# **Replace Faulty Unit in Secure Firewall Threat Defense of High Availability**

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# Introduction

This document describes how to replace a faulty Secure Firewall Threat Defense module that is a part of a High Availability (HA) setup.

# Prerequisites

#### Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Cisco Secure Firewall Management Center (FMC)
- Cisco Firepower eXtensible Operating System (FXOS)
- Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense (FTD)

#### **Components Used**

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- Firepower 4110 runs FXOS v2.12(0.498)
- Logical Device runs Cisco Secure Firewall v7.2.5

- Secure Firewall Management Center 2600 runs v7.4
- Secure Copy Protocol (SCP) knowledge

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

#### **Background Information**

This procedure is supported on appliances:

- Cisco Secure Firewall 1000 series appliances
- Cisco Secure Firewall 2100 Series appliances
- Cisco Secure Firewall 3100 series appliances
- Cisco Secure Firewall 4100 series appliances
- Cisco Secure Firewall 4200 series appliances
- Cisco Secure Firewall 9300 appliance
- Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense for VMWare

#### Before you begin

This document requires that you have the new unit configured with the same FXOS and FTD versions.

### **Identify the Faulty Unit**

FTD-HA     High Availability							1:
FTD-01(Primary, Active) Sr 10.88.171.87 - Routed	Firepower 4110 w	th FTD 7.2.5	FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	«Ø	:
FTD-02(Secondary, Failed) 10.88.171.89 - Routed	Snort 3 Firepower 4110 w	ith FTD 7.2.5	FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	49	:

In this scenario, the Secondary unit (FTD-02) is in a failed state.

### **Replace a Faulty Unit With Backup**

You can use this procedure to replace either the Primary or Secondary unit. This guide assumes that you have a backup of the faulty unit you are going to replace.

Step 1. Download the backup file from FMC. Navigate to **System** > **Tools** > **Restore** > **Device Backups** and select the correct backup. Click on **Download**:

Firewall Management Cente System / Tools / Backup/Restore / Backup	r O Ip Management	verview	Analysis	Policies	Devices	Objects	Integration	Deploy	Q	<b>6</b>	\$ (	0	admin	~ dha	SECURE
														Ren	note Storage
Backup Management Backup Profiles															
							Firewall Manageme	ent Backup	Ma	naged	1 Devi	ice Ba	ckup	Uploa	d Backup
Firewall Management Backups															
System Information	Date Created	File Nam	e	VDB Version		Location	Size (MB)	Confi	iguration	IS			Events		TID
Restore Download Delete Device Backups	Move								Storage	Loca	ation:	: /var/s	sf/backu	p/ (Disk	Jsage: 8%)
System Information	Date Crea	ted	File	Name			VDB Version	Location	Size	(MB)	Co	onfigu	rations	Even	ts TID
Cisco Firepower 4110 Threat Defense v7.2	.5 2023-09-2	26 23:48:04	FTD-	02_Secondary_2	0230926234	646.tar	build 365	Local		53		Ye	\$	No	No
Cisco Firepower 4110 Threat Defense v7.2	.5 2023-09-2	26 23:47:57	FTD-	01_Primary_202	3092623463	7.tar	build 365	Local		52		Ye	\$	No	No
4															
Download Delete + Move															

Step 2. Upload FTD backup to the /var/sf/backup/ directory of the new FTD:

2.1 From the test-pc (SCP client) upload the backup file to the FTD under the /var/tmp/ directory:

@test-pc ~ % scp FTD-02\_Secondary\_20230926234646.tar cisco@10.88.243.90:/var/tmp/

2.2 From FTD CLI expert mode, move the backup file from /var/tmp/ to /var/sf/backup/:

root@firepower:/var/tmp# mv FTD-02\_Secondary\_20230926234646.tar /var/sf/backup/

Step 3. Restore the FTD-02 backup, by applying the next command from clish mode:

```
>restore remote-manager-backup FTD-02_Secondary_20230926234646.tar
Device model from backup :: Cisco Firepower 4110 Threat Defense
This Device Model :: Cisco Firepower 4110 Threat Defense
******
Backup Details
*****
Model = Cisco Firepower 4110 Threat Defense
Software Version = 7.2.5
Serial = FLM22500791
Hostname = firepower
Device Name = FTD-02_Secondary
IP Address = 10.88.171.89
Role = SECONDARY
VDB Version = 365
SRU Version =
FXOS Version = 2.12(0.498)
```

Manager IP(s) = 10.88.243.90Backup Date = 2023-09-26 23:46:46 Backup Filename = FTD-02\_Secondary\_20230926234646.tar Verify that you are restoring a valid backup file. Make sure that FTD is installed with same software version and matches versions from backup manifest be Restore operation will overwrite all configurations on this device with configurations in backup. If this restoration is being performed on an RMA device then ensure old device is removed from network Are you sure you want to continue (Y/N)Y Restoring device . . . . . . . . . . Added table audit\_log with table\_id 1 Added table health\_alarm\_syslog with table\_id 2 Added table dce\_event with table\_id 3 Added table application with table\_id 4 Added table rna\_scan\_results\_tableview with table\_id 5 Added table rna\_event with table\_id 6 Added table ioc\_state with table\_id 7 Added table third\_party\_vulns with table\_id 8 Added table user\_ioc\_state with table\_id 9 Added table rna\_client\_app with table\_id 10 Added table rna\_attribute with table\_id 11 Added table captured\_file with table\_id 12 Added table rna\_ip\_host with table\_id 13 Added table flow\_chunk with table\_id 14 Added table rua\_event with table\_id 15 Added table wl\_dce\_event with table\_id 16 Added table user\_identities with table\_id 17 Added table whitelist\_violations with table\_id 18 Added table remediation\_status with table\_id 19 Added table syslog\_event with table\_id 20 Added table rna\_service with table\_id 21 Added table rna\_vuln with table\_id 22 Added table SRU\_import\_log with table\_id 23 Added table current\_users with table\_id 24 Broadcast message from root@firepower (Wed Sep 27 15:50:12 2023):

The system is going down for reboot NOW!



**Note**: When the restore is done, the device logs you out of the CLI, reboots, and automatically connects to the FMC. At this time, the device is going to appear out of date.

Step 4. Resume HA synchronization. From the FTD CLI, enter configure high-availability resume:

	>configure high-availability resume											
ETD	ETD Uigh Availability configuration is now completed.											
FID	High Availability config	guration is now	com	pieted:								
	FTD-HA											
	High Availability							1				
	<ul> <li>High Availability</li> <li>FTD-01(Primary, Active) Snort 3 10.88.171.87 - Routed</li> </ul>	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	開 FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	49					

# **Replace a Faulty Unit Without Backup**

If you do not have a backup of the failed device, you can proceed with this guide. You can either replace the Primary or Secondary unit, the process varies depending on whether the device is primary or secondary. All the steps described in this guide are to restore a Faulty Secondary unit. If you want to restore a Faulty Primary unit, in Step 5, configure high availability, using the existing secondary/active unit as the primary device and the replacement device as the secondary/standby device during registration.

Step 1. Take a screenshot (backup) of the high-availability configuration by navigating to **Device** > **Device Management**. Edit the correct FTD HA pair (click on the pencil icon) and then click on the **High Availability** option:

FTD-HA											Cancel
Cisco Firepower 4110 Threat Defense											
Summary High Availability D	Device Routing	Interfaces Inline Set	S DHCP \	VTEP							
High Availability Configuration	n										
High Availability Link					State Link						
Interface				Ethernet1/5	Interface					Ethe	rnet1/5
Logical Name				FA-LINK	Logical Name						A-LINK
Primary IP				10.10.10.1	Primary IP					10.	10.10.1
Secondary IP				10.10.10.2	Secondary IP					10.	10.10.2
Subnet Mask			2	255.255.255.252	Subnet Mask					255.255.3	255.252
IPsec Encryption				Disabled	Statistics						۹
Monitored Interfaces											
Interface Name	Active IPv4	Standby IPv4	Active IPv6 - St	andby IPv6		Active Link-Local IP	V6	Standby Link-Lo	scal IPv6	Monitoring	
Inside	192.168.30.1									•	/
diagnostic										•	/
Outside	192.168.16.1									۰	1
Failover Trigger Criteria				/	Interface MAC Addre	SSES					+
Failure Limit				Failure of 1	Physical Interface		Active Mac Add	Iress	Standby Mac	Address	
Peer Poll Time				1 sec			No recor	ds to display			
Peer Hold Time				15 sec							
Interface Poll Time				5 sec							
Interface Hold Time				25 sec							

#### Step 2. Break the HA.

2.1 Navigate to **Devices** > **Device Management** and then click on the three dots menu in the upper right corner. Then click on **Break** option:

<ul> <li>✓ FTD-HA High Availability</li> </ul>							Switch Active Peer
<ul> <li>FTD-01(Primary, Active) Snort 3</li> <li>10.88.171.87 - Routed</li> </ul>	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	EPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	~	Force refresh node status Delete Revert Upgrade
FTD-02(Secondary, Standby) Snort 3 10.88.171.89 - Routed	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	~	Health Monitor Troubleshoot Files

2.2. Select Force break, if standby peer does not respond option:





**Note**: Since the unit is unresponsive, you need to force breaking the HA. When you break a high availability pair, the active device retains full deployed functionality. The standby device loses its failover and interface configurations and becomes a standalone device.

Step 3. Delete faulty FTD. Identify the FTD to replace, and then click on the three-dots menu. Click on the **Delete**:

Name	Model	Version	Chassis	Licenses	Access Control Policy	Auto RollBack	
✓ Ungrouped (2)							
FTD-01 Snort 3 10.88.171.87 - Routed	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	«P	1
© FTD-02 Snort 3 10.88.171.89 - Routed	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	≪9 Delete	
						Packe Packe Rever Health Troub	et Tracer et Capture t Upgrade h Monitor lleshoot Files

#### Step 4. Add the new FTD.

4.1. Navigate to **Devices** > **Device Management** > **Add** and then click on **Device**:

View	By: Group 💌						Migrate	Deployment History
All	(1) • Error (0) • Warning (1) • Offline (0)	Normal (0)	ployment Pe	nding (1) • Upgrade (0)	<ul> <li>Snort 3 (1)</li> </ul>		Q Search Devi	ce Add 🔻
Collap	se All						Do	Device High Availability
	Name	Model	Version	Chassis	Licenses	Access Control Policy	Auto Rolli	Chassis
	✓ Ungrouped (1)							Group
	S FTD-01 Snort 3 10.88.171.87 - Routed	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	49	11

4.2. Select the **Provisioning Method**, in this case, **Registration Key**, configure **Host**, **Display Name**, **Registration Key**. Configure an **Access Control Policy** and click on **Register**.

#### Add Device

Select the Provisioning Method:

Registration Key
 Serial Number

CDO Managed Device

#### Host:+

10.88.171.89

Display Name:

FTD-02

**Registration Key:\*** 

.....

Group:

None

Access Control Policy:\*

Base-ACP	Ψ.
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#### Smart Licensing

Note: All virtual Firewall Threat Defense devices require a performance tier license. Make sure your Smart Licensing account contains the available licenses you need. It's important to choose the tier that matches the license you have in your account. Click here for information about the Firewall Threat Defense performance-tiered licensing. Until you choose a tier, your Firewall Threat Defense virtual defaults to the FTDv50 selection.

Performance Tier (only for Firewall Threat Defense virtual 7.0 and above):

-

Select a recommended Tier	•
Carrier	
Malware Defense	
IPS IPS	
URL	
Advanced	
Unique NAT ID:+	
Transfer Packets	

Cancel

2

Step 5. Create the HA.

5.1 Navigate to **Devices > Device Management > Add** and click on **High Availability** option.

View By	Group		•							Migrate	Deployment History
All (2	• Error (0)	• Warning (0)	Offline (0)	Normal (2)	<ul> <li>Deployment Pending (0)</li> </ul>	• Upgrade (0)	<ul> <li>Snort 3 (2)</li> </ul>			Q, Search Dev	ice Add •
Collapse	All									Do	Device High Availability
	Name				Model	Version	Chassis	Licenses	Access Control Policy	Auto Roll	Cluster Chassis
•	Ungrouped (2)										Group
	FTD-01 Snort 10.88.171.87 -	3 Routed			Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	EPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	¢۵	1:
	FTD-02 Snort 10.88.171.89 -	3 Routed			Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	EPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	«Þ	1:

5.2. Configure the Add High Availability Pair. Configure the Name, Device Type, select FTD-01 as the Primary Peer and FTD-02 as the Secondary Peer and then click on Continue.

View But	Group									Migrate   Deployme	ent History
All (2)	• Error (0)	• Warning (0)	Offline (0)	Normal (2)	Deployment Pending (	(0) • Upgrade (0)	<ul> <li>Snort 3 (2)</li> </ul>			Q Search Device	Add 🔻
Collapse All										Download Dev	vice List Report
No	ime				Model	Version	Chassis	Licenses	Access Control Policy	Auto RollBack	
	Ungrouped (2)					Add High Availa	bility Pair	0			
•	FTD-01 Snort 3	Routed			Firepower 4110 with FTD	Name:* FTD-HA		Essentials	Base-ACP	чÇЭ	1
	FTD-02 Snort 3	8 Routed			Firepower 4110 with FTD	Device Type: Firewall Threat Def	lense 💌	Essentials	Base-ACP	Q+	1
						Primary Peer: FTD-01	•				
						Secondary Peer: FTD-02	•				
						Threat Defense F configuration. Lic converted to thei on both peers.	ligh Availability pair will have primary renses from primary peer will be r high availability versions and applie	d			
							Cancel Continue				



**Note**: Remember to select the Primary unit as the device that still has the configuration, in this case, FTD-01.

5.3. Confirm the HA creation and then click on Yes.

	Add High Availability Pair	
FTD	Name:* FTD-HA	Essenti
FTD	Warning	Essenti
	This operation restarts the Snort processes of primary and secondary devices, temporarily causing traffic interruption. Do you want to continue?	
	Do not display this message again No Yes	
	converted to their high availability versions and applied on both peers.	
	Cancel Continue	



**Note**: Configuring High Availability restarts the snort engine of both units and this can cause traffic interruption.

5.4. Configure the High-Availability parameters taken in step 2 and then click on the Add option:

Firewall Management Center Overview Analysis	Policies Devices Objects Integration		Deploy Q 💕	🗘 😧 admin 🗸 dia	SECURE
View By:         Group           All (2)         Error (0)         Warning (0)         Offline (0)         Normal (2)	Deployment Pending (0)     Upgrade (0)     Sn	ort 3 (2)		Migrate   Deploymen	nt History Add 💌
Collação All				Download Devic	e List Report
Name	Add High Availability Pair	0	Access Control Policy	Auto RollBack	
Congrouped (2)	High Availability Link	State Link			
FTD-01 Snort 3     10.88.171.87 - Routed	Interface: Ethernet1/5 v	Interface: Same as LAN Failover Link	Base-ACP	¢9	1
FTD-02 Snort 3 10.88.171.89 - Routed	Primary IP: 10.10.1	Primary IP:* 10.10.10.1	Base-ACP	ŝ	18
	Secondary IP: 10.10.10.2	Secondary IP:* 10.10.2			
	Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.252	Subnet Mask:* 255.255.255.252			
	IPsec Encryption				
	Enabled Key Generation: Auto v				
	LAN failover link is used to sync configuration, stateful failover link is used to sync application content between peers. Selected interface links and encryption settings cannot be changed later.				
		Cancel			

#### 6. FTD High Availability configuration is now completed:

<ul> <li>✓ FTD-HA High Availability</li> </ul>							11
<ul> <li>FTD-01(Primary, Active) Snort 3</li> <li>10.88.171.87 - Routed</li> </ul>	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	FPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	4D	:
FTD-02(Secondary, Standby) Snort 3 10.88.171.89 - Routed	Firepower 4110 with FTD	7.2.5	EPR4110-02:443 Security Module - 1	Essentials	Base-ACP	49	:



**Note**: If you do not configure virtual MAC addresses, you need to clear the ARP tables on connected routers to restore traffic flow in case of Primary unit replacement. For more information, see <u>MAC Addresses and IP Addresses in High Availability</u>.

### **Related Information**

<u>Cisco Technical Support & Downloads</u>