



Open Source Used In Cisco Video Surveillance 6000 Series IP Cameras 2.10.0

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1.2 base64 0.00.00B

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1.3 bridge-utils 1.2

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1.4 busybox 1.12.4

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'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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1.11 e2fsprogs 1.42.8

1.11.1 Available under license:

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.12 ebtables 2.0.8-2

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1.15 fetchmail 6.3.8

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1.16 ffmpeg 1.1

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 - vf_blackframe.c
 - vf boxblur.c
 - vf_colormatrix.c
 - vf_cropdetect.c
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external libraries															
==:	==	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=

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Some optional parts of FFmpeg are licensed under the GNU General Public License version 2 or later (GPL v2+). See the file COPYING.GPLv2 for details. None of these parts are used by default, you have to explicitly pass --enable-gpl to configure to activate them. In this case, FFmpeg's license changes to GPL v2+.

Specifically, the GPL parts of FFmpeg are

- libpostproc
- libmpcodecs
- optional x86 optimizations in the files

libavcodec/x86/idct mmx.c

- libutvideo encoding/decoding wrappers in libavcodec/libutvideo*.cpp
- the X11 grabber in libavdevice/x11grab.c
- the swresample test app in libswresample/swresample-test.c
- the texi2pod.pl tool
- the following filters in libavfilter:
 - f_ebur128.c
 - vf_blackframe.c
 - vf boxblur.c
 - vf_colormatrix.c
 - vf_cropdetect.c
 - vf_decimate.c
 - vf_delogo.c
 - vf_geq.c
- vf_histeq.c

- vf_hqdn3d.c
- vf hue.c
- vf kerndeint.c
- vf_mp.c
- vf_pp.c
- vf_smartblur.c
- vf super2xsai.c
- vf tinterlace.c
- vf_yadif.c
- vsrc mptestsrc.c

There are a handful of files under other licensing terms, namely:

* The files libavcodec/jfdctfst.c, libavcodec/jfdctint_template.c and libavcodec/jrevdct.c are taken from libjpeg, see the top of the files for licensing details. Specifically note that you must credit the IJG in the documentation accompanying your program if you only distribute executables. You must also indicate any changes including additions and deletions to those three files in the documentation.

Should you, for whatever reason, prefer to use version 3 of the (L)GPL, then the configure parameter --enable-version3 will activate this licensing option for you. Read the file COPYING.LGPLv3 or, if you have enabled GPL parts, COPYING.GPLv3 to learn the exact legal terms that apply in this case.

external libraries																	
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

FFmpeg can be combined with a number of external libraries, which sometimes affect the licensing of binaries resulting from the combination.

compatible libraries

The libcdio, libx264, libxavs and libxvid libraries are under GPL. When combining them with FFmpeg, FFmpeg needs to be licensed as GPL as well by passing --enable-gpl to configure.

The OpenCORE and VisualOn libraries are under the Apache License 2.0. That license is incompatible with the LGPL v2.1 and the GPL v2, but not with version 3 of those licenses. So to combine these libraries with FFmpeg, the license version needs to be upgraded by passing --enable-version3 to configure.

incompatible libraries

The Fraunhofer AAC library, FAAC and aacplus are under licenses which

are incompatible with the GPLv2 and v3. We do not know for certain if their licenses are compatible with the LGPL.

If you wish to enable these libraries, pass --enable-nonfree to configure. But note that if you enable any of these libraries the resulting binary will be under a complex license mix that is more restrictive than the LGPL and that may result in additional obligations. It is possible that these restrictions cause the resulting binary to be unredistributeable.

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Version 2, June 1991

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REFERENCES Where to learn more about JPEG.

ARCHIVE LOCATIONS Where to find newer versions of this software.

 $RELATED \ SOFTWARE \quad \ Other \ stuff \ you \ should \ get.$

FILE FORMAT WARS Software *not* to get.

TO DO Plans for future IJG releases.

Other documentation files in the distribution are:

User documentation:

install.doc How to configure and install the IJG software. usage.doc Usage instructions for cjpeg, djpeg, jpegtran,

rdjpgcom, and wrjpgcom.

*.1 Unix-style man pages for programs (same info as usage.doc).

wizard.doc Advanced usage instructions for JPEG wizards only.

change.log Version-to-version change highlights.

Programmer and internal documentation:

libjpeg.doc How to use the JPEG library in your own programs.

example.c Sample code for calling the JPEG library.

structure.doc Overview of the JPEG library's internal structure.

filelist.doc Road map of IJG files.

coderules.doc Coding style rules --- please read if you contribute code.

Please read at least the files install.doc and usage.doc. Useful information can also be found in the JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article. See ARCHIVE LOCATIONS below to find out where to obtain the FAQ article.

If you want to understand how the JPEG code works, we suggest reading one or more of the REFERENCES, then looking at the documentation files (in roughly the order listed) before diving into the code.

OVERVIEW

=======

This package contains C software to implement JPEG image compression and decompression. JPEG (pronounced "jay-peg") is a standardized compression method for full-color and gray-scale images. JPEG is intended for compressing "real-world" scenes; line drawings, cartoons and other non-realistic images are not its strong suit. JPEG is lossy, meaning that the output image is not exactly identical to the input image. Hence you must not use JPEG if you have to have identical output bits. However, on typical photographic images, very good compression levels can be obtained with no visible change, and remarkably high compression levels are possible if you can tolerate a

low-quality image. For more details, see the references, or just experiment with various compression settings.

This software implements JPEG baseline, extended-sequential, and progressive compression processes. Provision is made for supporting all variants of these processes, although some uncommon parameter settings aren't implemented yet. For legal reasons, we are not distributing code for the arithmetic-coding variants of JPEG; see LEGAL ISSUES. We have made no provision for supporting the hierarchical or lossless processes defined in the standard.

We provide a set of library routines for reading and writing JPEG image files, plus two sample applications "cjpeg" and "djpeg", which use the library to perform conversion between JPEG and some other popular image file formats. The library is intended to be reused in other applications.

In order to support file conversion and viewing software, we have included considerable functionality beyond the bare JPEG coding/decoding capability; for example, the color quantization modules are not strictly part of JPEG decoding, but they are essential for output to colormapped file formats or colormapped displays. These extra functions can be compiled out of the library if not required for a particular application. We have also included "jpegtran", a utility for lossless transcoding between different JPEG processes, and "rdjpgcom" and "wrjpgcom", two simple applications for inserting and extracting textual comments in JFIF files.

The emphasis in designing this software has been on achieving portability and flexibility, while also making it fast enough to be useful. In particular, the software is not intended to be read as a tutorial on JPEG. (See the REFERENCES section for introductory material.) Rather, it is intended to be reliable, portable, industrial-strength code. We do not claim to have achieved that goal in every aspect of the software, but we strive for it.

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The Unix configuration script "configure" was produced with GNU Autoconf. It is copyright by the Free Software Foundation but is freely distributable. The same holds for its supporting scripts (config.guess, config.sub, ltconfig, ltmain.sh). Another support script, install-sh, is copyright by M.I.T. but is also freely distributable.

It appears that the arithmetic coding option of the JPEG spec is covered by patents owned by IBM, AT&T, and Mitsubishi. Hence arithmetic coding cannot legally be used without obtaining one or more licenses. For this reason, support for arithmetic coding has been removed from the free JPEG software. (Since arithmetic coding provides only a marginal gain over the unpatented Huffman mode, it is unlikely that very many implementations will support it.) So far as we are aware, there are no patent restrictions on the remaining code.

The IJG distribution formerly included code to read and write GIF files. To avoid entanglement with the Unisys LZW patent, GIF reading support has been removed altogether, and the GIF writer has been simplified to produce "uncompressed GIFs". This technique does not use the LZW algorithm; the resulting GIF files are larger than usual, but are readable by all standard GIF decoders.

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REFERENCES

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We highly recommend reading one or more of these references before trying to understand the innards of the JPEG software.

The best short technical introduction to the JPEG compression algorithm is Wallace, Gregory K. "The JPEG Still Picture Compression Standard", Communications of the ACM, April 1991 (vol. 34 no. 4), pp. 30-44. (Adjacent articles in that issue discuss MPEG motion picture compression, applications of JPEG, and related topics.) If you don't have the CACM issue handy, a PostScript file containing a revised version of Wallace's article is available at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/wallace.ps.gz. The file (actually a preprint for an article that appeared in IEEE Trans. Consumer Electronics) omits the sample images that appeared in CACM, but it includes corrections and some added material. Note: the Wallace article is copyright ACM and IEEE, and it may not be used for commercial purposes.

A somewhat less technical, more leisurely introduction to JPEG can be found in "The Data Compression Book" by Mark Nelson and Jean-loup Gailly, published by

M&T Books (New York), 2nd ed. 1996, ISBN 1-55851-434-1. This book provides good explanations and example C code for a multitude of compression methods including JPEG. It is an excellent source if you are comfortable reading C code but don't know much about data compression in general. The book's JPEG sample code is far from industrial-strength, but when you are ready to look at a full implementation, you've got one here...

The best full description of JPEG is the textbook "JPEG Still Image Data Compression Standard" by William B. Pennebaker and Joan L. Mitchell, published by Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1993, ISBN 0-442-01272-1. Price US\$59.95, 638 pp. The book includes the complete text of the ISO JPEG standards (DIS 10918-1 and draft DIS 10918-2). This is by far the most complete exposition of JPEG in existence, and we highly recommend it.

The JPEG standard itself is not available electronically; you must order a paper copy through ISO or ITU. (Unless you feel a need to own a certified official copy, we recommend buying the Pennebaker and Mitchell book instead; it's much cheaper and includes a great deal of useful explanatory material.) In the USA, copies of the standard may be ordered from ANSI Sales at (212) 642-4900, or from Global Engineering Documents at (800) 854-7179. (ANSI doesn't take credit card orders, but Global does.) It's not cheap: as of 1992, ANSI was charging \$95 for Part 1 and \$47 for Part 2, plus 7% shipping/handling. The standard is divided into two parts, Part 1 being the actual specification, while Part 2 covers compliance testing methods. Part 1 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still Images, Part 1: Requirements and guidelines" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-1, ITU-T T.81. Part 2 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still Images, Part 2: Compliance testing" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-2, ITU-T T.83.

Some extensions to the original JPEG standard are defined in JPEG Part 3, a newer ISO standard numbered ISO/IEC IS 10918-3 and ITU-T T.84. IJG currently does not support any Part 3 extensions.

The JPEG standard does not specify all details of an interchangeable file format. For the omitted details we follow the "JFIF" conventions, revision 1.02. A copy of the JFIF spec is available from:

Literature Department

C-Cube Microsystems, Inc.

1778 McCarthy Blvd.

Milpitas, CA 95035

phone (408) 944-6300, fax (408) 944-6314

A PostScript version of this document is available by FTP at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.ps.gz. There is also a plain text version at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.txt.gz, but it is missing the figures.

The TIFF 6.0 file format specification can be obtained by FTP from

ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/TIFF6.ps.gz. The JPEG incorporation scheme found in the TIFF 6.0 spec of 3-June-92 has a number of serious problems. IJG does not recommend use of the TIFF 6.0 design (TIFF Compression tag 6). Instead, we recommend the JPEG design proposed by TIFF Technical Note #2 (Compression tag 7). Copies of this Note can be obtained from ftp.sgi.com or from ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/. It is expected that the next revision of the TIFF spec will replace the 6.0 JPEG design with the Note's design. Although IJG's own code does not support TIFF/JPEG, the free libtiff library uses our library to implement TIFF/JPEG per the Note. libtiff is available from ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/.

ARCHIVE LOCATIONS

The "official" archive site for this software is ftp.uu.net (Internet address 192.48.96.9). The most recent released version can always be found there in directory graphics/jpeg. This particular version will be archived as ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jpegsrc.v6b.tar.gz. If you don't have direct Internet access, UUNET's archives are also available via UUCP; contact help@uunet.uu.net for information on retrieving files that way.

Numerous Internet sites maintain copies of the UUNET files. However, only ftp.uu.net is guaranteed to have the latest official version.

You can also obtain this software in DOS-compatible "zip" archive format from the SimTel archives (ftp://ftp.simtel.net/pub/simtelnet/msdos/graphics/), or on CompuServe in the Graphics Support forum (GO CIS:GRAPHSUP), library 12 "JPEG Tools". Again, these versions may sometimes lag behind the ftp.uu.net release.

The JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article is a useful source of general information about JPEG. It is updated constantly and therefore is not included in this distribution. The FAQ is posted every two weeks to Usenet newsgroups comp.graphics.misc, news.answers, and other groups. It is available on the World Wide Web at http://www.faqs.org/faqs/jpeg-faq/ and other news.answers archive sites, including the official news.answers archive at rtfm.mit.edu: ftp://rtfm.mit.edu/pub/usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/. If you don't have Web or FTP access, send e-mail to mail-server@rtfm.mit.edu with body

send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part1 send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part2

RELATED SOFTWARE

Numerous viewing and image manipulation programs now support JPEG. (Quite a

few of them use this library to do so.) The JPEG FAQ described above lists some of the more popular free and shareware viewers, and tells where to obtain them on Internet.

If you are on a Unix machine, we highly recommend Jef Poskanzer's free PBMPLUS software, which provides many useful operations on PPM-format image files. In particular, it can convert PPM images to and from a wide range of other formats, thus making cjpeg/djpeg considerably more useful. The latest version is distributed by the NetPBM group, and is available from numerous sites, notably ftp://wuarchive.wustl.edu/graphics/graphics/packages/NetPBM/. Unfortunately PBMPLUS/NETPBM is not nearly as portable as the IJG software is; you are likely to have difficulty making it work on any non-Unix machine.

A different free JPEG implementation, written by the PVRG group at Stanford, is available from ftp://havefun.stanford.edu/pub/jpeg/. This program is designed for research and experimentation rather than production use; it is slower, harder to use, and less portable than the IJG code, but it is easier to read and modify. Also, the PVRG code supports lossless JPEG, which we do not. (On the other hand, it doesn't do progressive JPEG.)

FILE FORMAT WARS

==========

Some JPEG programs produce files that are not compatible with our library. The root of the problem is that the ISO JPEG committee failed to specify a concrete file format. Some vendors "filled in the blanks" on their own, creating proprietary formats that no one else could read. (For example, none of the early commercial JPEG implementations for the Macintosh were able to exchange compressed files.)

The file format we have adopted is called JFIF (see REFERENCES). This format has been agreed to by a number of major commercial JPEG vendors, and it has become the de facto standard. JFIF is a minimal or "low end" representation. We recommend the use of TIFF/JPEG (TIFF revision 6.0 as modified by TIFF Technical Note #2) for "high end" applications that need to record a lot of additional data about an image. TIFF/JPEG is fairly new and not yet widely supported, unfortunately.

The upcoming JPEG Part 3 standard defines a file format called SPIFF. SPIFF is interoperable with JFIF, in the sense that most JFIF decoders should be able to read the most common variant of SPIFF. SPIFF has some technical advantages over JFIF, but its major claim to fame is simply that it is an official standard rather than an informal one. At this point it is unclear whether SPIFF will supersede JFIF or whether JFIF will remain the de-facto standard. IJG intends to support SPIFF once the standard is frozen, but we have not decided whether it should become our default output format or not. (In any case, our decoder will remain capable of reading JFIF indefinitely.)

Various proprietary file formats incorporating JPEG compression also exist. We have little or no sympathy for the existence of these formats. Indeed, one of the original reasons for developing this free software was to help force convergence on common, open format standards for JPEG files. Don't use a proprietary file format!

TO DO

The major thrust for v7 will probably be improvement of visual quality. The current method for scaling the quantization tables is known not to be very good at low Q values. We also intend to investigate block boundary smoothing, "poor man's variable quantization", and other means of improving quality-vs-file-size performance without sacrificing compatibility.

In future versions, we are considering supporting some of the upcoming JPEG Part 3 extensions --- principally, variable quantization and the SPIFF file format.

As always, speeding things up is of great interest.

Please send bug reports, offers of help, etc. to jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net.

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```
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* If no output file is supplied, output goes to stdout.
* There are no error messages.
* ansi2knr recognizes function definitions by seeing a non-keyword
* identifier at the left margin, followed by a left parenthesis,
* with a right parenthesis as the last character on the line,
* and with a left brace as the first token on the following line
* (ignoring possible intervening comments).
* It will recognize a multi-line header provided that no intervening
* line ends with a left or right brace or a semicolon.
* These algorithms ignore whitespace and comments, except that
* the function name must be the first thing on the line.
* The following constructs will confuse it:
* - Any other construct that starts at the left margin and
    follows the above syntax (such as a macro or function call).
* - Some macros that tinker with the syntax of the function header.
*/
* The original and principal author of ansi2knr is L. Peter Deutsch
* <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history
* that follows (in reverse chronological order):
lpd 96-01-21 added code to cope with not HAVE CONFIG H and with
 compilers that don't understand void, as suggested by
 Tom Lane
lpd 96-01-15 changed to require that the first non-comment token
 on the line following a function header be a left brace,
 to reduce sensitivity to macros, as suggested by Tom Lane
 <tgl@sss.pgh.pa.us>
lpd 95-06-22 removed #ifndefs whose sole purpose was to define
 undefined preprocessor symbols as 0; changed all #ifdefs
 for configuration symbols to #ifs
lpd 95-04-05 changed copyright notice to make it clear that
 including ansi2knr in a program does not bring the entire
 program under the GPL
lpd 94-12-18 added conditionals for systems where ctype macros
 don't handle 8-bit characters properly, suggested by
 Francois Pinard  pinard@iro.umontreal.ca>;
 removed --varargs switch (this is now the default)
```

lpd 94-10-10 removed CONFIG_BROKETS conditional lpd 94-07-16 added some conditionals to help GNU `configure', suggested by Francois Pinard pinard@iro.umontreal.ca>;
properly erase prototype args in function parameters, contributed by Jim Avera jima@netcom.com>;
correct error in writeblanks (it shouldn't erase EOLs) lpd 89-xx-xx original version
*/

1.24 libmicrohttpd 0.9.49

1.24.1 Available under license:

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1.26 libusb 1.0.0

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1.27 libusb-compat 0.1.0 :r0

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1.28 libxml2 2.9.6

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
```

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- * 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- * and spelling mistakes.
- * 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- * re-established. (put back CFG PHYIE)

*

- * Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
- * R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997 \$Revision: 1.1 \$ \$Date: 1999/08/20 11:00:11 \$
- * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- * see init nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

*

- * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- * buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- * 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
- * combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
- * recycle large data buffers
- * 2) skb_clone of received buffers
- * See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
- * details.

*

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*

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*

* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

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1.30 linux-2.6.34.12 2.6.34.12

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for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

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for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- * 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- * and spelling mistakes.

```
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
 Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
   as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
   the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
   Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
   SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
   copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
   buffers. This is done by 2 things:
     1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle buffer
        combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
        recycle large data buffers
     2) skb clone of received buffers
  See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
   details.
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*

```
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
```

*

*

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1.31 linux-2.6.37 2.6.37

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Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

- * nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
- *
- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- * 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos

```
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
* R. D. Rechenmacher < ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
    as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
    the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
    Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
    SDU, and leave <small buffer data> bytes empty at the start. Then
    copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
    buffers. This is done by 2 things:
     1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
        combined, allow nicstar free rx skb to be called to
        recycle large data buffers
     2) skb_clone of received buffers
  See nicstar free rx skb and linearize buffer for implementation
    details.
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.

*

* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

*

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1.33 Ildpd 0.7.6

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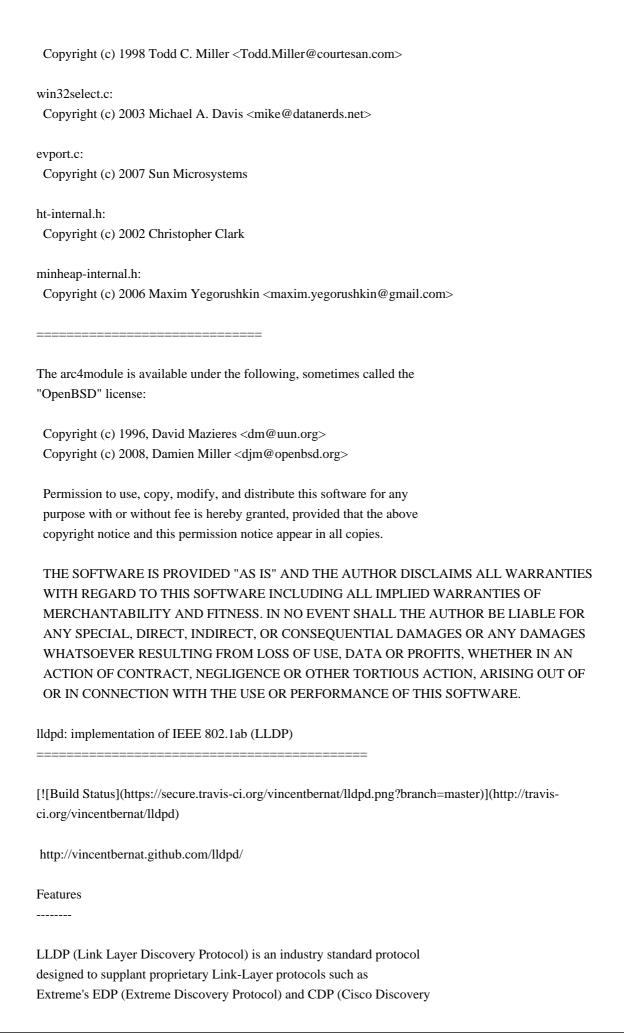
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Protocol). The goal of LLDP is to provide an inter-vendor compatible mechanism to deliver Link-Layer notifications to adjacent network devices.

lldpd implements both reception and sending. It also implements an SNMP subagent for net-snmp to get local and remote LLDP information. The LLDP MIB is partially implemented but the most useful tables are here. lldpd also partially implements LLDP-MED.

lldpd supports bridge, vlan and bonding. bonding need to be done on real physical devices, not on bridges, vlans, etc. However, vlans can be mapped on the bonding device. You can bridge vlan but not add vlans on bridges. More complex setups may give false results.

The following OS are supported:

- * FreeBSD
- * GNU/Linux
- * NetBSD
- * OpenBSD
- * Mac OS X

Installation

To compile lldpd, use the following:

```
./configure
make
sudo make install
```

You need libevent that you can grab from http://libevent.org or install from your package system (libevent-dev for Debian/Ubuntu and libevent-devel for Redhat/Fedora/CentOS/SuSE).

If your system does not have libevent, ./configure will use the shipped copy and compile it statically.

If it complains about a missing agent/struct.h, your installation of Net-SNMP is incomplete. The easiest way to fix this is to provide an empty struct.h:

touch src/struct.h

Ildpd uses privilege separation to increase its security. Two processes, one running as root and doing minimal stuff and the other running as an unprivileged user into a chroot doing most of the stuff, are cooperating. You need to create a user called '_lldpd' in a group

'_lldpd' (this can be change with './configure'). You also need to create an empty directory '/var/run/lldpd' (it needs to be owned by root, not '_lldpd'!). If you get fuzzy timestamps from syslog, copy '/etc/locatime' into the chroot.

'Ildpcli' lets one query information collected through the command line. If you don't want to run it as root, just install it setuid or setgid '_lldpd'.

Installation (Mac OS X)

The same procedure as above applies for Mac OS X. However, there are simpler alternatives:

1. Use [Homebrew](http://mxcl.github.io/homebrew/):

brew install lldpd
Or, for the latest version:
brew install https://raw.github.com/vincentbernat/lldpd/master/osx/lldpd.rb

Build an OSX installer package which should work on the same version of OS X (it is important to use a separate build directory):

```
mkdir build && cd build ../configure --prefix=/usr --sysconfdir=/etc --with-embedded-libevent make -C osx pkg ARCHS="i386 x86_64"
```

If you want to compile for an older version of Mac OS X, you need to find the right SDK and issues commands like those:

```
SDK=/Developer/SDKs/MacOSX10.6.sdk
mkdir build && cd build
../configure --prefix=/usr --sysconfdir=/etc --with-embedded-libevent \
CFLAGS="-mmacosx-version-min=10.6 -isysroot $SDK" \
LDFLAGS="-mmacosx-version-min=10.6 -isysroot $SDK"
make -C osx pkg ARCHS="i386 x86_64"
```

If you don't follow the above procedures, you will have to create the user/group '_lldpd'. Have a look at how this is done in 'osx/scripts/postinstall'.

Usage

lldpd also implements CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol), FDP (Foundry Discovery Protocol), SONMP (Nortel Discovery Protocol) and EDP

(Extreme Discovery Protocol). However, recent versions of IOS should support LLDP and most Extreme stuff support LLDP. When a EDP, CDP or SONMP frame is received on a given interface, lldpd starts sending EDP, CDP, FDP or SONMP frame on this interface. Informations collected through EDP/CDP/FDP/SONMP are integrated with other informations and can be queried with 'lldpcli' or through SNMP.

For bonding, you need 2.6.24 (in previous version, PACKET_ORIGDEV affected only non multicast packets). See:

- * http://git.kernel.org/?p=linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux-
- 2.6.git;a=commitdiff;h=80feaacb8a6400a9540a961b6743c69a5896b937
- * http://git.kernel.org/?p=linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux-
- 2.6. git; a = commitdiff; h = 8032b46489e50ef8f3992159abd0349b5b8e476c

Otherwise, a packet received on a bond will be affected to all interfaces of the bond.

On 2.6.27, we are able to receive packets on real interface for bonded devices. This allows one to get neighbor information on active/backup bonds. Without the 2.6.27, lldpd won't receive any information on inactive slaves. Here are the patchs (thanks to Joe Eykholt):

- * http://git.kernel.org/?p=linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux-
- 2.6.git;a=commit;h=0d7a3681232f545c6a59f77e60f7667673ef0e93
- * http://git.kernel.org/?p=linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux-
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On FreeBSD, only a recent 9 kernel (9.1 or more recent) will allow to send LLDP frames on enslaved devices. See this bug report for more information:

* http://www.freebsd.org/cgi/query-pr.cgi?pr=138620

Some devices (notably Cisco IOS) send frames on the native VLAN while they should send them untagged. If your network card does not support accelerated VLAN, you will receive those frames as well. However, if your network card handles VLAN encapsulation/decapsulation, you need a recent kernel to be able to receive those frames without listening on all available VLAN. Starting from Linux 2.6.27, lldpd is able to capture VLAN frames when VLAN acceleration is supported by the network card. Here is the patch:

http://git.kernel.org/?p=linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux-2.6.git;a=commit;h=bc1d0411b804ad190cdadabac48a10067f17b9e6

More information:

- * http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Link_Layer_Discovery_Protocol
- * http://standards.ieee.org/getieee802/download/802.1AB-2005.pdf
- * http://wiki.wireshark.org/LinkLayerDiscoveryProtocol

Development

During development, you may want to execute lldpd at its current location inside of doing 'make install'. The correct way to do this is to issue the following command:

sudo libtool execute src/daemon/lldpd -L \$PWD/src/client/lldpcli -d

You can append any further arguments. If lldpd is unable to find 'lldpcli' it will start in an unconfigured mode and won't send or accept LLDP frames.

Embedding

To embed lldpd into an existing system, there are two point of entries:

- 1. If your system does not use standard Linux interface, you can support additional interfaces by implementing the appropriate 'struct lldpd_ops'. You can look at 'src/daemon/interfaces-linux.c' for examples. Also, have a look at 'interfaces_update()' which is responsible for discovering and registering interfaces.
- 2. 'Ildpcli' provides a convenient way to query 'Ildpd'. It also comes with various outputs, including XML which allows one to parse its output for integration and automation purpose. Another way is to use SNMP support. A third way is to write your own controller using 'Iiblldpctl.so'. Its API is described in 'src/lib/lldpctl.h'. The custom binary protocol between 'Iiblldpctl.so' and 'Ildpd' is not stable. Therefore, the library should always be shipped with 'Ildpd'. On the other hand, programs using 'Iiblldpctl.so' can rely on the classic ABI rules.

Troubleshooting

You can use 'tcpdump' to look after the packets received and send by 'lldpd'. To look after LLDPU, use:

tcpdump -s0 -vv -pni eth0 ether dst 01:80:c2:00:00:0e

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Also, 'Ildpcli' will be linked to GNU Readline (which is GPL licensed) if available. To avoid this, use '--without-readline' as a configure option.

1.34 locomote-video-player-1.1.9-v2 1.1.9-v2

1.34.1 Available under license:

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1.35 logrotate 3.8.2

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*/
#ifndef HAVE SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
#ifndef HAVE SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif
/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */
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#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifndef COMPAT POLL H
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_
typedef struct pollfd {
int fd;
short events;
short revents:
} pollfd_t;
typedef unsigned int nfds_t;
#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM
                          POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */
int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /*! COMPAT POLL H */
#endif /* !HAVE POLL H */
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*/

. /

```
#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define BSD WAITPID H
```

#ifndef HAVE WAITPID

/* Clean out any potental issues */

#undef WIFEXITED

#undef WIFSTOPPED

#undef WIFSIGNALED

```
/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)
```

```
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
```

1.41 openssl 1.0.1u :1

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/*

- * A 64-bit implementation of the NIST P-256 elliptic curve point multiplication
- * OpenSSL integration was taken from Emilia Kasper's work in ecp_nistp224.c.
- * Otherwise based on Emilia's P224 work, which was inspired by my curve25519
- * work which got its smarts from Daniel J. Bernstein's work on the same.

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```
*/
/* */
/*-
* easy-tls.c -- generic TLS proxy.

* $Id: easy-tls.c,v 1.4 2002/03/05 09:07:16 bodo Exp $
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/*-
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1.42 pcre 7.4

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1.43 popt 1.10.4

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1.44 qt-everywhere-opensource 4.7.3

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2. I want to package these fonts separately for distribution and sale as part of a larger software package or system. Can I do so?

Yes. A RPM or Debian package is a "larger software package" to begin with, and you aren't selling them independently by themselves. See 1. above.

3. Are derivative works allowed?

Yes!

4. Can I change or add to the font(s)?Yes, but you must change the name(s) of the font(s).

5. Under what terms are derivative works allowed?

You must change the name(s) of the fonts. This is to ensure the quality of the fonts, both to protect Bitstream and Gnome. We want to ensure that if an application has opened a font specifically of these names, it gets what it expects (though of course, using fontconfig, substitutions could still could have occurred during font opening). You must include the Bitstream copyright. Additional copyrights can be added, as per copyright law. Happy Font Hacking!

6. If I have improvements for Bitstream Vera, is it possible they might get adopted in future versions?

Yes. The contract between the Gnome Foundation and Bitstream has provisions for working with Bitstream to ensure quality additions to the Bitstream Vera font family. Please contact us if you have such additions. Note, that in general, we will want such additions for the entire family, not just a single font, and that you'll have to keep

both Gnome and Jim Lyles, Vera's designer, happy! To make sense to add glyphs to the font, they must be stylistically in keeping with Vera's design. Vera cannot become a "ransom note" font. Jim Lyles will be providing a document describing the design elements used in Vera, as a guide and aid for people interested in contributing to Vera.

7. I want to sell a software package that uses these fonts: Can I do so?

Sure. Bundle the fonts with your software and sell your software with the fonts. That is the intent of the copyright.

8. If applications have built the names "Bitstream Vera" into them, can I override this somehow to use fonts of my choosing?

This depends on exact details of the software. Most open source systems and software (e.g., Gnome, KDE, etc.) are now converting to use fontconfig (see www.fontconfig.org) to handle font configuration, selection and substitution; it has provisions for overriding font names and substituting alternatives. An example is provided by the supplied local.conf file, which chooses the family Bitstream Vera for "sans", "serif" and "monospace". Other software (e.g., the XFree86 core server) has other mechanisms for font substitution.

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1.46 syslog-ng 2.0.5

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

/* Declarations for termcap library.

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```
#ifndef TERMCAP H
#define _TERMCAP_H 1
#include <features.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
extern char PC;
extern char *UP;
extern char *BC;
#ifdef __linux__
extern speed_t ospeed;
#else
extern short ospeed;
#endif
__BEGIN_DECLS
typedef int (*outfuntype) __P((int));
extern int tgetent __P((void *__buffer, __const char *__termtype));
```

```
extern int tgetflag __P((__const char *__name));
extern int tgetnum __P((__const char *__name));
extern char *tgetstr __P((__const char *__name, char **__area));
extern char *tgoto __P((__const char *__cstring, int __hpos,
int __vpos));
extern char *tparam __P((__const char *__ctlstring, void *__buffer,
int size, ...));
extern void tputs __P((__const char *__string, int __nlines,
int (*) __P((int))));
__END_DECLS
#endif /* not _TERMCAP_H */
* termcap.c Replacement for the GNU Emacs termcap routines.
* These do more error checking, like preventing a loop
* with the tc= capability and buffer overflow.
* Also, these routines can stuff a whole lot more in
* one buffer because duplicate capabilities are eliminated.
* Version: 1.3 15-Apr-1996 MvS (miguels@cistron.nl)
* Changelog 1.0 ??-Sep-1994 MvS Initial version
* 1.1 20-Oct-1994 MvS (Broken) version for libc 4.5.19
* 1.2 13-Dec-1994 MvS Fixed \'escapes, disabled the
              multiple char. capability names.
* 1.3 15-Apr-1996 MvS Ignore entries starting with '.'
              Preprocess escaped entries
* Copyright (C) Miquel van Smoorenburg 1994,1995,1996
* This code falls under the LGPL.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <malloc.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <termcap.h>
/* Escape sequences we know about. */
static char *escapes = "E\033r\rn\nb\bt\tf\f\\\\";
/* Pointer for tgetstr() et al */
static char *term_entry;
static int is_malloced;
```

```
/* Table with speeds for padding. */
static short speeds[] = {
0, 50, 75, 110, 134, 150, -3, -6, -12, -18,
-20, -24, -36, -48, -72, -96, -192, -384, -576, -1152
};
/* Some (undocumented?) global variables. */
speed_t ospeed;
int tputs_baud_rate;
char PC;
int tgetent_bufsize = 1024;
/* We store a terminal description in a linked list. */
struct tc_ent {
struct tc_ent *next;
char cap[1];
};
/* Safe malloc. */
static void *xmalloc(int len)
void *x;
if ((x = malloc(len)) != NULL) return(x);
write(2, "Virtual memory exhausted.\n", 26);
exit(1);
/* Safe strdup() */
static char *strsave(char *s)
char *x;
x = xmalloc(strlen(s) + 1);
strcpy(x, s);
return(x);
}
* Try to shrink a capability.
static void shrinkcap(char *r, char *s)
char *start, *sp;
int len, c, i;
/* Translate escaped characters and hat-notation. */
while((c = *s++)) {
```

```
start = s - 1;
if (c == '\') {
 /* Escaped character. */
 c = *s++;
 if (c \ge 0' \&\& c \le 9') {
 /* Octal number. */
 c = '0';
  i = 0:
  while(*s >= '0' && *s <= '9' && ++i < 3) {
  c = (c * 8) + (*s - '0');
  s++;
  }
 } else {
 /* \r or \n or whatever. */
  for(sp = escapes; *sp; sp += 2)
  if (c == *sp) {
   c = *++sp;
   break;
  }
 }
} else if (c == '^{\prime})
 /* Hat notation. */
 c = *s++ & 0x1f;
/* See if we want to translate. */
if ((c \& 0x7f) > 31)
 *r++=c;
else {
 len = s - start;
 strncpy(r, start, len);
 r += len;
}
*r++=0;
}
/* Build a linked list with capabilities. */
static char *build_list(struct tc_ent **listp, char *buf)
struct tc_ent *i, *last = NULL, *list = *listp;
char *s, *sp, *bp;
int len;
char *tc_next = NULL;
/* Skip name field. */
for(sp = buf; *sp && *sp != ':'; sp++)
```

```
if (*sp) *sp++ = 0;
/* Extract capabilities one-by-one. */
while(*sp) {
/* Find end of field. */
bp = sp;
while(*sp && *sp != ':') {
/* Allow escaped ':' */
if (*sp == '\\' && sp[1] == ':') sp++;
sp++;
if (*sp) *sp++ = 0;
/* Check for empty field or comments. */
while(*bp == ' ' \| *bp == '\t' \| *bp == '\n') bp++;
if (*bp == 0 || *bp == ':' || *bp == '.') continue;
/* Is this the "tc" capability? */
if (!tc_next && strncmp(bp, "tc=", 3) == 0) {
tc_next = strsave(bp + 3);
continue;
}
/* Find name of capability. */
if ((s = strchr(bp, '=')) != NULL)
len = s - bp;
else if ((s = strchr(bp, '@')) != NULL)
len = s - bp;
else if ((s = strchr(bp, '#')) != NULL)
len = s - bp;
else len = strlen(bp);
if (len == 0) continue;
/* See if the capability is already in the list. */
if (list) {
for(i = list; i; i = i - next) {
 last = i;
 if (strncmp(i->cap, bp, len) == 0) break;
}
if (list != NULL && i != NULL) continue;
/* Add capability to the list. */
i = (struct tc_ent *)xmalloc(sizeof(struct tc_ent) + strlen(bp));
if (i == NULL) break;
shrinkcap(i->cap, bp);
i->next = NULL;
```

```
if (list == NULL)
 list = i;
else
 last->next = i;
}
/* Done. */
*listp = list;
return(tc_next);
/* Add OR change a capability (hardcoded for li# and co#) */
static void add_list(struct tc_ent **list, char *cap)
struct tc_ent *prev, *new, *1;
/* Walk through the list. */
prev = NULL;
for(1 = *list; 1; 1 = 1->next) {
if (strncmp(1->cap, cap, 3) == 0) {
 /* Found: modify in-place. */
 new = xmalloc(sizeof(struct tc_ent) + strlen(cap));
 strcpy(new->cap, cap);
 new->next = l->next;
 if (prev)
  prev->next = new;
 else
  *list = new;
 free(1);
 1 = \text{new};
 break;
}
prev = 1;
if (1 != NULL) return;
/* Not found, add to the end of the list. */
new = xmalloc(sizeof(struct tc_ent) + strlen(cap));
strcpy(new->cap, cap);
new->next = NULL;
if (prev)
prev->next = new;
else
*list = new;
/* Convert a number to ASCII */
static char *_itoa(int num, char *buf)
```

```
char *sp = buf + 16;
*--sp = 0;
do {
*--sp = (num \% 10) + '0';
num = 10;
} while(num);
return(sp);
}
/* Adjust lines and columns by doing a TIOCGWINSZ */
static void adjust_lines_cols(struct tc_ent **l)
struct winsize ws;
char buf[16];
char num[16];
/* Get and check window size. */
if (ioctl(0, TIOCGWINSZ, &ws) < 0 \parallel !ws.ws\_row \parallel !ws.ws\_col)
return;
/* Fill in li# and co# */
strcpy(buf, "li#");
strcpy(buf + 3, _itoa(ws.ws_row, num));
add_list(l, buf);
strcpy(buf, "co#");
strcpy(buf + 3, _itoa(ws.ws_col, num));
add_list(l, buf);
}
/* See if strings contains terminal name. */
static int tc_comp(char *line, char *term)
char *sp, *bp;
int found = 0, x;
int len = strlen(term);
bp = sp = line;
x = *bp;
while(x && x != ':' && x != '\n') {
/* Find the end of this description. */
while(*sp && *sp != ':' && *sp != '|' && *sp != '\n')
if (len == (sp - bp) \&\& strncmp(term, bp, len) == 0) {
 /* Found it! */
 found = 1;
```

```
break;
x = *sp++;
bp = sp;
return(found);
}
/* Load a specific terminal. */
static char *get_one_entry(FILE *tfp, char *term)
char line[256];
int status = 0;
char *sp;
char buf[4096];
char *bufp = buf;
if (term == NULL) return(NULL);
/* Start at beginning. */
rewind(tfp);
/* Read line by line. */
while(fgets(line, 256, tfp) != NULL) {
if (line[0] == '#') continue;
/* See if this is what we're looking for. */
if (status == 0 && tc_comp(line, term) == 0) continue;
status = 1;
/* We are reading a description here. */
for(sp = line; *sp == ' ' \parallel *sp == '\t'; sp++)
 ;
/* Add the rest until nl to the buffer. */
while(*sp && *sp != '\n') {
 if (*sp == '\\' && (*(sp + 1) == '\n')) break;
 *bufp++ = *sp++;
 if (bufp - buf > 4092) {
 /* Buffer full, quit. */
  *sp = '\n';
  break;
 }
if (*sp == \n') break;
/* Save buffer to malloced area. */
```

```
*bufp++=0;
if (status == 0) return(NULL);
if ((sp = xmalloc(bufp - buf)) == NULL) return(sp);
memcpy(sp, buf, bufp - buf);
return(sp);
/* Read terminal description. */
static char *tc_read(struct tc_ent **tcp, char *term)
FILE *fp;
char *sp, *tc;
char *desc = NULL;
char *tc_file = "/etc/termcap";
struct tc_ent *l = NULL;
int first = 1;
int loop = 0;
*tcp = NULL;
/* See if we have a TERMCAP environment variable. */
if ((tc = getenv("TERMCAP")) != NULL) {
if (*tc == '/')
 tc_file = tc;
else {
 /* check if TERMCAP is term */
 if (tc_comp(tc, term)) {
#if DEBUG
 printf("Using TERMCAP\n");
#endif
  /* Just read the TERMCAP variable. */
  sp = strsave(tc);
  tc = build_list(&l, sp);
  if (tc) free(tc);
  *tcp = 1;
  return(sp);
}
#if DEBUG
printf("Using file %s\n", tc_file);
#endif
/* Now read the termcap file. */
if ((fp = fopen(tc_file, "r")) == NULL) return(NULL);
```

```
while(term) {
if (++loop > 16) {
 write(2, "tgetent: loop detected, check your termcap\n", 43);
 break;
}
#if DEBUG
printf("LOOKUP: term %s\n", term);
#endif
sp = get_one_entry(fp, term);
if (sp == NULL) break;
term = build_list(&l, sp);
if (first)
 desc = sp;
else
 free(sp);
first = 0;
fclose(fp);
/* Done. */
*tcp = 1;
#if DEBUG
printf(">> tc\_read done, desc = % s\n", desc);
return(desc ? desc : "");
}
/* The tgetent function. */
int tgetent(void *buffer, const char *term)
{
char *s;
struct tc_ent *1, *i, *next;
char *bp, *sp = (char *)buffer;
int len, count, maxlen;
/* Find the termcap entry. */
s = tc_read(&l, (char *)term);
/* Return -1 if we can't open the termcap file. */
if (s == NULL) return(-1);
/* Return 0 if the entry is not present. */
if (l == NULL)
 /* For compatibility with programs like 'less' that want to
    put data in the termcap buffer themselves as a fallback. */
  if (buffer)
```

```
{
  term_entry = buffer;
 return(0);
/* Adjust lines and columns. */
adjust_lines_cols(&l);
/* Free old buffer if possible. */
if (is_malloced && term_entry) free(term_entry);
/* Do we already have a buffer? */
if (sp) {
maxlen = tgetent_bufsize - 1;
is_malloced = 0;
} else {
/* Count how many bytes we need. */
count = strlen(s) + 1;
for(i = l; i; i = i->next)
count += strlen(i->cap) + 1;
count++;
/* Malloc this amount. */
sp = xmalloc(count);
maxlen = count + 32; /* Just a lot. */
is malloced = 1;
}
/* Save buffer into static variable (yuk!) */
term_entry = sp;
/* First copy the description to the buffer. */
count = 0;
for(bp = s; *bp; bp++) {
*sp++ = *bp;
count++;
*sp++ = ':';
count++;
/* And now the capabilities. */
for(i = l; i; i = next) {
/* Is this a 'skip' capability? */
len = strlen(i->cap);
if (strchr(i->cap, '=') == NULL && i->cap[len-1] == '@') {
next = i - next;
```

```
free(i);
 continue;
/* Check for buffer overflow. */
count += len + 1;
if (count >= maxlen) {
 write(2, "tgetent: warning: termcap entry too long\n", 41);
 break;
}
/* Add capability to buffer. */
for(bp = i->cap; *bp; bp++)
 *sp++ = *bp;
*sp++ = ':';
/* Free space. */
next = i->next;
free(i);
}
*sp = 0;
return(1);
/* Generic "find capability" routine. */
static char *find_cap(char *bp, const char *cap, char sep)
#if MULTIPLE_CHAR_CAP /* Disabled because it breaks some programs */
int len = strlen(cap);
if (len == 2) {
#endif
/* Normal case, do fast lookup. */
while(*bp) {
 if (bp[0] == ':' &&
   bp[1] == cap[0] \&\&
   bp[2] == cap[1] \&\&
   bp[3] == sep) return(bp + 4);
 bp++;
return(NULL);
#if MULTIPLE_CHAR_CAP
/* Longer string, use slow lookup. */
while(*bp) {
if (bp[0] == ':' \&\& bp[len+1] == sep \&\& strncmp(bp+1, cap, len) == 0)
 return(bp + len + 2);
```

```
bp++;
return(NULL);
#endif
}
/* Find a number capability. */
int tgetnum(const char *cap)
char *s:
s = find_cap(term_entry, cap, '#');
return(s? atoi(s):-1);
}
/* Find a boolean capability. */
int tgetflag(const char *cap)
return(find_cap(term_entry, cap, ':') ? 1 : 0);
}
/* Find a string capability. */
char *tgetstr(const char *cap, char **bufp)
char *s;
char *sp, *r, *ret;
int c, i;
s = find_cap(term_entry, cap, '=');
if (s == NULL) return(s);
/* Where to put the result. */
if (bufp == (char **)NULL) {
for(sp = s; *sp != ':' && *sp; sp++) {
 if (*sp =='\\' && sp[1] == ':') sp++;
ret = xmalloc(sp - s + 1);
} else
ret = *bufp;
r = ret;
/* Translate escaped characters and hat-notation. */
while((c = *s++) && c != ':') {
if (c == '\') {
 /* Escaped character. */
 c = *s++;
```

```
if (c >= '0' \&\& c <= '9') {
  /* Octal number. */
  c = '0';
  i = 0;
  while(*s >= '0' && *s <= '9' && ++i < 3) {
  c = (c * 8) + (*s - '0');
  s++;
  }
 } else {
 /* \ r \ or \ n \ or \ whatever. */
  for(sp = escapes; *sp; sp += 2)
  if (c == *sp) {
   c = *++sp;
   break;
  }
 }
} else if (c == '^{\prime})
 /* Hat notation. */
 c = *s++ & 0x1f;
*r++=c;
*r++=0;
/* Do we need to update bufp? */
if (bufp) *bufp = r;
return(ret);
}
/* Output string with padding - stolen from GNU termcap.c :) */
void tputs(const char *str, int nlines, int (*outfun)(int))
int padcount = 0;
int speed, spd;
/* Safety check. */
if (!str) return;
/* Try to get output speed. */
spd = ospeed;
#ifdef B38400
/* We can't usually trust the speed constants > 38400. */
if (ospeed > B38400) spd = B38400;
#endif
if (spd == 0)
speed = tputs_baud_rate;
speed = speeds[spd];
```

```
/* Read padding information. */
while (*str \geq 0' \&\& *str \leq 9') {
   padcount += *str++ - '0';
   padcount *= 10;
if (*str == '.') {
   str++;
   padcount += *str++ - '0';
if (*str == '*') {
   str++;
   padcount *= nlines;
/* Now output the capability string. */
while (*str)
(*outfun) (*str++);
/* Do we need padding? */
if (padcount == 0) return;
/* padcount is now in units of tenths of msec. */
padcount *= speeds[ospeed];
padcount += 500;
padcount /= 1000;
if (speeds[ospeed] < 0)
padcount = -padcount;
else {
padcount += 50;
padcount /= 100;
/* And output the pad character. */
while (padcount-- > 0)
(*outfun) (PC);
#ifdef TEST
/*ARGSUSED*/
int main(int argc, char **argv)
char buf[1024];
char *s;
char *ts;
if (tgetent(buf, argv[1]) != 1) exit(1);
```

```
printf("%s\n\n", term_entry);

ts = tgetstr("Sf", NULL);
if (ts == NULL) ts = "not found";
for(s = ts; s && *s; s++) if (*s == '\033') *s = '*';

s = tgetstr("cm", NULL);
if (s && *s == '\033') *s = '?';

printf("tgetflag(li) = %d\n", tgetflag("li"));
printf("tgetflag(mi) = %d\n", tgetflag("mi"));
printf("tgetstr(cm) = [%s]\n", s);
printf("tgetstr(ks) = [%s]\n", tgetstr("ks", NULL));
printf("tgetnum(li) = %d\n", tgetnum("li"));
printf(">> arg res(ts, 5, 5) = %s\n", tgoto(ts, 5, 5));
return(0);
}
#endif
```

1.48 tnftp 2007.08.06

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1.55 zlib-1.2.3 1.2.3

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