

# **COPS Engine Operation**

This document describes the Common Open Policy Service (COPS) engine feature on the Cisco CMTS routers. The Cisco CMTS routers also support Access control lists (ACLs) with the COPS engine.

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## **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features that are documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. The Feature Information Table at the end of this document provides information about the documented features and lists the releases in which each feature is supported.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to http://tools.cisco.com/ITDIT/CFN/. An account on http://www.cisco.com/ is not required.

# Hardware Compatibility Matrix for the Cisco cBR Series Routers



Note

P The hardware components that are introduced in a given Cisco IOS-XE Release are supported in all subsequent releases unless otherwise specified.

Cisco CMTS Platform	Processor Engine	Interface Cards
Cisco cBR-8 Converged Broadband Router	Cisco IOS-XE Release 16.5.1 and Later Releases	Cisco IOS-XE Release 16.5.1 and Later Releases
	Cisco cBR-8 Supervisor:	Cisco cBR-8 CCAP Line Cards:
	• PID—CBR-SUP-250G	• PID—CBR-LC-8D30-16U3(
	• PID—CBR-CCAP-SUP-160G	• PID—CBR-LC-8D31-16U3(
		• PID—CBR-RF-PIC
		• PID—CBR-RF-PROT-PIC
		• PID—CBR-CCAP-LC-40G
		• PID—CBR-CCAP-LC-40G-F
		• PID—CBR-CCAP-LC-G2-F
		• PID—CBR-SUP-8X10G-PIC
		• PID—CBR-2X100G-PIC
		Digital PICs:
		• PID—CBR-DPIC-8X10G
		• PID—CBR-DPIC-2X100G
		Cisco cBR-8 Downstream PHY Module:
		• PID—CBR-D31-DS-MOD
		Cisco cBR-8 Upstream PHY Modules:
		• PID—CBR-D31-US-MOD

Table 1: Hardware Compatibility Matrix for the Cisco cBR Series Routers

**Note** Do not use DPICs (8X10G and 2x100G) to forward IP traffic, as it may cause buffer exhaustion, leading to line card reload.

The only allowed traffic on a DPICs DEPI, UEPI, and GCP traffic from the Cisco cBR-8 router to Remote PHY devices. Other traffic such as DHCP, SSH, and UTSC should flow via another router, since DPICs cannot be used for normal routing.

# Prerequisites for the COPS Engine on the Cisco CMTS Routers

- A compatible policy server must be connected to the network, such as the Cisco COPS QoS Policy Manager.
- Compliance with administrative policy, such as the Computer Assisted Law Enforcement Act (CALEA) or other lawful intercept (LI), is required for use of this feature on the Cisco CMTS routers.

# **Restrictions for the COPS Engine on the Cisco CMTS**

• Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) is not configured on the Cisco CMTS. COPS engine configuration on the Cisco CMTS is limited to networks in which separate RSVP and COPS Servers are configured and operational.

# Information About the COPS Engine on the Cisco CMTS

Common Open Policy Service (COPS) is a protocol for communicating network traffic policy information to network devices.

COPS works in correspondence with the Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP), which is a means for reserving network resources—primarily bandwidth—to guarantee that applications sending end-to-end across the Internet will perform at the desired speed and quality. RSVP is not configured on the Cisco CMTS, but the Cisco CMTS presumes RSVP on the network for these configurations.

Refer to the Additional References, on page 9 for further information about COPS for RSVP.

# How to Configure the COPS Engine on the Cisco CMTS

This section describes the tasks for configuring the COPS for RSVP feature on the Cisco CMTS.

To configure the COPS engine on the Cisco CMTS, perform the following tasks:

### **Configuring COPS TCP and DSCP Marking**

This feature allows you to change the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) marking for COPS messages that are transmitted or received by the Cisco router. The **cops ip dscp** command changes the default IP parameters for connections between the Cisco router and COPS servers in the cable network.

DSCP values are used in Quality of Service (QoS) configurations on a Cisco router to summarize the relationship between DSCP and IP precedence. This command allows COPS to remark the packets for either incoming or outbound connections.

The default setting is 0 for outbound connections. On default incoming connections, the COPS engine takes the DSCP value from the COPS server initiating the TCP connection.



Note

This feature affects all TCP connections with all COPS servers.

- For messages transmitted by the Cisco router, the default DSCP value is 0.
- For incoming connections to the Cisco router, the COPS engine takes the DSCP value used by the COPS server that initiates the TCP connection, by default.
- The **cops ip dscp** command allows the Cisco router to re-mark the COPS packets for either incoming or outbound connections.
- This command affects all TCP connections with all COPS servers.
- This command does not affect existing connections to COPS servers. Once you issue this command, this function is supported only for new connections after that point in time.

Perform the following steps to enable optional DSCP marking for COPS messages on the Cisco CMTS.

Procedure
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	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	cops ip dscp [<0-63>   default   af11-af43   cs1-cs7]	Specifies the marking for COPS messages that are
	Example:	transmitted by the Cisco router.
	Router(config)# cops ip dscp default	The values for this command specify the markings which COPS messages are transmitted. The follow values are supported for the Cisco CMTS router:
		<ul> <li>0-63—DSCP value ranging from 0-63.</li> <li>af11—Use AF11 dscp (001010)</li> <li>af12—Use AF12 dscp (001100)</li> <li>af13—Use AF13 dscp (001110)</li> <li>af21—Use AF21 dscp (010010)</li> <li>af22—Use AF22 dscp (010100)</li> <li>af23—Use AF23 dscp (010100)</li> <li>af32—Use AF31 dscp (011010)</li> <li>af32—Use AF32 dscp (011100)</li> <li>af33—Use AF33 dscp (011100)</li> <li>af41—Use AF41 dscp (100010)</li> <li>af443—Use AF42 dscp (100100)</li> <li>af43—Use AF43 dscp (100110)</li> <li>cs1—Use CS1 dscp (001000) [precedence 1]</li> <li>cs2—Use CS3 dscp (011000) [precedence 3]</li> <li>cs4—Use CS4 dscp (100000) [precedence 4]</li> <li>cs5—Use CS5 dscp (101000) [precedence 5]</li> </ul>

	Command or Action	Purpose
		• cs6—Use CS6 dscp (110000) [precedence 6]
		• cs7—Use CS7 dscp (111000) [precedence 7]
		• default—Use default dscp (000000)
		• ef—Use EF dscp (101110)
Step 4	exit	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# <b>exit</b> Router#	

## **Configuring COPS TCP Window Size**

This feature allows you to override the default TCP receive window size that is used by COPS processes. This setting can be used to prevent the COPS server from sending too much data at one time.

Perform the following steps to change the TCP Window size on the Cisco CMTS.

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables	privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Ent	ter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters g	lobal configuration mode.
	Example:		
	Router# configure terminal		
Step 3	cops tcp window-size bytes		es the default TCP receive window size on the Cisco
	Example:		CMTS. To return the TCP window size to a default setting of 4K, use the <b>no</b> form of this command.
	Router(config)# cops tcp window-size 64000	Note	The default COPS TCP window size is 4000 bytes.
		Note	This command does not affect existing connections to COPS servers. Once you issue this command, this function is supported only for new connections after that point in time.
		Note	This command affects all TCP connections with all COPS servers.
Step 4	exit	Returns	to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:		

#### Procedure

 Command or Action	Purpose
Router(config)# <b>exit</b> Router#	

### **Configuring Access Control List Support for COPS Engine**

Perform the following steps to configure COPS ACLs on the Cisco CMTS.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	<pre>cops listeners access-list { acl-num  acl-name }</pre>	Configures access control lists (ACLs) for inbound
	Example:	connections to all COPS listener applications on the Cisco CMTS. To remove this setting from the Cisco CMTS, us
	Router# cops listeners access-list 40	the <b>no</b> form of this command.
Step 4	exit	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# <b>exit</b> Router#	

Procedure

#### What to do next

Access lists can be displayed by using the show access-list command in privileged EXEC mode.

### **Restricting RSVP Policy to Specific Access Control Lists**

Perform the following steps to restrict the RSVP policy to specific ACLs, as already configured on the Cisco CMTS.

For ACL configuration, refer to the Configuring Access Control List Support for COPS Engine, on page 6.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> <b>enable</b>	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	<pre>interface cable (slot /subslot /port }</pre>	Enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config) <b>#interface cable 8/0/1</b> Router(config-if) <b>#</b>	
Step 4	<b>ip rsvp policy cops</b> ACL-1 ACL-2 <b>servers</b> <i>iP-addr1</i> <i>IP-addr2</i>	Tells the router to apply RSVP policy to messages that match the specified ACLs, and specifies the COPS server or servers for those sessions.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# ip rsvp policy cops 40 160 servers 161.44.130.164 161.44.129.2	
Step 5	exit	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# <b>exit</b> Router#	

#### Procedure

## **Displaying and Verifying COPS Engine Configuration on the Cisco CMTS**

Once COPS is enabled and configured on the Cisco CMTS, you can verify and track configuration by using one or all of the **show** commands in the following steps.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	show cops servers	Displays server addresses, port, state, keepalives, and policy
	Example:	client information.
	Router# show cops servers	

#### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	show ip rsvp policy cops Example:	Displays policy server addresses, ACL IDs, and client/server connection status.
	Router# show ip rsvp policy cops	
Step 4	show ip rsvp policy	Displays ACL IDs and their connection status.
	Example:	
	Router# show ip rsvp policy	

### Show Commands for COPS Engine Information

The following examples display three views of the COPS engine configuration on the Cisco router. These respective show commands verify the COPS engine configuration.

#### **Displaying COPS Servers on the Network**

This example displays the policy server address, state, keepalives, and policy client information:

```
Router# show cops servers
COPS SERVER: Address: 161.44.135.172. Port: 3288. State: 0. Keepalive: 120 sec
Number of clients: 1. Number of sessions: 1.
COPS CLIENT: Client type: 1. State: 0.
```

#### Displaying COPS Policy Information on the Network

This example displays the policy server address, the ACL ID, and the client/server connection status:

```
Router# show ip rsvp policy cops
COPS/RSVP entry. ACLs: 40 60
PDPs: 161.44.135.172
Current state: Connected
Currently connected to PDP 161.44.135.172, port 0
```

#### **Displaying Access Lists for COPS**

This example displays the ACL ID numbers and the status for each ACL ID:

```
Router# show ip rsvp policy
Local policy: Currently unsupported
COPS:
ACLs: 40 60 . State: CONNECTED.
ACLs: 40 160 . State: CONNECTING.
```

## **COPS Engine Configuration Examples for Cable**

The following sections provide COPS for RSVP configuration examples on the Cisco CMTS:

### **Example: COPS Server Specified**

The following example specifies the COPS server and enables COPS for RSVP on the server. Both of these functions are accomplished by using the **ip rsvp policy cops** command. By implication, the default settings for all remaining COPS for RSVP commands are accepted.

```
Router# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)# ip rsvp policy cops servers 161.44.130.168 161.44.129.6
Router(config)# exit
```

### **Example: COPS Server Display**

The following examples display three views of the COPS for RSVP configuration on the router, which can be used to verify the COPS for RSVP configuration.

This example displays the policy server address, state, keepalives, and policy client information:

```
Router# show cops servers
COPS SERVER: Address: 161.44.135.172. Port: 3288. State: 0. Keepalive: 120 sec
Number of clients: 1. Number of sessions: 1.
        COPS CLIENT: Client type: 1. State: 0.
```

This example displays the policy server address, the ACL ID, and the client/server connection status:

```
Router# show ip rsvp policy cops
COPS/RSVP entry. ACLs: 40 60
PDPs: 161.44.135.172
Current state: Connected
Currently connected to PDP 161.44.135.172, port 0
```

This example displays the ACL ID numbers and the status for each ACL ID:

```
Router# show ip rsvp policy
Local policy: Currently unsupported
COPS:
ACLs: 40 60 . State: CONNECTED.
ACLs: 40 160 . State: CONNECTING.
```

## **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco CMTS Commands	Cisco CMTS Cable Command Reference
COPS for RSVP	Configuring COPS for RSVP
	http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios-xml/ios/qos_rsvp/configuration/12-4t/cops_rsvp.htm
	• COPS for RSVP
	http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_1t/12_1t1/feature/guide/CopsRSVP.html

#### **Standards**

Standard	Title
PKT-SP-ESP-I01-991229	PacketCable <sup>™</sup> Electronic Surveillance Specification ( http://www.packetcable.com )

#### MIBs

МІВ	MIBs Link
• No MIBs have been introduced or enhanced for support of this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

#### RFCs

RFC	Title	
General RFC Resources	s • RFC Index Search Engine	
	http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfcsearch.html	
	• SNMP: Frequently Asked Questions About MIB RFCs	
	http://www.cisco.com/en/US/tech/tk648/tk362/technologies_q_and_a_item09186a00800c2612.	

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Technical Support & Documentation website contains thousands of pages of searchable technical content, including links to products, technologies, solutions, technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users can log in from this page to access even more content.	http://www.cisco.com/techsupport

# **Feature Information for COPS Engine Operation**

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about the platform support and software image support. Cisco Feature Navigator enables you to determine which software images support a specific software release, feature set, or platform. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to the https://cfnng.cisco.com/ link. An account on the Cisco.com page is not required.



Note

The following table lists the software release in which a given feature is introduced. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

#### Table 2: Feature Information for COPS Engine Operation

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
COPS Engine Operation	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 on the Cisco cBR Series Converged Broadband Routers.