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++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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Version 2, June 1991

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and

distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public

License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data

structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
- c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials

specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

- d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

- 7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION @end iftex

@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
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@end ifinfo

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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work

which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a `work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a `work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a `work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy. @end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact

that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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1.2 busybox-1.21 1.21

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK. jseward@bzip.org bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

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```
if 0;
# Update an FSF copyright year list to include the current year.
my $VERSION = '2012-02-05.21:39'; # UTC
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# along with this program. If not, see <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
# Written by Jim Meyering and Joel E. Denny
# The arguments to this script should be names of files that contain
# copyright statements to be updated. The copyright holder's name
# defaults to "Free Software Foundation, Inc." but may be changed to
# any other name by using the "UPDATE COPYRIGHT HOLDER" environment
# variable.
# For example, you might wish to use the update-copyright target rule
# in maint.mk from gnulib's maintainer-makefile module.
# Iff a copyright statement is recognized in a file and the final
# year is not the current year, then the statement is updated for the
# new year and it is reformatted to:
# 1. Fit within 72 columns.
# 2. Convert 2-digit years to 4-digit years by prepending "19".
# 3. Expand copyright year intervals. (See "Environment variables"
    below.)
#
# A warning is printed for every file for which no copyright
# statement is recognized.
#
# Each file's copyright statement must be formatted correctly in
# order to be recognized. For example, each of these is fine:
#
# Copyright @copyright{} 1990-2005, 2007-2009 Free Software
# Foundation, Inc.
```

```
# # Copyright (C) 1990-2005, 2007-2009 Free Software
# # Foundation, Inc.
#
#
  * Copyright © 90,2005,2007-2009
  * Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
#
# However, the following format is not recognized because the line
# prefix changes after the first line:
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# # Foundation, Inc.
# However, any correctly formatted copyright statement following
# a non-matching copyright statements would be recognized.
# The exact conditions that a file's copyright statement must meet
# to be recognized are:
# 1. It is the first copyright statement that meets all of the
#
    following conditions. Subsequent copyright statements are
    ignored.
# 2. Its format is "Copyright (C)", then a list of copyright years,
    and then the name of the copyright holder.
# 3. The "(C)" takes one of the following forms or is omitted
#
    entirely:
#
#
     A. (C)
#
     B. (c)
#
     C. @copyright{}
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#
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#
    5 characters -- including white space.
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    beginning of each remaining line within the FSF copyright
#
    statement. There is one exception in order to support C-style
#
    comments: if the first line's prefix contains nothing but
    whitespace surrounding a "/*", then the prefix for all subsequent
#
#
    lines is the same as the first line's prefix except with each of
#
    "/" and possibly "*" replaced by a " ". The replacement of "*"
    by " " is consistent throughout all subsequent lines.
# 6. Blank lines, even if preceded by the prefix, do not appear
    within the FSF copyright statement.
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```
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    statements are reformatted.
#
# 2. If UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_USE_INTERVALS=1, every series of consecutive
    copyright years (such as 90, 1991, 1992-2007, 2008) in a
    reformatted FSF copyright statement is collapsed to a single
#
    interval (such as 1990-2008). If unset or set to 0, all existing
    copyright year intervals in a reformatted FSF copyright statement
#
    are expanded instead.
    If UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_USE_INTERVALS=2, convert a sequence with gaps
    to the minimal containing range. For example, convert
    2000, 2004-2007, 2009 to 2000-2009.
# 3. For testing purposes, you can set the assumed current year in
    UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_YEAR.
# 4. The default maximum line length for a copyright line is 72.
    Set UPDATE COPYRIGHT MAX LINE LENGTH to use a different length.
# 5. Set UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_HOLDER if the copyright holder is other
    than "Free Software Foundation, Inc.".
use strict:
use warnings;
my $copyright_re = 'Copyright';
my $holder = $ENV{UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_HOLDER};
$holder ||= 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.';
my prefix max = 5;
my $margin = $ENV{UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_MAX_LINE_LENGTH};
!$margin || $margin !~ m/^\d+$/
and \$margin = 72;
my $tab_width = 8;
my $this_year = $ENV{UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_YEAR};
if (!$this_year ||$this_year !\sim m/^d{4}$/)
 my ($sec, $min, $hour, $mday, $month, $year) = localtime (time ());
 this_year = year + 1900;
}
# Unless the file consistently uses "\r\n" as the EOL, use "\n" instead.
my eol = /(?:^|[^\r])\n/?"\n": "\r\n";
```

```
my $leading;
my $prefix;
my $ws_re;
my $stmt_re;
while (/(^{\n})(.\{0, prefix_max\})\copyright_re/g)
 $leading = "$1$2";
 prefix = 2;
 if (prefix = \sim /^(\s^*\)\)
    prefix = s, /, ;
    my $prefix_ws = $prefix;
    prefix_ws = \sim s/*//; # Only whitespace.
    if (\langle G(?:[^*\n]|\*[^{\n}])^*\?\n\prefix\_ws/)
      $prefix = $prefix_ws;
     }
   }
 ws_re = '[ \trf]'; \# \ without \n
 $ws_re =
   "(?:\$ws_re*(?:\$ws_re|\\n" . quotemeta(\$prefix) . ")\$ws_re*)";
 my $holder_re = $holder;
  holder_re =  s/s/ws_re/g;
 my $stmt_remainder_re =
   "(?:$ws_re$circle_c_re)?"
  . \sc re(?:(?:\d\d)?\d(?:,\sc re?|-))*"
   . "((?:\d\d)?\d)$ws_re$holder_re";
 if (\G\$stmt\_remainder\_re/)
   {
    $stmt_re =
     quotemeta($leading) . "($copyright_re$stmt_remainder_re)";
    last;
   }
if (defined $stmt_re)
 /$stmt_re/ or die; # Should never die.
 my \$stmt = \$1;
 my $final_year_orig = $2;
 # Handle two-digit year numbers like "98" and "99".
 my $final_year = $final_year_orig;
  $final_year <= 99
  and $final_year += 1900;
 if ($final_year != $this_year)
   {
    # Update the year.
```

```
$stmt =~ s/$final_year_orig/$final_year, $this_year/;
if ($final_year != $this_year || $ENV{'UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_FORCE'})
  # Normalize all whitespace including newline-prefix sequences.
  stmt = \sqrt{s} \sqrt{g};
  # Put spaces after commas.
  \text{stmt} = < s/, ?/, /g;
  # Convert 2-digit to 4-digit years.
  \text{stmt} = \frac{s}{(b d d)}{19}1/g;
  # Make the use of intervals consistent.
  if (!$ENV{UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_USE_INTERVALS})
   {
    else
   {
    $stmt =~
     s/
       (d{4})
       (?:
        (, | -)
        ((??{
         if (\$2 \text{ eq '-'}) \{ ' \setminus d\{4\}'; \}
         elsif (!\$3) { \$1 + 1; }
         else
                     \{ \$3 + 1; \}
        }))
       )+
     /$1-$3/gx;
    # When it's 2, emit a single range encompassing all year numbers.
    $ENV{UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_USE_INTERVALS} == 2
      and stmt = s/b(d{4})\b.*/b(d{4})\b/$1-$2/;
   }
  # Format within margin.
  my $stmt_wrapped;
  my $text_margin = $margin - length($prefix);
  if (prefix = \sim /^(t+)/)
   {
    $text_margin -= length($1) * ($tab_width - 1);
  while (length $stmt)
    if ((\$stmt = \sim s/^{(.\{1,\$text_margin\})(?: |\$)//)}
```

```
\| (\$stmt = \ s/^([\S]+)(?: |\$)//)) \|
         my line = 1;
         $stmt_wrapped := $stmt_wrapped ? "$eol$prefix" : $leading;
         $stmt_wrapped .= $line;
      else
       {
         # Should be unreachable, but we don't want an infinite
        # loop if it can be reached.
         die;
        }
     }
    # Replace the old copyright statement.
    s/$stmt_re/$stmt_wrapped/;
   }
}
else
 print STDERR "$ARGV: warning: copyright statement not found\n";
}
# Local variables:
# mode: perl
# indent-tabs-mode: nil
# eval: (add-hook 'write-file-hooks 'time-stamp)
# time-stamp-start: "my $VERSION = "
# time-stamp-format: "%:y-%02m-%02d.%02H:%02M"
# time-stamp-time-zone: "UTC"
# time-stamp-end: ""; # UTC"
# End:
```

1.5 i2c-tools 3.1.0 :(2011-12-04)

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1.9 libpcap 1.3.0

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1.10 libpcap/ndsu-portions 1.3.0

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*

* @(#) \$Header: /tcpdump/master/libpcap/sunatmpos.h,v 1.1 2002-07-11 09:06:47 guy Exp \$ (LBL)

*/

1.11 linux 3.4.30

1.11.1 Available under license:

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Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org> for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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Klaus Schmidinger < Klaus. Schmidinger@cadsoft.de> for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

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Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>
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for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss < o.endriss@gmx.de> for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq_dvb@lidskialf.net> for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

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Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net> for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code, the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt hfvogt@arcor.de
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>
Andreas 'randy' Weinberger
for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no> for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at> for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>
for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels < wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net> for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@m1k.net> for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob rtjacob@earthlink.net
for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert < jeanfrancois@sagetv.com> for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray kirk Lapray@gmail.com for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a single nxt200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a line to the DVB mailing list)

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/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

- * nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
- *
- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

```
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
* R. D. Rechenmacher < ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
```

- * see init nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

- * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle buffer
- combined, allow nicstar free rx skb to be called to
- recycle large data buffers
- 2) skb clone of received buffers
- See nicstar free rx skb and linearize buffer for implementation
- details.

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.12 Isof 4.85 :r1

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```
#!/usr/bin/perl
```

sort_res.perl5 - Script to group & sort lsof output by resource

#

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1.17 pciutils 3.2.0

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1.18 tar 1.26

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1.20 u-boot 1.3.0

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1.21 uClibc 0.9.33.2

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X-Original-To: mps@bridge.intra

Delivered-To: mps@bridge.intra

Received: from localhost (localhost [127.0.0.1])

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Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])

by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)

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Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:42 +0100 (CET)

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 $for < mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, \ 1 \ Mar \ 2006 \ 20:30:38 \ +0100 \ (CET)$

X-Flags: 0000

Delivered-To: GMX delivery to ps.m@gmx.net

Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000

Received: from mail-red.research.att.com (EHLO mail-white.research.att.com) [192.20.225.110]

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Received: (from gsf@localhost)

by raptor.research.att.com (SGI-8.9.3p2/8.8.7) id OAA86112 for ps.m@gmx.net; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

Date: Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST) From: Glenn Fowler <gsf@research.att.com>

Message-Id: <200603011923.OAA86112@raptor.research.att.com>

Organization: AT&T Research

X-Mailer: mailx (AT&T/BSD) 9.9 2005-04-21

Mime-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra>

To: mps@bridge.intra

Subject: Re: testregex licensing question

X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)

X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam) X-GMX-UID: IJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca

X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost

Status: RO X-Status: X-Keywords: X-UID: 44736

you may include it directly
retain the testregex.c header comment
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use
using # comment style to be complete

let me know how it works with your libc also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:

> Hello Glenn!

- > I would want to add testregex.c and the related *.dat files to the uClibc
- > testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any
- > licensing related info on testregex.
- > Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite

```
> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?
> Thanks, Peter
> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net>
                                             ID: 0xA5F059F2
> Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2
* regex(3) test harness
* build: cc -o testregex testregex.c
* help: testregex --man
* note: REG_* features are detected by #ifdef; if REG_* are enums
* then supply #define REG_foo REG_foo for each enum REG_foo
* Glenn Fowler < gsf@research.att.com>
* AT&T Labs Research
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1.22 util-linux 2.22.2

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1.23 xinetd 2.3.15

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