



Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Firepower Device Manager, Version 7.1

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CHAPTER 1

Getting Started

- [Is this Guide for You?](#), on page 1
- [Planning Your Upgrade](#), on page 3
- [Feature History](#), on page 4
- [For Assistance](#), on page 5

Is this Guide for You?

This guide explains how to prepare for and complete a successful upgrade of **Firepower Threat Defense** with **Firepower Device Manager** currently running **Version 7.1**.

Upgrades can be major (A.x), maintenance (A.x.y), or patch (A.x.y.z) releases. We also may provide hotfixes, which are minor updates that address particular, urgent issues.

Additional Resources

If you are upgrading a different platform/component, upgrading to/from a different version, or are using a cloud-based manager, see one of these resources.

Table 1: Upgrading FMC

Current FMC Version	Guide
Cloud-delivered management center (no version)	None. We take care of updates.
7.2+	Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Management Center for your version.
7.1	Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Firepower Management Center, Version 7.1.
7.0 or earlier	Cisco Firepower Management Center Upgrade Guide, Version 6.0–7.0.

Table 2: Upgrading FTD with FMC

Current FMC Version	Guide
Cloud-delivered management center (no version)	The latest released version of the Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Management Center .
7.2+	Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Management Center for your version.
7.1	Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Firepower Management Center, Version 7.1 .
7.0 or earlier	Cisco Firepower Management Center Upgrade Guide, Version 6.0–7.0 .

Table 3: Upgrading FTD with FDM

Current FTD Version	Guide
7.2+	Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Device Manager for your version.
7.1	Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Upgrade Guide for Firepower Device Manager, Version 7.1 .
7.0 or earlier	<i>System Management</i> in the Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Configuration Guide for Firepower Device Manager for your version. For the Firepower 4100/9300, also see the FXOS upgrade instructions in the Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 Upgrade Guide, FTD 6.0.1–7.0.x or ASA 9.4(1)–9.16(x) with FXOS 1.1.1–2.10.1 .
Version 6.4+, with CDO	<i>Onboard Devices and Services</i> in Managing FDM Devices with Cisco Defense Orchestrator .

Table 4: Upgrading Other Components

Version	Component	Guide
Any	ASA logical devices on the Firepower 4100/9300	Cisco Secure Firewall ASA Upgrade Guide .
Latest	BIOS and firmware for FMC	Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense/Firepower Hotfix Release Notes .
Latest	Firmware for the Firepower 4100/9300	Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Firmware Upgrade Guide
Latest	ROMMON image for the ISA 3000	Cisco Secure Firewall ASA and Secure Firewall Threat Defense Reimage Guide .

Planning Your Upgrade

Careful planning and preparation can help you avoid missteps. This table summarizes the upgrade planning process. For detailed checklists and procedures, see the upgrade chapters.

Table 5: Upgrade Planning Phases

Planning Phase	Includes
Planning and Feasibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assess your deployment. Plan your upgrade path. Read <i>all</i> upgrade guidelines and plan configuration changes. Check appliance access. Check bandwidth. Schedule maintenance windows.
Backups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Back up the software. Back up FXOS on the Firepower 4100/9300.
Upgrade Packages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Download upgrade packages from Cisco. Upload upgrade packages to the system.
Associated Upgrades	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Upgrade virtual hosting in virtual deployments. Upgrade firmware on the Firepower 4100/9300. Upgrade FXOS on the Firepower 4100/9300.
Final Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check configurations. Check NTP synchronization. Deploy configurations. Run readiness checks. Check disk space. Check running tasks. Check deployment health and communications.

Feature History

Table 6: Version 7.0.0 Features

Feature	Description
Upgrade readiness check for FDM-managed devices.	<p>You can run an upgrade readiness check on an uploaded Firepower Threat Defense upgrade package before attempting to install it. The readiness check verifies that the upgrade is valid for the system, and that the system meets other requirements needed to install the package. Running an upgrade readiness check helps you avoid failed installations.</p> <p>A link to run the upgrade readiness check was added to the System Upgrade section of the Device > Updates page.</p>

Table 7: Version 6.7.0 Features

Feature	Description
Ability to cancel a failed Firepower Threat Defense software upgrade and to revert to the previous release.	<p>If an Firepower Threat Defense major software upgrade fails or is otherwise not functioning correctly, you can revert to the state of the device as it was when you installed the upgrade.</p> <p>We added the ability to revert the upgrade to the System Upgrade panel in FDM. During an upgrade, the FDM login screen shows the upgrade status and gives you the option to cancel or revert in case of upgrade failure. In the Firepower Threat Defense API, we added the CancelUpgrade, RevertUpgrade, RetryUpgrade, and UpgradeRevertInfo resources.</p> <p>In the Firepower Threat Defense CLI, we added the following commands: show last-upgrade status, show upgrade status, show upgrade revert-info, upgrade cancel, upgrade revert, upgrade cleanup-revert, upgrade retry.</p>

Table 8: Version 6.2.0 Features

Feature	Description
Upgrade Firepower Threat Defense software through FDM.	You can install software upgrades through FDM. Select Device > Updates .

For Assistance

Online Resources

Cisco provides the following online resources to download documentation, software, and tools; to query bugs; and to open service requests. Use these resources to install and configure Cisco software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues.

- Documentation: <http://www.cisco.com/go/threatdefense-71-docs>
- Cisco Support & Download site: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/index.html>
- Cisco Bug Search Tool: <https://tools.cisco.com/bugsearch/>
- Cisco Notification Service: <https://www.cisco.com/cisco/support/notifications.html>

Access to most tools on the Cisco Support & Download site requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.

Contact Cisco

If you cannot resolve an issue using the online resources listed above, contact Cisco TAC:

- Email Cisco TAC: tac@cisco.com
- Call Cisco TAC (North America): 1.408.526.7209 or 1.800.553.2447
- Call Cisco TAC (worldwide): [Cisco Worldwide Support Contacts](#)



CHAPTER 2

System Requirements

This document includes the system requirements for Version 7.1.

- [FTD Platforms, on page 7](#)
- [FTD Management, on page 9](#)
- [Browser Requirements, on page 9](#)

FTD Platforms

Firepower devices monitor network traffic and decide whether to allow or block specific traffic based on a defined set of security rules. For details on device management methods, see [FTD Management, on page 9](#). For general compatibility information, see the [Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Compatibility Guide](#).

FTD Hardware

Version 7.1 FTD hardware comes in a range of throughputs, scalability capabilities, and form factors.

Table 9: Version 7.1 FTD Hardware

Platform	FMC Compatibility		FDM Compatibility		Notes
	Customer Deployed	Cloud Delivered	FDM Only	FDM + CDO	
Firepower 1010, 1120, 1140, 1150	YES	—	YES	YES	—
Firepower 2110, 2120, 2130, 2140	YES	—	YES	YES	—
Secure Firewall3110, 3120, 3130, 3140	YES	—	YES	YES	The Version 7.1.0 release does not include online help for these devices. For FDM, see the documentation posted on Cisco.com.

Platform	FMC Compatibility		FDM Compatibility		Notes
	Customer Deployed	Cloud Delivered	FDM Only	FDM + CDO	
Firepower 4110, 4120, 4140, 4150 Firepower 4112, 4115, 4125, 4145 Firepower 9300: SM-24, SM-36, SM-44 modules Firepower 9300: SM-40, SM-48, SM-56 modules	YES	—	YES	YES	Requires FXOS 2.11.1.154 or later build. We recommend the latest firmware. See the Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Firmware Upgrade Guide .
ISA 3000	YES	—	YES	YES	May require a ROMMON update. See the Cisco Secure Firewall ASA and Secure Firewall Threat Defense Reimage Guide .

FTDv

Version 7.1 FTDv implementations support performance-tiered Smart Software Licensing, based on throughput requirements and remote access VPN session limits. Options run from FTDv5 (100 Mbps/50 sessions) to FTDv100 (16 Gbps/10,000 sessions). For more information on supported instances, throughputs, and other hosting requirements, see the appropriate [Getting Started Guide](#).

Table 10: Version 7.1 FTDv Platforms

Device Platform	FMC Compatibility		FDM Compatibility	
	Customer Deployed	Cloud Delivered	FDM Only	FDM + CDO
Public Cloud				
Amazon Web Services (AWS)	YES	—	YES	YES
Microsoft Azure	YES	—	YES	YES
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)	YES	—	—	—
Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI)	YES	—	—	—
On-Prem/Private Cloud				
Cisco Hyperflex	YES	—	YES	YES
Kernel-based virtual machine (KVM)	YES	—	YES	YES

Device Platform	FMC Compatibility		FDM Compatibility	
	Customer Deployed	Cloud Delivered	FDM Only	FDM + CDO
Nutanix Enterprise Cloud	YES	—	YES	YES
OpenStack	YES	—	—	—
VMware vSphere/VMware ESXi 6.5, 6.7, or 7.0	YES	—	YES	YES

FTD Management

Depending on device model and version, we support the following management methods.

You can use FDM to locally manage a single FTD device.

Optionally, add Cisco Defense Orchestrator (CDO) to remotely manage multiple FTD devices, as an alternative to the FMC. Although some configurations still require FDM, CDO allows you to establish and maintain consistent security policies across your FTD deployment.

Browser Requirements

Browsers

We test with the latest versions of these popular browsers, running on currently supported versions of macOS and Microsoft Windows:

- Google Chrome
- Mozilla Firefox
- Microsoft Edge (Windows only)

If you encounter issues with any other browser, or are running an operating system that has reached end of life, we ask that you switch or upgrade. If you continue to encounter issues, contact Cisco TAC.



Note We do not perform extensive testing with Apple Safari, nor do we extensively test Microsoft Edge with FMC walkthroughs. However, Cisco TAC welcomes feedback on issues you encounter.

Browser Settings and Extensions

Regardless of browser, you must make sure JavaScript, cookies, and TLS v1.2 remain enabled. If you are using Microsoft Edge, do *not* enable IE mode.

Note that some browser extensions can prevent you from saving values in fields like the certificate and key in PKI objects. These extensions include, but are not limited to, Grammarly and Whatfix Editor. This happens

because these extensions insert characters (such as HTML) in the fields, which causes the system to see them invalid. We recommend you disable these extensions while you're logged into our products.

Screen Resolution

Interface	Minimum Resolution
FDM	1024 x 768
Firepower Chassis Manager for the Firepower 4100/9300	1024 x 768

Securing Communications

When you first log in, the system uses a self-signed digital certificate to secure web communications. Your browser should display an untrusted authority warning, but also should allow you to add the certificate to the trust store. Although this will allow you to continue, we do recommend that you replace the self-signed certificate with a certificate signed by a globally known or internally trusted certificate authority (CA).

To begin replacing the self-signed certificate, click **Device**, then the **System Settings > Management Access** link, then the **Management Web Server** tab.

For detailed procedures, see the online help or the configuration guide.



Note If you do not replace the self-signed certificate:

- Google Chrome does not cache static content, such as images, CSS, or JavaScript. Especially in low bandwidth environments, this can extend page load times.
- Mozilla Firefox can stop trusting the self-signed certificate when the browser updates. If this happens, you can refresh Firefox, keeping in mind that you will lose some settings; see Mozilla's [Refresh Firefox](#) support page.

Browsing from a Monitored Network

Many browsers use Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.3 by default. If you are using an SSL policy to handle encrypted traffic, and people in your monitored network use browsers with TLS v1.3 enabled, websites that support TLS v1.3 may fail to load. For more information, see the software advisory titled: [Failures loading websites using TLS 1.3 with SSL inspection enabled](#).



CHAPTER 3

Software Upgrade Guidelines

For your convenience, this document duplicates the critical and release-specific software upgrade guidelines published in the FTD release notes. For FXOS upgrade guidelines for the Firepower 4100/9300, see [Upgrade Guidelines for FXOS, on page 18](#).



Important You must still read the release notes, which can contain additional critical and version-specific information. For example, new and deprecated features can require pre- or post-upgrade configuration changes, or even prevent upgrade. Or, known issues (open bugs) can affect upgrade.

- [Minimum Version to Upgrade, on page 11](#)
- [Upgrade Guidelines for Version 7.1, on page 12](#)
- [Unresponsive Upgrades, on page 13](#)
- [Traffic Flow and Inspection for FTD Upgrades, on page 13](#)
- [Time and Disk Space Tests, on page 14](#)

Minimum Version to Upgrade

Minimum Version to Upgrade

You can upgrade directly to Version 7.1, including maintenance releases, as follows.

Table 11: Minimum Version to Upgrade to Version 7.1

Platform	Minimum Version
FTD	6.5 FXOS 2.11.1.154 is required for the Firepower 4100/9300. In most cases, we recommend you use the latest FXOS build in each major version. To help you decide, see the Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Release Notes, 2.11(1) .

Minimum Version to Patch

Patches change the fourth digit *only*. You cannot upgrade directly to a patch from a previous major or maintenance release.

Upgrade Guidelines for Version 7.1

These checklists provide new and/or previously published upgrade guidelines that may apply to you.

Table 12: Upgrade Guidelines for FTD with FDM Version 7.1

✓	Guideline	Platforms	Upgrading From	Directly To
	Cisco Secure Firewall Device Manager New Features by Release , for new and deprecated features that have upgrade impact. Check all versions between your current and target version.	Any	Any	Any
	Cisco Firepower Release Notes , in the <i>Open and Resolved Bugs</i> chapter, for bugs that have upgrade impact. Check all versions of the release notes between your current and target version.	Any	Any	Any
	Minimum Version to Upgrade, on page 11	Any	Any	Any
	Upgrade Guidelines for FXOS, on page 18	Firepower 4100/9300	Any	Any
	Upgrade Prohibited: Version 7.0.4+ to Version 7.1.0, on page 12	Any	7.0.4+	7.1.0 only
	Upgrade Failure: Firepower 1010 Switch Ports with Invalid VLAN IDs, on page 13	Firepower 1010	6.4.0 through 6.6.x	6.7+

Upgrade Prohibited: Version 7.0.4+ to Version 7.1.0

Deployments: Any

Upgrading from: Version 7.0.4 or later maintenance release

Directly to: Version 7.1.0 only

Due to datastore incompatibilities, you cannot upgrade from Version 7.0.4+ to Version 7.1.0. We recommend you upgrade directly to Version 7.2+.

Upgrade Failure: Firepower 1010 Switch Ports with Invalid VLAN IDs

Deployments: Firepower 1010

Upgrading from: Version 6.4 through 6.6

Directly to: Version 6.7+

For the Firepower 1010, FTD upgrades to Version 6.7+ will fail if you configured switch ports with a VLAN ID in the 3968–4047 range. These IDs are for internal use only.

Unresponsive Upgrades

Do not make or deploy configuration changes during upgrade. Even if the system appears inactive, do not manually reboot or shut down during upgrade. You could place the system in an unusable state and require a reimage.

For major and maintenance upgrades, you can manually cancel failed or in-progress upgrades, and retry failed upgrades. Use the System Upgrade panel or the FTD CLI. Note that this feature is only supported for upgrades *from* (not to) Version 6.7.0 or later.



Note By default, FTD automatically reverts to its pre-upgrade state upon upgrade failure ("auto-cancel"). To be able to manually cancel or retry a failed upgrade, disable the auto-cancel option when you initiate the upgrade. Auto-cancel is not supported for patches. In a high availability deployment, auto-cancel applies to each device individually. That is, if the upgrade fails on one device, only that device is reverted.

This feature is not supported for patches or for upgrades from Version 6.6 and earlier.

Traffic Flow and Inspection for FTD Upgrades

Software Upgrades

Traffic is dropped while you upgrade. In a high availability deployment, you can minimize disruption by upgrading devices one at a time.

For the ISA 3000 only, if you configured hardware bypass for power failure, traffic is dropped during the upgrade but is passed without inspection while the device completes its post-upgrade reboot.

Software Revert (Major/Maintenance Releases)

Traffic is dropped while you revert. In a high availability deployment, revert is more successful when you revert both units simultaneously. Traffic flow and inspection resume when the first unit comes back online.

Deploying Configuration Changes

Restarting the Snort process briefly interrupts traffic flow and inspection on all devices, including those configured for high availability. When you deploy without restarting Snort, resource demands may result in a small number of packets dropping without inspection.

Snort typically restarts during the first deployment immediately after the upgrade. It does not restart during other deployments unless, before deploying, you modify specific policy or device configurations.

Time and Disk Space Tests

For reference purposes, we provide reports of in-house time and disk space tests for software upgrades.

Time Tests

We report the *slowest* tested time of all software upgrades tested on a particular platform/series. Your upgrade will likely take longer than the provided times for multiple reasons, as explained in the following table. We recommend you track and record your own upgrade times so you can use them as future benchmarks.



Caution Do not make or deploy configuration changes during upgrade. Even if the system appears inactive, do not manually reboot or shut down. In most cases, do not restart an upgrade in progress. You could place the system in an unusable state and require a reimage. If you encounter issues with the upgrade, including a failed upgrade or unresponsive appliance, see [Unresponsive Upgrades, on page 13](#).

Table 13: Time Test Conditions for Software Upgrades

Condition	Details
Deployment	Times for device upgrades are from tests in a FMC deployments. Raw upgrade times for remotely and locally managed devices are similar, given similar conditions.
Versions	For major and maintenance releases, we test upgrades from all eligible previous major versions. For patches, we test upgrades from the base version. Upgrade time usually increases if your upgrade skips versions.
Models	In most cases, we test on the lowest-end models in each series, and sometimes on multiple models in a series.
Virtual appliances	We test with the default settings for memory and resources. However, note that upgrade time in virtual deployments is highly hardware dependent.
High availability/scalability	Unless otherwise noted, we test on standalone devices. In a high availability configuration, devices upgrade one at a time to preserve continuity of operations, with each device operating in maintenance mode while it upgrades. Upgrading a device pair, therefore, takes longer than upgrading a standalone device.
Configurations	We test on appliances with minimal configurations and traffic load. Upgrade time can increase with the complexity of your configurations and whether/how those things are affected by the upgrade. For example, if you use a lot of access control rules and the upgrade needs to make a backend change to how those rules are stored, the upgrade can take longer.

Condition	Details
Components	We report times for the software upgrade itself and the subsequent reboot <i>only</i> . This does not include time for operating system upgrades, transferring upgrade packages, readiness checks, VDB and intrusion rule (SRU/LSP) updates, or deploying configurations.

Disk Space Tests

We report the *most* disk space used of all software upgrades tested on a particular platform/series. This includes the space needed to copy the upgrade package to the device.

We also report the space needed on the FMC (in either /Volume or /var) for the device upgrade package. If you are using FDM, ignore those values.

When we report disk space estimates for a particular location (for example, /var or /ngfw), we are reporting the disk space estimate for the partition mounted in that location. On some platforms, these locations may be on the same partition.

Without enough free disk space, the upgrade fails.

To check disk space, use the **show disk** CLI command.

Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0.3

Table 14: Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0.3

Platform	Space in /Volume	Space in /	Space on FMC	Upgrade Time	Reboot Time
Firepower 1000 series	—	3.2 GB in /ngfw	1.0 GB	9 min	13 min
Firepower 2100 series	—	3.2 GB in /ngfw	1.1 GB	7 min	14 min
Secure Firewall 3100 series	—	3.5 GB in /ngfw	1.1 GB	4 min	15 min
Firepower 4100 series	—	2.8 GB in /ngfw	780 MB	5 min	7 min
Firepower 9300	—	2.3 GB in /ngfw	780 MB	5 min	10 min
ISA 3000	1.7 GB in /ngfw/var	270 MB in /ngfw/bin	780 MB	11 min	14 min
FTDv: VMware	2.1 GB in /ngfw/var	270 MB in /ngfw/bin	350 MB	5 min	6 min

Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0.2

Table 15: Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0.2

Platform	Space in /Volume	Space in /	Space on FMC	Upgrade Time	Reboot Time
Secure Firewall 3100 series	—	3.2 GB in /ngfw		4 min	46 min

Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0.1

Table 16: Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0.1

Platform	Space in /Volume	Space in /	Space on FMC	Upgrade Time	Reboot Time
Firepower 1000 series	—	5.6 GB in /ngfw	430 MB	10 min	11 min
Firepower 2100 series	—	5.6 GB in /ngfw	420 MB	10 min	10 min
Firepower 4100 series	—	5.6 GB in /ngfw	430 MB	7 min	7 min
Firepower 9300	—	5.1 GB in /ngfw	430 MB	7 min	8 min
ISA 3000	2.0 GB in /ngfw/var	240 MB in /ngfw/bin	430 MB	4 min	13 min
FTDv: VMware	1.5 GB in /ngfw/var	240 MN in /ngfw/bin	430 MB	4 min	4 min

Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0

Table 17: Time and Disk Space for Version 7.1.0

Platform	Space in /Volume	Space in /	Space on FMC	Upgrade Time	Reboot Time		
Firepower 1000 series	—	8.2 GB in /ngfw	930 MB	16 min	11 min		
Firepower 2100 series	—	8.3 GB in /ngfw	1 GB	13 min	13 min		
Firepower 4100 series	—	8.6 GB in /ngfw	870 MB	15 min	9 min		
Firepower 9300	—	11.2 GB in /ngfw	870 MB	11 min	12 min		
ISA 3000	from Version 6.5–6.6	9.3 GB in /home	256 KB in /ngfw	1 GB	21 min	8 min	
	from Version 6.7	9.3 GB in /ngfw/Volume					
	from Version 7.0	9.2 GB in /ngfw/var					260 KB in /ngfw/bin
FTDv: VMware	from Version 6.5–6.6	4.6 GB in /home	925 KB in /ngfw	1 GB	11 min	6 min	
	from Version 6.7	4.4 GB in /ngfw/Volume					210 KB in /ngfw
	from Version 7.0	5.3 GB in /ngfw/var					220 KB in /ngfw/bin



CHAPTER 4

Upgrade FXOS on the Firepower 4100/9300

For the Firepower 4100/9300, major FTD upgrades also require an FXOS upgrade.

Major FTD versions have a specially qualified and recommended companion FXOS version. Use these combinations whenever possible because we perform enhanced testing for them. Maintenance release and patches rarely require FXOS upgrades, but you may still want to upgrade to the latest FXOS build to take advantage of resolved issues.

We also recommend the latest firmware; see the [Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Firmware Upgrade Guide](#).

- [Upgrade Packages for FXOS, on page 17](#)
- [Upgrade Guidelines for FXOS, on page 18](#)
- [Upgrade Paths for FXOS, on page 19](#)
- [Upgrade FXOS with Firepower Chassis Manager, on page 23](#)
- [Upgrade FXOS with the CLI, on page 28](#)

Upgrade Packages for FXOS

FXOS images and firmware updates are available on the Cisco Support & Download site:

- Firepower 4100 series: <http://www.cisco.com/go/firepower4100-software>
- Firepower 9300: <http://www.cisco.com/go/firepower9300-software>

To find the correct FXOS image, select or search for your device model and browse to the *Firepower Extensible Operating System* download page for your target FXOS version and build. The FXOS image is listed along with recovery and MIB packages. If you need to upgrade the firmware, those packages are under *All Releases > Firmware*.

The packages are:

- Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS image: `fxos-k9.fxos_version.SPA`
- Firepower 4100 series firmware: `fxos-k9-fpr4k-firmware.firmware_version.SPA`
- Firepower 9300 firmware: `fxos-k9-fpr9k-firmware.firmware_version.SPA`

Upgrade Guidelines for FXOS

For critical and release-specific upgrade guidelines, new and deprecated features, and open and resolved bugs, see the [Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Release Notes](#).

Minimum FXOS Version to Upgrade FTD

The minimum FXOS version to run Version 7.1 is FXOS 2.11.1.154.

Minimum FXOS Version to Upgrade FXOS

You can upgrade to any later FXOS version from as far back as FXOS 2.2.2.

Time to Upgrade FXOS

An FXOS upgrade can take up to 45 minutes and can affect traffic flow and inspection. For more information, see [Traffic Flow and Inspection for FXOS Upgrades](#), on page 18.

Upgrade Order for FXOS with FTD High Availability

In high availability deployments, you upgrade FXOS on each chassis independently. To minimize disruption, upgrade FXOS one chassis at a time. You must also upgrade the FTD devices one at a time. For more information, see [Upgrade Order for FXOS with FTD High Availability](#), on page 23.

Upgrading FXOS with FTD and ASA Logical Devices

If you have FTD *and* ASA logical devices configured on the Firepower 9300, use the procedures in this chapter to upgrade FXOS and FTD. Make sure that upgrading FXOS does not bring you out of compatibility with either type of logical device; see [Upgrade Path for FXOS with FTD and ASA](#), on page 21.

For ASA upgrade procedures, see the [Cisco Secure Firewall ASA Upgrade Guide](#).

Upgrading FXOS with No Logical Devices

If you have no logical devices or container instances configured, use the procedures in this chapter for upgrading FXOS on standalone FTD devices, disregarding any instructions on logical devices. Or, perform a full reimage of the chassis to the FXOS version you need.

Traffic Flow and Inspection for FXOS Upgrades

Upgrading FXOS reboots the chassis. Even in high availability deployments, you upgrade FXOS on each chassis independently. To minimize disruption, upgrade one chassis at a time. For more information, see [Upgrade Order for FXOS with FTD High Availability](#), on page 23.

Table 18: Traffic Flow and Inspection: FXOS Upgrades

FTD Deployment	Traffic Behavior	Method
Standalone	Dropped.	—

FTD Deployment	Traffic Behavior	Method
High availability	Unaffected.	Best Practice: Update FXOS on the standby, switch active peers, upgrade the new standby.
	Dropped until one peer is online.	Upgrade FXOS on the active peer before the standby is finished upgrading.

Upgrade Paths for FXOS

Choose the upgrade path that matches your deployment.

Upgrade Path for FXOS with FTD

This table provides the upgrade path for FTD on the Firepower 4100/9300.

Note that if your current FTD version was released on a date after your target version, you may not be able to upgrade as expected. In those cases, the upgrade quickly fails and displays an error explaining that there are datastore incompatibilities between the two versions. The release notes for both your current and target version list any specific restrictions.

The table lists our specially qualified version combinations. Because you upgrade FXOS first, you will briefly run a supported—but not recommended—combination, where the operating system is "ahead" of the device software. Make sure upgrading FXOS does not bring you out of compatibility with any logical devices. For minimum builds and other detailed compatibility information, see the [Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Compatibility Guide](#).

Table 19: FTD Direct Upgrades on the Firepower 4100/9300

Current Versions	Target Versions
FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3	→ FXOS 2.13 with any later threat defense 7.3.x release
FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2 Last support for Firepower 4110, 4120, 4140, 4150. Last support for the Firepower 9300 with SM-24, SM-36, or SM-44 modules.	Any of: → FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with any later threat defense 7.2.x release
FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1	Any of: → FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with any later threat defense 7.1.x release

Current Versions	Target Versions
FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0	<p>Any of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with any later threat defense 7.0.x release <p>Note Due to datastore incompatibilities, you cannot upgrade from Version 7.0.4+ to Version 7.1.0. We recommend you upgrade directly to Version 7.2+.</p> <p>Note The cloud-delivered Firewall Management Center cannot manage FTD devices running Version 7.1, or Classic devices running any version. You cannot upgrade a cloud-managed device from Version 7.0.x to Version 7.1 unless you unregister and disable cloud management. We recommend you upgrade the device directly to Version 7.2+.</p>
FXOS 2.9.1 with threat defense 6.7	<p>Any of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with any later threat defense 6.7.x release
FXOS 2.8.1 with threat defense 6.6	<p>Any of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with threat defense 6.7.x → FXOS 2.8.1 with any later threat defense 6.6.x release
FXOS 2.7.1 with threat defense 6.5	<p>Any of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with threat defense 6.7.x → FXOS 2.8.1 with threat defense 6.6.x

Upgrade Path for FXOS with FTD and ASA

This table provides upgrade paths for the Firepower 9300 with FTD and ASA logical devices running on separate modules.



Note This document does not contain procedures for upgrading ASA logical devices. For those, see the [Cisco Secure Firewall ASA Upgrade Guide](#).

Note that if your current FTD version was released on a date after your target version, you may not be able to upgrade as expected. In those cases, the upgrade quickly fails and displays an error explaining that there are datastore incompatibilities between the two versions. The release notes for both your current and target version list any specific restrictions.

The table lists our specially qualified version combinations. Because you upgrade FXOS first, you will briefly run a supported—but not recommended—combination, where the operating system is "ahead" of the device software. Make sure upgrading FXOS does not bring you out of compatibility with any logical devices (including ASA devices). If you need to skip multiple versions, FTD will usually be the limiter—FXOS and ASA can usually upgrade further in one hop. After you reach the target FXOS version, it does not matter which type of logical device you upgrade first. For minimum builds and other detailed compatibility information, see the [Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Compatibility Guide](#)

Table 20: FTD and ASA Direct Upgrades on the Firepower 9300

Current Versions	Target Versions
FXOS 2.13 with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threat defense 7.3 • ASA 9.19(x) 	→ FXOS 2.13 with ASA 9.19(x) and any later threat defense 7.3.x release
FXOS 2.12 with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threat defense 7.2 • ASA 9.18(x) Last support for the Firepower 9300 with SM-24, SM-36, or SM-44 modules.	Any of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.13 with ASA 9.19(x) and threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with ASA 9.18(x) and any later threat defense 7.2.x release
FXOS 2.11.1 with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threat defense 7.1 • ASA 9.17(x) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.13 with ASA 9.19(x) and threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with ASA 9.18(x) and threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with ASA 9.17(x) and any later threat defense 7.1.x release

Current Versions	Target Versions
FXOS 2.10.1 with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threat defense 7.0 • ASA 9.16(x) 	Any of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.13 with ASA 9.19(x) and threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with ASA 9.18(x) and threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with ASA 9.17(x) and threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with ASA 9.16(x) and any later threat defense 7.0.x release <p>Note Due to datastore incompatibilities, you cannot upgrade from Version 7.0.4+ to Version 7.1.0. We recommend you upgrade directly to Version 7.2+.</p> <p>Note The cloud-delivered Firewall Management Center cannot manage FTD devices running Version 7.1, or Classic devices running any version. You cannot upgrade a cloud-managed device from Version 7.0.x to Version 7.1 unless you unregister and disable cloud management. We recommend you upgrade the device directly to Version 7.2+.</p>
FXOS 2.9.1 with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threat defense 6.7 • ASA 9.15(x) 	Any of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.12 with ASA 9.18(x) and threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with ASA 9.17(x) and threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with ASA 9.16(x) and threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with ASA 9.15(x) and any later threat defense 6.7.x release
FXOS 2.8.1 with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threat defense 6.6 • ASA 9.14(x) 	Any of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.12 with ASA 9.18(x) and threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with ASA 9.17(x) and threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with ASA 9.16(x) and threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with ASA 9.15(x) and threat defense 6.7.x → FXOS 2.8.1 with ASA 9.14(x) and any later threat defense 6.6.x release
FXOS 2.7.1 with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threat defense 6.5 • ASA 9.13(x) 	Any of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → FXOS 2.11.1 with ASA 9.17(x) and threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with ASA 9.16(x) and threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with ASA 9.15(x) and threat defense 6.7.x → FXOS 2.8.1 with ASA 9.14(x) and threat defense 6.6.x

Upgrade Order for FXOS with FTD High Availability

In high availability deployments, you upgrade FXOS on each chassis independently. To minimize disruption, upgrade FXOS one chassis at a time. You must also upgrade the FTD devices one at a time.

Table 21:

FTD Deployment	Upgrade Order
Standalone	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Upgrade FXOS. 2. Upgrade FTD.
High availability	<p>Upgrade FXOS on both chassis before you upgrade FTD. To minimize disruption, always upgrade the standby. In the following scenario, Device A is the original active device and Device B is the original standby.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Upgrade FXOS on the chassis with the standby device (B). 2. Switch roles. 3. Upgrade FXOS on the chassis with the new standby device (A). 4. Upgrade FTD on the new standby device (A). 5. Switch roles again. 6. Upgrade FTD on the original standby device (B).

Upgrade FXOS with Firepower Chassis Manager

Upgrade FXOS for Standalone FTD Logical Devices Using Firepower Chassis Manager

This section describes how to upgrade the FXOS platform bundle for a standalone Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.

The section describes the upgrade process for the following types of devices:

- A Firepower 4100 series chassis that is configured with a FTD logical device and is not part of a failover pair.
- A Firepower 9300 chassis that is configured with one or more standalone FTD logical devices that are not part of a failover pair.

Before you begin

Before beginning your upgrade, make sure that you have already done the following:

- Download the FXOS platform bundle software package to which you are upgrading.
- Back up your FXOS and FTD configurations.

- Step 1** In Firepower Chassis Manager, choose **System > Updates**.
The Available Updates page shows a list of the FXOS platform bundle images and application images that are available on the chassis.
- Step 2** Upload the new platform bundle image:
- Click **Upload Image** to open the Upload Image dialog box.
 - Click **Choose File** to navigate to and select the image that you want to upload.
 - Click **Upload**.
The selected image is uploaded to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.
 - For certain software images you will be presented with an end-user license agreement after uploading the image. Follow the system prompts to accept the end-user license agreement.
- Step 3** After the new platform bundle image has been successfully uploaded, click **Upgrade** for the FXOS platform bundle to which you want to upgrade.
- The system will first verify the software package that you want to install. It will inform you of any incompatibility between currently installed applications and the specified FXOS platform software package. It will also warn you that any existing sessions will be terminated and that the system will need to be rebooted as part of the upgrade.
- Step 4** Click **Yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with installation, or click **No** to cancel the installation.
- The system unpacks the bundle and upgrades/reloads the components.
- Step 5** Firepower Chassis Manager will be unavailable during upgrade. You can monitor the upgrade process using the FXOS CLI:
- Enter **scope system**.
 - Enter **show firmware monitor**.
 - Wait for all components (FPRM, Fabric Interconnect, and Chassis) to show `Upgrade-Status: Ready`.
- Note** After the FPRM component is upgraded, the system will reboot and then continue upgrading the other components.

Example:

```

FP9300-A# scope system
FP9300-A /system # show firmware monitor
FPRM:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Fabric Interconnect A:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Chassis 1:
  Server 1:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
  Server 2:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready

```

- Step 6** After all components have successfully upgraded, enter the following commands to verify the status of the security modules/security engine and any installed applications:
- Enter **top**.

- b) Enter **scope ssa**.
 - c) Enter **show slot**.
 - d) Verify that the Admin State is `Ok` and the Oper State is `Online` for the security engine on a Firepower 4100 series appliance or for any security modules installed on a Firepower 9300 appliance.
 - e) Enter **show app-instance**.
 - f) Verify that the Oper State is `Online` for any logical devices installed on the chassis.
-

Upgrade FXOS on an FTD High Availability Pair Using Firepower Chassis Manager

If you have Firepower 9300 or Firepower 4100 series security appliances that have FTD logical devices configured as a high availability pair, use the following procedure to update the FXOS platform bundle on your Firepower 9300 or Firepower 4100 series security appliances:

Before you begin

Before beginning your upgrade, make sure that you have already done the following:

- Download the FXOS platform bundle software package to which you are upgrading.
 - Back up your FXOS and FTD configurations.
-

- Step 1** Connect to Firepower Chassis Manager on the Firepower security appliance that contains the *standby* Firepower Threat Defense logical device:
- Step 2** In Firepower Chassis Manager, choose **System > Updates**.
The Available Updates page shows a list of the FXOS platform bundle images and application images that are available on the chassis.
- Step 3** Upload the new platform bundle image:
 - a) Click **Upload Image** to open the Upload Image dialog box.
 - b) Click **Choose File** to navigate to and select the image that you want to upload.
 - c) Click **Upload**.
The selected image is uploaded to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.
 - d) For certain software images you will be presented with an end-user license agreement after uploading the image. Follow the system prompts to accept the end-user license agreement.
- Step 4** After the new platform bundle image has successfully uploaded, click **Upgrade** for the FXOS platform bundle to which you want to upgrade.

The system will first verify the software package that you want to install. It will inform you of any incompatibility between currently installed applications and the specified FXOS platform software package. It will also warn you that any existing sessions will be terminated and that the system will need to be rebooted as part of the upgrade.
- Step 5** Click **Yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with installation, or click **No** to cancel the installation.

The system unpacks the bundle and upgrades/reloads the components.
- Step 6** Firepower Chassis Manager will be unavailable during upgrade. You can monitor the upgrade process using the FXOS CLI:

- a) Enter **scope system**.
- b) Enter **show firmware monitor**.
- c) Wait for all components (FPRM, Fabric Interconnect, and Chassis) to show Upgrade-Status: Ready.

Note After the FPRM component is upgraded, the system will reboot and then continue upgrading the other components.

Example:

```
FP9300-A# scope system
FP9300-A /system # show firmware monitor
FPRM:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready


Fabric Interconnect A:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Chassis 1:
  Server 1:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
  Server 2:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
```

Step 7 After all components have successfully upgraded, enter the following commands to verify the status of the security modules/security engine and any installed applications:

- a) Enter **top**.
- b) Enter **scope ssa**.
- c) Enter **show slot**.
- d) Verify that the Admin State is `Ok` and the Oper State is `Online` for the security engine on a Firepower 4100 series appliance or for any security modules installed on a Firepower 9300 appliance.
- e) Enter **show app-instance**.
- f) Verify that the Oper State is `Online` for any logical devices installed on the chassis.

Step 8 Make the unit that you just upgraded the *active* unit so that traffic flows to the upgraded unit:

- a) Connect to Firepower Management Center.
- b) Choose **Devices > Device Management**.
- c) Next to the high availability pair where you want to change the active peer, click the Switch Active Peer icon (.
- d) Click **Yes** to immediately make the standby device the active device in the high availability pair.

Step 9 Connect to Firepower Chassis Manager on the Firepower security appliance that contains the *new standby* Firepower Threat Defense logical device:

Step 10 In Firepower Chassis Manager, choose **System > Updates**.

The Available Updates page shows a list of the FXOS platform bundle images and application images that are available on the chassis.

Step 11 Upload the new platform bundle image:

- a) Click **Upload Image** to open the Upload Image dialog box.
- b) Click **Choose File** to navigate to and select the image that you want to upload.
- c) Click **Upload**.

The selected image is uploaded to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.

- d) For certain software images you will be presented with an end-user license agreement after uploading the image. Follow the system prompts to accept the end-user license agreement.

Step 12 After the new platform bundle image has successfully uploaded, click **Upgrade** for the FXOS platform bundle to which you want to upgrade.

The system will first verify the software package that you want to install. It will inform you of any incompatibility between currently installed applications and the specified FXOS platform software package. It will also warn you that any existing sessions will be terminated and that the system will need to be rebooted as part of the upgrade.

Step 13 Click **Yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with installation, or click **No** to cancel the installation.

The system unpacks the bundle and upgrades/reloads the components. The upgrade process can take up to 30 minutes to complete.

Step 14 Firepower Chassis Manager will be unavailable during upgrade. You can monitor the upgrade process using the FXOS CLI:

- a) Enter **scope system**.
- b) Enter **show firmware monitor**.
- c) Wait for all components (FPRM, Fabric Interconnect, and Chassis) to show `Upgrade-Status: Ready`.

Note After the FPRM component is upgraded, the system will reboot and then continue upgrading the other components.

Example:

```
FP9300-A# scope system
FP9300-A /system # show firmware monitor
FPRM:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready


Fabric Interconnect A:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Chassis 1:
  Server 1:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
  Server 2:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
```

Step 15 After all components have successfully upgraded, enter the following commands to verify the status of the security modules/security engine and any installed applications:

- a) Enter **top**.
- b) Enter **scope ssa**.
- c) Enter **show slot**.
- d) Verify that the Admin State is `Ok` and the Oper State is `Online` for the security engine on a Firepower 4100 series appliance or for any security modules installed on a Firepower 9300 appliance.
- e) Enter **show app-instance**.
- f) Verify that the Oper State is `Online` for any logical devices installed on the chassis.

Step 16 Make the unit that you just upgraded the *active* unit as it was before the upgrade:

- a) Connect to Firepower Management Center.
 - b) Choose **Devices > Device Management**.
 - c) Next to the high availability pair where you want to change the active peer, click the Switch Active Peer icon ().
 - d) Click **Yes** to immediately make the standby device the active device in the high availability pair.
-

Upgrade FXOS with the CLI

Upgrade FXOS for Standalone FTD Logical Devices Using the FXOS CLI

This section describes how to upgrade the FXOS platform bundle for a standalone Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.

The section describes the FXOS upgrade process for the following types of devices:

- A Firepower 4100 series chassis that is configured with a FTD logical device and is not part of a failover pair.
- A Firepower 9300 chassis that is configured with one or more standalone FTD devices that are not part of a failover pair.

Before you begin

Before beginning your upgrade, make sure that you have already done the following:

- Download the FXOS platform bundle software package to which you are upgrading.
 - Back up your FXOS and FTD configurations.
 - Collect the following information that you will need to download the software image to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis:
 - IP address and authentication credentials for the server from which you are copying the image.
 - Fully qualified name of the image file.
-

Step 1 Connect to the FXOS CLI.

Step 2 Download the new platform bundle image to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis:

- a) Enter firmware mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a # scope firmware
```

- b) Download the FXOS platform bundle software image:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # download image URL
```

Specify the URL for the file being imported using one of the following syntax:

- **ftp**://*username@hostname/path/image_name*
- **scp**://*username@hostname/path/image_name*

- `sftp://username@hostname/path/image_name`
- `tftp://hostname:port-num/path/image_name`

c) To monitor the download process:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope download-task image_name
```

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # show detail
```

Example:

The following example copies an image using the SCP protocol:

```
Firepower-chassis-a # scope firmware
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # download image scp://user@192.168.1.1/images/fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope download-task fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # show detail
Download task:
  File Name: fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
  Protocol: scp
  Server: 192.168.1.1
  Userid:
  Path:
  Downloaded Image Size (KB): 853688
  State: Downloading
  Current Task: downloading image fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA from
192.168.1.1 (FSM-STAGE:sam:dme:FirmwareDownloaderDownload:Local)
```

Step 3 If necessary, return to firmware mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # up
```

Step 4 Enter auto-install mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope auto-install
```

Step 5 Install the FXOS platform bundle:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/auto-install # install platform platform-vers version_number
```

version_number is the version number of the FXOS platform bundle you are installing--for example, 2.3(1.58).

Step 6 The system will first verify the software package that you want to install. It will inform you of any incompatibility between currently installed applications and the specified FXOS platform software package. It will also warn you that any existing sessions will be terminated and that the system will need to be rebooted as part of the upgrade.

Enter **yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with verification.

Step 7 Enter **yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with installation, or enter **no** to cancel the installation.

The system unpacks the bundle and upgrades/reloads the components.

Step 8 To monitor the upgrade process:

a) Enter **scope system**.

b) Enter **show firmware monitor**.

c) Wait for all components (FPRM, Fabric Interconnect, and Chassis) to show `Upgrade-Status: Ready`.

Note After the FPRM component is upgraded, the system will reboot and then continue upgrading the other components.

Example:

```

FP9300-A# scope system
FP9300-A /system # show firmware monitor
FPRM:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Fabric Interconnect A:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Chassis 1:
  Server 1:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
  Server 2:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready

FP9300-A /system #

```

Step 9

After all components have successfully upgraded, enter the following commands to verify the status of the security modules/security engine and any installed applications:

- a) Enter **top**.
- b) Enter **scope ssa**.
- c) Enter **show slot**.
- d) Verify that the Admin State is `Ok` and the Oper State is `Online` for the security engine on a Firepower 4100 series appliance or for any security modules installed on a Firepower 9300 appliance.
- e) Enter **show app-instance**.
- f) Verify that the Oper State is `Online` for any logical devices installed on the chassis.

Upgrade FXOS on an FTD High Availability Pair Using the FXOS CLI

If you have Firepower 9300 or Firepower 4100 series security appliances that have FTD logical devices configured as a high availability pair, use the following procedure to update the FXOS platform bundle on your Firepower 9300 or Firepower 4100 series security appliances:

Before you begin

Before beginning your upgrade, make sure that you have already done the following:

- Download the FXOS platform bundle software package to which you are upgrading.
- Back up your FXOS and FTD configurations.
- Collect the following information that you will need to download the software image to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis:
 - IP address and authentication credentials for the server from which you are copying the image.
 - Fully qualified name of the image file.

Step 1 Connect to FXOS CLI on the Firepower security appliance that contains the *standby* Firepower Threat Defense logical device:

Step 2 Download the new platform bundle image to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis:

a) Enter firmware mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a # scope firmware
```

b) Download the FXOS platform bundle software image:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # download image URL
```

Specify the URL for the file being imported using one of the following syntax:

- **ftp://username@hostname/path/image_name**
- **scp://username@hostname/path/image_name**
- **sftp://username@hostname/path/image_name**
- **tftp://hostname:port-num/path/image_name**

c) To monitor the download process:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope download-task image_name
```

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # show detail
```

Example:

The following example copies an image using the SCP protocol:

```
Firepower-chassis-a # scope firmware
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # download image scp://user@192.168.1.1/images/fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope download-task fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # show detail
Download task:
  File Name: fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
  Protocol: scp
  Server: 192.168.1.1
  Userid:
  Path:
  Downloaded Image Size (KB): 853688
  State: Downloading
  Current Task: downloading image fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA from
192.168.1.1 (FSM-STAGE:sam:dme:FirmwareDownloaderDownload:Local)
```

Step 3 If necessary, return to firmware mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # up
```

Step 4 Enter auto-install mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope auto-install
```

Step 5 Install the FXOS platform bundle:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/auto-install # install platform platform-vers version_number
```

version_number is the version number of the FXOS platform bundle you are installing; for example, 2.3(1.58).

Step 6 The system will first verify the software package that you want to install. It will inform you of any incompatibility between currently installed applications and the specified FXOS platform software package. It will also warn you that any existing sessions will be terminated and that the system will need to be rebooted as part of the upgrade.

Enter **yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with verification.

Step 7 Enter **yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with installation, or enter **no** to cancel the installation.

The system unpacks the bundle and upgrades/reloads the components.

Step 8 To monitor the upgrade process:

- Enter **scope system**.
- Enter **show firmware monitor**.
- Wait for all components (FPRM, Fabric Interconnect, and Chassis) to show `Upgrade-Status: Ready`.

Note After the FPRM component is upgraded, the system will reboot and then continue upgrading the other components.

Example:

```
FP9300-A# scope system
FP9300-A /system # show firmware monitor
FPRM:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Fabric Interconnect A:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready


Chassis 1:
  Server 1:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
  Server 2:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready

FP9300-A /system #
```

Step 9 After all components have successfully upgraded, enter the following commands to verify the status of the security modules/security engine and any installed applications:

- Enter **top**.
- Enter **scope ssa**.
- Enter **show slot**.
- Verify that the Admin State is `Ok` and the Oper State is `Online` for the security engine on a Firepower 4100 series appliance or for any security modules installed on a Firepower 9300 appliance.
- Enter **show app-instance**.
- Verify that the Oper State is `Online` for any logical devices installed on the chassis.

Step 10 Make the unit that you just upgraded the *active* unit so that traffic flows to the upgraded unit:

- Connect to Firepower Management Center.
- Choose **Devices > Device Management**.
- Next to the high availability pair where you want to change the active peer, click the Switch Active Peer icon ()
- Click **Yes** to immediately make the standby device the active device in the high availability pair.

Step 11 Connect to FXOS CLI on the Firepower security appliance that contains the *new standby* Firepower Threat Defense logical device:

Step 12 Download the new platform bundle image to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis:

a) Enter firmware mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a # scope firmware
```

b) Download the FXOS platform bundle software image:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # download image URL
```

Specify the URL for the file being imported using one of the following syntax:

- **ftp**://*username@hostname/path/image_name*
- **scp**://*username@hostname/path/image_name*
- **sftp**://*username@hostname/path/image_name*
- **tftp**://*hostname:port-num/path/image_name*

c) To monitor the download process:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope download-task image_name
```

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # show detail
```

Example:

The following example copies an image using the SCP protocol:

```
Firepower-chassis-a # scope firmware
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # download image scp://user@192.168.1.1/images/fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope download-task fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # show detail
Download task:
  File Name: fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA
  Protocol: scp
  Server: 192.168.1.1
  Userid:
  Path:
  Downloaded Image Size (KB): 853688
  State: Downloading
  Current Task: downloading image fxos-k9.2.3.1.58.SPA from
192.168.1.1 (FSM-STAGE:sam:dme:FirmwareDownloaderDownload:Local)
```

Step 13 If necessary, return to firmware mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/download-task # up
```

Step 14 Enter auto-install mode:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware # scope auto-install
```

Step 15 Install the FXOS platform bundle:

```
Firepower-chassis-a /firmware/auto-install # install platform platform-vers version_number
```

version_number is the version number of the FXOS platform bundle you are installing; for example, 2.3(1.58).

Step 16 The system will first verify the software package that you want to install. It will inform you of any incompatibility between currently installed applications and the specified FXOS platform software package. It will also warn you that any existing sessions will be terminated and that the system will need to be rebooted as part of the upgrade.

Enter **yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with verification.

Step 17 Enter **yes** to confirm that you want to proceed with installation, or enter **no** to cancel the installation.

The system unpacks the bundle and upgrades/reloads the components.

Step 18 To monitor the upgrade process:

- Enter **scope system**.
- Enter **show firmware monitor**.
- Wait for all components (FPRM, Fabric Interconnect, and Chassis) to show `Upgrade-Status: Ready`.

Note After the FPRM component is upgraded, the system will reboot and then continue upgrading the other components.

Example:

```
FP9300-A# scope system
FP9300-A /system # show firmware monitor
FPRM:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready

Fabric Interconnect A:
  Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
  Upgrade-Status: Ready


Chassis 1:
  Server 1:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready
  Server 2:
    Package-Vers: 2.3(1.58)
    Upgrade-Status: Ready

FP9300-A /system #
```

Step 19 After all components have successfully upgraded, enter the following commands to verify the status of the security modules/security engine and any installed applications:

- Enter **top**.
- Enter **scope ssa**.
- Enter **show slot**.
- Verify that the Admin State is `Ok` and the Oper State is `Online` for the security engine on a Firepower 4100 series appliance or for any security modules installed on a Firepower 9300 appliance.
- Enter **show app-instance**.
- Verify that the Oper State is `Online` for any logical devices installed on the chassis.

Step 20 Make the unit that you just upgraded the *active* unit as it was before the upgrade:

- Connect to Firepower Management Center.
- Choose **Devices > Device Management**.
- Next to the high availability pair where you want to change the active peer, click the Switch Active Peer icon ()

- d) Click **Yes** to immediately make the standby device the active device in the high availability pair.
-



CHAPTER 5

Upgrade FTD

This chapter explains how to use a Version 7.1 FMC to upgrade threat defense. If your FMC is running a different version, or if you are using the cloud-delivered management center, see [Is this Guide for You?](#), on page 1.

- [Upgrade Checklist for FTD](#), on page 37
- [Upgrade Paths for FTD](#), on page 40
- [Upgrade Packages for FTD](#), on page 44
- [Upgrade Readiness Checks for FTD](#), on page 45
- [Upgrade FTD](#), on page 46
- [Monitor FTD Upgrades](#), on page 49
- [Cancel or Retry FTD Upgrades](#), on page 49
- [Revert FTD](#), on page 50
- [Troubleshooting Threat Defense Upgrades](#), on page 50

Upgrade Checklist for FTD

Planning and Feasibility

Careful planning and preparation can help you avoid missteps.

✓	Action/Check	Details
	Assess your deployment.	Understanding where you are determines how you get to where you want to go. In addition to current version and model information, determine if your deployment is configured for high availability.
	Plan your upgrade path.	This is especially important for high availability deployments, multi-hop upgrades, and situations where you need to upgrade operating systems or hosting environments. Upgrades can be major (A.x), maintenance (A.x.y), or patch (A.x.y.z) releases. See: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Upgrade Paths for FTD, on page 40• Upgrade Paths for FXOS, on page 19

✓	Action/Check	Details
	Read upgrade guidelines and plan configuration changes.	<p>Especially with major upgrades, upgrading may cause or require significant configuration changes either before or after upgrade. Start with these:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Software Upgrade Guidelines, on page 11, for critical and release-specific upgrade guidelines. • Cisco Secure Firewall Device Manager New Features by Release, for new and deprecated features that have upgrade impact. Check all versions between your current and target version. • Cisco Firepower Release Notes, in the <i>Open and Resolved Bugs</i> chapter, for bugs that have upgrade impact. Check all versions of the release notes between your current and target version. If you have a support contract, you can obtain up-to-date bug lists with the Cisco Bug Search Tool. • Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Release Notes, for FXOS upgrade guidelines for the Firepower 4100/9300.
	Check appliance access.	Devices can stop passing traffic during the upgrade or if the upgrade fails. Before you upgrade, make sure traffic from your location does not have to traverse the device itself to access the device's management interface.
	Check bandwidth.	<p>Make sure your management network has the bandwidth to perform large data transfers. Whenever possible, upload upgrade packages ahead of time. If you transfer an upgrade package to a device at the time of upgrade, insufficient bandwidth can extend upgrade time.</p> <p>See Guidelines for Downloading Data from the Firepower Management Center to Managed Devices (Troubleshooting TechNote).</p>
	Schedule maintenance windows.	<p>Schedule maintenance windows when they will have the least impact, considering any effect on traffic flow and inspection and the time upgrades are likely to take. Consider the tasks you must perform in the window, and those you can perform ahead of time. See:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Traffic Flow and Inspection for FTD Upgrades • Traffic Flow and Inspection for FTD Upgrades, on page 13 • Traffic Flow and Inspection for FXOS Upgrades, on page 18 • Time and Disk Space Tests, on page 14

Backups

With the exception of hotfixes, upgrade deletes all backups stored on the system. We *strongly* recommend you back up to a secure remote location and verify transfer success, both before and after upgrade:

- Before upgrade: If an upgrade fails catastrophically, you may have to reimage and restore. Reimaging returns most settings to factory defaults, including the system password. If you have a recent backup, you can return to normal operations more quickly.
- After upgrade: This creates a snapshot of your freshly upgraded deployment.

✓	Action/Check	Details
	Back up FTD.	To back up FTD configurations, see the <i>System Management</i> chapter in the Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Configuration Guide for Firepower Device Manager . If you have a Firepower 9300 with FTD and ASA logical devices running on separate modules, use ASDM or the ASA CLI to back up ASA configurations and other critical files, especially if there is an ASA configuration migration. See the <i>Software and Configurations</i> chapter in the Cisco ASA Series General Operations Configuration Guide .
	Back up FXOS on the Firepower 4100/9300.	Use the Firepower Chassis Manager or the FXOS CLI to export chassis configurations, including logical device and platform configuration settings. See the <i>Configuration Import/Export</i> chapter in the Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Configuration Guide .

Upgrade Packages

Uploading upgrade packages to the system before you begin upgrade can reduce the length of your maintenance window.

✓	Action/Check	Details
	Download the upgrade package from Cisco and upload it to the device.	Upgrade packages are available on the Cisco Support & Download site: Upgrade Packages for FTD, on page 44 . For FTD high availability, you must upload the upgrade package to both units.

Associated Upgrades

Because operating system and hosting environment upgrades can affect traffic flow and inspection, perform them in a maintenance window.

✓	Action/Check	Details
	Upgrade virtual hosting.	If needed, upgrade the hosting environment. If this is required, it is usually because you are running an older version of VMware and are performing a major upgrade.
	Upgrade firmware on the Firepower 4100/9300.	We recommend the latest firmware. See the Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Firmware Upgrade Guide .

✓	Action/Check	Details
	Upgrade FXOS on the Firepower 4100/9300.	Upgrading FXOS is usually a requirement for major upgrades, but very rarely for maintenance releases and patches. To minimize disruption, upgrade FXOS in FTD high availability pairs one chassis at a time. See Upgrade FXOS on the Firepower 4100/9300, on page 17 .

Final Checks

A set of final checks ensures you are ready to upgrade the software.

✓	Action/Check	Details
	Check configurations.	Make sure you have made any required pre-upgrade configuration changes, and are prepared to make required post-upgrade configuration changes.
	Check NTP synchronization.	Make sure all appliances are synchronized with any NTP server you are using to serve time. Being out of sync can cause upgrade failure. To check time, use the show time CLI command.
	Deploy configurations.	Deploying configurations before you upgrade reduces the chance of failure. Deploying can affect traffic flow and inspection; see Traffic Flow and Inspection for FTD Upgrades, on page 13 .
	Run readiness checks.	Passing compatibility and readiness checks reduce the chance of upgrade failure. See Upgrade Readiness Checks for FTD, on page 45 .
	Check disk space.	Readiness checks include a disk space check. Without enough free disk space, the upgrade fails. To check the disk space available on the device, use the show disk CLI command.
	Check running tasks.	Make sure essential tasks are complete, including the final deploy. Tasks running when the upgrade begins are stopped, become failed tasks, and cannot be resumed. We also recommend you check for tasks that are scheduled to run during the upgrade and cancel or postpone them.

Upgrade Paths for FTD

Choose the upgrade path that matches your deployment.

Upgrade Path for FTD with FXOS

This table provides the upgrade path for FTD on the Firepower 4100/9300.

Note that if your current FTD version was released on a date after your target version, you may not be able to upgrade as expected. In those cases, the upgrade quickly fails and displays an error explaining that there are datastore incompatibilities between the two versions. The release notes for both your current and target version list any specific restrictions.

The table lists our specially qualified version combinations. Because you upgrade FXOS first, you will briefly run a supported—but not recommended—combination, where the operating system is "ahead" of the device software. Make sure upgrading FXOS does not bring you out of compatibility with any logical devices. For minimum builds and other detailed compatibility information, see the [Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Compatibility Guide](#).

Table 22: FTD Direct Upgrades on the Firepower 4100/9300

Current Versions	Target Versions
FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3	→ FXOS 2.13 with any later threat defense 7.3.x release
FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2 Last support for Firepower 4110, 4120, 4140, 4150. Last support for the Firepower 9300 with SM-24, SM-36, or SM-44 modules.	Any of: → FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with any later threat defense 7.2.x release
FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1	Any of: → FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with any later threat defense 7.1.x release
FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0	Any of: → FXOS 2.13 with threat defense 7.3.x → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with any later threat defense 7.0.x release Note Due to datastore incompatibilities, you cannot upgrade from Version 7.0.4+ to Version 7.1.0. We recommend you upgrade directly to Version 7.2+. Note The cloud-delivered Firewall Management Center cannot manage FTD devices running Version 7.1, or Classic devices running any version. You cannot upgrade a cloud-managed device from Version 7.0.x to Version 7.1 unless you unregister and disable cloud management. We recommend you upgrade the device directly to Version 7.2+.

Current Versions	Target Versions
FXOS 2.9.1 with threat defense 6.7	Any of: → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with any later threat defense 6.7.x release
FXOS 2.8.1 with threat defense 6.6	Any of: → FXOS 2.12 with threat defense 7.2.x → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with threat defense 6.7.x → FXOS 2.8.1 with any later threat defense 6.6.x release
FXOS 2.7.1 with threat defense 6.5	Any of: → FXOS 2.11.1 with threat defense 7.1.x → FXOS 2.10.1 with threat defense 7.0.x → FXOS 2.9.1 with threat defense 6.7.x → FXOS 2.8.1 with threat defense 6.6.x

Upgrade Path for FTD without FXOS

This table provides the upgrade path for FTD when you do not have to upgrade the operating system. This includes the Firepower 1000/2100 series, ASA-5500-X series, and the ISA 3000.

Note that if your current FTD version was released on a date after your target version, you may not be able to upgrade as expected. In those cases, the upgrade quickly fails and displays an error explaining that there are datastore incompatibilities between the two versions. The release notes for both your current and target version list any specific restrictions.

Table 23: FTD Direct Upgrades

Current Version	Target Version
7.3	→ Any later 7.3.x release

Current Version	Target Version
7.2	Any of: → 7.3.x → Any later 7.2.x release Note The Firepower 1010E, introduced in Version 7.2.3, is not supported in Version 7.3. Support will return in a future release.
7.1	Any of: → 7.3.x → 7.2.x → Any later 7.1.x release
7.0 Last support for ASA 5508-X and 5516-X.	Any of: → 7.3.x → 7.2.x → 7.1.x → Any later 7.0.x release Note Due to datastore incompatibilities, you cannot upgrade from Version 7.0.4+ to Version 7.1.0. We recommend you upgrade directly to Version 7.2+. Note The cloud-delivered Firewall Management Center cannot manage FTD devices running Version 7.1, or Classic devices running any version. You cannot upgrade a cloud-managed device from Version 7.0.x to Version 7.1 unless you unregister and disable cloud management. We recommend you upgrade the device directly to Version 7.2+.
6.7	Any of: → 7.2.x → 7.1.x → 7.0.x → Any later 6.7.x release

Current Version	Target Version
6.6 Last support for ASA 5525-X, 5545-X, and 5555-X.	Any of: → 7.2.x → 7.1.x → 7.0.x → 6.7.x → Any later 6.6.x release
6.5	Any of: → 7.1.x → 7.0.x → 6.7.x → 6.6.x
6.4 Last support for ASA 5515-X.	Any of: → 7.0.x → 6.7.x → 6.6.x → 6.5
6.3	Any of: → 6.7.x → 6.6.x → 6.5 → 6.4
6.2.3 Last support for ASA 5506-X series.	Any of: → 6.6.x → 6.5 → 6.4 → 6.3

Upgrade Packages for FTD

Upgrade packages are available on the Cisco Support & Download site: <https://www.cisco.com/go/ftd-software>.

You use the same upgrade package for all models in a family or series. To find the correct one, select or search for your model on the Cisco Support & Download site, then browse to the software download page for the appropriate version. Available upgrade packages are listed along with installation packages, hotfixes, and other applicable downloads. Upgrade package file names reflect the platform, package type (upgrade, patch, hotfix), software version, and build.

Note that upgrade packages are signed, and terminate in .sh.REL.tar. Do not untar signed upgrade packages. Do not rename upgrade packages or transfer them by email.

Table 24: Software Upgrade Packages

Platform	Upgrade Package
Firepower 1000 series	Cisco_FTD_SSP-FP1K_Upgrade-7.1-999.sh.REL.tar
Firepower 2100 series	Cisco_FTD_SSP-FP2K_Upgrade-7.1-999.sh.REL.tar
Secure Firewall 3100 series	Cisco_FTD_SSP-FP3K_Upgrade-7.1-999.sh.REL.tar
Firepower 4100/9300	Cisco_FTD_SSP_Upgrade-7.1-999.sh.REL.tar
FTDv	Cisco_FTD_Upgrade-7.1-999.sh.REL.tar
ISA 3000 with FTD	Cisco_FTD_Upgrade-7.1-999.sh.REL.tar

Upgrade Readiness Checks for FTD

Before the system installs an upgrade, it runs a readiness check to ensure the upgrade is valid for the system, and to check other items that sometimes prevent a successful upgrade. If the readiness check fails, you should fix the problems before trying the installation again. If the check has failed, you will be prompted about the failure the next time you try the installation, and you are given the option to force the installation if you want to.

You can also manually run the readiness check prior to initiating the upgrade, as described in this procedure.

Before you begin

Upload the upgrade package you want to check.

Step 1 Select **Device**, then click **View Configuration** in the Updates summary.

The **System Upgrade** section shows the currently running software version and any update that you have already uploaded.

Step 2 Look at the **Readiness Check** section.

- If the upgrade check has not been performed yet, click the **Run Upgrade Readiness Check** link. The progress of the check is shown in this area. It should take about 20 seconds to complete the process.
- If the upgrade check has already been run, this section indicates whether the check succeeded or failed. For failed checks, click **See Details** to view more information about the readiness check. After fixing problems, run the check again.

Step 3 If the readiness check fails, you should resolve the issues before you install the upgrade. The detailed information includes help on how to fix indicated problems. For a failed script, click the **Show Recovery Message** link to see the information.

Following are some typical problems:

- **FXOS version incompatibility**—On systems where you install FXOS upgrades separately, such as the Firepower 4100/9300, an upgrade package might require a different minimum FXOS version than the FTD software version you are currently running. In this case, you must first upgrade FXOS before you can upgrade the FTD software.
- **Unsupported device model**—The upgrade package cannot be installed on this device. You might have uploaded the wrong package, or the device is an older model that is simply no longer supported in the new FTD software version. Please check device compatibility and upload a supported package, if one is available.
- **Insufficient disk space**—If not enough space is available, try deleting unneeded files, such as system backups. Delete only those files you have created.

Upgrade FTD

Upgrade Standalone FTD

Use this procedure to upgrade a standalone FTD device. If you need to update FXOS, do that first. To upgrade high availability threat defense, see [Upgrade High Availability FTD, on page 47](#).



Caution Traffic is dropped while you upgrade. Even if the system appears inactive or unresponsive, do not manually reboot or shut down during upgrade; you could place the system in an unusable state and require a reimage. You can manually cancel failed or in-progress major and maintenance upgrades, and retry failed upgrades. If you continue to have issues, contact Cisco TAC.

For details on these and other issues you may encounter during upgrade, see [Troubleshooting Threat Defense Upgrades, on page 50](#).

Before you begin

Complete the pre-upgrade checklist. Make sure your deployment is healthy and successfully communicating.

Step 1 Select **Device**, then click **View Configuration** in the Updates panel. The System Upgrade panel shows the currently running software version and any upgrade package that you have already uploaded.

Step 2 Upload the upgrade package.

You can upload one package only. If you upload a new package, it replaces the old one. Make sure you have the correct package for your target version and device model. Click **Browse** or **Replace File** to begin the upload.

When the upload completes, the system displays a confirmation dialog box. Before you click **OK**, optionally select **Run Upgrade Immediately** to choose rollback options and upgrade now. If you upgrade now, it is especially important to have completed as much of the pre-upgrade checklist as possible (see the next step).

Step 3 Perform final pre-upgrade checks, including the readiness check.

Revisit the pre-upgrade checklist. Make sure you have completed all relevant tasks, especially the final checks. If you do not run the readiness check manually, it runs when you initiate the upgrade. If the readiness check fails, the upgrade is canceled. For more information, see [Upgrade Readiness Checks for FTD, on page 45](#).

Step 4 Click **Upgrade Now** to start the upgrade.

a) Choose rollback options.

You can **Automatically cancel on upgrade failure and roll back to the previous version**. With this option enabled, the device automatically returns to its pre-upgrade state upon major or maintenance upgrade failure. Disable this option if you want to be able to manually cancel or retry a failed upgrade.

b) Click **Continue** to upgrade and reboot the device.

You are automatically logged off and taken to a status page where you can monitor the upgrade until the device reboots. The page also includes an option to cancel the in-progress installation. If you disabled automatic rollback and the upgrade fails, you can manually cancel or retry the upgrade.

Traffic is dropped while you upgrade. For the ISA 3000 only, if you configured hardware bypass for power failure, traffic is dropped during the upgrade but is passed without inspection while the device completes its post-upgrade reboot.

Step 5 Log back in when you can and verify upgrade success.

The Device Summary page shows the currently running software version.

Step 6 Complete post-upgrade tasks.

- a) Update system databases. If you do not have automatic updates configured for intrusion rules, VDB, and GeoDB, update them now.
- b) Complete any other required post-upgrade configuration changes.
- c) Deploy.

Upgrade High Availability FTD

Use this procedure to upgrade high availability devices. Upgrade them one at a time. To minimize disruption, always upgrade the standby. That is, upgrade the current standby, switch roles, then upgrade the new standby. If you need to update FXOS, do that on both chassis before you upgrade FTD on either. Again, always upgrade the standby.



Caution

Do not make or deploy configuration changes on one unit while the other is upgrading, or to a mixed version pair. Even if the system appears inactive, do not manually reboot or shut down during upgrade; you could place the system in an unusable state and require a reimage. You can manually cancel failed or in-progress major and maintenance upgrades, and retry failed upgrades. If you continue to have issues, contact Cisco TAC.

For details on these and other issues you may encounter during upgrade, see [Troubleshooting Threat Defense Upgrades, on page 50](#).

Before you begin

Complete the pre-upgrade checklist. Make sure your deployment is healthy and successfully communicating.

-
- Step 1** Log into the standby unit.
- Step 2** Select **Device**, then click **View Configuration** in the Updates panel.
The System Upgrade panel shows the currently running software version and any upgrade package that you have already uploaded.
- Step 3** Upload the upgrade package.
You can upload one package only. If you upload a new package, it replaces the old one. Make sure you have the correct package for your target version and device model. Click **Browse** or **Replace File** to begin the upload.
When the upload completes, the system displays a confirmation dialog box. Before you click **OK**, optionally select **Run Upgrade Immediately** to choose rollback options and upgrade now. If you upgrade now, it is especially important to have completed as much of the pre-upgrade checklist as possible (see the next step).
- Step 4** Perform final pre-upgrade checks, including the readiness check.
Revisit the pre-upgrade checklist. Make sure you have completed all relevant tasks, especially the final checks. If you do not run the readiness check manually, it runs when you initiate the upgrade. If the readiness check fails, the upgrade is canceled. For more information, see [Upgrade Readiness Checks for FTD, on page 45](#).
- Step 5** Click **Upgrade Now** to start the upgrade.
- Choose rollback options.
You can **Automatically cancel on upgrade failure and roll back to the previous version**. With this option enabled, the device automatically returns to its pre-upgrade state upon major or maintenance upgrade failure. Disable this option if you want to be able to manually cancel or retry a failed upgrade.
 - Click **Continue** to upgrade and reboot the device.
You are automatically logged off and taken to a status page where you can monitor the upgrade until the device reboots. The page also includes an option to cancel the in-progress installation. If you disabled automatic rollback and the upgrade fails, you can manually cancel or retry the upgrade.
Traffic is dropped while you upgrade. For the ISA 3000 only, if you configured hardware bypass for power failure, traffic is dropped during the upgrade but is passed without inspection while the device completes its post-upgrade reboot.
- Step 6** Log back in when you can and verify upgrade success.
The Device Summary page shows the currently running software version and high availability status. Do not proceed until you have verified success *and* high availability has resumed. If high availability remains suspended after successful upgrade, see [Troubleshooting Threat Defense Upgrades, on page 50](#).
- Step 7** Upgrade the second unit.
- Switch roles, making this device active: Select **Device** > **High Availability**, then select **Switch Mode** from the gear menu (⚙️). Wait for the unit's status to change to active and confirm that traffic is flowing normally. Log out.
 - Upgrade: Repeat the previous steps to log into the new standby, upload the package, upgrade the device, monitor progress, and verify success.
- Step 8** Examine device roles.
If you have preferred roles for specific devices, make those changes now.

Step 9 Log into the active unit.

Step 10 Complete post-upgrade tasks.

- a) Update system databases. If you do not have automatic updates configured for intrusion rules, VDB, and GeoDB, update them now.
 - b) Complete any other required post-upgrade configuration changes.
 - c) Deploy.
-

Monitor FTD Upgrades

When you start the FTD upgrade, you are automatically logged off and taken to a status page where you can monitor overall upgrade progress. The page also includes an option to cancel the in-progress installation. If you disabled automatic rollback and the upgrade fails, the page allows you to manually cancel or retry the upgrade.

You can also SSH to the device and use the CLI: **show upgrade status**. Add the **continuous** keyword to view log entries as they are made, and **detail** to see detailed information. Add both keywords to get continuous detailed information.

After the upgrade completes, you lose access to the status page and the CLI when the device reboots.

Cancel or Retry FTD Upgrades

Use the upgrade status page or the CLI to manually cancel failed or in-progress major or maintenance upgrades, and to retry failed upgrades:

- Upgrade status page: Click **Cancel Upgrade** to cancel an in-process upgrade. If the upgrade fails, you can click **Cancel Upgrade** to stop the job and to return to the state of the device prior to the upgrade, or click **Continue** to retry the upgrade.
- CLI: Use **upgrade cancel** to cancel an in-process upgrade. If the upgrade fails, you can use **upgrade cancel** to stop the job and to return to the state of the device prior to the upgrade, or use **upgrade retry** to retry the upgrade.



Note By default, FTD automatically reverts to its pre-upgrade state upon upgrade failure ("auto-cancel"). To be able to manually cancel or retry a failed upgrade, disable the auto-cancel option when you initiate the upgrade. In a high availability deployment, auto-cancel applies to each device individually. That is, if the upgrade fails on one device, only that device is reverted.

These options are not supported for patches. For information on reverting a successful upgrade, see [Revert FTD, on page 50](#).

Revert FTD

If a major or maintenance upgrade succeeds but the system does not function to your expectations, you can revert. Reverting FTD returns the software to its state just before the last major or maintenance upgrade; post-upgrade configuration changes are not retained. Reverting after patching necessarily removes patches as well. Note that you cannot revert individual patches or hotfixes.

The following procedure explains how to revert from FDM. If you cannot get into FDM, you can revert from the FTD command line in an SSH session using the **upgrade revert** command. You can use the **show upgrade revert-info** command to see what version the system will revert to.

Before you begin

If the unit is part of a high availability pair, you must revert both units. Ideally, initiate the revert on both units at the same time so that the configuration can be reverted without failover issues. Open sessions with both units and verify that revert will be possible on each, then start the processes. Note that traffic will be interrupted during the revert, so do this at off hours if at all possible.

For the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis, major FTD versions have a specially qualified and recommended companion FXOS version. This means that after you revert the FTD software, you might be running a non-recommended version of FXOS (too new). Although newer versions of FXOS are backwards compatible with older the FTD versions, we do perform enhanced testing for the recommended combinations. You cannot downgrade FXOS, so if you find yourself in this situation, and you want to run a recommended combination, you will need to reimage the device.

Step 1 Select **Device**, then click **View Configuration** in the **Updates** summary.

Step 2 In the **System Upgrade** section, click the **Revert Upgrade** link.

You are presented with a confirmation dialog box that shows the current version and the version to which the system will revert. If there is no available version to revert to, there will not be a **Revert Upgrade** link.

Step 3 If you are comfortable with the target version (and one is available), click **Revert**.

After you revert, you must re-register the device with the Smart Software Manager.

Troubleshooting Threat Defense Upgrades

General Upgrade Troubleshooting

These issues can occur when you are upgrading any device, whether standalone or in a high availability pair.

Upgrade package errors.

To find the correct upgrade package, select or search for your model on the Cisco Support & Download site, then browse to the software download page for the appropriate version. Available upgrade packages are listed along with installation packages, hotfixes, and other applicable downloads. Upgrade package file names reflect the platform, package type (upgrade, patch, hotfix), software version, and build.

Upgrade packages from Version 6.2.1+ are signed, and terminate in .sh.REL.tar. Do not untar signed upgrade packages. Do not rename upgrade packages or transfer them by email.

Cannot reach the device at all during upgrade.

Devices stop passing traffic during the upgrade or if the upgrade fails. Before you upgrade, make sure traffic from your location does not have to traverse the device itself to access the device's management interface.

Device appears inactive or is unresponsive during upgrade.

You can manually cancel in-progress major and maintenance upgrades; see [Cancel or Retry FTD Upgrades, on page 49](#). If the device is unresponsive, or if you cannot cancel the upgrade, contact Cisco TAC.



Caution

Even if the system appears inactive, do *not* manually reboot or shut down during upgrade. You could place the system in an unusable state and require a reimage.

Upgrade is successful but the system does not function to your expectations.

First, make sure that cached information gets refreshed. Do not simply refresh the browser window to log back in. Instead, delete any "extra" path from the URL and reconnect to the home page; for example, <http://threat-defense.example.com/>.

If you continue to have issues and need to return to an earlier major or maintenance release, you may be able to revert; see [Revert FTD, on page 50](#). If you cannot revert, you must reimage.

Upgrade fails.

When you initiate a major or maintenance upgrade, you use the **Automatically cancel on upgrade failure...** (auto-cancel) option to choose what happens if upgrade fails, as follows:

- Auto-cancel enabled (default): If upgrade fails, the upgrade cancels and the device automatically reverts to its pre-upgrade state. Correct any issues and try again later.
- Auto-cancel disabled: If upgrade fails, the device remains as it is. Correct the issues and retry immediately, or manually cancel the upgrade and try again later.

For more information, see [Cancel or Retry FTD Upgrades, on page 49](#). If you cannot retry or cancel, or if you continue to have issues, contact Cisco TAC.

High Availability Upgrade Troubleshooting

These issues are specific to high availability upgrades.

Upgrade will not begin without deploying uncommitted changes.

If you get an error message stating that you must deploy all uncommitted changes even though there are none, log into the active unit (remember, you should be upgrading the standby), create some minor change, and deploy. Then, undo the change, redeploy, and try the upgrade again on the standby.

If this does not work, and the units are running different software versions against recommendations, switch roles to make the standby unit active, then suspend high availability. Deploy from the active/suspended unit, resume high availability, then switch roles to make the active unit the standby again. Upgrade should then work.

Deployment from active unit fails during standby upgrade, or causes an application synchronization error.

This can happen if you deploy from the active unit while the standby is upgrading, which is not supported. Proceed with the upgrade despite the error. After you upgrade both units, make any required configuration changes and deploy from the active unit. The error should resolve.

To avoid these issues, do not make or deploy configuration changes on one unit while the other is upgrading, or to a mixed version pair.

Configuration changes made during upgrade are lost.

If you absolutely must make and deploy changes to a mixed version pair, you must make the changes to both units or they will be lost after you upgrade the down-level active unit.

High availability is suspended after upgrade.

After the post-upgrade reboot, high availability is briefly suspended while the system performs some final automated tasks, such as updating libraries and restarting Snort. You are most likely to notice this if you log into the CLI *very* shortly after upgrade. If high availability does not resume on its own after the upgrade fully completes and FDM is available, do it manually:

1. Log into both the active device and the standby device and check the task lists. Wait until all tasks are finished running on both devices. If you resume high availability too soon, you may have a future issue where failover causes an outage.
2. Select **Device > High Availability**, then select **Resume HA** from the gear menu (⚙️).

Failover does not occur with a mixed version pair.

Although an advantage of high availability is that you can upgrade your deployment without traffic or inspection interruptions, failover is disabled during the entire upgrade process. That is, not only is failover necessarily disabled when one device is offline (because there is nothing to fail over to—you are essentially already failed over), but failover is also disabled with mixed version pairs. During upgrade is the only time where mixed version pairs are (temporarily) allowed. Schedule upgrades during maintenance windows when they will have the least impact if something goes wrong, and make sure you have enough time to upgrade both devices in that window.

Upgrade failed on only one device, or one device was reverted. The pair is now running mixed versions.

Mixed version pairs are not supported for general operations. Either upgrade the down-version device or revert the higher version device. For patches, because revert is not supported, if you cannot successfully upgrade the down-version device you must break high availability, reimage one or both devices, then re-establish high availability.