



# Cisco Remote PHY Device IPv6

## Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <http://tools.cisco.com/ITDIT/CFN/>. An account on <http://www.cisco.com/> is not required.

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## Hardware Compatibility Matrix for Cisco Remote PHY Device



**Note** Unless otherwise specified, the hardware components introduced in a given Cisco Remote PHY Device Software Release are supported in all subsequent releases.

*Table 1: Hardware Compatibility Matrix for the Cisco 2x2 Remote PHY Device*

Cisco HFC Platform	Remote PHY Device
Cisco GS7000 BAU	Cisco 2x2 RPD Software 2.x and Later Releases Cisco Remote PHY Device 2x2 PID—RPD-2X2=

## Information about RPD IPv6

The CableLabs' MHA v2 standards requires CCAP Core and RPD must support both IPv4 and IPv6, which means the Remote PHY Signaling between the CCAP Core and RPD is able to run on both IPv4 and IPv6 networks.

**Note**

- CCAP Core can support IPv4/IPv6 dual stack.
- RPD can support either IPv4 or IPv6 network.
- RPD does not support IPv4/IPv6 Dual Stack at the same time.
- RPD will try IPv6 connection first. When DHCPv6 failed, RPD will try DHCPv4.
- For single RPD, all the server addresses, protocols to communicate with it must be in the same IP version.

## Configure RPD IPv6 Unicast Online

This section describes how to configure RPD IPv6 Unicast Online on Cisco cBR-8.

### Configure Unicast IPv6

To configure Unicast IPv6, complete the following procedure:

1. Enable IPv6 unicast routing.

```
configure terminal
ipv6 unicast-routing
```

2. Configure IPv6 Address on DPIC interface.

```
configure terminal
interface TenGigabitEthernet slot/1/port
ipv6 enable
ipv6 address ipv6_address
```

### Configure RPD core interface

To configure RPD core interface, complete the following procedure:

```
configure terminal
cable rpd name
identifier rpd_mac
core-interface tenG_interface
principal
rpd-ds id downstream-cable controller profile id
rpd-us id upstream-cable controller profile id
```

## Configure IPv6 PTP Clock Option

To configure the IPv6 PTP Clock Option, complete the following procedure:

1. Configure CBR as PTP slave, see the configuration example below:

```
configure terminal
  interface Loopback1588
    ip address 158.158.158.5 255.255.255.255
  ptp clock ordinary domain 0
    servo tracking-type R-DTI
    clock-port slave-from-903 slave
    delay-req interval -4
    sync interval -5
    sync one-step
  transport ipv4 unicast interface Lo15888 negotiation
  clock source 10.90.3.93
```




---

**Note** CCAP-Core as PTP slave can only support IPv4.

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2. Configure R-DTI for RPD PTP IPv6.

```
configure terminal
ptp r-dti number
ptp-domain domain
clock-port number
ethernet number
transport ipv6
clock source ipv6 address gateway ipv6 gateway
```




---

**Note**

- PTP domain and 1588 master have same domain number.
- Clock source IPv6 address is 1588 master IPv6 address.
- Gateway is next hop to 1588 master, and it is optional.
- For RPD, ethernet 1=vbh0, ethernet 2=vbh1, ethernet 0 will choose either vbh0 or vbh1 which is functional as clock-port.

---

3. Associate R-DTI with RPD configuration.

```
configure terminal
cable rpd id
r-dti number
```

## Verify IPv6 PTP Clock Option Configuration

To display the CBR PTP Status, use the **show ptp clock running** command as shown in the example below:

```
Router# show ptp clock running
Load for five secs: 6%/2%; one minute: 7%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *05:11:13.610 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017
```

```

PTP Ordinary Clock [Domain 0]
      State      Ports      Pkts sent      Pkts rcvd      Redundancy Mode
      PHASE_ALIGNED 1          2478203        7512533        Hot standby
                                PORT SUMMARY
Name      Tx Mode      Role      Transport      State      Sessions      PTP Master
                                Port Addr
slave-from-903 unicast      slave      Lo15888        Slave      1              10.90.3.93

```

To display the RPD PTP Status, use the **show ptp clock** command as shown in the example below:

```

Router# show ptp clock 0 config
Domain/Mode      : 0/OC_SLAVE
Priority 1/2/local : 128/255/128
Profile          : 001b19000100-000000 E2E
Total Ports/Streams : 1 /1
--PTP Port 23, Enet Port 1 ----
  Port local Address :2001:120:102:70:7:1b71:476c:70ba
  Unicast Duration :300 Sync Interval : -4
  Announce Interval : 0 Timeout      : 11
  Delay-Req Intreval : -4 Pdelay-req  : -4
  Priority local     :128 COS: 6 DSCP: 47
  ==Stream 0 : Port 23 Master IP: 2001:10:90:3::93

Router# show ptp clock 0 state
apr state      : PHASE_LOCK
clock state    : SUB_SYNC
current tod    : 1508640223 Sun Oct 22 02:43:43 2017
active stream  : 0
==stream 0 :
  port id      : 0
  master ip    : 2001:10:90:3::93
  stream state : PHASE_LOCK
  Master offset : 3490
  Path delay   : -27209
  Forward delay : -27333
  Reverse delay : -27085
  Freq offset  : 6544364
  1Hz offset   : 49

Router# show ptp clock 0 statistics
AprState 4 :
  2@0-00:06:25.027 1@0-00:06:15.382 0@0-00:03:51.377
  4@0-00:03:32.176
ClockState 5 :
  5@0-00:06:36.141 4@0-00:06:33.684 3@0-00:06:30.510
  2@0-00:06:25.512 1@0-00:06:24.982
BstPktStrm 1 :
  0@0-00:06:15.987
StepTime 1 :
  908222863@0-00:05:42.199
AdjustTime 2589 :
  -339@1-20:18:42.949 -321@1-20:17:41.949 49@1-20:16:40.949
  145@1-20:15:39.949 6@1-20:14:38.949 261@1-20:13:37.949
  327@1-20:12:36.949 76@1-20:11:35.949 157@1-20:10:34.949
streamId msgType rx rxProcessed lost tx
0 SYNC 2549177 2549177 4292476931 0
0 DELAY REQUEST 0 0 0 2549150
0 P-DELAY REQUEST 0 0 0 0
0 P-DELAY RESPONSE 0 0 0 0
0 FOLLOW UP 0 0 0 0
0 DELAY RESPONSE 2549144 2549144 4292476934 0
0 P-DELAY FOLLOWUP 0 0 0 0
0 ANNOUNCE 159330 159330 4294836225 0

```

0	SIGNALING	1662	1662	0	1663
0	MANAGEMENT	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	5259313	5259313	12879790090	2550813

## Verify RPD IPv6 Configuration

To display the RPD IPv6 Status, use the **show cable rpd ipv6** command as shown in the example below:

```
Router# show cable rpd ipv6
Load for five secs: 7%/2%; one minute: 9%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *14:03:13.622 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017
MAC Address      I/F          State      Role HA  Auth IP Address
0004.9f03.0226  Te0/1/6     online    Pri  Act N/A  2001:120:102:70:7:1B71:476C:70BA
0004.9f03.0232  Te0/1/7     online    Pri  Act N/A  ---
0004.9f03.0256  Te0/1/2     online    Pri  Act N/A  2001:120:102:70:3:830A:FAEA:CF7E
0004.9f03.0268  Te0/1/6     online    Pri  Act N/A  2001:120:102:70:7:41F1:7CCD:4475
0004.9f03.0268  Te6/1/6     online    Aux  Act N/A  2001:120:102:70:7:41F1:7CCD:4475
badb.ad13.5d7e  Te0/1/2     online    Pri  Act N/A  2001:120:102:70:3:FF46:1FF9:29FE
```

## Configure IPv6 DS Splitting

This section describes how to configure RPD IPv6 DS splitting on Cisco cBR-8. In this configuration, different RPDs share the same DS SG traffic. For each DS sharing controller, one unique IPv6 multicast IP is assigned according to multicast pool. When RPD is IPv6 online, all DS sharing Controller associated multicast IPs are IPv6 type. Multiple DS controllers used by one RPD core must be either IPv4 or IPv6 and cannot be mixed. RPD sharing same DS Controller must only be IPv4 or IPv6 online and cannot be mixed. Multiple RPD cores in one RPD must only be IPv4 or IPv6 online and cannot be mixed.

## Configure the multicast IPv6 DEPI pool

To configure multicast IPv6 DEPI pool, complete the following procedure:

```
configure terminal
cable depi multicast pool id
ipv6 address ip/prefix
```

## Enable Multicast Sharing under Downstream Controller Profile

To configure Unicast IPV6, complete the following procedure (same as IPv4 downstream splitting):

```
configure terminal
cable downstream controller-profile id
multicast-pool id
```

## Configure the RPD with the Same Downstream Controller and Profile

To configure the RPDs with the same downstream controller and profile, complete the procedure as shown in the example below (same as IPv4 downstream splitting):

```
configure terminal
  cable rpd node_1
    core-interface tenGigabitEthernet 9/1/0
      rpd-ds 0 controller downstream-cable 9/0/0 profile 0
```

```

        rpd-us 0 controller upstream-cable 9/0/0 profile 221
cable rpd node_2
    core-interface tenGigabitEthernet 9/1/0
        rpd-ds 0 controller downstream-cable 9/0/0 profile 0
        rpd-us 0 controller upstream-cable 9/0/0 profile 221

```

## Configure the RPDs to different fiber-nodes

To configure the RPDs to different fiber-nodes, complete the procedure as shown in the example below (same as IPv4 downstream splitting):

```

configure terminal
  cable fiber-node 100
    downstream Downstream-Cable 9/0/0
    upstream Upstream-Cable 9/0/0
  cable fiber-node 101
    downstream Downstream-Cable 9/0/0
    upstream Upstream-Cable 9/0/1

```

## Configure the RPDs to MAC Domain

To configure the RPDs to the MAC domain, complete the procedure as shown in the example below (same as IPv4 downstream splitting):

```

configure terminal
  interface Cable9/0/0
    downstream Downstream-Cable 9/0/0 rf-channel 0
    downstream Downstream-Cable 9/0/0 rf-channel 8
    upstream 0 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 0
    upstream 1 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 1
    upstream 2 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 2
    upstream 3 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 3
    upstream 4 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 0
    upstream 5 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 1
    upstream 6 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 2
    upstream 7 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 3
    cable upstream bonding-group 1
      upstream 0
      upstream 1
      upstream 2
      upstream 3
      attributes 800000F0
    cable upstream bonding-group 2
      upstream 4
      upstream 5
      upstream 6
      upstream 7
      attributes 8000000F

```

Or use the following example (same as IPv4 downstream splitting):

```

configure terminal
  interface Cable9/0/0
    downstream Downstream-Cable 9/0/0 rf-channel 0
    upstream 0 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 0
    upstream 1 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 1
    upstream 2 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 2
    upstream 3 Upstream-Cable 9/0/0 us-channel 3
    cable upstream bonding-group 1
      upstream 0
      upstream 1

```

```

        upstream 2
        upstream 3
        attributes 800000F0
configure terminal
interface Cable9/0/1
    downstream Downstream-Cable 9/0/0 rf-channel 8
    upstream 0 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 0
    upstream 1 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 1
    upstream 2 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 2
    upstream 3 Upstream-Cable 9/0/1 us-channel 3
    cable upstream bonding-group 1
        upstream 0
        upstream 1
        upstream 2
        upstream 3
        attributes 800000F0

```

## Enable IPv6 multicast on Cisco cBR-8 Router

To enable the IPv6 multicast on cBR-8, complete the following procedure:

```

configure terminal
ipv6 multicast-routing

```

If cBR-8 and RPD are connected in L2 network, we recommend to enable MLD Snooping in L2 switches.

## Verify the IPv6 DS Splitting Configuration

To display the IPv6 multicast DEPI pool, use the **show cable depi multicast pool ipv6** command as shown in the example below:

```

Router# show cable depi multicast pool ipv6
Load for five secs: 8%/2%; one minute: 7%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *06:57:11.898 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017
POOL ID      IPv6                                DESCRIPTION
22           FF3B::8000:0/100
50           FF3A::8000:0/126                    zyq
100          FF39::8000:0/120                    zyq
Infra_C05#show cable depi multicast pool ipv6 id 22
Load for five secs: 8%/2%; one minute: 8%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *07:00:03.577 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017
POOL ID      IPv6                                DESCRIPTION
22           FF3B::8000:0/100

```

To display the assigned IPv6 multicast address, use the **show cable depi multicast ipv6** command as shown in the example below:

```

Router# show cable depi multicast ipv6 all
Load for five secs: 10%/3%; one minute: 8%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *07:01:33.659 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017
IPv6                POOL ID      CONTROLLER
FF3A::8000:0        50           9/0/2(291)
FF3A::8000:1        50           9/0/28(317)
FF39::8000:0        100          9/0/29(318)
FF3A::8000:2        50           9/0/30(319)
Infra_C05#show cable depi multicast ipv6 FF3A::8000:0
Load for five secs: 7%/2%; one minute: 8%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *07:01:44.020 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017
IPv6                POOL ID      CONTROLLER
FF3A::8000:0        50           9/0/2(291)

```

To display the relationship between the downstream controller profile and IPv6 multicast Pool, use the **show cable downstream controller-profile** command as shown in the example below:

```
Router# show cable downstream controller-profile 100
Load for five secs: 24%/3%; one minute: 10%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *07:10:28.074 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017

Downstream controller-profile 100, type RPHY
Description:
Downstream controller-profile 100 is being used by controller Downstream-Cable:
  0/0/30,
  Admin: UP
  MaxOfdmSpectrum: 192000000
  MaxCarrier: 158
  Mode: normal
  Free freq block list has 3 blocks:
    45000000 - 449999999
    594000000 - 602999999
    795000000 - 1217999999
DS Splitting: Yes
Multicast Pool ID: 50
  OFDM frequency exclusion bands: None
```

```
Configured RF Channels:
Chan Admin Frequency Type Annex Mod srate Qam-profile dcid output
0 UP 453000000 DOCSIS B 256 5361 1 1 NORMAL
1 UP 459000000 DOCSIS B 256 5361 1 2 NORMAL
2 UP 465000000 DOCSIS B 256 5361 1 3 NORMAL
```

To display the RPD associated with the downstream controller, use the **show controllers downstream-Cable** command as shown in the example below:

```
Router# show controllers downstream-Cable 9/0/2 rpd
Load for five secs: 8%/2%; one minute: 9%; five minutes: 8%
No time source, *07:14:20.326 UTC Sun Oct 22 2017
Controller RPD DS Port List:(2 of 2)
RPD ID I/F Name
-----
badb.ad13.5d7e Te9/1/2 node_3
0004.9f03.0256 Te9/1/2 node_5
```

When the DS Controller IPv4/IPv6 type and the RPD IPv4/IPv6 online type conflicts, the RPD log prompts the confliction as shown in the example below:

```
Router# show cable rpd 0004.9f00.0979 Te3/1/0 log reverse
RPD ID I/F Severity Time LOG INFORMATION
-----
0004.9f00.0979 Te3/1/0 ERROR
2017-09-23 21:44:52.851 RPD 0004.9f00.0979 CoreTe 3/1/0 reset connection due to unmatched
IPv4/IPv6 between GCP connection(IPv6) and Downstream Sharing Controllers 3/1/0(IPv4)
0004.9f00.0979 Te3/1/0 ERROR
2017-09-23 21:44:50.817 RPD 0004.9f00.0979 CoreTe 3/1/0 reset connection due to unmatched
IPv4/IPv6 between GCP connection(IPv6) and Downstream Sharing Controllers 3/1/0(IPv4)
```

## Feature Information for Remote-PHY Device IPv6

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.



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**Table 2: Feature Information for Remote-PHY Device IPv6**

<b>Feature Name</b>	<b>Releases</b>	<b>Feature Information</b>
Remote-PHY Device IPv6	Cisco 2x2 RPD Software 2.x	This feature was introduced on the Cisco 2x2 Remote PHY Device.

