Migrating ASA to Firepower Threat Defense—Site-to-Site VPN Using IKEv2 with Pre-Shared Key Authentication

September 3, 2019

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Introduction

Introduction

This document describes the procedure to migrate site-to-site IKEv2 VPN tunnels using pre-shared key (PSK) as a method of authentication from the existing Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) to Firepower Threat Defense (FTD), managed by Cisco Firepower Management Center (FMC).

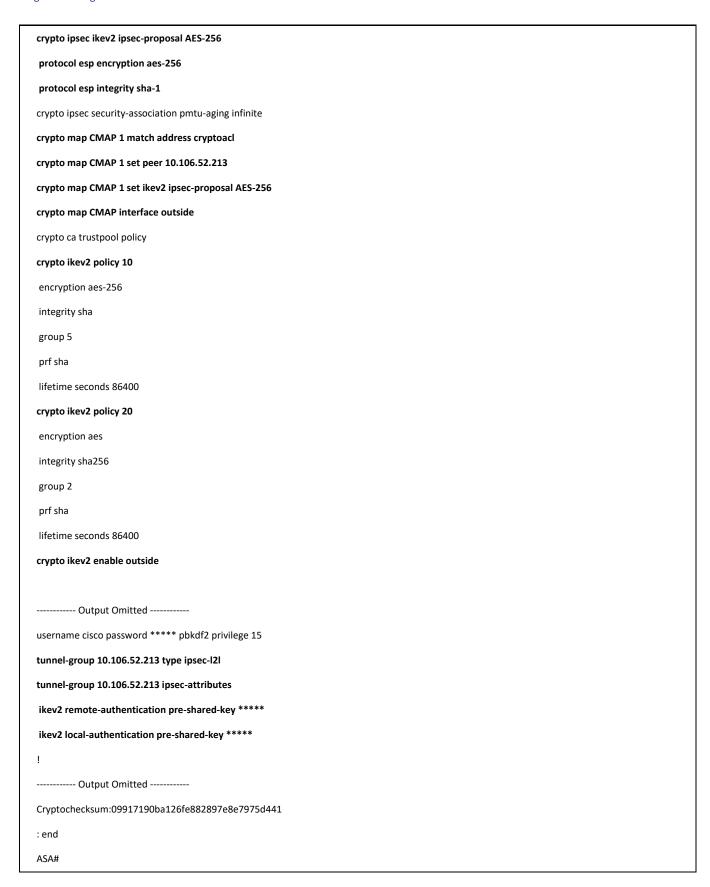
Existing ASA Configuration

```
ASA# show running-config
: Saved
: Serial Number: JAD202407H5
: Hardware: ASA5516, 8192 MB RAM, CPU Atom C2000 series 2416 MHz, 1 CPU (8 cores)
ASA Version 9.12(1)
hostname ASA
enable password ***** pbkdf2
no mac-address auto
interface GigabitEthernet1/1
no nameif
security-level 0
no ip address
interface GigabitEthernet1/2
nameif inside
security-level 100
ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
interface GigabitEthernet1/3
nameif outside
security-level 0
ip address 10.197.222.163 255.255.255.0
interface GigabitEthernet1/4
```

Existing ASA Configuration

no nameif	
security-level 0	
no ip address	
I	
Output Omitted	
I	
boot system disk0:/asa9-12-1-Ifbff-k8.SPA	
ftp mode passive	
dns domain-lookup outside	
same-security-traffic permit inter-interface	
same-security-traffic permit intra-interface	
Output Omitted	
object network LOCAL	
subnet 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0	
object network REMOTE	
subnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0	
subnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0	
Output Omitted	
Output Omitted	
Output Omitted	
Output Omitted	
Output Omitted access-list cryptoacl extended permit ip object LOCAL object REMOTE pager lines 24 logging enable	
Output Omitted access-list cryptoacl extended permit ip object LOCAL object REMOTE pager lines 24 logging enable logging timestamp	
Output Omitted access-list cryptoacl extended permit ip object LOCAL object REMOTE pager lines 24 logging enable logging timestamp logging monitor debugging	
Output Omitted access-list cryptoacl extended permit ip object LOCAL object REMOTE pager lines 24 logging enable logging timestamp logging monitor debugging	
Output Omitted access-list cryptoacl extended permit ip object LOCAL object REMOTE pager lines 24 logging enable logging timestamp logging monitor debugging logging buffered debugging	
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access-list cryptoacl extended permit ip object LOCAL object REMOTE pager lines 24 logging enable logging timestamp logging monitor debugging logging buffered debugging	

Existing ASA Configuration



Verification of VPN Tunnel Status on ASA

To get the clear text form of the pre-shared key used for the VPN tunnel, execute the following command in the ASA CLI:

ASA# more system:running-config | begin tunnel-group 10.106.52.213

tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 type ipsec-I2I

tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 ipsec-attributes

ikev2 remote-authentication pre-shared-key cisco123

ikev2 local-authentication pre-shared-key cisco123

Verification of VPN Tunnel Status on ASA

Use the following commands to check the encryption and the hashing algorithms that are used by the tunnel during Phase 1 negotiation.

ASA# show crypto ikev2 sa detail

IKEv2 SAs:

Session-id:1, Status:UP-ACTIVE, IKE count:1, CHILD count:1

Tunnel-id Local Remote Status Role

7851179 10.197.222.163/500 10.106.52.213/500 READY RESPONDER

Encr: AES-CBC, keysize: 256, Hash: SHA96, DH Grp:5, Auth sign: PSK, Auth verify: PSK

Life/Active Time: 86400/17 sec

Session-id: 1

Status Description: Negotiation done

Local spi: 971C4CC10CAA9C0A Remote spi: D37FA629892809DD

Local id: 10.197.222.163

Remote id: 10.106.52.213

Local req mess id: 1 Remote req mess id: 2

Local next mess id: 1 Remote next mess id: 2

Local req queued: 1 Remote req queued: 2

Local window: 1 Remote window: 5

DPD configured for 10 seconds, retry 2

NAT-T is not detected

IKEv2 Fragmentation Configured MTU: 576 bytes, Overhead: 28 bytes, Effective MTU: 548 bytes

Child sa: local selector 192.168.2.0/0 - 192.168.2.255/65535

remote selector 192.168.1.0/0 - 192.168.1.255/65535

Verification of VPN Tunnel Status on ASA

ESP spi in/out: 0x72ddcc3b/0x15d1e9d6

AH spi in/out: 0x0/0x0
CPI in/out: 0x0/0x0

Encr: AES-CBC, keysize: 256, esp_hmac: SHA96

ah_hmac: None, comp: IPCOMP_NONE, mode tunnel

Parent SA Extended Status:

Delete in progress: FALSE

Marked for delete: FALSE

The above sample output shows site-to-site VPN configuration elements for ASA, which depicts the following topology. The example that is shown assumes that the remote peer is a Router.

Topology

Topology

Figure 1- Topology diagram with ASA



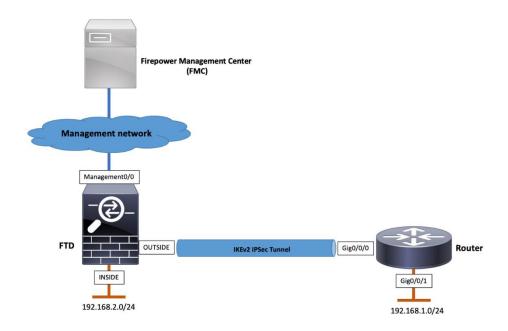
If Figure 1 is similar to the current configuration in ASA, then follow the Configuration Steps to migrate the configuration to FTD.

Note: Ensure that the required interfaces (Physical/Port-channel/Sub-Interface), Routes, NAT, Access Control Policy (ACP) are migrated properly by the Firepower Migration Tool (FMT).

Configuration on FTD

Network Diagram

Figure 2 - Network Diagram with FTD



License Verification on FMC

Ensure that the FMC is registered with the Smart Licensing Portal. In addition, ensure that Export-Controlled Features are enabled.

Figure 3 – License Verification on FMC



Configuration Procedure on FTD

Step 1 Navigate to **Devices** > **VPN** > **Site To Site**.

Figure 4 – Create New Site to Site VPN Connection



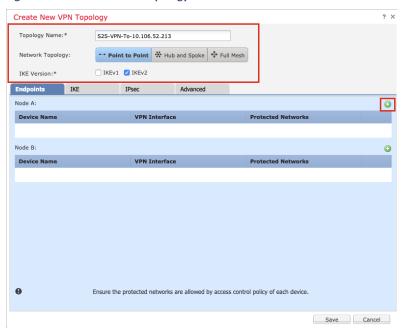
Step 2 Click Add VPN > Firepower Threat Defense Device.

Figure 5 - Type of Site to Site VPN



Step 3 Add the **Topology Name**, **Network Topology (Point to Point)**, and the **IKE Version** as **IKEv2**. Click the **Plus (+)** symbol to add a node for the VPN tunnel.

Figure 6 – Create New VPN Topology



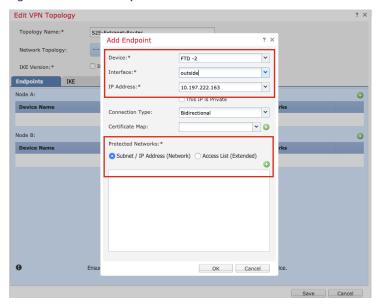
The configuration that is displayed in Figure 6 uses the following settings:

Settings	Values
Topology Name	S2S-VPN-To-10.106.52.213
Network Topology	Point to Point
IKE Version	IKEv2

Step 4 For **Node A** representing the local endpoint of the VPN tunnel, click the **Plus (+)** symbol to specify the target FTD details and perform the following:

- a. Choose Target FTD as Device.
- b. Choose the Interface on which the VPN will terminate.
- c. Select Local Network from Protected Networks.

Figure 7 - Add Local Endpoint



The configuration that is displayed in Figure 7 uses the following settings:

Settings	Values
Device	FTD-2
Interface	outside
Connection Type	Bidirectional
Protected Network	Subnet / IP Address (Network)

Note: If you require more details on the networks that needs to communicate over the VPN tunnel, use the **Access List (Extended)** option and define the access-list that will be used for protected networks. This functionality was added from version 6.2.3 of the FMC.

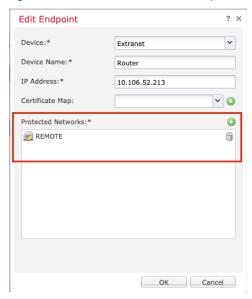
In case the ACL on the ASA makes use of objects you can use the option of Subnet/IP Address. In addition, if the ACL is more detailed, make use of the Access List (Extended) option on the FMC.

Figure 8 - Add Local Protected Network (Using Access-List)



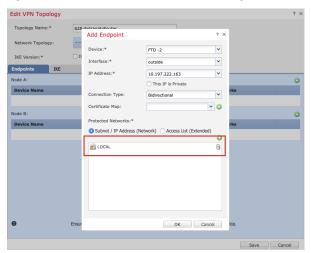
For FMC version 6.2.3 or earlier, use Protected Networks to add the Local and Remote Network Objects displayed in Figure 9.

Figure 9 – Add Local Protected Network (FMC version 6.2.3 or earlier)



Step 5 Select Local Network from the Protected Network, and click OK to save the endpoint configuration.

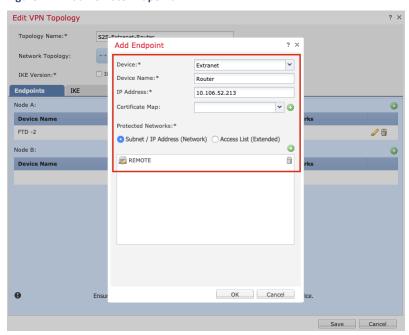
Figure 10 - Add Local Protected Network (Using Subnet)



- Step 6 For **Node B** representing the remote endpoint of the VPN tunnel, click the **Plus (+)** symbol to specify the remote peer details, and perform the following:
 - a. Choose Extranet as Device.
 - b. Enter the Device Name and WAN IP Address of the remote endpoint.
 - c. Select Remote Network from Protected Networks.
 - d. Click **OK** to save the endpoint configuration.

Note: If the peer device is managed by the same FMC, see Site-to-Site VPN for FTD managed by the same FMC.

Figure 11 - Add Remote Endpoint



Note: There is no option to configure the tunnel-group name. The FMC deploys the name of the tunnel-group as the IP address of the peer device.

The configuration that is displayed in Figure 11 uses the following settings:

Settings	Values
Device	Extranet
Device Name	Router
IP Address	10.106.52.213

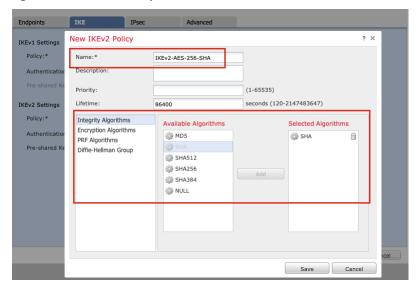
Step 7 Create a New IKEv2 Policy to match the VPN Phase 1 settings existing on the ASA.

To find the IKE policy used by the VPN tunnel, see Verification of VPN tunnel on ASA.

To create a new IKEv2 policy, perform the following:

- a. Navigate to the IKE tab.
- b. Click the Plus (+) symbol to add a new IKEv2 Policy.
- c. Specify the IKE parameters.
- d. Click Save.

Figure 12 - New IKEv2 Policy



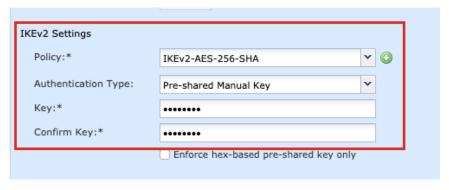
The configuration that is displayed in Figure 12 uses the following settings:

Settings	Values
Name	IKEv2-AES-256-SHA
Integrity Algorithm	SHA
Encryption Algorithm	aes-256
PRF Algorithm	SHA
Diffie-Hellman-Group	5

Settings	Values
Lifetime	86400

- Step 8 Select the policy to be used for the VPN tunnel from the Policy drop-down list, and perform the following:
 - a. Choose Pre-shared Manual Key from the Authentication Type drop-down list.
 - b. Add and confirm the key in the clear text format.

Figure 13 - IKE Settings

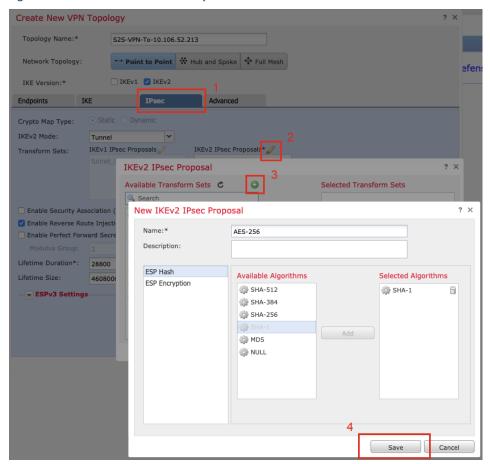


Step 9 Create a **New IKEv2 IPsec Proposal** to match the VPN Phase 2 settings existing on the ASA (you can also edit the default IPsec Proposal to match the parameters).

To create a new IKEv2 IPsec proposal, perform the following:

- a. Navigate to IPsec tab.
- b. Click Edit to edit the default IKEv2 IPsec Proposal.
- c. Click the Plus (+) symbol to add a new IKEv2 IPsec Proposal.
- d. Specify the IPsec parameters.
- e. Click **Save** to save the configuration.

Figure 14 - Create New IKEv2 IPsec Proposal

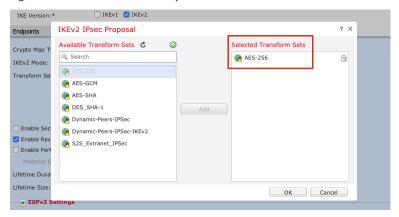


The configuration that is displayed in Figure 14 uses the following settings:

Settings	Values
Name	AES-256
ESP Hash	SHA-1
ESP Encryption	AES-256

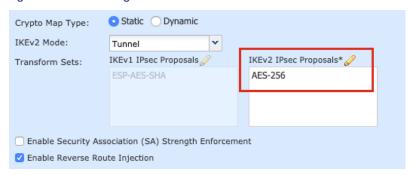
Step 10 Select the IPsec Transform Set from the list of the Available Transform Sets.

Figure 15 - Select IKEv2 IPsec Proposal



Step 11 Confirm that the selected IKEv2 IPsec Proposal is displayed in the IKEv2 IPsec Proposals.

Figure 16 - IPsec Settings

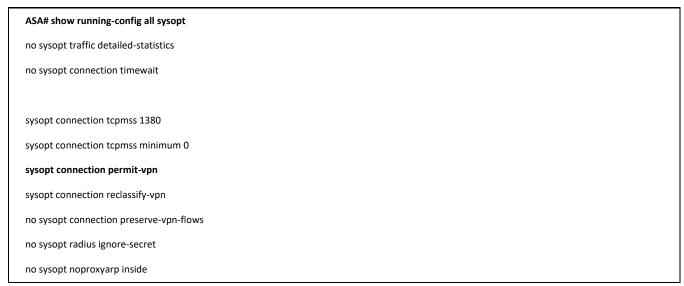


Step 12 Navigate to Advanced > Tunnel > Access Control for VPN Traffic.

The traffic that enters the FTD through a VPN tunnel, is subjected to access list checks by default. To bypass the interface ACL check, select the **sysopt connection permit-vpn** check box. Group-policy and per-user authorization access lists still apply to the traffic.

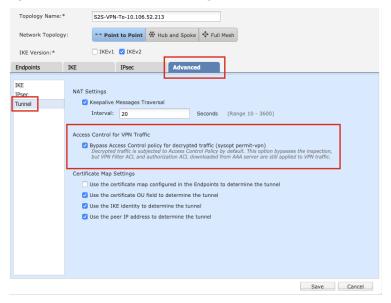
Note: By default, this setting is enabled on the ASA and is disabled on the FTD.

To get the **sysopt** settings on the ASA, execute the following command on the ASA CLI:



no sysopt noproxyarp outside

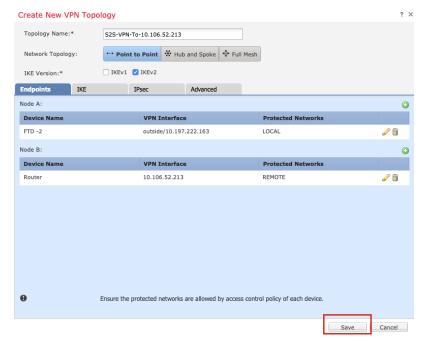
Figure 17 - Advanced VPN Tunnel Settings



Note: The **Access Control for VPN traffic** check box bypasses the check from the WAN to LAN zone. Define access-control policy to allow traffic from the LAN to the WAN zone.

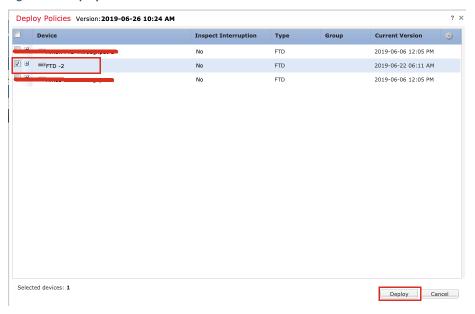
Step 13 Click Save to save the VPN tunnel configuration on the FMC.

Figure 18 - Save VPN Settings



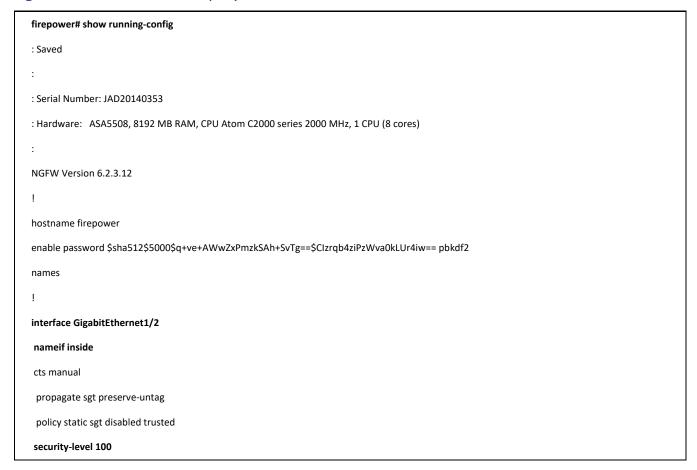
Step 14 Select the device to deploy the changes, and click **Deploy**.

Figure 19 - Deploy Policies



Note: Ensure that the required NAT and Access Control Policy configuration is migrated properly by the Firepower Migration Tool (FMT).

Configuration on FTD Post Deployment



```
ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.254.0
interface GigabitEthernet1/3
nameif outside
cts manual
 propagate sgt preserve-untag
 policy static sgt disabled trusted
security-level 0
ip address 10.197.222.163 255.255.254.0
----- Output Omitted -----
boot system disk0:/os.img
ftp mode passive
ngips conn-match vlan-id
object network LOCAL
subnet 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0
object network REMOTE
subnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 9998: PREFILTER POLICY: Default Tunnel and Priority Policy
access-list CSM FW ACL remark rule-id 9998: RULE: DEFAULT TUNNEL ACTION RULE
access-list CSM FW ACL advanced permit ipinip any any rule-id 9998
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit 41 any any rule-id 9998
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit gre any any rule-id 9998
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit udp any eq 3544 any range 1025 65535 rule-id 9998
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit udp any range 1025 65535 any eq 3544 rule-id 9998
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268435458: ACCESS POLICY: FTD-2-ACP - Mandatory
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268435458: L7 RULE: Inside-Outside-VPN-ACP
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit ip ifc inside object LOCAL ifc outside object REMOTE rule-id 268435458
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268435457: ACCESS POLICY: FTD-2-ACP - Default
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268435457: L4 RULE: DEFAULT ACTION RULE
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced deny ip any any rule-id 268435457
access-list CSM_IPSEC_ACL_1 extended permit ip 192.168.2.0 255.255.0 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
----- Output Omitted -----
nat (inside,outside) source static LOCAL LOCAL destination static REMOTE REMOTE no-proxy-arp route-lookup
```

```
nat (inside, outside) source dynamic any interface
access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global
route outside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.197.222.1 1
----- Output Omitted -----
crypto ipsec ikev2 ipsec-proposal CSM_IP_1
protocol esp encryption aes-256
protocol esp integrity sha-1
crypto ipsec security-association pmtu-aging infinite
crypto map CSM_Outside_map 1 match address CSM_IPSEC_ACL_1
crypto map CSM_Outside_map 1 set peer 10.106.52.213
crypto map CSM_Outside_map 1 set ikev2 ipsec-proposal CSM_IP_1
crypto map CSM_Outside_map interface outside
crypto ikev2 policy 10
encryption aes-256
integrity sha
group 5
prf sha
lifetime seconds 86400
crypto ikev2 enable outside
----- Output Omitted -----
tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 type ipsec-I2I
tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 general-attributes
default-group-policy .DefaultS2SGroupPolicy
tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 ipsec-attributes
ikev2 remote-authentication pre-shared-key *****
ikev2 local-authentication pre-shared-key *****
group-policy .DefaultS2SGroupPolicy internal
group-policy .DefaultS2SGroupPolicy attributes
vpn-idle-timeout 30
vpn-idle-timeout alert-interval 1
vpn-session-timeout none
vpn-session-timeout alert-interval 1
```

```
vpn-filter none

vpn-tunnel-protocol ikev2

dynamic-access-policy-record DfltAccessPolicy

!

class-map inspection_default

match default-inspection-traffic

!

----------- Output Omitted -----------

Cryptochecksum:b76f6eee4099a9a021b6adb496bee827

: end

firepower#
```

Note: The name of the crypto map is a system defined name and cannot be modified. The sequence number of the crypto map cannot be changed from the FMC.

Exception Cases for Migrating from ASA to FTD

VPN Settings under Group-policy Attributes

- a. Changing the **vpn-idle-timeout** in the group-policy.
- b. Adding a **VPN filter** in the group-policy.

Configuration on ASA

```
access-list VPN-Filter-S2S-10.106.52.213 extended permit tcp 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0

group-policy Group-Policy-10.106.52.213 internal
group-policy Group-Policy-10.106.52.213 attributes

vpn-idle-timeout 60

vpn-filter value VPN-Filter-S2S-10.106.52.213

tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 type ipsec-|2|
tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 general-attributes

default-group-policy Group-Policy-10.106.52.213

tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 ipsec-attributes

ikev2 remote-authentication pre-shared-key *****

ikev2 local-authentication pre-shared-key *****
```

To add a configuration similar to the ASA configuration to the FTD, use **FlexConfig** on the FTD as these options are not currently supported from the FMC GUI.

Configuration on FTD before Deployment



FlexConfig Steps

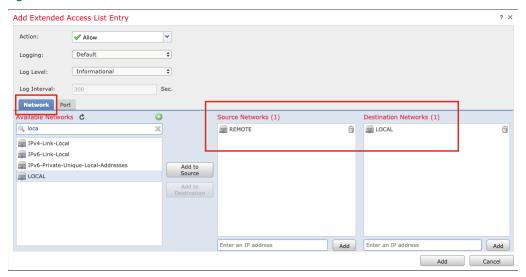
Step 1 Navigate to **Objects > Object Management > Access List > Extended**. Click the **Plus (+)** symbol to add a new access list that will be used as the VPN filter.

Figure 20 - Create New Access List



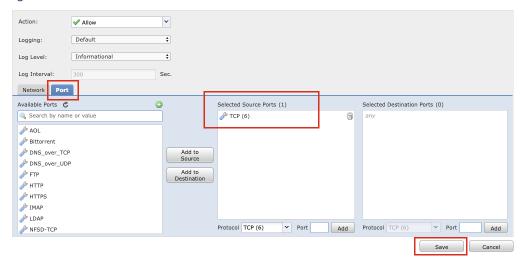
Step 2 Navigate to Network > Add Source and Destination Networks.

Figure 21 – Define Access List Network Parameters



Step 3 Navigate to **Port** > **Add the specific ports** that need to be allowed, and Click **Save**.

Figure 22 - Define Access List Port Parameters



Step 4 Verify if the ACL entry is valid, and click Save.

Figure 23 - Save Access List



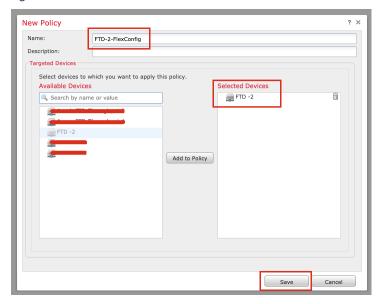
Step 5 Navigate to Devices > FlexConfig. Click Add a new Policy or Edit an existing policy.

Figure 24 - Add New FlexConfig Policy



Step 6 Enter a name for the **FlexConfig Policy**. Select the **FTD** to which the **FlexConfig Policy** must be applied.

Figure 25 - Bind to FTD

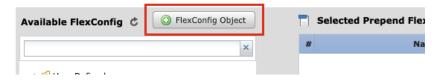


Step 7 Click the **Plus (+)** symbol to add a new **FlexConfig Object**.

Figure 26 - New FlexConfig object

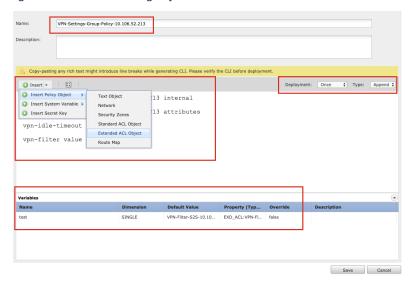
FTD-2-FlexConfig

Enter Description



- Step 8 Enter a name for the **FlexConfig Object** that will refer to the changes in the group-policy settings.
 - a. Set the **Deployment** to **Once** and **Type** as **Append**.
 - b. Configure a new Policy.
 - c. Navigate to Object > Extended ACL Object.
 - d. Choose the ACL created in Step 4.

Figure 27 - Define FlexConfig Object



For the configuration example shown in Figure 27, the following content for the group-policy has been used.

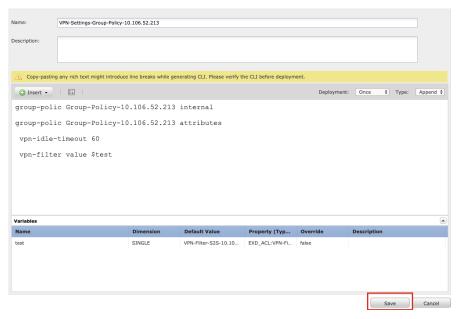
group-polic Group-Policy-10.106.52.213 internal
group-polic Group-Policy-10.106.52.213 attributes

vpn-idle-timeout 60

vpn-filter value \$test

Step 9 Click Save to create the FlexConfig Object.

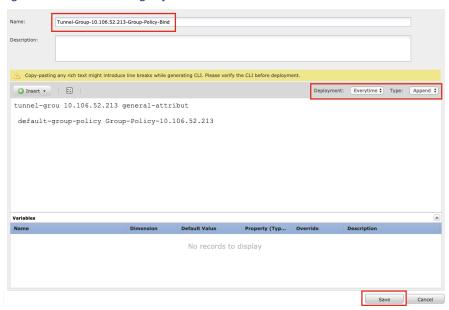
Figure 28 - Save FlexConfig Object



Step 10 Enter a name for the **FlexConfig Object** that will refer the binding of the group-policy with the tunnel-group that is created during site-to-site tunnel configuration.

- a. Set the Deployment to Everytime and Type as Append.
- b. Click Save to create the FlexConfig Object.

Figure 29 - Define FlexConfig Object

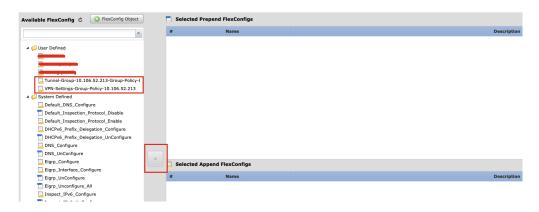


For the configuration example shown in Figure 29, the following content for the group-policy is used.

tunnel-grou 10.106.52.213 general-attribut default-group-policy Group-Policy-10.106.52.213

Step 11 Select the FlexConfig Objects from the list of Available FlexConfig. Click > to add the objects to be deployed to the FTD.

Figure 30 - Add FlexConfig Object to FlexConfig Policy



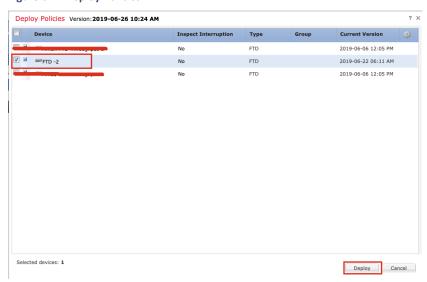
Step 12 Click **Save** to save the **FlexConfig Policy** on the FMC.

Figure 31 - Save FlexConfig Policy



Step 13 Select the device to deploy the changes, and click **Deploy**.

Figure 32 - Deploy Policies



Configuration on FTD after Deployment

access-list VPN-Filter-S2S-10.106.52.213 extended permit object-group ProxySG_ExtendedACL_12884902577 object REMOTE object LOCAL log
group-policy Group-Policy-10.106.52.213 internal
group-policy Group-Policy-10.106.52.213 attributes
vpn-idle-timeout 60
vpn-filter value VPN-Filter-S2S-10.106.52.213
tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 type ipsec-l2l
tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 general-attributes
default-group-policy Group-Policy-10.106.52.213
tunnel-group 10.106.52.213 ipsec-attributes

```
ikev2 remote-authentication pre-shared-key *****

ikev2 local-authentication pre-shared-key *****

!

group-policy .DefaultS2SGroupPolicy internal
group-policy .DefaultS2SGroupPolicy attributes

vpn-idle-timeout 30

vpn-idle-timeout alert-interval 1

vpn-session-timeout none

vpn-session-timeout alert-interval 1

vpn-filter none

vpn-tunnel-protocol ikev2
```

Number of IKEv2 Policies More than the Number of Tunnels on the FTD

The following example provides the configuration sample, when there are two IKEv2 policies, but only one VPN tunnel is available on the ASA.

Configuration on ASA

crypto map CMAP 1 match address cryptoacl
crypto map CMAP 1 set peer 10.106.52.213
crypto map CMAP 1 set ikev2 ipsec-proposal AES-256
crypto map CMAP interface outside
Output Omitted
crypto ikev2 policy 10
encryption aes-256
integrity sha
group 5
prf sha
lifetime seconds 86400
crypto ikev2 policy 20
encryption aes
integrity sha256
group 2
prf sha
lifetime seconds 86400

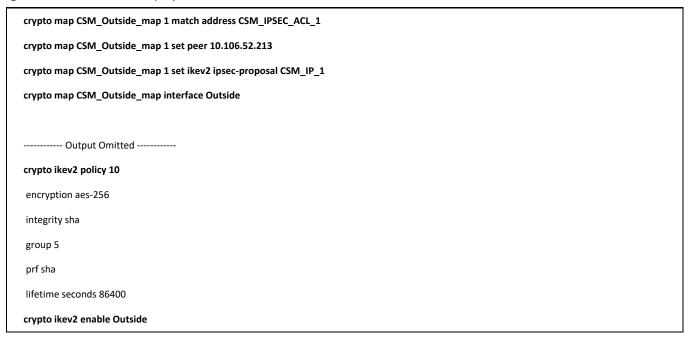
crypto ikev2 enable outside

Due to the default behavior on the FTD, there is only one IKEv2 policy bound to one VPN tunnel.

To check the VPN Phase 1 parameters in use by the VPN tunnel, see Verification of VPN tunnel on ASA.

To configure more number of IKEv2 policies than the number of VPN tunnels on the FTD, use **FlexConfig** to deploy the additional IKEv2 policies to the FTD CLI.

Configuration on FTD before Deployment



FlexConfig Steps

Step 1 Navigate to Devices > FlexConfig. Click Add a new Policy or Edit an existing policy.

Figure 33 - Add New FlexConfig Policy



Step 2 Enter a name for the FlexConfig Policy. Select the FTD to which the FlexConfig Policy must be applied.

Figure 34 - Bind to FTD

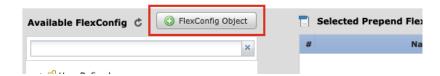


Step 3 Click the Plus (+) symbol to add a new FlexConfig Object.

Figure 35 – New FlexConfig Object

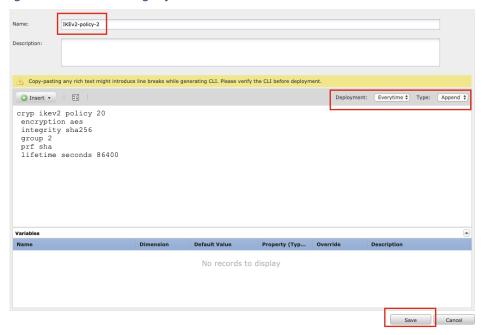
FTD-2-FlexConfig

Enter Description

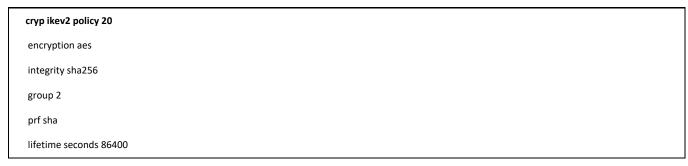


- Step 4 Enter a name for the **FlexConfig Object** that will refer the additional IKEv2 policies.
 - a. Set the **Deployment** to **Everytime** and **Type** as **Append**.
 - b. Click **Save** to create the **FlexConfig Object**.

Figure 36 - Define FlexConfig Object



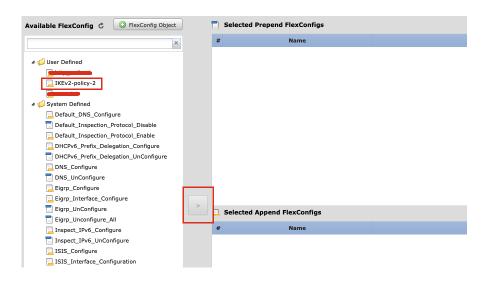
For the configuration example shown in Figure 36, the following content for IKEv2 policy has been used.



Step 5 Select the FlexConfig Object from the list of Available FlexConfig. Click > to add the object to be deployed to the FTD.

Figure 37 – Add FlexConfig Object to FlexConfig Policy

FTD-2-FlexConfig Enter Description



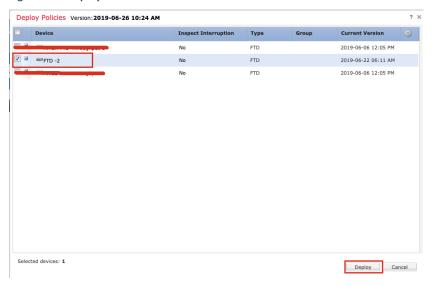
Step 6 Click Save to save the FlexConfig Policy on the FMC.

Figure 38 - Save FlexConfig Policy



Step 7 Select the device to deploy the changes, and click **Deploy**.

Figure 39 - Deploy Policies



Configuration on FTD after Deployment

