



# IPv6 HTTP(S)

---

**Last Updated: July 23, 2012**

Hypertext Transfer Protocol server HTTP(S) is a Cisco IPv6 embedded management component. Cisco IPv6 embedded management components have IPv6-compliant operability in IPv6 and hybrid IPv6 and IPv4 networks.

- [Finding Feature Information, page 1](#)
- [Information About IPv6 HTTP\(S\), page 1](#)
- [How to Configure IPv6 HTTP\(S\), page 2](#)
- [Configuration Examples for IPv6 HTTP\(S\), page 3](#)
- [Additional References, page 3](#)
- [Feature Information for IPv6 HTTP\(S\), page 4](#)

## Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## Information About IPv6 HTTP(S)

- [Cisco IPv6 Embedded Management Components, page 1](#)

## Cisco IPv6 Embedded Management Components

Cisco embedded management components have IPv6-compliant operability in IPv6 and dual-stack IPv6 and IPv4 networks.

- [HTTP\(S\) IPv6 Support, page 2](#)



---

**Americas Headquarters:**  
Cisco Systems, Inc., 170 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

## HTTP(S) IPv6 Support

This feature allows the HTTP(S) client and server to support IPv6 addresses.

The HTTP server in Cisco software can service requests from both IPv6 and IPv4 HTTP clients. When the HTTP(S) server accepts a connection from a client, the server determines whether the client is an IPv4 or IPv6 host. The address family, IPv4 or IPv6, for the accept socket call is then chosen accordingly. The listening socket continues to listen for both IPv4 and IPv6 connections.

The HTTP client in Cisco software can send requests to both IPv4 and IPv6 HTTP servers.

When you use the IPv6 HTTP client, URLs with literal IPv6 addresses must be formatted using the rules listed in RFC 2732.

## How to Configure IPv6 HTTP(S)

- [Disabling HTTP Access to an IPv6 Device, page 2](#)

## Disabling HTTP Access to an IPv6 Device

HTTP access over IPv6 is automatically enabled if an HTTP server is enabled and the device has an IPv6 address. If the HTTP server is not required, it should be disabled.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **no ip http server**

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
Step 2	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	no ip http server	Disables HTTP access.
	<b>Example:</b> Device(config)# no ip http server	

## Configuration Examples for IPv6 HTTP(S)

- [Example: Disabling HTTP Access to the Device, page 3](#)

### Example: Disabling HTTP Access to the Device

In the following example, the **show running-config** command is used to show that HTTP access is disabled on the device:

```
Device# show running-config
Building configuration...
!
Current configuration : 1490 bytes
!
version 12.2
!
hostname Device
!
no ip http server
!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
```

## Additional References

### Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
IPv6 addressing and connectivity	<i>IPv6 Configuration Guide</i>
HTTP configuration	<i>HTTP Services Configuration Guide</i>
Cisco IOS commands	<a href="#">Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases</a>
IPv6 commands	<i>Cisco IOS IPv6 Command Reference</i>

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS IPv6 features	<a href="#">Cisco IOS IPv6 Feature Mapping</a>

### Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
RFCs for IPv6	<i>IPv6 RFCs</i>

### MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:  <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a>

### Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html">http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html</a>

## Feature Information for IPv6 HTTP(S)

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

**Table 1**      **Feature Information for IPv6 HTTP(S)**

<b>Feature Name</b>	<b>Releases</b>	<b>Feature Information</b>
IPv6 HTTP(S)	12.2(33)SB	This feature enables the HTTP(S) client and server to support IPv6 addresses.  The following command was modified: <b>ip http server</b> .
	12.2(33)SRC	
	12.2(50)SY	
	12.4(20)T	

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: [www.cisco.com/go/trademarks](http://www.cisco.com/go/trademarks). Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1110R)

Any Internet Protocol (IP) addresses and phone numbers used in this document are not intended to be actual addresses and phone numbers. Any examples, command display output, network topology diagrams, and other figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only. Any use of actual IP addresses or phone numbers in illustrative content is unintentional and coincidental.

© 2012 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.