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/*

- # * SHA-512
- # * Implementation derived from LibTomCrypt (Tom St Denis)

*

- # * LibTomCrypt is a library that provides various cryptographic
- # * algorithms in a highly modular and flexible manner.
- # *
- # * The library is free for all purposes without any express
- # * guarantee it works.
- # *
- # * Tom St Denis, tomstdenis@gmail.com, http://libtomcrypt.org
- # */

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-- Tom St Denis

1.5 xinetd 2.3.15

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1.9 bzip2 1.0.8

1.10 zlib 1.2.8

1.10.1 Available under license :

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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1.11 e2fsprogs 1.43

1.11.1 Available under license :

This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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*/

```
Index: tdbsa/tdb.c
```

```
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
```

```
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
```

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

/ /

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.

+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-	Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell	2005

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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Theodore Ts'o 23-June-2007

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That's all there is to it!

This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the EXT2 file system utilities (e2fsck, mke2fs, etc.). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

Sources were obtained from http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs

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```

#

This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared # libraries.

1101a11

In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

```
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#
```

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile @echo " MKDIR pic" @mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = \$(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.\$(BSDLIB_VERSION) BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic image: \$(BSD_LIB)

\$(BSD_LIB): \$(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o \$(BSD_LIB) \$(LDFLAGS_SHLIB) \$(OBJS))
\$(MV) pic/\$(BSD_LIB) .
\$(RM) -f ../\$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; \$(LN) \$(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo \$(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;`/\$(BSD_LIB) \$(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: \$(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM \$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/\$(BSD_LIB)"
@\$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) \$(BSD_LIB) \
\$(DESTDIR)\$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/\$(BSD_LIB)
@-\$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall:: \$(RM) -f \$(DESTDIR)\$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/\$(BSD_LIB)

clean::

\$(RM) -rf pic
\$(RM) -f \$(BSD_LIB)
\$(RM) -f ../\$(BSD_LIB)
This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs

Upstream Author: Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the ss command-line interface parsing library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of: tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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1.12 libmnl 1.0.4-r0

1.12.1 Available under license :

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1.20 libxml2 2.9.10

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1.21 dosfs-tools 4.1

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1.22 libxslt 1.1.34

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1.23 findutils 4.7.0

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1.24 tcpdump 4.9.3

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1.25 lz4 1.9.2

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1.26 ncurses 6.2

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1.27 grep 3.4

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1.31 coreutils 8.32

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1.32 sed 4.8

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.35 mdadm 4.1

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1.39 busybox 1.32.0

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1.41 bridgeutils 1.6-r0

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1.42 strace 5.8

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``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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@enumerate a

@item The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.) @end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.) Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

@enumerate a

@item

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy. @end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

@item

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@enumerate a

@item

Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work. @end enumerate

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@end enumerate

@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@page

@subheading How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990Ty Coon, President of Vice@end smallexample

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.48 libyaml 0.2.5

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1.49 tftp-hpa 5.2

1.49.1 Available under license :

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Summary: The client for the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP). Name: tftp Version: 5.2 Release: 1 License: BSD Group: Applications/Internet Source0: http://www.kernel.org/pub/software/network/tftp/tftp-hpa-% {version}.tar.gz BuildRequires: tcp_wrappers-devel BuildRoot: % { tmppath }/% {name }-root

%description

The Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is normally used only for booting diskless workstations. The tftp package provides the user interface for TFTP, which allows users to transfer files to and from a remote machine. This program and TFTP provide very little security, and should not be enabled unless it is expressly needed.

%package server

Group: System Environment/Daemons Summary: The server for the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP). Requires: xinetd

%description server

The Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is normally used only for booting diskless workstations. The tftp-server package provides the server for TFTP, which allows users to transfer files to and from a remote machine. TFTP provides very little security, and should not be enabled unless it is expressly needed. The TFTP server is run from /etc/xinetd.d/tftp, and is disabled by default on Red Hat Linux systems. %prep %setup -q -n tftp-hpa-% {version}

%build

```
%configure
make %{?_smp_mflags}
```

%install rm -rf \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT} mkdir -p \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}%{_bindir} mkdir -p \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}%{_mandir}/man{1,8} mkdir -p \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}%{_sbindir}

```
make INSTALLROOT=${RPM_BUILD_ROOT} \
   SBINDIR=% {_sbindir} MANDIR=% {_mandir} \
   install
   install -m755 -d ${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}% {_sysconfdir}/xinetd.d/ ${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}/tftpboot
   install -m644 tftp-xinetd ${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}% {_sysconfdir}/xinetd.d/tftp
```

```
%post server
/sbin/service xinetd reload > /dev/null 2>&1 || :
```

```
%postun server
if [ $1 = 0 ]; then
/sbin/service xinetd reload > /dev/null 2>&1 || :
fi
```

```
%clean
rm -rf ${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}
```

```
%files
%defattr(-,root,root)
%{_bindir}/tftp
%{_mandir}/man1/*
```

%files server %defattr(-,root,root) %config(noreplace) % {_sysconfdir}/xinetd.d/tftp %dir /tftpboot % {_sbindir}/in.tftpd % {_mandir}/man8/*

```
%changelog
```

- * Tue Sep 14 2004 H. Peter Anvin <hpa@zytor.com>
- removed completely broken "Malta" patch.
- integrated into build machinery so rpm -ta works.

* Fri Feb 13 2004 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- rebuilt

* Wed Jun 04 2003 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> - rebuilt

* Fri Apr 11 2003 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- 0.33

- Add /tftpboot directory (#88204)

* Mon Feb 24 2003 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- rebuilt

* Sun Feb 23 2003 Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com> - add BuildPreReq on tcp_wrappers

* Wed Jan 22 2003 Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com>

- rebuilt

* Mon Nov 11 2002 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> 0.32-1

- Update to 0.32

* Wed Oct 23 2002 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> 0.30-1

- Fix #55789

- Update to 0.30

* Thu Jun 27 2002 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- Try applying HJ's patch from #65476

* Fri Jun 21 2002 Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com> - automated rebuild

* Mon Jun 17 2002 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- Update to 0.29

* Thu May 23 2002 Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com> - automated rebuild

- automated rebuild

* Wed Jan 09 2002 Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com>

- automated rebuild

* Tue Dec 18 2001 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> 0.17-15

- Add patch4: netkit-tftp-0.17-defaultport.patch for bug #57562

- Update to tftp-hpa-0.28 (bug #56131)

- Remove include/arpa/tftp.h to fix #57259

- Add resource limits in tftp-xinetd (#56722)

* Sun Jun 24 2001 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- Bump release + rebuild.

* Tue Jun 12 2001 Helge Deller <hdeller@redhat.de> (0.17-13)

- updated tftp-hpa source to tftp-hpa-0.17

- tweaked specfile with different defines for tftp-netkit and tftp-hpa version

- use hpa's tftpd.8 man page instead of the netkits one

* Mon May 07 2001 Helge Deller <hdeller@redhat.de>

- rebuilt in 7.1.x

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- fix tftp client's put problems (#29529)

- update to tftp-hpa-0.16

* Wed Apr 4 2001 Jakub Jelinek <jakub@redhat.com>

- don't let configure to guess compiler, it can pick up egcs

* Thu Feb 08 2001 Helge Deller <hdeller@redhat.de>

- changed "wait" in xinetd file to "yes" (hpa-tftpd forks and exits) (#26467)

- fixed hpa-tftpd to handle files greater than 32MB (#23725)

- added "-1" flag to hpa-tftpd for file-logging (#26467)

- added description for "-1" to the man-page

* Thu Feb 08 2001 Helge Deller <hdeller@redhat.de>

- updated tftp client to 0.17 stable (#19640),

- drop dependency on xinetd for tftp client (#25051),

* Wed Jan 17 2001 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com>

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* Sat Jan 6 2001 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com>

- fix to permit tftp put's (#18128).

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is preferable to starting as nobody w/o ability to chroot.

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* Wed Aug 23 2000 Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@redhat.com>

- default to being disabled

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* Tue Jul 25 2000 Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@redhat.com>

- change user from root to nobody

* Sat Jul 22 2000 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com>

- update to tftp-hpa-0.14 (#14003).

- add server_args (#14003).

- remove -D_BSD_SOURCE (#14003).

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- cook up an xinetd config file for tftpd

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* Sun Jun 18 2000 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com>

- FHS packaging.

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* Fri May 5 2000 Matt Wilson <msw@redhat.com>
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* Fri Feb 11 2000 Bill Nottingham <notting@redhat.com>

- fix description

* Wed Feb 9 2000 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com>

- compress man pages (again).

* Wed Feb 02 2000 Cristian Gafton <gafton@redhat.com>

- man pages are compressed

- fix description and summary

* Tue Jan 4 2000 Bill Nottingham <notting@redhat.com> - split client and server

* Tue Dec 21 1999 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com> - update to 0.16.

* Sat Aug 28 1999 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com> - update to 0.15.

* Wed Apr 7 1999 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com> - tftpd should truncate file when overwriting (#412)

* Sun Mar 21 1999 Cristian Gafton <gafton@redhat.com> - auto rebuild in the new build environment (release 22)

* Mon Mar 15 1999 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com> - compile for 6.0.

* Fri Aug 7 1998 Jeff Johnson <jbj@redhat.com> - build root

* Mon Apr 27 1998 Prospector System <bugs@redhat.com> - translations modified for de, fr, tr * Mon Sep 22 1997 Erik Troan <ewt@redhat.com>

- added check for getpwnam() failure

* Tue Jul 15 1997 Erik Troan <ewt@redhat.com>

- initial build

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* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/tftp/tftp.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/common/tftpsubs.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/tftp/main.c

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.\"------ */

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* _____*/

.\" -*- nroff -*- ----- *

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/tftpd/remap.h * /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/tftpd/misc.c * /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/tftpd/remap.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

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* http://www.openbsd.org/.

* _____*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/tftpd/recvfrom.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/tftpd/recvfrom.h
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

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Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/MCONFIG.in No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Summary: The client for the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP). Name: tftp Version: @@VERSION@@ Release: 1 License: BSD Group: Applications/Internet Source0: http://www.kernel.org/pub/software/network/tftp/tftp-hpa-% {version }.tar.gz BuildRequires: tcp_wrappers-devel BuildRoot: % {_tmppath}/% {name}-root

%description

The Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is normally used only for booting diskless workstations. The tftp package provides the user interface for TFTP, which allows users to transfer files to and from a remote machine. This program and TFTP provide very little security, and should not be enabled unless it is expressly needed. %package server Group: System Environment/Daemons Summary: The server for the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP). Requires: xinetd

%description server

The Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is normally used only for booting diskless workstations. The tftp-server package provides the server for TFTP, which allows users to transfer files to and from a remote machine. TFTP provides very little security, and should not be enabled unless it is expressly needed. The TFTP server is run from /etc/xinetd.d/tftp, and is disabled by default on Red Hat Linux systems.

%prep %setup -q -n tftp-hpa-%{version}

%build

%configure make % { ?_smp_mflags }

%install rm -rf \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT} mkdir -p \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}%{_bindir} mkdir -p \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}%{_mandir}/man{1,8}

```
mkdir -p ${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}%{_sbindir}
```

make INSTALLROOT=\${RPM_BUILD_ROOT} \

SBINDIR=% {_sbindir} MANDIR=% {_mandir} \ install install -m755 -d \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}% {_sysconfdir}/xinetd.d/ \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}/tftpboot install -m644 tftp-xinetd \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}% {_sysconfdir}/xinetd.d/tftp

%post server /sbin/service xinetd reload > /dev/null 2>&1 || :

%postun server if [\$1 = 0]; then /sbin/service xinetd reload > /dev/null 2>&1 || : fi

%clean rm -rf \${RPM_BUILD_ROOT}

%files %defattr(-,root,root) %{_bindir}/tftp % {_mandir}/man1/*

%files server %defattr(-,root,root) %config(noreplace) % {_sysconfdir}/xinetd.d/tftp %dir /tftpboot % {_sbindir}/in.tftpd % {_mandir}/man8/*

%changelog

* Tue Sep 14 2004 H. Peter Anvin <hpa@zytor.com>

- removed completely broken "Malta" patch.

- integrated into build machinery so rpm -ta works.

* Fri Feb 13 2004 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> - rebuilt

* Wed Jun 04 2003 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- rebuilt

* Fri Apr 11 2003 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- 0.33

- Add /tftpboot directory (#88204)

* Mon Feb 24 2003 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> - rebuilt

* Sun Feb 23 2003 Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com>

- add BuildPreReq on tcp_wrappers

* Wed Jan 22 2003 Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com> - rebuilt

* Mon Nov 11 2002 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> 0.32-1 - Update to 0.32

* Wed Oct 23 2002 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> 0.30-1

- Fix #55789

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* Thu Jun 27 2002 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

- Try applying HJ's patch from #65476

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- Add resource limits in tftp-xinetd (#56722)

* Sun Jun 24 2001 Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com>

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* Tue Jun 12 2001 Helge Deller <hdeller@redhat.de> (0.17-13)

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- use hpa's tftpd.8 man page instead of the netkits one

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- changed "wait" in xinetd file to "yes" (hpa-tftpd forks and exits) (#26467)

- fixed hpa-tftpd to handle files greater than 32MB (#23725)

- added "-l" flag to hpa-tftpd for file-logging (#26467)

- added description for "-l" to the man-page

* Thu Feb 08 2001 Helge Deller <hdeller@redhat.de>

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* Mon Sep 22 1997 Erik Troan <ewt@redhat.com> - added check for getpwnam() failure

* Tue Jul 15 1997 Erik Troan <ewt@redhat.com>

- initial build

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* /opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28/0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2/tftp-hpa-5.2/common/tftpsubs.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

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```
*/
```

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 $* / opt/cola/permits/1108298343_1611281305.28 / 0/tftp-hpa-5-2-tar-bz2 / tftp-hpa-5.2 / tftpd/tftpd.c$

1.50 psmisc 23.1

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1.52 elfutils 0.180

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NR START END SECTORS SIZE NAME UUID

 1
 32
 7679
 7648
 3.7M
 8f8378c0-01

 2
 7680
 16383
 8704
 4.3M
 8f8378c0-02

 5
 7936
 12799
 4864
 2.4M

 6
 12544
 16127
 3584
 1.8M

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1.58 squashfs-tools 4.4

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1.61 pciutils 3.7.0

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1.62 pcre 8.44

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1.63 rsync 3.2.3

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1.70 binutils 2.35.1

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Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support

that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things: a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Preamble

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such. Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things: a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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6b.

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1.73 luajit 2.1.0.beta3

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1.74 rpcbind 1.2.5-r0

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1.79 safestring 1.0.0

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1.80 zlib 1.2.11

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

1.81 less 562 1.81.1 Available under license :

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1.82 netkit-telnet 0.17-r0

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- * from: @(#)defs.h 5.10 (Berkeley) 3/1/91
- * \$Id: defs.h,
v 1.7 1999/08/02 03:14:03 d
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* from: @(#)telnetd.h 5.3 (Berkeley) 3/1/91

- * \$Id: telnetd.h,v 1.2 1999/03/27 07:46:21 dholland Exp \$
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* from: @(#)types.h 5.1 (Berkeley) 9/14/90

* \$Id: types.h,v 1.2 1996/07/27 00:45:54 dholland Exp \$

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Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

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* from: @(#)general.h 5.2 (Berkeley) 3/1/91

* \$Id: general.h,v 1.1 1996/07/16 05:17:22 dholland Exp \$

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Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

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* from: @(#)defines.h 5.1 (Berkeley) 9/14/90

* \$Id: defines.h,v 1.5 1996/08/04 23:44:43 dholland Exp \$

*/

Found in path(s):

*/opt/cola/permits/1389282389 1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

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- * from: @(#)ext.h 5.7 (Berkeley) 3/1/91
- * \$Id: ext.h,v 1.9 1999/12/12 14:59:44 dholland Exp \$

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```
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* from: @(#)pathnames.h 5.5 (Berkeley) 6/28/90

* \$Id: pathnames.h,v 1.3 1996/08/29 22:31:24 dholland Exp \$

*/

Found in path(s):

*/opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

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0.17/telnet/ptrarray.h

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

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* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-0.17/telnet/tn3270.cc

0.17/telnet/network.cc

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

0.17/telnet/utilities.cc

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

0.17/telnet/ring.cc

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* from: @(#)ring.h 5.2 (Berkeley) 3/1/91

* \$Id: ring.h,v 1.13 1996/08/13 08:43:28 dholland Exp \$

*/

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* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

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*/opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

- $0.17/telnetd/sys_term.c$
- * /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-0.17/telnetd/termstat.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-0.17/telnetd/telnetd.c

0.17/telnetd/global.c

*/opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-0.17/telnetd/state.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

0.17/telnetd/utility.c

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0.17/telnetd/issue.net.5

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* from: @(#)externs.h 5.3 (Berkeley) 3/22/91

* \$Id: externs.h,v 1.20 1999/08/19 09:34:15 dholland Exp \$

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* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

0.17/telnetlog in/telnetlog in.c

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* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

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- * From: @(#)conf.c 8.243 (Berkeley) 11/20/95
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* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-0.17/telnet/main.cc

0.17/telnet/terminal.cc

* /opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-

0.17/telnet/sys_bsd.cc

*/opt/cola/permits/1389282389_1660315317.1593773/0/netkit-telnet-0-17-orig-tar-gz/netkit-telnet-0.17/telnet/telnet.cc

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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The End

1.84 kmod 30

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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1.87 popt 1.18-r0

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1.93 yajl 2.1.0

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* /opt/cola/permits/1723834055_1687183247.6822069/0/dcm-spice-yajl-2-1-0-0-g88d7964-tar-gz/dcm-spice-yajl-64437c8/include/yajl/yajl_parse.h

* /opt/cola/permits/1723834055_1687183247.6822069/0/dcm-spice-yajl-2-1-0-0-g88d7964-tar-gz/dcm-spice-yajl-64437c8/include/yajl/yajl_common.h

* /opt/cola/permits/1723834055_1687183247.6822069/0/dcm-spice-yajl-2-1-0-0-g88d7964-tar-gz/dcm-spice-yajl-64437c8/include/yajl/yajl_gen.h

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* /opt/cola/permits/1723834055_1687183247.6822069/0/dcm-spice-yajl-2-1-0-0-g88d7964-tar-gz/dcm-spice-yajl-64437c8/include/yajl/yajl_tree.h

1.94 libnss-nisplus 1.3+git0+116219e215-r0

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1.95 systemtap 4.7

1.95.1 Available under license :

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1.96 libxcrypt 4.4.17-r0

1.96.1 Available under license :

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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