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### 1.3 libnl 3.2.28

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### 1.4 libusb 1.0.8 :1.0.8

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding

machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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### 1.5 Linux 3.3.3.8

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/\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

\* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

\*

- \* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- \* http://www.hypermall.com/
- \* 10/1/97 commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- \* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

```
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
```

- \* and spelling mistakes.
- \* 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- \* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- \* re-established. (put back CFG\_PHYIE)

\* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

\* R. D. Rechenmacher < ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

- \* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- \* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- \* see init nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- \* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- \* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

- \* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- \* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- SDU, and leave <small\_buffer\_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- \* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle buffer
- combined, allow nicstar free rx skb to be called to
- recycle large data buffers
- 2) skb clone of received buffers
- See nicstar free rx skb and linearize buffer for implementation
- details.

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- \* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
- \*
- \* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

\*

**v** /

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    || strcmp(license, "GPL v2") == 0
    || strcmp(license, "GPL and additional rights") == 0
    || strcmp(license, "Dual BSD/GPL") == 0
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for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

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Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
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## 1.7 MTD 1.4.8 :y

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### 1.8 Uclibc 0.9.32.1 :y

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From gsf@research.att.com Wed Mar 1 20:30:54 2006

Return-Path: <gsf@research.att.com> X-Original-To: mps@bridge.intra Delivered-To: mps@bridge.intra

Received: from localhost (localhost [127.0.0.1]) by localhost (Postfix) with ESMTP id B8C814E4F

for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:53 +0100 (CET)

Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])

by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)

with LMTP id 05987-03 for <mps@bridge.intra>;

Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:42 +0100 (CET)

Received: from pop.gmx.net (localhost [127.0.0.1])

by mail.bridge.intra (Postfix) with ESMTP id C8C73794D

for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:38 +0100 (CET)

X-Flags: 0000

Delivered-To: GMX delivery to ps.m@gmx.net

Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000

Received: from mail-red.research.att.com (EHLO mail-white.research.att.com) [192.20.225.110]

by mx0.gmx.net (mx085) with SMTP; 01 Mar 2006 20:23:46 +0100

Received: from raptor.research.att.com (raptor.research.att.com [135.207.23.32])

by mail-blue.research.att.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id B7929147CBB

for <ps.m@gmx.net>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

Received: (from gsf@localhost)

by raptor.research.att.com (SGI-8.9.3p2/8.8.7) id OAA86112 for ps.m@gmx.net; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

Date: Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST) From: Glenn Fowler <gsf@research.att.com>

Message-Id: <200603011923.OAA86112@raptor.research.att.com>

Organization: AT&T Research

X-Mailer: mailx (AT&T/BSD) 9.9 2005-04-21

Mime-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra>

To: mps@bridge.intra

Subject: Re: testregex licensing question

X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)

X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam) X-GMX-UID: IJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca

X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost

Status: RO

X-Status:

X-Keywords:

X-UID: 44736

you may include it directly
retain the testregex.c header comment
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use
using # comment style to be complete

let me know how it works with your libc also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:

> Hello Glenn!

- > I would want to add testregex.c and the related \*.dat files to the uClibc
- > testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any
- > licensing related info on testregex.
- > Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite
- > to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?
- > Thanks, Peter

> --

- > Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net> ID: 0xA5F059F2
- > Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2

/\*

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## 1.9 wpa-supplicant 2.3

### 1.9.1 Available under license:

wpa\_supplicant and hostapd

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puff.h

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Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu

```
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* Written for zlib 1.1.2

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*/

ZLib for Ada thick binding.

--

--

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