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1.2 automake 1.11.1 :1.2.el6

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1.3 binutils 2.21.1.1a

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990 Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that redistributors of a free program will individually obtain patent licenses, in effect making the program proprietary. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

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c) Accompany it with the information you received as to the offer to distribute corresponding source code. (This alternative is allowed only for noncommercial distribution and only if you received the program in object code or executable form with such an offer, in accord with Subsection b above.)

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better. However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If

identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code. 5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding

machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.4 bootenv 0.0.1

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-- John W. Linville LVL7 Systems, Inc. From - Tue Apr 22 15:12:58 2003 X-Mozilla-Status: 0001 X-Mozilla-Status2: 0000000 Received: from nobody.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de ([129.187.151.1]) by lvl7ser4.lvl7.com with SMTP (Microsoft Exchange Internet Mail Service Version 5.5.2650.21) id 20WHF7CF; Sat, 19 Apr 2003 10:57:27 -0400 Received: from metrowerks.com (ernie.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de [129.187.151.192]) by nobody.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de (8.11.6/8.11.6) with ESMTP id h3JErlI07056 for <linville@lvl7.com>; Sat, 19 Apr 2003 16:53:47 +0200 Message-ID: <3EA162E8.9030201@metrowerks.com> Date: Sat, 19 Apr 2003 16:53:28 +0200 From: Bernhard Kuhn <bkuhn@metrowerks.com> X-Accept-Language: en-us, en MIME-Version: 1.0 To: "John W. Linville" <linville@lvl7.com> Subject: Re: bootenv binary References: <3EA0785D.7050603@lvl7.com> Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii; format=flowed Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit John W. Linville wrote: > Is the bootenv binary covered by the GPL? Yes, i will add a license file by time :-)

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1.5 bridge-utils 1.4

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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1.11 gcc 4.5.3

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Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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1.12 gmp 5.0.2 :r0

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1.13 isatap 0.9.6

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1.15 libghthash 0.5.5

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1.16 libtool 2.2.10

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1.17 libxml2 2.9.2

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1.18 m4 1.4.16

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.19 mDNSResponder 107.6

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1.20 Minihttpd 1.19

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/* mini_httpd - small HTTP server

**

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1.21 mpc 0.9

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1.25 ntp 4.2.6

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- 2. [2]Bernd Altmeier <altmeier@atlsoft.de> hopf Elektronik serial line and PCI-bus devices
- 3. [3]Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [4]Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5
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- [34]Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
- 32. [35]Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org>Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
- 33. [36]David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation: clock discipline, authentication, precision kernel; clock drivers: Spectracom, Austron, Arbiter, Heath, ATOM, ACTS, KSI/Odetics; audio clock drivers: CHU, WWV/H, IRIG
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- 44. [48]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
- 45. [49]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
- 46. [50]Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver
- 47. [51]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
- 48. [52]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
- 49. [53]Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
- 50. [54]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
- 51. [55]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
- 52. [56]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
- 53. [57]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD

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Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra> To: mps@bridge.intra Subject: Re: testregex licensing question X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner) X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam) X-GMX-UID: IJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost Status: RO X-Status: X-Keywords: X-UID: 44736

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let me know how it works with your libc also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote: > Hello Glenn!

> I would want to add test regex.c and the related *.dat files to the uClibc

> testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any

> licensing related info on testregex.

> Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?

> Thanks, Peter

> ---

> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net> ID: 0xA5F059F2
 > Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2

1.31 wide-dhcpv6 2.0080615E7

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1.32 winpcap 4.0.2

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1.33 wpa-supplicant 1.1 :1

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1.34 xz 5.0.3

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1.35 zlib 1.2.5

1.35.1 Available under license :

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1.36 zlib 1.2.1.1

1.36.1 Available under license :

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