ılıılı cısco



Open Source Used In AppDynamics_Serverless 134

Cisco Systems, Inc.

www.cisco.com

Cisco has more than 200 offices worldwide. Addresses, phone numbers, and fax numbers are listed on the Cisco website at www.cisco.com/go/offices.

Text Part Number: 78EE117C99-1433388193

This document contains licenses and notices for open source software used in this product. With respect to the free/open source software listed in this document, if you have any questions or wish to receive a copy of any source code to which you may be entitled under the applicable free/open source license(s) (such as the GNU Lesser/General Public License), please contact us at external-opensource-requests@cisco.com.

In your requests please include the following reference number 78EE117C99-1433388193

Contents

1.1 python-certifi 2022.6.15.1 1.1.1 Available under license 1.2 urllib3 1.25.11 1.2.1 Available under license 1.3 pypi/setuptools 40.6.2 1.3.1 Available under license 1.4 python-requests 2.23.0 1.4.1 Available under license 1.5 protobuf 3.12.2 1.5.1 Available under license 1.6 idna 2.10 1.6.1 Available under license 1.7 python-six 1.16.0 1.7.1 Available under license 1.8 cerberus 1.3.2 1.8.1 Available under license 1.9 chardet 3.0.4 1.9.1 Available under license

1.1 python-certifi 2022.6.15.1

1.1.1 Available under license :

This package contains a modified version of ca-bundle.crt:

ca-bundle.crt -- Bundle of CA Root Certificates

Certificate data from Mozilla as of: Thu Nov 3 19:04:19 2011# This is a bundle of X.509 certificates of public Certificate Authorities (CA). These were automatically extracted from Mozilla's root certificates file (certdata.txt). This file can be found in the mozilla source tree: https://hg.mozilla.org/mozilla-central/file/tip/security/nss/lib/ckfw/builtins/certdata.txt It contains the certificates in PEM format and therefore can be directly used with curl / libcurl / php_curl, or with an Apache+mod_ssl webserver for SSL client authentication. Just configure this file as the SSLCACertificateFile.#

***** BEGIN LICENSE BLOCK *****

This Source Code Form is subject to the terms of the Mozilla Public License, v. 2.0. If a copy of the MPL was not distributed with this file, You can obtain one at http://mozilla.org/MPL/2.0/.

***** END LICENSE BLOCK *****
@(#) \$RCSfile: certdata.txt,v \$ \$Revision: 1.80 \$ \$Date: 2011/11/03 15:11:58 \$

1.2 urllib3 1.25.11 1.2.1 Available under license :

MIT License

Copyright (c) 2008-2019 Andrey Petrov and contributors (see CONTRIBUTORS.txt)

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

Contributions to the urllib3 project

Creator & Maintainer

* Andrey Petrov <andrey.petrov@shazow.net>

Contributors

In chronological order:

- * victor.vde <http://code.google.com/u/victor.vde/>
- * HTTPS patch (which inspired HTTPSConnectionPool)
- * erikcederstrand < http://code.google.com/u/erikcederstrand/>
- * NTLM-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool
- * Basic-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool (merged into make_headers)
- * niphlod <niphlod@gmail.com>
- * Client-verified SSL certificates for HTTPSConnectionPool
- * Response gzip and deflate encoding support
- * Better unicode support for filepost using StringIO buffers
- * btoconnor <brian@btoconnor.net>
- * Non-multipart encoding for POST requests
- * p.dobrogost <http://code.google.com/u/@WBRSRIBZDhBFXQB6/>
- * Code review, PEP8 compliance, benchmark fix
- * kennethreitz <me@kennethreitz.com>
- * Bugfixes, suggestions, Requests integration
- * georgemarshall <https://github.com/georgemarshall>
- * Bugfixes, Improvements and Test coverage
- * Thomas Kluyver <thomas@kluyver.me.uk>
- * Python 3 support
- * brandon-rhodes <http://rhodesmill.org/brandon>
- * Design review, bugfixes, test coverage.
- * studer <theo.studer@gmail.com>
- \ast IPv6 url support and test coverage
- * Shivaram Lingamneni <slingamn@cs.stanford.edu>
- * Support for explicitly closing pooled connections
- * hartator <hartator@gmail.com>
- * Corrected multipart behavior for params
- * Thomas Weischuh <thomas@t-8ch.de>
- * Support for TLS SNI
- * API unification of ssl_version/cert_reqs
- * SSL fingerprint and alternative hostname verification
- * Bugfixes in testsuite

- * Sune Kirkeby <mig@ibofobi.dk>
- * Optional SNI-support for Python 2 via PyOpenSSL.
- * Marc Schlaich <marc.schlaich@gmail.com>
- * Various bugfixes and test improvements.
- * Bryce Boe <bbzbryce@gmail.com>
- * Correct six.moves conflict
- * Fixed pickle support of some exceptions
- * Boris Figovsky <boris.figovsky@ravellosystems.com>
- * Allowed to skip SSL hostname verification
- * Cory Benfield < https://lukasa.co.uk/about/>
- * Stream method for Response objects.
- * Return native strings in header values.
- * Generate 'Host' header when using proxies.

* Jason Robinson <jaywink@basshero.org>

- * Add missing WrappedSocket.fileno method in PyOpenSSL
- * Audrius Butkevicius <audrius.butkevicius@elastichosts.com>
- * Fixed a race condition
- * Stanislav Vitkovskiy <stas.vitkovsky@gmail.com>
- * Added HTTPS (CONNECT) proxy support

* Stephen Holsapple <sholsapp@gmail.com>

- * Added abstraction for granular control of request fields
- * Martin von Gagern </ Martin.vGagern@gmx.net>
- * Support for non-ASCII header parameters

* Kevin Burke <kev@inburke.com> and Pavel Kirichenko <juanych@yandex-team.ru>

* Support for separate connect and request timeouts

* Peter Waller <p@pwaller.net>

* HTTPResponse.tell() for determining amount received over the wire

* Nipunn Koorapati <nipunn1313@gmail.com>

- * Ignore default ports when comparing hosts for equality
- * Danilo @dbrgn <https://dbrgn.ch/>
- * Disabled TLS compression by default on Python 3.2+
- * Disabled TLS compression in pyopenssl contrib module
- * Configurable cipher suites in pyopenssl contrib module

- * Roman Bogorodskiy <roman.bogorodskiy@ericsson.com>
- * Account retries on proxy errors
- * Nicolas Delaby <nicolas.delaby@ezeep.com>
- * Use the platform-specific CA certificate locations
- * Josh Schneier < https://github.com/jschneier>
- * HTTPHeaderDict and associated tests and docs
- * Bugfixes, docs, test coverage
- * Tahia Khan < http://tahia.tk/>
- * Added Timeout examples in docs

* Arthur Grunseid < https://grunseid.com>

- * source_address support and tests (with https://github.com/bui)
- * Ian Cordasco <graffatcolmingov@gmail.com>
- * PEP8 Compliance and Linting
- * Add ability to pass socket options to an HTTP Connection

* Erik Tollerud <erik.tollerud@gmail.com>

- * Support for standard library io module.
- * Krishna Prasad <kprasad.iitd@gmail.com>
- * Google App Engine documentation
- * Aaron Meurer <asmeurer@gmail.com>
- * Added Url.url, which unparses a Url
- * Evgeny Kapun <abacabadabacaba@gmail.com>
- * Bugfixes
- * Benjamen Meyer <bm_witness@yahoo.com>
- * Security Warning Documentation update for proper capture
- * Shivan Sornarajah <github@sornars.com>
- * Support for using ConnectionPool and PoolManager as context managers.
- * Alex Gaynor <alex.gaynor@gmail.com>
- * Updates to the default SSL configuration
- * Tomas Tomecek <ttomecek@redhat.com>
- * Implemented generator for getting chunks from chunked responses.
- * tlynn <https://github.com/tlynn>
- * Respect the warning preferences at import.
- * David D. Riddle <ddriddle@illinois.edu>

* IPv6 bugfixes in testsuite

- * Thea Flowers <magicalgirl@google.com>
- * App Engine environment tests.
- * Documentation re-write.
- * John Krauss <https://github.com/talos>
- * Clues to debugging problems with `cryptography` dependency in docs
- * Disassem <https://github.com/Disassem>
- * Fix pool-default headers not applying for url-encoded requests like GET.

* James Atherfold <jlatherfold@hotmail.com>

* Bugfixes relating to cleanup of connections during errors.

* Christian Pedersen <https://github.com/chripede>

* IPv6 HTTPS proxy bugfix

* Jordan Moldow < https://github.com/jmoldow>

- * Fix low-level exceptions leaking from ``HTTPResponse.stream()``.
- * Bugfix for ``ConnectionPool.urlopen(release_conn=False)``.
- * Creation of ``HTTPConnectionPool.ResponseCls``.

* Predrag Gruevski < https://github.com/obi1kenobi>

- * Made cert digest comparison use a constant-time algorithm.
- * Adam Talsma <https://github.com/a-tal>
- * Bugfix to ca_cert file paths.
- * Evan Meagher <https://evanmeagher.net>
- * Bugfix related to `memoryview` usage in PyOpenSSL adapter
- * John Vandenberg <jayvdb@gmail.com>
- * Python 2.6 fixes; pyflakes and pep8 compliance
- * Andy Caldwell <andy.m.caldwell@googlemail.com>
- * Bugfix related to reusing connections in indeterminate states.
- * Ville Skytt <ville.skytta@iki.fi>
- * Logging efficiency improvements, spelling fixes, Travis config.
- * Shige Takeda <smtakeda@gmail.com>
- * Started Recipes documentation and added a recipe about handling concatenated gzip data in HTTP response
- * Jess Shapiro <jesse@jesseshapiro.net>
- * Various character-encoding fixes/tweaks
- * Disabling IPv6 DNS when IPv6 connections not supported

- * David Foster < http://dafoster.net/>
- * Ensure order of request and response headers are preserved.
- * Jeremy Cline <jeremy@jcline.org>
- * Added connection pool keys by scheme
- * Aviv Palivoda <palaviv@gmail.com>
- * History list to Retry object.
- * HTTPResponse contains the last Retry object.
- * Nate Prewitt <nate.prewitt@gmail.com>
- * Ensure timeouts are not booleans and greater than zero.
- * Fixed infinite loop in ``stream`` when amt=None.
- * Added length_remaining to determine remaining data to be read.
- * Added enforce_content_length to raise exception when incorrect content-length received.

* Seth Michael Larson <sethmichaellarson@protonmail.com>

* Created selectors backport that supports PEP 475.

* Alexandre Dias <alex.dias@smarkets.com>

- * Don't retry on timeout if method not in whitelist
- * Moinuddin Quadri <moin18@gmail.com>
- * Lazily load idna package

* Tom White <s6yg1ez3@mail2tor.com>

* Made SOCKS handler differentiate socks5h from socks5 and socks4a from socks4.

* Tim Burke <tim.burke@gmail.com>

- * Stop buffering entire deflate-encoded responses.
- * Tuukka Mustonen <tuukka.mustonen@gmail.com>
- * Add counter for status_forcelist retries.
- * Erik Rose <erik@mozilla.com>
- * Bugfix to pyopenssl vendoring

* Wolfgang Richter <wolfgang.richter@gmail.com>

* Bugfix related to loading full certificate chains with PyOpenSSL backend.

* Mike Miller <github@mikeage.net>

- * Logging improvements to include the HTTP(S) port when opening a new connection
- * Ioannis Tziakos <mail@itziakos.gr>
- * Fix ``util.selectors._fileobj_to_fd`` to accept ``long``.
- * Update appveyor tox setup to use the 64bit python.

* Akamai (through Jess Shapiro) <jshapiro@akamai.com>

* Ongoing maintenance; 2017-2018

* Dominique Leuenberger <dimstar@opensuse.org>

* Minor fixes in the test suite

* Will Bond <will@wbond.net>

* Add Python 2.6 support to ``contrib.securetransport``

* Aleksei Alekseev <alekseev.yeskela@gmail.com>

* using auth info for socks proxy

* Chris Wilcox <git@crwilcox.com>

* Improve contribution guide

* Add ``HTTPResponse.geturl`` method to provide ``urllib2.urlopen().geturl()`` behavior

* Bruce Merry <https://www.brucemerry.org.za>

* Fix leaking exceptions when system calls are interrupted with zero timeout

* Hugo van Kemenade < https://github.com/hugovk>

* Drop support for EOL Python 2.6

* Tim Bell <https://github.com/timb07>

* Bugfix for responses with Content-Type: message/* logging warnings

* Justin Bramley <https://github.com/jbramleycl>

* Add ability to handle multiple Content-Encodings

* Katsuhiko YOSHIDA < https://github.com/kyoshidajp>

* Remove Authorization header regardless of case when redirecting to cross-site

* James Meickle <https://permadeath.com/>

* Improve handling of Retry-After header

* Chris Jerdonek <chris.jerdonek@gmail.com>

* Remove a spurious TypeError from the exception chain inside HTTPConnectionPool._make_request(), also for BaseExceptions.

* Jorge Lopez Silva < https://github.com/jalopezsilva>

* Added support for forwarding requests through HTTPS proxies.

* Benno Rice <benno@jeamland.net>

* Allow cadata parameter to be passed to underlying ``SSLContext.load_verify_locations()``.

* Keiichi Kobayashi <abok.1k@gmail.com>

* Rename VerifiedHTTPSConnection to HTTPSConnection

* Himanshu Garg <garg_himanshu@outlook.com>

* DOC & LICENSE Update

- * Hod Bin Noon <bin.noon.hod@gmail.com>
- * Test improvements
- * Chris Olufson <tycarac@gmail.com>
- * Fix for connection not being released on HTTP redirect and response not preloaded
- * [Bastiaan Bakker] <https://github.com/bastiaanb>
- * Support for logging session keys via environment variable ``SSLKEYLOGFILE`` (Python 3.8+)
- * [Your name or handle] <[email or website]>
- * [Brief summary of your changes]

1.3 pypi/setuptools 40.6.2

1.3.1 Available under license :

Copyright (C) 2016 Jason R Coombs < jaraco@jaraco.com>

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

1.4 python-requests 2.23.0

1.4.1 Available under license :

Copyright 2019 Kenneth Reitz

Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at

https://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0

Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS, WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied. See the License for the specific language governing permissions and limitations under the License.

1.5 protobuf 3.12.2

1.5.1 Available under license :

Copyright 2008 Google Inc. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

* Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.

* Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

* Neither the name of Google Inc. nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

Code generated by the Protocol Buffer compiler is owned by the owner of the input file used when generating it. This code is not standalone and requires a support library to be linked with it. This support library is itself covered by the above license. This file contains a list of people who have made large contributions to the public version of Protocol Buffers.

Original Protocol Buffers design and implementation: Sanjay Ghemawat <sanjay@google.com> Jeff Dean <jeff@google.com> Daniel Dulitz <daniel@google.com> Craig Silverstein Paul Haahr <haahr@google.com> Corey Anderson <corin@google.com> (and many others)

Proto2 C++ and Java primary author: Kenton Varda <kenton@google.com>

Proto2 Python primary authors: Will Robinson <robinson@google.com> Petar Petrov <petar@google.com>

Java Nano primary authors: Brian Duff <bduff@google.com> Tom Chao <chaot@google.com> Max Cai <maxtroy@google.com> Ulas Kirazci <ulas@google.com>

Large code contributions: Jason Hsueh <jasonh@google.com> Joseph Schorr <jschorr@google.com> Wenbo Zhu <wenboz@google.com>

Large quantity of code reviews: Scott Bruce <sbruce@google.com> Frank Yellin Neal Norwitz <nnorwitz@google.com> Jeffrey Yasskin <jyasskin@google.com> Ambrose Feinstein <ambrose@google.com>

Documentation: Lisa Carey <lcarey@google.com>

Maven packaging: Gregory Kick <gak@google.com>

Patch contributors:

Kevin Ko <kevin.s.ko@gmail.com>

* Small patch to handle trailing slashes in --proto_path flag.

Johan Euphrosine <proppy@aminche.com>

* Small patch to fix Python CallMethod().

Ulrich Kunitz <kune@deine-taler.de>

* Small optimizations to Python serialization.

Leandro Lucarella <llucax@gmail.com>

* VI syntax highlighting tweaks.

* Fix compiler to not make output executable.

Dilip Joseph <dilip.antony.joseph@gmail.com>

* Heuristic detection of sub-messages when printing unknown fields in text format.

Brian Atkinson <nairb774@gmail.com>

* Added @Override annotation to generated Java code where appropriate.

Vincent Choinire <Choiniere.Vincent@hydro.qc.ca>

* Tru64 support.

Monty Taylor <monty.taylor@gmail.com>

* Solaris 10 + Sun Studio fixes.

Alek Storm <alek.storm@gmail.com>

* Slicing support for repeated scalar fields for the Python API.

Oleg Smolsky <oleg.smolsky@gmail.com>

* MS Visual Studio error format option.

* Detect unordered_map in stl_hash.m4.

Brian Olson

brianolson@google.com>

* gzip/zlib I/O support.

Michael Poole <mdpoole@troilus.org>

* Fixed warnings about generated constructors not explicitly initializing

all fields (only present with certain compiler settings).

* Added generation of field number constants.

Wink Saville <wink@google.com>

* Fixed initialization ordering problem in logging code.

Will Pierce <willp@nuclei.com>

* Small patch improving performance of in Python serialization.

Alexandre Vassalotti <alexandre@peadrop.com>

* Emacs mode for Protocol Buffers (editors/protobuf-mode.el).

Scott Stafford <scott.stafford@gmail.com>

* Added Swap(), SwapElements(), and RemoveLast() to Reflection interface.

Alexander Melnikov <alm@sibmail.ru>

* HPUX support.

Oliver Jowett <oliver.jowett@gmail.com>

* Detect whether zlib is new enough in configure script.

* Fixes for Solaris 10 32/64-bit confusion.

Evan Jones <evanj@mit.edu>

* Optimize Java serialization code when writing a small message to a stream.

* Optimize Java serialization of strings so that UTF-8 encoding happens only once per string per serialization call.

* Clean up some Java warnings.

* Fix bug with permanent callbacks that delete themselves when run.

Michael Kucharski <m.kucharski@gmail.com>

* Added CodedInputStream.getTotalBytesRead().

Kacper Kowalik <xarthisius.kk@gmail.com>

* Fixed m4/acx_pthread.m4 problem for some Linux distributions.

William Orr <will@worrbase.com>

* Fixed detection of sched_yield on Solaris.

* Added atomicops for Solaris

Andrew Paprocki <andrew@ishiboo.com>

* Fixed minor IBM xIC compiler build issues

* Added atomicops for AIX (POWER)

1.6 idna 2.10

1.6.1 Available under license :

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

License

License: bsd-3-clause

Copyright (c) 2013-2020, Kim Davies. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

#. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.

- #. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- #. Neither the name of the copyright holder nor the names of the contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.
- #. THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

Found in path(s):

* /opt/ws_local/PERMITS_SQL/1067757573_1594202931.19/0/idna-2-10-1-tar-gz/idna-2.10/LICENSE.rst No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

License: BSD-like

Classifier: License :: OSI Approved :: BSD License

```
Found in path(s):
*/opt/ws_local/PERMITS_SQL/1067757573_1594202931.19/0/idna-2-10-1-tar-gz/idna-2.10/PKG-INFO
*/opt/ws_local/PERMITS_SQL/1067757573_1594202931.19/0/idna-2-10-1-tar-gz/idna-2.10/idna.egg-info/PKG-INFO
INFO
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

.....

A library to support the Internationalised Domain Names in Applications (IDNA) protocol as specified in RFC 5890 et.al. This new methodology, known as IDNA 2008, can generate materially different results to the previous standard. The library can act as a drop-in replacement for the "encodings.idna" module.

import io, sys from setuptools import setup

def main():

```
python_version = sys.version_info[:2]
if python_version < (2,7):
  raise SystemExit("Sorry, Python 2.7 or newer required")</pre>
```

```
package_data = { }
exec(open('idna/package_data.py').read(), package_data)
```

arguments $= \{$ 'name': 'idna', 'packages': ['idna'], 'version': package_data['__version__'], 'description': 'Internationalized Domain Names in Applications (IDNA)', 'long_description': io.open("README.rst", encoding="UTF-8").read(), 'author': 'Kim Davies', 'author_email': 'kim@cynosure.com.au', 'license': 'BSD-like', 'url': 'https://github.com/kjd/idna', 'classifiers': ['Development Status :: 5 - Production/Stable', 'Intended Audience :: Developers', 'Intended Audience :: System Administrators', 'License :: OSI Approved :: BSD License', 'Operating System :: OS Independent', 'Programming Language :: Python', 'Programming Language :: Python :: 2', 'Programming Language :: Python :: 2.7',

```
'Programming Language :: Python :: 3',
'Programming Language :: Python :: 3.4',
'Programming Language :: Python :: 3.5',
'Programming Language :: Python :: 3.6',
'Programming Language :: Python :: 3.7',
'Programming Language :: Python :: 3.8',
'Programming Language :: Python :: Implementation :: CPython',
'Programming Language :: Python :: Implementation :: CPython',
'Programming Language :: Python :: Implementation :: PyPy',
'Topic :: Internet :: Name Service (DNS)',
'Topic :: Software Development :: Libraries :: Python Modules',
'Topic :: Utilities',
],
'python_requires': '>=2.7, !=3.0.*, !=3.1.*, !=3.2.*, !=3.3.*',
}
setup(**arguments)
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
main()
```

Found in path(s):

1.7 python-six 1.16.0 1.7.1 Available under license :

The primary author and maintainer of six is Benjamin Peterson. He would like to acknowledge the following people who submitted bug reports, pull requests, and otherwise worked to improve six:

Marc Abramowitz immerrr again Alexander Artemenko Aymeric Augustin Lee Ball Ben Bariteau Ned Batchelder Wouter Bolsterlee Brett Cannon Jason R. Coombs Julien Danjou Ben Darnell Ben Davis Jon Dufresne Tim Graham Thomas Grainger Max Grender-Jones

Pierre Grimaud Joshua Harlow Toshiki Kataoka Hugo van Kemenade Anselm Kruis Ivan Levkivskyi Alexander Lukanin James Mills Jordan Moldow Berker Peksag Sridhar Ratnakumar Erik Rose Mirko Rossini Peter Ruibal Miroslav Shubernetskiy Eli Schwartz Anthony Sottile Victor Stinner Jonathan Vanasco Lucas Wiman Jingxin Zhu

If you think you belong on this list, please let me know! --Benjamin Copyright (c) 2010-2020 Benjamin Peterson

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

1.8 cerberus 1.3.2

1.8.1 Available under license :

ISC License

Copyright (c) 2012-2016 Nicola Iarocci.

Permission to use, copy, modify, and/or distribute this software for any purpose with or without fee is hereby granted, provided that the above copyright notice and this permission notice appear in all copies.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS" AND THE AUTHOR DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES WITH REGARD TO THIS SOFTWARE INCLUDING ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHOR BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, DIRECT, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR ANY DAMAGES WHATSOEVER RESULTING FROM LOSS OF USE, DATA OR PROFITS, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE OR OTHER TORTIOUS ACTION, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS SOFTWARE.

1.9 chardet 3.0.4

1.9.1 Available under license :

GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2.1, February 1999

Copyright (C) 1991, 1999 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software packages--typically libraries--of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use,

not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you". A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.

Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these

materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

8. You may not copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies, or rights, from you under this License will not have their licenses terminated so long as such parties remain in full compliance.

9. You are not required to accept this License, since you have not signed it. However, nothing else grants you permission to modify or distribute the Library or its derivative works. These actions are prohibited by law if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or distributing the Library (or any work based on the Library), you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so, and all its terms and conditions for copying, distributing or modifying

the Library or works based on it.

10. Each time you redistribute the Library (or any work based on the Library), the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensor to copy, distribute, link with or modify the Library subject to these terms and conditions. You may not impose any further restrictions on the recipients' exercise of the rights granted herein. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.

11. If, as a consequence of a court judgment or allegation of patent infringement or for any other reason (not limited to patent issues), conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot distribute so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not distribute the Library at all. For example, if a patent license would not permit royalty-free redistribution of the Library by all those who receive copies directly or indirectly through you, then the only way you could satisfy both it and this License would be to refrain entirely from distribution of the Library.

If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply, and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

It is not the purpose of this section to induce you to infringe any patents or other property right claims or to contest validity of any such claims; this section has the sole purpose of protecting the integrity of the free software distribution system which is implemented by public license practices. Many people have made generous contributions to the wide range of software distributed through that system in reliance on consistent application of that system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

12. If the distribution and/or use of the Library is restricted in certain countries either by patents or by copyrighted interfaces, the original copyright holder who places the Library under this License may add an explicit geographical distribution limitation excluding those countries, so that distribution is permitted only in or among countries not thus excluded. In such case, this License incorporates the limitation as if written in the body of this License.

13. The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the Lesser General Public License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns.

Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Library specifies a version number of this License which applies to it and "any later version", you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Library does not specify a license version number, you may choose any version ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

14. If you wish to incorporate parts of the Library into other free programs whose distribution conditions are incompatible with these, write to the author to ask for permission. For software which is copyrighted by the Free Software Foundation, write to the Free Software Foundation; we sometimes make exceptions for this. Our decision will be guided by the two goals of preserving the free status of all derivatives of our free software and of promoting the sharing and reuse of software generally.

NO WARRANTY

15. BECAUSE THE LIBRARY IS LICENSED FREE OF CHARGE, THERE IS NO WARRANTY FOR THE LIBRARY, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW. EXCEPT WHEN OTHERWISE STATED IN WRITING THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND/OR OTHER PARTIES PROVIDE THE LIBRARY "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO THE QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE OF THE LIBRARY IS WITH YOU. SHOULD THE LIBRARY PROVE DEFECTIVE, YOU ASSUME THE COST OF ALL NECESSARY SERVICING, REPAIR OR CORRECTION.

16. IN NO EVENT UNLESS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW OR AGREED TO IN WRITING WILL ANY COPYRIGHT HOLDER, OR ANY OTHER PARTY WHO MAY MODIFY AND/OR REDISTRIBUTE THE LIBRARY AS PERMITTED ABOVE, BE LIABLE TO YOU FOR DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY GENERAL, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE LIBRARY (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOSS OF DATA OR DATA BEING RENDERED INACCURATE OR LOSSES SUSTAINED BY YOU OR THIRD PARTIES OR A FAILURE OF THE LIBRARY TO OPERATE WITH ANY OTHER SOFTWARE), EVEN IF SUCH HOLDER OR OTHER PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU Lesser General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990 Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: www.cisco.com/go/trademarks. Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1110R)

 $\textcircled{\sc 0}2022$ Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.