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1.1 bash 3.2

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1.2 busybox 1.18.5

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK. jseward@bzip.org bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

1.3 crc32.c N/A

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*

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*

- * First, the polynomial itself and its table of feedback terms. The
- * polynomial is
- * X^32+X^26+X^23+X^22+X^16+X^12+X^11+X^10+X^8+X^7+X^5+X^4+X^2+X^1+X^0

*

- * Note that we take it "backwards" and put the highest-order term in
- * the lowest-order bit. The X^32 term is "implied"; the LSB is the
- * X^31 term, etc. The X^0 term (usually shown as "+1") results in
- * the MSB being 1

*

* Note that the usual hardware shift register implementation, which

- * is what we're using (we're merely optimizing it by doing eight-bit
- * chunks at a time) shifts bits into the lowest-order term. In our
- * implementation, that means shifting towards the right. Why do we
- * do it this way? Because the calculated CRC must be transmitted in
- * order from highest-order term to lowest-order term. UARTs transmit
- * characters in order from LSB to MSB. By storing the CRC this way
- * we hand it to the UART in the order low-byte to high-byte; the UART
- * sends each low-bit to hight-bit; and the result is transmission bit
- * by bit from highest- to lowest-order term without requiring any bit
- * shuffling on our part. Reception works similarly

*

* The feedback terms table consists of 256, 32-bit entries. Notes

*

- * The table can be generated at runtime if desired; code to do so
- * is shown later. It might not be obvious, but the feedback
- * terms simply represent the results of eight shift/xor opera
- * tions for all combinations of data and CRC register values

*

- * The values must be right-shifted by eight bits by the "updcrc
- * logic; the shift must be unsigned (bring in zeroes). On some
- * hardware you could probably optimize the shift in assembler by
- * using byte-swap instructions
- * polynomial \$edb88320

*/

1.4 e2fsprogs 1.41.14

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#
# File Name : src.mk
# Version :
         : Vinod Kumar Mishra
# Author
# Type of file: makefile
# Project
# Description: Script to define C source files for compiling smp
#
```

1.7 Kernel 2.6.37:3.6

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Version 2, June 1991

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/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- * 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- * and spelling mistakes.
- * 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- * re-established. (put back CFG PHYIE)

*

* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

*

* R. D. Rechenmacher < ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

*

- * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

*

- * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- * buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- * 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer

```
combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
        recycle large data buffers
     2) skb_clone of received buffers
  See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
    details.
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
```

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler

jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

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1.8 libusb 1.0.8

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1.9 mtd-utils 2.0110106E7

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1.10 popt 1.16

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

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- * Hongjiu Lu and Mitch D'Souza

*

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From gsf@research.att.com Wed Mar 1 20:30:54 2006

Return-Path: <gsf@research.att.com> X-Original-To: mps@bridge.intra Delivered-To: mps@bridge.intra

Received: from localhost (localhost [127.0.0.1]) by localhost (Postfix) with ESMTP id B8C814E4F

for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:53 +0100 (CET)

Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])

by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)

with LMTP id 05987-03 for <mps@bridge.intra>;

Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:42 +0100 (CET)

Received: from pop.gmx.net (localhost [127.0.0.1])

by mail.bridge.intra (Postfix) with ESMTP id C8C73794D

for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:38 +0100 (CET)

X-Flags: 0000

Delivered-To: GMX delivery to ps.m@gmx.net

Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000

Received: from mail-red.research.att.com (EHLO mail-white.research.att.com) [192.20.225.110]

by mx0.gmx.net (mx085) with SMTP; 01 Mar 2006 20:23:46 +0100

Received: from raptor.research.att.com (raptor.research.att.com [135.207.23.32])

by mail-blue.research.att.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id B7929147CBB $\,$

for <ps.m@gmx.net>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

Received: (from gsf@localhost)

by raptor.research.att.com (SGI-8.9.3p2/8.8.7) id OAA86112

for ps.m@gmx.net; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

Date: Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST) From: Glenn Fowler <gsf@research.att.com>

Message-Id: <200603011923.OAA86112@raptor.research.att.com>

Organization: AT&T Research

X-Mailer: mailx (AT&T/BSD) 9.9 2005-04-21

Mime-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

```
To: mps@bridge.intra
Subject: Re: testregex licensing question
X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)
X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam)
X-GMX-UID: lJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca
X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost
Status: RO
X-Status:
X-Keywords:
X-UID: 44736
you may include it directly
retain the testregex.c header comment
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use
using # comment style to be complete
let me know how it works with your libc
also pass on any new tests you cook up
On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:
> Hello Glenn!
> I would want to add testregex.c and the related *.dat files to the uClibc
> testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any
> licensing related info on testregex.
> Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite
> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?
> Thanks, Peter
> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net>
                                                  ID: 0xA5F059F2
> Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2
* checklist.c -- implements the checklist box
* ORIGINAL AUTHOR: Savio Lam (lam836@cs.cuhk.hk)
    Stuart Herbert - S.Herbert@sheffield.ac.uk: radiolist extension
    Alessandro Rubini - rubini@ipvvis.unipv.it: merged the two
* MODIFIED FOR LINUX KERNEL CONFIG BY: William Roadcap (roadcap@cfw.com)
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```

References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra>

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/*

* checklist.c -- implements the checklist box

*

- * ORIGINAL AUTHOR: Savio Lam (lam836@cs.cuhk.hk)
- * Stuart Herbert S.Herbert@sheffield.ac.uk: radiolist extension
- * Alessandro Rubini rubini@ipvvis.unipv.it: merged the two
- * MODIFIED FOR LINUX KERNEL CONFIG BY: William Roadcap (roadcap@cfw.com)

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