a New Tag	Clear Changes

4. To add a new key, from the **Key** dropdown, select **Add New Key**.

- Select -	•	
- Select - Vendor Monitor		
- Add New Key		
New Key		Add Key

- 5. Enter a key name and click **Add Key**.
- 6. To add a new value to an existing key, from the **Key** dropdown select an existing key, and then enter a new **Value**.

- Key* Monitor	•	Value*

 In the Rule Editor, select the required resources to apply the key and value to, for example, inventory\_item | port and then click Save. The key entry is added, and you can see how many objects are tagged.

lel Settings Tags Reg	ons Events						
Keys & Values s	•	TAG PROPERTIES					
o <b>nitor</b> Set all of this key tags as 3D map filte	<b>D</b>	General Configuration	Value*			Types: Inventory	litem Link Port Servic
1 DI Inventory Item	424 Objects		Z			Types.	
2 IQI Port	4K Objects	Created At:	15:46:18, Mar 03 2021	Last Changed:	15:46:18, Mar 03 2021 Tagge	d Objects:	4136 C Refresh
ndor	a	Rule Editor					Last Rafresh: 15:48-18, Mar 6
		inventory_item   port					

# **Delete Tags**

To delete tags in Model Settings:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select **Services > Model Settings**.
- 2. Select the **Tags** tab.
- 3. Expand the required tag key and select a tag value.
- 4. Click **Delete Tag**.

Model Settings Tags Regions Events	
Tag Keys & Values -	TAG PROPERTIES
	General Configuration           Key*         Yalar*         Types:         Inventory Item         Link         Foot         Service           General Information         Created At:         1546:18, Mar 03 2021         Last Changed:         1546:18, Mar 03 2021         Tagged Objects:         4136         C Refresh
▶ Vendor 🛛	Lief Medit 1941, Kristian Rule Editor Inventory_Item   port
+ Add a New Tag	Yes, Delete Tag No, Leave It Clear Changes Save

5. Click **Yes, Delete Tag**.

# **View Tag Events**

You can view a list add, update, and delete tag events.

### To view tag events in Model Settings:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Services > Model Settings.
- 2. Select the **Events** tab.

gs General Events						
Name 21 ITEMS	۲	+ Time 🛞	Event Type 🛞	User Name 👻	Severity *	Details
Monitor=3		16:45:05 03-03-2021 UTC	Delete Tag	admin	AUDIT	Deleted tag config 'Monitor=3'
Monitor=3		16:44:53 03-03-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config 'Monitor=3'
Monitor=2		15:46:18 03-03-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config 'Monitor=2'
Aonitor=1		18:15:51 03-02-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Monitor=1'
Aonitor=1		09:31:37 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Monitor=1'
Aonitor=1		09:31:17 02-23-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config 'Monitor=1'
endor=Huawel		09:17:34 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Huawei'
endor=Ciena		09:17:34 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Ciena'
endor=Cisco		09:17:34 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Cisco'
endor=Coriant		09:17:34 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Coriant'
endor=Juniper		09:17:34 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Juniper'
(endor=Huawei		09:17:22 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Huawei'
/endor=Ciena		09:17:22 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Clena'
endor=Cisco		09:17:22 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Cisco'
/endor=Coriant		09:17:22 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Coriant'
endor=Juniper		09:17:22 02-23-2021 UTC	Update Tag	admin	AUDIT	Updated tag config 'Vendor=Juniper'
endor=Juniper		22:02:56 02-10-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config 'Vendor=Juniper'
endor=Huawei		22:02:55 02-10-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config 'Vendor=Huawei'
endor=Corlant		22:02:55 02-10-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config 'Vendor=Coriant'
endor=Cisco		22:02:55 02-10-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config "Vendor=Cisco"
endor=Ciena		22:02:55 02-10-2021 UTC	Add Tag	admin	AUDIT	Added tag config 'Vendor=Ciena'

## Tags API

Tags can also be added or changed by API or SHQL.

### Get Devices by Tags

You can get devices by tags using the SHQL app.

• To return all devices that are tagged with the Vendor tag set to Ciena (using SHQL):

```
inventory[.tags.Vendor has ("Ciena")]
```

### Add Tag to Device

You can create a tag and assign the tag with a value to a device (or several devices) using the tags API. This API uses an SHQL rule as a parameter. All devices returned by the SHQL rule are tagged with the specified value. For example, this creates a Vendor tag and assigns the value Ciena to all the inventory items with vendor equal to Ciena.

Parameter	Description
category	The tag category, for example, Vendor.
value	The value to tag the device with, for example, Ciena.
rules	The SHQL rule to apply. The rule MUST return items. Use the following in the rules: regions, tags, site, inventory.

For example, you can add tags to devices by using a query that returns all devices in a specific region:

### **Delete Tag**

You can delete a tag.

DELETE "https://\$SERVER/api/v2/config/tags/Vendor=Ciena"

# Managed Devices

The following statuses are available per device (and as a total for all the devices) in the Managed Devices table in Device Manager.

		Information Types							
Possible values	Inventory	Statistics							
ОК	Vhen the adapter collecting the specific info type successfully reached the device NMS system or device self and discovered the device data.								
ERROR	1 0	When the adapter collecting the info type reached the device but could not collect the required nformation, for example, wrong credentials, command type error, or no data.							
UNREACHABLE	When the adapter collecting the ir connectivity.	When the adapter collecting the info type failed to reach the device, typically because of a problem with connectivity.							
WARNING	N/A	N/A	When the adapter that collects statistics failed to get the data of some device ports.						
UNKNOWN	When no status was reported by t Refer this to support.	he adapter. This occurs when there i	s an internal communication error.						

Crosswork Hierarchical Controller sends SYSLOG events when the device reachability state changes.

You can add devices and assign them to adapters.

## Link Management

The Link Manager application enables you to manually add and validate inter-links (or cross-links) from IP to optical networks or the links added by the user in the application are merged into the Crosswork Hierarchical Controller network model.

You can add Ethernet and NMC cross links manually:

- Ethernet links IP to optical
- NMC link Muxponder or Transponder to ROADM

The IP links are validated:

- When a link is added, or the link status changes
- Periodically (per the configured cycle time)
- Manually by the user

Note: Link validation for Ethernet links is achieved by analyzing PM counters received on the link ports.

**Note:** From version 7.0, you can validate an NMC link, that is, a link from a Transponder/Muxponder to a ROADM. This validation toggles the Optical Controller power status and correlates it to the live optical power gathered from the ONC controller for the corresponding add/drop port.

### View Cross Link Info

You can select a cross link and view the summary information. The **Provider** column indicates whether the cross link was manually added or detected by the network, and the **Status** indicates whether the cross link is **Unknown** (added manually or by an adapter and not yet validated), **Validated**, or **Unlikely** (validation failed, mismatch with another validated cross-link).

#### To view the cross link info:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Click on a cross link.

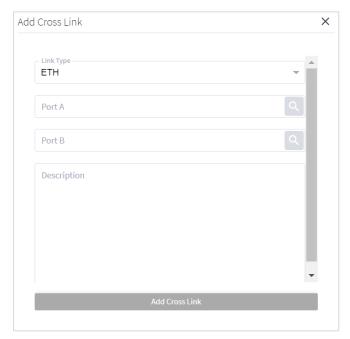
Link Manager	Cross Links										0 C
► Add Cross Link											🗸 Validate All Manual
Link Name	✓ Descripti	on 👻	Туре 👻	Provider	•	Device A / Port A	▪ Device B / Port B	•	Status	- Method -	Last Change
66 ITEMS											
HundredGigE0/0/1/8 to 1-6-2	Converte		ETH	Manual		CR2.ADE / HundredGigE0/0/1/8	SD1ADE02 / 1-6-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
lundredGigE0/0/2/7 to 1-2-4	Convert	ed fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.SYD / HundredGigE0/0/2/7	SD1SYD02 / 1-2-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
lundredGigE0/0/2/6 to 1-3-4	Converte	ed fr	ETH	Manual		CR2.MEL / HundredGigE0/0/2/6	SD1MEL02 / 1-3-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
lundredGigE0/0/1/8 to 1-3-4	Converte	ed fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.ADE / HundredGigE0/0/1/8	SD1ADE02 / 1-3-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/1/6 to 1-1-4	Converte	ed fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.DAR / HundredGigE0/0/1/6	SD1DAR02 / 1-1-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/2/7 to 1-3-2	Converte	ed fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.MEL / HundredGigE0/0/2/7	SD1MEL02 / 1-3-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
lundredGigE0/0/2/6 - 1-2-2	Converte	ed fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.SYD / HundredGigE0/0/2/6	SD1SYD02 / 1-2-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
Manual Cross Link 1-3-1 to 1-1-5/C	HA Test002		NMC	Manual		SD1PER02 / 1-3-1	SD1SYD01 / 1-1-5/CHAN	1 (196.03)	Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:29:19 BST
10ge-0/1/1 - 1-3-2	conflictin	ng w	ETH	Manual		CR1.CAI / 10ge-0/1/1	SD1ADE02 / 1-3-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
TenGigE0/0/2/6 - 1-1-4	recreate	d	ETH	Manual		CR1.BRI / TenGigE0/0/2/6	SD1BRI02 / 1-1-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/1/6 to 1-2-4	Converte	ed fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.ADE / HundredGigE0/0/1/6	SD1ADE02 / 1-2-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
						Summary	History				
INK NAME HundredGigE0/0/2/7 to 1-2-4					DEVICE A / F CR1.SYD/H	PORT A undredGigE0/0/2/7			E B / PORT B /D02/1-2-4		
TIME ADDED 2022-09-14 18:01:50 BST					SOURCE Manual			STATU Unkno			
IETHOD I/A					LAST CHANO 2022-10-24	GE 19:24:30 BST			IPTION rted from legacy mai	nual cross_link 'Hundred	GigE0/0/2/7 to 1-2-4'
Validate Link											📋 Delete I

# Add a Cross Link

You can add an Ethernet or NMC cross link.

### To add a cross link:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Click Add Cross Link.



- 3. To add link, in the Link Type, select ETH or NMC.
- 4. For **Port A** and **Port B**, click . In the **Ports** tab, select a port, or click on the **3D Explorer** tab to select a port. Click **OK**. For NMC cross links

<b>*</b> ~		Advanced	31	) Explorer		
			PORTS			
Name	Device	<b>•</b> Туре	✓ Capacity	<ul> <li>Description</li> </ul>	✓ Admin Status	-
0 ITEMS						
enGigE0/0/2/9	ER1.SYD	R_PHYSICAL	10.00 GB		UP	
lundredGigE0/0/1/6	ER1.BRI	R_PHYSICAL	100.00 GB	to CR1.BRI:HundredGigE0	/0/3/6 UP	
HundredGigE0/0/1/8	CR1.DAR	R_PHYSICAL	100.00 GB	to ER1.DAR:100ge-0/1/1	UP	
HundredGigE0/0/1/13	CR1.ADE	R_PHYSICAL	100.00 GB	to CR2.ADE:HundredGigE	0/0/1/6 UP	
10ge-0/2/1	ER1.DAR	R_PHYSICAL	10.00 GB		UP	
FourHundredGigE0/0/2/6	ER1.ADE	R_PHYSICAL	400.00 GB	L3 Physical of Cisco RON O	Cisco QSFP UP	
TenGigE0/0/2/8	ER1.SYD	R_PHYSICAL	10.00 GB		UP	
TenGigE0/0/2/6	ER1.SYD	R_PHYSICAL	10.00 GB		UP	
HundredGigE0/0/2/9	CR1.MEL	R_PHYSICAL	100.00 GB	to ER1.MEL:HundredGigE	0/0/1/7 UP	
GigabitEthernet1/2/1	ER1.PER	R_PHYSICAL	10.00 GB		UP	
10ge-0/2/4	ER1.DAR	R_PHYSICAL	10.00 GB		UP	
TenGigE0/0/2/6	ER1.MEL	R_PHYSICAL	10.00 GB		UP	
HundredGigE0/0/1/7	CR1.ADE	R_PHYSICAL	100.00 GB	to CR1.MEL:HundredGigE	0/0/2/7 UP	
100ge-0/1/1	ER1.DAR	R_PHYSICAL	100.00 GB	to CR1.DAR:HundredGigE	0/0/1/8 UP	

**Note:** For more information on 3D Explorer, see the *Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller Network Visualization Guide*.

- 5. Add a **Description**.
- 6. Click Add Cross Link.

### Validate All Manual Cross Links

You can validate all manual cross links. For an Ethernet link, if there is a conflict between a manually added cross link and a cross link detected from the network, the manually added link is removed from Cisco Crosswork Hierarchical Controller network model. Such links remain in a separate table, and you can view them in the Link Manager application. This also removes all cross links that are marked as deleted.

Note: Validating all manual links applies to Ethernet links only.

#### To validate manual cross links:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Click Validate all Manual Links. The Status is updated.



3. Click OK.

### Validate a Manual Cross Link

You can validate a manual cross link. In version 6.0, you can only validate Ethernet links.

#### To validate a manual cross link:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Select the required manual link.

Link Manager c	ross Links										0 C
+ Add Cross Link		_									🗸 Validate All Manual
Link Name	▼ Description	iption 🝷	Type 💌	Provider	-	Device A / Port A	✓ Device B / Port B	•	Status -	Method 👻	Last Change
56 ITEMS											
HundredGigE0/0/1/8 to 1-6-2	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR2.ADE / HundredGigE0/0/1/8	SD1ADE02 / 1-6-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/2/7 to 1-2-4	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.SYD / HundredGigE0/0/2/7	SD1SYD02 / 1-2-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/2/6 to 1-3-4	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR2.MEL / HundredGigE0/0/2/6	SD1MEL02 / 1-3-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/1/8 to 1-3-4	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.ADE / HundredGigE0/0/1/8	SD1ADE02 / 1-3-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/1/6 to 1-1-4	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.DAR / HundredGigE0/0/1/6	SD1DAR02 / 1-1-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/2/7 to 1-3-2	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.MEL / HundredGigE0/0/2/7	SD1MEL02 / 1-3-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/2/6 - 1-2-2	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.SYD / HundredGigE0/0/2/6	SD1SYD02 / 1-2-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
Manual Cross Link 1-3-1 to 1-1-5/CHA	A Test0	02	NMC	Manual		SD1PER02 / 1-3-1	SD1SYD01 / 1-1-5/CHAN 1 (1	96.03)	Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:29:19 BST
10ge-0/1/1 - 1-3-2	confli	icting w	ETH	Manual		CR1.CAI / 10ge-0/1/1	SD1ADE02 / 1-3-2		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
TenGigE0/0/2/6 - 1-1-4	recrea	ated	ETH	Manual		CR1.BRI / TenGigE0/0/2/6	SD1BRI02 / 1-1-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
HundredGigE0/0/1/6 to 1-2-4	Conv	erted fr	ETH	Manual		CR1.ADE / HundredGigE0/0/1/6	SD1ADE02 / 1-2-4		Unknown	N/A	2022-10-24 19:24:30 BST
						Summary	History				
LINK NAME HundredGigE0/0/2/7 to 1-2-4					DEVICE A / F CR1.SYD/H	ORT A undredGigE0/0/2/7			B / PORT B 002/1-2-4		
TIME ADDED 2022-09-14 18:01:50 BST					SOURCE Manual			STATUS Unkno			
METHOD N/A					LAST CHANO 2022-10-24	GE 19:24:30 BST		DESCRI Conver	PTION ted from legacy manual cr	oss_link 'HundredG	igE0/0/2/7 to 1-2-4'
Validate Link											📅 Delete

#### 3. In the lower pane, click Validate Link.

Validation Completed	×
Manually added cross link HundredGigE0/0/2/6 / 1-3-4 was validated successfully with validation result: Unknown	
Ok	

4. Click Ok.

### Validate an NMC Link

From version 7.0, you can validate an NMC link, that is, a link from a Transponder/Muxponder to a ROADM. This validation toggles the Optical Controller power status and correlates it to the live optical power gathered from the ONC controller for the corresponding add/drop port.

Note: This may take several minutes and will disrupt traffic during that period.

#### To validate an NMC link:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Click on an NMC cross link.
- 3. In the Summary tab, click Validate Link. This may impact on traffic.

Link Manager Cross Lin	ke								0 0 4
+ Add Cross Link									Validate All Manual Lin
Link Name 18 ITEMS	• Description •	Туре 👻	Provider	✓ Device A / I	Port A	Device B / Port B	- Status	✓ Method	<ul> <li>Last Change</li> </ul>
18 ITEMS Manual Cross Link ron-8201-1 Optics0/0/0/8.	., ron-8201-1 to r	NMC	Manual	rop.els.1	roadm / 4/AD-2	ron-8201-1 / Optics0/0/0/8	Unknown	N/A	2023-03-30 03:21:15 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/.		NMC	Manual		roadm / 7/CHAN 33 (193.700)	ron-asr9903-1 / Optics0/0/1/4	Unknown	N/A	2023-03-30 03:23:57 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-8201-32FH-3 Optics0.		NMC	Manual		roadm / 2/PORT-4	ron-8201-32FH-3 / Optics0/0/0/4	Unknown	N/A	2023-03-30 07:55:39 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/.		NMC	Manual		roadm / 6/PORT-1	ron-asr9903-1 / Optics0/0/1/16	Unknown	N/A	2023-03-30 07:56:51 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-ncs57c3-1 Optics0/0/		NMC	Manual		roadm / 0/1/0/6	ron-ncs57c3-1 / Optics0/0/2/0	Validated By Shut No Shut	Shut no shut	2023-03-21 10:58:57 GMT
Manual Cross Link ron-ncs5504-1 Optics0/0/		NMC	Manual		roadm / 0/3/0/6	ron-ncs5504-1 / Optics0/0/0/0	Validated By Shut No Shut	Shut no shut	2023-03-30 09:39:03 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-8201-2 Optics0/0/0/1.		NMC	Manual		roadm / 3/CHAN 49 (192.500)	ron-8201-2 / Optics0/0/0/10	Unknown	N/A	2023-03-30 15:12:18 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-ncs540-2dd-1 Optics.		NMC	Manual		roadm / 1/CHAN 49 (192.500)	ron-ncs540-2dd-1 / Optics0/0/0/0	Unknown	N/A	2023-03-31 05:51:16 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-poc-8201-1 Optics0/		NMC	Manual		201-1 / Optics0/0/0/20	ron-poc-ols-1-roadm / 1/CHAN 13 (195.200)	Unknown	N/A	2023-04-02 02:34:58 BST
Manual Cross Link ron-poc-8201-2 Optics0/		NMC	Manual		201-2 / Optics0/0/0/20	ron-poc-ols-2-roadm / 1/CHAN 13 (195.200)	Unknown	N/A	2023-04-02 02:35:31 BST
			Summar		Evidence	History			
LINK NAME				Y CE A / PORT A	Evidence		E B / PORT B		
IIME ADDED D023-03-30 08:15:40 BST HETHOD Shut no shut					T	DESCR	S ted By Shut No Shut IIFTION 115763-1 to ron2_olt1-roadm		C Delete Lin
Confirm Vali	datior	١				×			
This action n	nay hav	e im	pact on	traffic.	Are you su Confirm	ire?			

### 4. Click **Confirm**.

5. To view the link validation results, click the Evidence tab. The blue line represents the configured ZR Port value over time, and the red line shows the readings from the optical port. You can hover over any of the points in the graph to see the actual values, where -50 dBm indicates zero power. There is an initial wait period after the shutdown before the readings start. This is indicated in the flat line once the validation is initiated. The Status of the link changes from Unknown to Validated By Shut No Shut.

		Summary		Evidence	History	
			-10			
Validation Time	<ul> <li>Validation Result</li> </ul>	ZR Port				
2 ITEMS		0/1/0/6	-15		118.59	
2023-03-21 10:58:57 GMT	Validated By Shut No Shut		-20		0/1/0/6: -18.72	
2023-03-09 19:11:12 GMT	Validated By Shut No Shut Failed		Ê -25			
			g -30			
			d -35			
			-40			
			-45			
			-50	<i>ે જે જે</i>	」」、いいていていい、いいい、いい、いい、いい、いい、いい、いい、いい、いい、いい、	B&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&
					Time (Seconds)	

6. To view the history of the link, select the **History** tab. The Action Type indicates when the link was inserted, deleted, or updated.

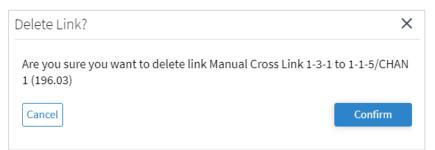
	Summary		Evidence			History	
Time 👻	Object Name	-	Object Type 👻	Action Type	۲	Changed Attributes	
9 ITEMS							
2023-03-31 09:05:49 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	INSERT			
2023-03-31 09:04:45 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	DELETE			
2023-03-31 06:25:39 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	INSERT			
2023-03-31 05:48:06 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	DELETE			
2023-03-31 05:45:09 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	INSERT			
2023-03-31 05:44:03 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	DELETE			
2023-03-30 03:29:25 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	INSERT			
2023-03-30 03:28:18 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	DELETE			
2023-03-30 03:23:57 BST	Manual Cross Link ron-asr9903-1 Optics0/0/1/4 to ron-ols-4-r	road	Link	INSERT			

## **Delete a Cross Link**

You can delete a manual cross link. The cross link is marked as deleted and is removed when the next validation runs.

#### To delete a manual cross link:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Select the required manual link.
- 3. In the lower pane, click **Delete Link**.



4. Click Confirm.

Deletion Successful	×
Link Manual Cross Link 1-3-1 to 1-1-5/CHAN 1 (196.03) was deleted successfully	
Ok	

- 5. Click Ok.
- 6. Select the deleted cross link and click on the **History** tab to view the **DELETE** action.

	Summary			History	
Time -	Object Name 💿	Object Type	-	Action Type 👻	Changed Attributes
2 ITEMS					
Oct 24 2022 18:25:04 UTC	Manual Cross Link Optics0/0/1/9 to 1-1-5/CHAN 2 (195.95)	Link		DELETE	
Oct 24 2022 18:24:18 UTC	Manual Cross Link Optics0/0/1/9 to 1-1-5/CHAN 2 (195.95)	Link		INSERT	

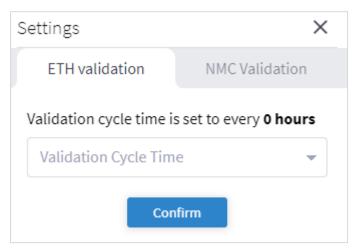
The link is removed when the next validation runs.

## Set ETH Validation Cycle Time

You can set the validation cycle time.

#### To set the validation cycle time:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Click **\***.



- 3. In the ETH validation tab, select the Validation Cycle Time.
- 4. Click **Confirm**.

### **Set NMC Validation Settings**

You can set the validation settings.

### To set the validation settings:

- 1. In the applications bar in Crosswork Hierarchical Controller, select Link Manager.
- 2. Click **\***.
- 3. Select the NMC Validation tab.

Settings	×
ETH validation	NMC Validation
Power on [dbm]: -11	
Power off <b>[dbm]</b> : -50	
Timestamp precision [sec]	2
Number of cycles: 3	
Wait period to receive sam	ples while on <b>[sec]</b> : 200
Wait period to receive sam	ples while off <b>[sec]</b> : 50
Sample interval [sec]: 2	
Buffer for power off/on [db	<b>m]</b> : 10
Co	nfirm

- 4. Specify the settings.
- 5. Click **Confirm**.