



Open Source Used In Jabber Guest Client App for iOS 10.5.3

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under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands 'show w' and 'show c' should show the appropriate
parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may
be called something other than 'show w' and 'show c'; they could even be
mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your
school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if
necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into
proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may
consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the
library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General
Public License instead of this License.

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Version 2, June 1991

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of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your

freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary

GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

/* GStreamer

* Copyright (C) <1999> Erik Walthinsen <omega@cse.ogi.edu>

*

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*/

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GStreamer is developed under the terms of the LGPL (see LICENSE file for details). Some of our plugins however rely on libraries which are available under other licenses. This means that if you are using an application which has a non-GPL compatible license, for instance a closed-source application with GStreamer you have to make sure not to use GPL linked or derived plugins. When using GPL linked plugins GStreamer is for all practical reasons under the GPL itself.

The plugins which use a GPL library are as follows:

a52dec	liba52	(http://liba52.sourceforge.net/)
aasink	aalib	(http://sourceforge.net/projects/aa-project/)
cdparanoia	libcdparanoia	(http://www.xiph.org/paranoia/)
dtsdec	libdts	(http://www.videolan.org/dtsdec.html)
dvdnavsrc	libdvdnav	(http://dvd.sourceforge.net/)
dxr3		(http://dxr3.sourceforge.net/)
icecastsend	libshout	(http://www.icecast.org)
mad	libmad	(http://www.mars.org/home/rob/proj/mpeg/)
mpeg2dec	libmpeg2	(http://libmpeg2.sourceforge.net/)
mpeg2enc	libmpeg2enc	(http://mjpeg.sourceforge.net/)
mplex	libmplex	(http://mjpeg.sourceforge.net/)
siddec	libsidplay 1.36	(http://www.geocities.com/SiliconValley/Lakes/5147/sidplay/ , http://sourceforge.net/projects/sidplay2/)
trm	libmusicbrainz	(http://www.musicbrainz.org/)
xine	libxine	(http://xinehq.de/)
xvid	libxvidcore	(http://www.xvid.org/)

Plugins derived from GPL code are as follows:

dvdreadsrc	libdvdread	(http://www.dtek.chalmers.se/groups/dvd/)
monoscope	None	(Algorithm by Ralph Loader, Joerg Walter, Richard Boulton, and Andy Lo A Foe)
rtjpeg	None	(Erik Walthinsen's algorithm)
rtp	None	(http://www.linphone.org/ortp/)
synaesthesia		(http://www.logarithmic.net/pfh/synaesthesia)

system_encode None (Algorithm by Chrisoph Moar, Wim Tayman's and Erik Walthinsen)

vbidec None (Algorithm by Billy Biggs, Doug Bell, Erik Walthinsen and David I. Lehn)

Plugins which use a LGPL library are as follows:

alsa alsa (<http://alsa-project.org/>)

artsdsink aRts (<http://arts-project.org/>)

cacasink libcaca (<http://sam.zoy.org/projects/libcaca/>)

colorspacecbs libcolorspace

dvdec libdv (<http://libdv.sourceforge.net/>)

esdmon,esdsink libesd (<ftp.gnome.org/pub/GNOME/stable/sources/esound/>)

faac libfaac (<http://www.audiocoding.com/modules/mydownloads/>)

fameenc libfame (<http://fame.sourceforge.net/>)

ffmpeg ffmpeg (<http://ffmpeg.sourceforge.net/>)

gdkpixbuf GTK+ (<http://www.gtk.org/>)

gnomevfs gnome-vfs (<ftp.gnome.org/pub/GNOME/stable/sources/gnome-vfs/>)

gst_arts aRts (<http://arts-project.org/>)

gst1394 libraw1394 (<http://www.linux1394.org/>)

gstaf libaudiofile (<http://www.68k.org/~michael/audiofile/>)

gstsf libsndfile (<http://www.mega-nerd.com/libsndfile/>)

hermescolorspace Hermes (<http://www.clanlib.org/hermes/>)

kio KDE (<http://www.kde.org/>)

ladspa (<http://www.ladspa.org/>)

lame libmp3lame (<http://lame.sourceforge.net/>)

libvisual libvisual (<http://libvisual.sourceforge.net/>)

matroska (<http://www.matroska.org/>)

mikmod libmikmod (<http://mikmod.raphnet.net/>)

ossaudio (<http://www.opensound.com/>)

qcamsrc

rfbenc librfb

sdlvideosink libsdl (<http://www.libsdl.org/>)

shout2send libshout2 (<http://www.icecast.org/>)

smoothwave

swfdec (<http://swfdec.sourceforge.net/>)

tarkin (<http://svn.xiph.org/trunk/tarkin/>)

textoverlay pango (<http://www.pango.org/>)

dirac (<http://www.bbc.co.uk/rd/projects/dirac/>)

effectv (Our ports was relicensed)(<http://effectv.sourceforge.net/>)

musepack (<http://www.musepack.net/>)

kate libtiger (<http://libtiger.googlecode.com/>)

Optional, only for the tiger element

Plugins which use a BSD covered library are as follows:

ogg libogg/libvorbis (<http://www.xiph.org/ogg/vorbis/>)

vorbis libogg/libvorbis (<http://www.xiph.org/ogg/vorbis/>)

gsttheora libtheora (<http://www.theora.org/>)
speex (<http://www.speex.org/>)
flac libFLAC (<http://flac.sourceforge.net/>)
kate libkate (<http://libkate.googlecode.com/>)

Plugins based on libraries with other free licenses:

ximagesink libXv
xvimagesink libXv
- license: MIT X11 / X Consortium license

gsm libgsm
- license MIT license <http://kbs.cs.tu-berlin.de/~jutta/toast.html>

festival (<http://www.cstr.ed.ac.uk/projects/festival/>)
- license: <http://www.cstr.ed.ac.uk/projects/festival/freecopyright.shtml>

jpeg (<http://www.ijg.org/>)
- license: IJG license

nas (<http://radscan.com/nas.html>)
- license: NAS license

snapshot libpng (<http://www.libpng.org/pub/png/>)
- license: PNG license

mngdec/mngenc libmng (<http://gjuyn.xs4all.nl/libmng>)
- license PNG license

Plugins using non-free libraries:

divxdec, divxenc (<http://www.divx.com/>)
osxaudio (<http://www.apple.com/macosx/>)
sunaudiosink (<http://www.sun.com/>)

Unsure:

faad libfaad (<http://www.audiocoding.com/>)

faad's license depends on its major version :

- for FAAD1 : it is LGPL
- for FAAD2 : it is GPL

look at these pages for more information on licenses :

<http://www.audiocoding.com/modules/wiki/?page=FAAD2>

<http://www.audiocoding.com/modules/wiki/?page=FAAC>

by default, GStreamer faad plugin would compile against FAAD2 if available.

it falls back to FAAD1 if not.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegpsmux/mpegpsmux_aac.c
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegpsmux/mpegpsmux_aac.h
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegpsmux/mpegpsmux_h264.c
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegpsmux/mpegpsmux_h264.h
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/mpegtsmux.c
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/mpegtsmux.h
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/mpegtsmux_aac.c
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/mpegtsmux_aac.h
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/mpegtsmux_h264.c
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/mpegtsmux_h264.h
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/tsmux/tsmux.c
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/tsmux/tsmux.h
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/tsmux/tsmuxcommon.h
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/tsmux/tsmuxstream.c
gststreamer/gst-plugins-bad/gst/mpegtsmux/tsmux/tsmuxstream.h
```

```
/*
```

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 */

1.7 gstreamer-plugins-base 0.10.35.1

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```
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```

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```
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'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.8 gstreamer-plugins-good 0.10.30.1

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

This is a demuxer supporting a subset of the Quicktime video container format developed by Apple. Apple and others have some patents on some features of the Quicktime container format in regards to technologies such as QuicktimeVR and RTP hinting. Due to that be aware that if ever such features are added to this demuxer it would need to be moved to the -ugly module or those features need to come as add-in functionality stored in another module.

As the plugin is as of today's date (19th of June 2007) it does not violate any software patents we know of.

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The plugins which use a GPL library are as follows:

a52dec	liba52	(http://liba52.sourceforge.net/)
aasink	aalib	(http://sourceforge.net/projects/aa-project/)
cdparanoia	libcdparanoia	(http://www.xiph.org/paranoia/)
dtsdec	libdts	(http://www.videolan.org/dtsdec.html)
dvdnavsrc	libdvdnav	(http://dvd.sourceforge.net/)
dxr3		(http://dxr3.sourceforge.net/)

icecastsend libshout (<http://www.icecast.org>)
mad libmad (<http://www.mars.org/home/rob/proj/mpeg/>)
mpeg2dec libmpeg2 (<http://libmpeg2.sourceforge.net/>)
mpeg2enc libmpeg2enc (<http://mjpeg.sourceforge.net/>)
mplex libmplex (<http://mjpeg.sourceforge.net/>)
siddec libsidplay 1.36 (<http://www.geocities.com/SiliconValley/Lakes/5147/sidplay/>,
<http://sourceforge.net/projects/sidplay2/>)
trm libmusicbrainz (<http://www.musicbrainz.org/>)
xine libxine (<http://xinehq.de/>)
xvid libxvidcore (<http://www.xvid.org/>)

Plugins derived from GPL code are as follows:

dvdreadsrc libdvdread (<http://www.dtek.chalmers.se/groups/dvd/>)
jack libjack (<http://jackit.sourceforge.net/>)
Note libjack is LGPL, but plugin is GPL.
monoscope None (Algorithm by Ralph Loader, Joerg Walter,
Richard Boulton, and Andy Lo A Foe)
rtjpeg None (Erik Walthinsen's algorithm)
rtp None (<http://www.linphone.org/ortp/>)
synaesthesia (<http://www.logarithmic.net/pfh/synaesthesia>)
system_encode None (Algorithm by Chrisoph Moar, Wim Tayman's and
Erik Walthinsen)
vbidec None (Algorithm by Billy Biggs, Doug Bell,
Erik Walthinsen and David I. Lehn)

Plugins which use a LGPL library are as follows:

alsa alsa (<http://alsa-project.org/>)
artsdsink aRts (<http://arts-project.org/>)
cacasink libcaca (<http://sam.zoy.org/projects/libcaca/>)
colorspacecs libcolorspace
dvdec libdv (<http://libdv.sourceforge.net/>)
esdmon,esdsink libesd (<ftp.gnome.org/pub/GNOME/stable/sources/esound/>)
faac libfaac (<http://www.audiocoding.com/modules/mydownloads/>)
fameenc libfame (<http://fame.sourceforge.net/>)
ffmpeg ffmpeg (<http://ffmpeg.sourceforge.net/>)
gdkpixbuf GTK+ (<http://www.gtk.org/>)
gnomevfs gnome-vfs (<ftp.gnome.org/pub/GNOME/stable/sources/gnome-vfs/>)
gst_arts aRts (<http://arts-project.org/>)
gst1394 libraw1394 (<http://www.linux1394.org/>)
gstaf libaudiofile (<http://www.68k.org/~michael/audiofile/>)
gstsf libsndfile (<http://www.mega-nerd.com/libsndfile/>)
hermescolorspace Hermes (<http://www.clanlib.org/hermes/>)
kio KDE (<http://www.kde.org/>)
ladspa (<http://www.ladspa.org/>)
lame libmp3lame (<http://lame.sourceforge.net/>)
libvisual libvisual (<http://libvisual.sourceforge.net/>)

matroska (<http://www.matroska.org/>)
mikmod libmikmod (<http://mikmod.raphnet.net/>)
ossaudio (<http://www.opensound.com/>)
qcamsrc
rfbenc librfb
sdlvideosink libsdl (<http://www.libsdl.org/>)
shout2send libshout2 (<http://www.icecast.org>)
smoothwave
swfdec (<http://swfdec.sourceforge.net/>)
tarkin (<http://svn.xiph.org/trunk/tarkin/>)
textoverlay pango (<http://www.pango.org/>)
dirac (<http://www.bbc.co.uk/rd/projects/dirac/>)
effectv (Our ports was relicensed)(<http://effectv.sourceforge.net/>)
musepack (<http://www.musepack.net/>)

Plugins which use a BSD covered library are as follows:

ogg libogg/libvorbis (<http://www.xiph.org/ogg/vorbis/>)
vorbis libogg/libvorbis (<http://www.xiph.org/ogg/vorbis/>)
gsttheora libtheora (<http://www.theora.org/>)
speex (<http://www.speex.org/>)
flac libFLAC (<http://flac.sourceforge.net/>)

Plugins based on libraries with other free licenses:

ximagesink libXv
xvimagesink libXv
- license: MIT X11 / X Consortium license

gsm libgsm
- license MIT license <http://kbs.cs.tu-berlin.de/~jutta/toast.html>

festival (<http://www.cstr.ed.ac.uk/projects/festival/>)
- license: <http://www.cstr.ed.ac.uk/projects/festival/freecopyright.shtml>

jpeg (<http://www.ijg.org/>)
- license: IJG license

nas (<http://radscan.com/nas.html>)
- license: NAS license

snapshot libpng (<http://www.libpng.org/pub/png/>)
- license: PNG license

mngdec/mngenc libmng (<http://gjuyn.xs4all.nl/libmng>)
- license PNG license

Plugins using non-free libraries:

divxdec, divxenc (<http://www.divx.com/>)
osxaudio (<http://www.apple.com/macosx/>)
sunaudiosink (<http://www.sun.com/>)

Unsure:

faad libfaad (<http://www.audiocoding.com/>)

faad's license depends on its major version :

- for FAAD1 : it is LGPL
- for FAAD2 : it is GPL

look at these pages for more information on licenses :

<http://www.audiocoding.com/modules/wiki/?page=FAAD2>

<http://www.audiocoding.com/modules/wiki/?page=FAAC>

by default, GStreamer faad plugin would compile against FAAD2 if available.

it falls back to FAAD1 if not.

1.9 libxml2 2.9.1

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/*

* hash.c: chained hash tables

*

* Reference: Your favorite introductory book on algorithms

```

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*
* Author: breese@users.sourceforge.net
*/

/*
* list.c: lists handling implementation
*
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*****/
*

```

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* http://ctrio.sourceforge.net/
*
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```

1.10 libyuv r752 :ICS

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```
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*****
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;*
;* Authors: Loren Merritt <lorenm@u.washington.edu>
;*         Anton Mitrofanov <BugMaster@narod.ru>
;*         Jason Garrett-Glaser <darkshikari@gmail.com>
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1.11 MTPopupWindow 06 Jan 2013

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1.12 NSData+Base64 n/a

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1.13 OpenSSL 1.0.1g

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1.14 OpenSSL patch to 0.9.8 branch to add RFC5649 (key wrap with pad) 1.0

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```
/* crypto/aes/aes_wrap.c */
/* Written by Dr Stephen N Henson (steve@openssl.org) for the OpenSSL
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 * Modified by Attaullah Baig (abaig@paypal.com) to wrap/unwrap any
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- * =====
- */

1.15 zlib 1.2.3

1.15.1 Available under license :

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The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format) and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

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