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-- Wolfgang Denk

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.4 linux-kernel 4.0

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\*

- \* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- \* http://www.hypermall.com/
- \* 10/1/97 commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- \* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- \* 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- \* and spelling mistakes.
- \* 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- \* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- \* re-established. (put back CFG PHYIE)

\*

\* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

\*

\* R. D. Rechenmacher < ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

\*

- \* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- \* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- \* see init\_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- \* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- \* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

\*

- \* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- \* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- \* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- \* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- \* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- \* SDU, and leave <small buffer data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- \* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- \* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- \* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- \* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle\_buffer
- \* combined, allow nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb to be called to
- recycle large data buffers
- \* 2) skb\_clone of received buffers
- \* See nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb and linearize\_buffer for implementation
- \* details.

\*

\*

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* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
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for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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October 1996 April 1997 October 2000

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## 1.9 kexec-tools 2.0.12

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