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The following list of people, sorted by last name, have contributed code or patches to this implementation of sudo since I began maintaining it in 1993. This list is known to be incomplete--if you believe you should be listed, please send a note to sudo@sudo.ws.

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Van Dinter, Theo
Venckus, Martynas
Wagner, Klaus
Walsh, Dan
Warburton, John
Webb, Kirk
Wetzel, Timm
Wieringen, Marco van
Winiger, Gary
Wood, David
Zacarias, Gustavo
Zolnowsky, John

The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario
Bogusz, Jakub
Casagrande, Milo
Castro, Felipe

Chornoivan, Yuri
Diguez, Francisco
Ferreira, Rafael
Gezer, Volkan
Hamasaki, Takeshi
Hamming, Peter
Hansen, Joe
Hein, Jochen
Jerovek, Damir
Karvonen, Jorma
Koir, Klemen
Kozlov, Yuri
Kramer, Jakob
Krznar, Tomislav
Marchal, Frdric
Margeviius, Algimantas
Maryanov, Pavel
Nikoli, Miroslav
Nylander, Daniel
Psa, Petr
Qun, Trn Ngc
Regueiro, Leandro
Sarar, zgr
Sendn, Abel
Taniguchi, Yasuaki
Uranga, Mikel Olasagasti
Wang, Wylmer

1.2 acl 1.1.0

1.2.1 Available under license :

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1.3 zlib 1.2.1.1

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1.5 ntp 4.2.6p2

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 50. [54]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure
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1.6 zlib 1.1.3

1.7 libdaemon 0.14

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```

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1.9 dhcp 4.3.0

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<!-- \$Id: copyright.xml,v 1.8 2009/07/10 23:47:58 tbox Exp \$ -->

<!-- Generate ISC copyright comments from Docbook copyright metadata. -->

<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform" version="1.0">

<xsl:template name="isc.copyright.format">

<xsl:param name="text"/>

<xsl:value-of select="\$isc.copyright.leader"/>

<xsl:value-of select="normalize-space(substring-before(\$text, '#10;'))"/>

<xsl:text>#10;</xsl:text>

<xsl:variable name="rest" select="substring-after(\$text, '#10;')"/>

<xsl:if test="translate(\$rest, '#9;#32;', '')">

<xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">

<xsl:with-param name="text" select="\$rest"/>

</xsl:call-template>

</xsl:if>

</xsl:template>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright.text">

<xsl:text>

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```
</xsl:text>
</xsl:variable>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright">
  <xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">
    <xsl:with-param name="text">
<xsl:for-each select="/refentry/docinfo/copyright | /book/bookinfo/copyright">
  <xsl:text>Copyright (C) </xsl:text>
  <xsl:call-template name="copyright.years">
    <xsl:with-param name="years" select="year"/>
  </xsl:call-template>
  <xsl:text> </xsl:text>
  <xsl:value-of select="holder"/>
  <xsl:text> &#10;</xsl:text>
</xsl:for-each>
<xsl:value-of select="$isc.copyright.text"/>
  </xsl:with-param>
</xsl:call-template>
</xsl:variable>
```

```
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

```
<!--
```

```
- Local variables:
```

```
- mode: sgml
```

```
- End:
```

```
-->
```

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* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

* `admin/check-style.sh`, `admin/check-style-common.awk`, `admin/check-style-cpp.awk`, `admin/check-style-shell.awk`: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project. They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that process, the shell script was created.

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=====
vim: filetype=text:textwidth=75:expandtab:shiftwidth=2:softtabstop=2
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1.10 iputils s20121221

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```
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```

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*/

```

Original SSLeay License

```

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*
* This package is an SSL implementation written
* by Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com).
* The implementation was written so as to conform with Netscapes SSL.
*

```


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*/

1.14 gdb 7.7.1

1.14.1 Available under license :

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

# Copyright (C) 2011-2019 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This file is part of GDB.
#
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# (at your option) any later version.
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```

```
"""copyright.py
```

This script updates the list of years in the copyright notices in most files maintained by the GDB project.

Usage: cd src/gdb && python copyright.py

Always review the output of this script before committing it!

A useful command to review the output is:

```
% filterdiff -x \*.c -x \*.cc -x \*.h -x \*.exp updates.diff
```

This removes the bulk of the changes which are most likely to be correct.

```
"""
```

```
import datetime
import os
import os.path
import subprocess
```

```
def get_update_list():
    """Return the list of files to update.
```

Assumes that the current working directory when called is the root

of the GDB source tree (NOT the gdb/ subdirectory!). The names of the files are relative to that root directory.

```
"""
```

```
result = []
for gdb_dir in ('gdb', 'sim', 'include/gdb'):
    for root, dirs, files in os.walk(gdb_dir, topdown=True):
        for dirname in dirs:
            reldirname = "%s/%s" % (root, dirname)
            if (dirname in EXCLUDE_ALL_LIST
                or reldirname in EXCLUDE_LIST
                or reldirname in NOT_FSF_LIST
                or reldirname in BY_HAND):
                # Prune this directory from our search list.
                dirs.remove(dirname)
        for filename in files:
            relpath = "%s/%s" % (root, filename)
            if (filename in EXCLUDE_ALL_LIST
                or relpath in EXCLUDE_LIST
                or relpath in NOT_FSF_LIST
                or relpath in BY_HAND):
                # Ignore this file.
                pass
            else:
                result.append(relpath)
return result
```

```
def update_files(update_list):
```

```
    """Update the copyright header of the files in the given list.
```

```
    We use gnulib's update-copyright script for that.
```

```
    """
```

```
    # We want to use year intervals in the copyright notices, and
    # all years should be collapsed to one single year interval,
    # even if there are "holes" in the list of years found in the
    # original copyright notice (OK'ed by the FSF, case [gnu.org #719834]).
```

```
    os.environ['UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_USE_INTERVALS'] = '2'
```

```
    # Perform the update, and save the output in a string.
```

```
    update_cmd = ['bash', 'gdb/gnulib/import/extra/update-copyright']
```

```
    update_cmd += update_list
```

```
    p = subprocess.Popen(update_cmd, stdout=subprocess.PIPE,
```

```
                        stderr=subprocess.STDOUT)
```

```
    update_out = p.communicate()[0]
```

```
    # Process the output. Typically, a lot of files do not have
```

```
    # a copyright notice :-(. The update-copyright script prints
```

```

# a well defined warning when it did not find the copyright notice.
# For each of those, do a sanity check and see if they may in fact
# have one. For the files that are found not to have one, we filter
# the line out from the output, since there is nothing more to do,
# short of looking at each file and seeing which notice is appropriate.
# Too much work! (~4,000 files listed as of 2012-01-03).
update_out = update_out.splitlines()
warning_string = ': warning: copyright statement not found'
warning_len = len(warning_string)

for line in update_out:
    if line.endswith('\n'):
        line = line[:-1]
    if line.endswith(warning_string):
        filename = line[:-warning_len]
        if may_have_copyright_notice(filename):
            print line
    else:
        # Unrecognized file format. !?!
        print "*** " + line

def may_have_copyright_notice(filename):
    """Check that the given file does not seem to have a copyright notice.

    The filename is relative to the root directory.
    This function assumes that the current working directory is that root
    directory.

    The algorithm is fairly crude, meaning that it might return
    some false positives. I do not think it will return any false
    negatives... We might improve this function to handle more
    complex cases later...
    """
    # For now, it may have a copyright notice if we find the word
    # "Copyright" at the (reasonable) start of the given file, say
    # 50 lines...
    MAX_LINES = 50

    fd = open(filename)

    lineno = 1
    for line in fd:
        if 'Copyright' in line:
            return True
        lineno += 1
    if lineno > 50:
        return False

```

```

return False

def main ():
    """The main subprogram."""
    if not os.path.isfile("gnulib/import/extra/update-copyright"):
        print "Error: This script must be called from the gdb directory."
    root_dir = os.path.dirname(os.getcwd())
    os.chdir(root_dir)

    update_list = get_update_list()
    update_files (update_list)

    # Remind the user that some files need to be updated by HAND...

    if MULTIPLE_COPYRIGHT_HEADERS:
        print
        print("\033[31m"
            "REMINDER: Multiple copyright headers must be updated by hand:"
            "\033[0m")
        for filename in MULTIPLE_COPYRIGHT_HEADERS:
            print " ", filename

    if BY_HAND:
        print
        print "\033[31mREMINDER: The following files must be updated by hand." \
            "\033[0m"
        for filename in BY_HAND:
            print " ", filename

#####
#
# Some constants, placed at the end because they take up a lot of room.
# The actual value of these constants is not significant to the understanding
# of the script.
#
#####

# Files which should not be modified, either because they are
# generated, non-FSF, or otherwise special (e.g. license text,
# or test cases which must be sensitive to line numbering).
#
# Filenames are relative to the root directory.
EXCLUDE_LIST = (
    'gdb/nat/glibc_thread_db.h',
    'gdb/CONTRIBUTE',
    'gdb/gnulib/import'
)

```

```
# Files which should not be modified, either because they are
# generated, non-FSF, or otherwise special (e.g. license text,
# or test cases which must be sensitive to line numbering).
#
# Matches any file or directory name anywhere. Use with caution.
# This is mostly for files that can be found in multiple directories.
# Eg: We want all files named COPYING to be left untouched.
```

```
EXCLUDE_ALL_LIST = (
    "COPYING", "COPYING.LIB", "CVS", "configure", "copying.c",
    "fdl.texi", "gpl.texi", "aclocal.m4",
)
```

```
# The list of files to update by hand.
```

```
BY_HAND = (
    # Nothing at the moment :-).
)
```

```
# Files containing multiple copyright headers. This script is only
# fixing the first one it finds, so we need to finish the update
# by hand.
```

```
MULTIPLE_COPYRIGHT_HEADERS = (
    "gdb/doc/gdb.texinfo",
    "gdb/doc/refcard.tex",
    "gdb/gdbarch.sh",
)
```

```
# The list of file which have a copyright, but not head by the FSF.
```

```
# Filenames are relative to the root directory.
```

```
NOT_FSF_LIST = (
    "gdb/exc_request.defs",
    "gdb/gdbtk",
    "gdb/testsuite/gdb.gdbtk/",
    "sim/arm/armemu.h", "sim/arm/armos.c", "sim/arm/gdbhost.c",
    "sim/arm/dbg_hif.h", "sim/arm/dbg_conf.h", "sim/arm/communicate.h",
    "sim/arm/armos.h", "sim/arm/armcopro.c", "sim/arm/armemu.c",
    "sim/arm/kid.c", "sim/arm/thumbemu.c", "sim/arm/armdefs.h",
    "sim/arm/armopts.h", "sim/arm/dbg_cp.h", "sim/arm/dbg_rdi.h",
    "sim/arm/parent.c", "sim/arm/armsupp.c", "sim/arm/armrdi.c",
    "sim/arm/bag.c", "sim/arm/armvirt.c", "sim/arm/main.c", "sim/arm/bag.h",
    "sim/arm/communicate.c", "sim/arm/gdbhost.h", "sim/arm/armfpe.h",
    "sim/arm/arminit.c",
    "sim/common/cgen-fpu.c", "sim/common/cgen-fpu.h",
    "sim/common/cgen-accfp.c",
    "sim/mips/m16run.c", "sim/mips/sim-main.c",
    "sim/moxie/moxie-gdb.dts",

```

```
# Not a single file in sim/ppc/ appears to be copyright FSF :-).
```

```

"sim/ppc/filter.h", "sim/ppc/gen-support.h", "sim/ppc/ld-insn.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_sem.c", "sim/ppc/hw_disk.c", "sim/ppc/idecode_branch.h",
"sim/ppc/sim-endian.h", "sim/ppc/table.c", "sim/ppc/hw_core.c",
"sim/ppc/gen-support.c", "sim/ppc/gen-semantic.h", "sim/ppc/cpu.h",
"sim/ppc/sim_callbacks.h", "sim/ppc/RUN", "sim/ppc/Makefile.in",
"sim/ppc/emul_chirp.c", "sim/ppc/hw_nvram.c", "sim/ppc/dc-test.01",
"sim/ppc/hw_phb.c", "sim/ppc/hw_eeeprom.c", "sim/ppc/bits.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_vm.c", "sim/ppc/cap.h", "sim/ppc/os_emul.h",
"sim/ppc/options.h", "sim/ppc/gen-idecode.c", "sim/ppc/filter.c",
"sim/ppc/corefile-n.h", "sim/ppc/std-config.h", "sim/ppc/ld-decode.h",
"sim/ppc/filter_filename.h", "sim/ppc/hw_shm.c",
"sim/ppc/pk_disklabel.c", "sim/ppc/dc-simple", "sim/ppc/misc.h",
"sim/ppc/device_table.h", "sim/ppc/ld-insn.c", "sim/ppc/inline.c",
"sim/ppc/emul_bugapi.h", "sim/ppc/hw_cpu.h", "sim/ppc/debug.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_ide.c", "sim/ppc/debug.c", "sim/ppc/gen-itable.h",
"sim/ppc/interrupts.c", "sim/ppc/hw_glue.c", "sim/ppc/emul_unix.c",
"sim/ppc/sim_calls.c", "sim/ppc/dc-complex", "sim/ppc/ld-cache.c",
"sim/ppc/registers.h", "sim/ppc/dc-test.02", "sim/ppc/options.c",
"sim/ppc/igen.h", "sim/ppc/registers.c", "sim/ppc/device.h",
"sim/ppc/emul_chirp.h", "sim/ppc/hw_register.c", "sim/ppc/hw_init.c",
"sim/ppc/sim-endian-n.h", "sim/ppc/filter_filename.c",
"sim/ppc/bits.c", "sim/ppc/idecode_fields.h", "sim/ppc/hw_memory.c",
"sim/ppc/misc.c", "sim/ppc/double.c", "sim/ppc/psim.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_trace.c", "sim/ppc/emul_netbsd.h", "sim/ppc/psim.c",
"sim/ppc/ppc-instructions", "sim/ppc/tree.h", "sim/ppc/README",
"sim/ppc/gen-icache.h", "sim/ppc/gen-model.h", "sim/ppc/ld-cache.h",
"sim/ppc/mon.c", "sim/ppc/corefile.h", "sim/ppc/vm.c",
"sim/ppc/INSTALL", "sim/ppc/gen-model.c", "sim/ppc/hw_cpu.c",
"sim/ppc/corefile.c", "sim/ppc/hw_opic.c", "sim/ppc/gen-icache.c",
"sim/ppc/events.h", "sim/ppc/os_emul.c", "sim/ppc/emul_generic.c",
"sim/ppc/main.c", "sim/ppc/hw_com.c", "sim/ppc/gen-semantic.c",
"sim/ppc/emul_bugapi.c", "sim/ppc/device.c", "sim/ppc/emul_generic.h",
"sim/ppc/tree.c", "sim/ppc/mon.h", "sim/ppc/interrupts.h",
"sim/ppc/cap.c", "sim/ppc/cpu.c", "sim/ppc/hw_phb.h",
"sim/ppc/device_table.c", "sim/ppc/lf.c", "sim/ppc/lf.c",
"sim/ppc/dc-stupid", "sim/ppc/hw_pal.c", "sim/ppc/ppc-spr-table",
"sim/ppc/emul_unix.h", "sim/ppc/words.h", "sim/ppc/basics.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_htab.c", "sim/ppc/lf.h", "sim/ppc/ld-decode.c",
"sim/ppc/sim-endian.c", "sim/ppc/gen-itable.c",
"sim/ppc/idecode_expression.h", "sim/ppc/table.h", "sim/ppc/dgen.c",
"sim/ppc/events.c", "sim/ppc/gen-idecode.h", "sim/ppc/emul_netbsd.c",
"sim/ppc/igen.c", "sim/ppc/vm_n.h", "sim/ppc/vm.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_iobus.c", "sim/ppc/inline.h",
"sim/testsuite/sim/bfin/s21.s", "sim/testsuite/sim/mips/mips32-dsp2.s",
)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

/* BSD Kernel Data Access Library (libkvm) interface.

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You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program. If not, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>. */

```
#define _KMEMUSER
#include "defs.h"
#include "cli/cli-cmds.h"
#include "command.h"
#include "frame.h"
#include "regcache.h"
#include "target.h"
#include "process-stratum-target.h"
#include "value.h"
#include "gdbcore.h"
#include "inferior.h"      /* for get_exec_file */
#include "gdbthread.h"

#include <fcntl.h>
#include <kvm.h>
#ifdef HAVE_NLIST_H
#include <nlist.h>
#endif
#include <paths.h>
#include "readline/readline.h"
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <sys/proc.h>
#ifdef HAVE_SYS_USER_H
#include <sys/user.h>
#endif

#include "bsd-kvm.h"

/* Kernel memory device file. */
```



```

static const char *bsd_kvm_corefile;

/* Kernel memory interface descriptor. */
static kvm_t *core_kd;

/* Address of process control block. */
static struct pcb *bsd_kvm_paddr;

/* Pointer to architecture-specific function that reconstructs the
register state from PCB and supplies it to REGCACHE. */
static int (*bsd_kvm_supply_pcb)(struct regcache *regcache, struct pcb *pcb);

/* This is the ptid we use while we're connected to kvm. The kvm
target currently doesn't export any view of the running processes,
so this represents the kernel task. */
static ptid_t bsd_kvm_ptid;

/* The libkvm target. */

static const target_info bsd_kvm_target_info = {
    "kvm",
    N_("Kernel memory interface"),
    N_("Use a kernel virtual memory image as a target.\n\
Optionally specify the filename of a core dump."),
};

class bsd_kvm_target final : public process_stratum_target
{
public:
    bsd_kvm_target () = default;

    const target_info &info () const override
    { return bsd_kvm_target_info; }

    void close () override;

    void fetch_registers (struct regcache *, int) override;
    enum target_xfer_status xfer_partial (enum target_object object,
        const char *annex,
        gdb_byte *readbuf,
        const gdb_byte *writebuf,
        ULONGEST offset, ULONGEST len,
        ULONGEST *xfered_len) override;

    void files_info () override;
    bool thread_alive (ptid_t ptid) override;
    const char *pid_to_str (ptid_t) override;

```

```

bool has_memory () override { return true; }
bool has_stack () override { return true; }
bool has_registers () override { return true; }
};

/* Target ops for libkvm interface. */
static bsd_kvm_target bsd_kvm_ops;

static void
bsd_kvm_target_open (const char *arg, int from_tty)
{
    char errbuf[_POSIX2_LINE_MAX];
    char *execfile = NULL;
    kvm_t *temp_kd;
    char *filename = NULL;

    target_preopen (from_tty);

    if (arg)
    {
        char *temp;

        filename = tilde_expand (arg);
        if (filename[0] != '/')
        {
            temp = concat (current_directory, "/", filename, (char *)NULL);
            xfree (filename);
            filename = temp;
        }
    }

    execfile = get_exec_file (0);
    temp_kd = kvm_openfiles (execfile, filename, NULL,
        write_files ? O_RDWR : O_RDONLY, errbuf);
    if (temp_kd == NULL)
        error ("%s", errbuf);

    bsd_kvm_corefile = filename;
    unpush_target (&bsd_kvm_ops);
    core_kd = temp_kd;
    push_target (&bsd_kvm_ops);

    add_thread_silent (bsd_kvm_ptid);
    inferior_ptid = bsd_kvm_ptid;

    target_fetch_registers (get_current_regcache (), -1);

    reinit_frame_cache ();

```

```

print_stack_frame (get_selected_frame (NULL), 0, SRC_AND_LOC, 1);
}

void
bsd_kvm_target::close ()
{
if (core_kd)
{
if (kvm_close (core_kd) == -1)
warning (("s"), kvm_geterr(core_kd));
core_kd = NULL;
}

inferior_ptid = null_ptid;
discard_all_inferiors ();
}

static LONGEST
bsd_kvm_xfer_memory (CORE_ADDR addr, ULONGEST len,
gdb_byte *readbuf, const gdb_byte *writebuf)
{
ssize_t nbytes = len;

if (readbuf)
nbytes = kvm_read (core_kd, addr, readbuf, nbytes);
if (writebuf && nbytes > 0)
nbytes = kvm_write (core_kd, addr, writebuf, nbytes);
return nbytes;
}

enum target_xfer_status
bsd_kvm_target::xfer_partial (enum target_object object,
const char *annex, gdb_byte *readbuf,
const gdb_byte *writebuf,
ULONGEST offset, ULONGEST len, ULONGEST *xfered_len)
{
switch (object)
{
case TARGET_OBJECT_MEMORY:
{
LONGEST ret = bsd_kvm_xfer_memory (offset, len, readbuf, writebuf);

if (ret < 0)
return TARGET_XFER_E_IO;
else if (ret == 0)
return TARGET_XFER_EOF;
else
{

```

```

    *xfered_len = (ULONGEST) ret;
    return TARGET_XFER_OK;
}
}

default:
    return TARGET_XFER_E_IO;
}
}

void
bsd_kvm_target::files_info ()
{
    if (bsd_kvm_corefile && strcmp (bsd_kvm_corefile, _PATH_MEM) != 0)
        printf_filtered (_("\tUsing the kernel crash dump %s.\n"),
            bsd_kvm_corefile);
    else
        printf_filtered (_("\tUsing the currently running kernel.\n"));
}

/* Fetch process control block at address PADDR. */

static int
bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (struct regcache *regcache, struct pcb *paddr)
{
    struct pcb pcb;

    if (kvm_read (core_kd, (unsigned long) paddr, &pcb, sizeof pcb) == -1)
        error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    gdb_assert (bsd_kvm_supply_pcb);
    return bsd_kvm_supply_pcb (regcache, &pcb);
}

void
bsd_kvm_target::fetch_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum)
{
    struct nlist nl[2];

    if (bsd_kvm_paddr)
    {
        bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, bsd_kvm_paddr);
        return;
    }

    /* On dumping core, BSD kernels store the faulting context (PCB)
       in the variable "dumppcb". */
    memset (nl, 0, sizeof nl);
}

```

```

nl[0].n_name = "_dumppcb";

if (kvm_nlist (core_kd, nl) == -1)
    error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

if (nl[0].n_value != 0)
{
    /* Found dumppcb. If it contains a valid context, return
    immediately. */
    if (bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, (struct pcb *) nl[0].n_value))
return;
}

/* Traditional BSD kernels have a process proc0 that should always
be present. The address of proc0's PCB is stored in the variable
"proc0paddr". */

memset (nl, 0, sizeof nl);
nl[0].n_name = "_proc0paddr";

if (kvm_nlist (core_kd, nl) == -1)
    error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

if (nl[0].n_value != 0)
{
    struct pcb *paddr;

    /* Found proc0paddr. */
    if (kvm_read (core_kd, nl[0].n_value, &paddr, sizeof paddr) == -1)
error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, paddr);
    return;
}

#ifdef HAVE_STRUCT_THREAD_TD_PCB
/* In FreeBSD kernels for 5.0-RELEASE and later, the PCB no longer
lives in `struct proc' but in `struct thread'. The `struct
thread' for the initial thread for proc0 can be found in the
variable "thread0". */

memset (nl, 0, sizeof nl);
nl[0].n_name = "_thread0";

if (kvm_nlist (core_kd, nl) == -1)
    error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

if (nl[0].n_value != 0)

```

```

{
    struct pcb *paddr;

    /* Found thread0. */
    nl[0].n_value += offsetof (struct thread, td_pcb);
    if (kvm_read (core_kd, nl[0].n_value, &paddr, sizeof paddr) == -1)
error ("%s"), kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, paddr);
    return;
}
#endif

/* i18n: PCB == "Process Control Block". */
error (_("Cannot find a valid PCB"));
}

/* Kernel memory interface commands. */
struct cmd_list_element *bsd_kvm_cmdlist;

static void
bsd_kvm_cmd (const char *arg, int fromtty)
{
    /* ??? Should this become an alias for "target kvm"? */
}

#ifndef HAVE_STRUCT_THREAD_TD_PCB

static void
bsd_kvm_proc_cmd (const char *arg, int fromtty)
{
    CORE_ADDR addr;

    if (arg == NULL)
        error_no_arg (_("proc address"));

    if (core_kd == NULL)
        error (_("No kernel memory image."));

    addr = parse_and_eval_address (arg);
#ifdef HAVE_STRUCT_LWP
    addr += offsetof (struct lwp, l_addr);
#else
    addr += offsetof (struct proc, p_addr);
#endif

    if (kvm_read (core_kd, addr, &bsd_kvm_paddr, sizeof bsd_kvm_paddr) == -1)

```

```

    error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

target_fetch_registers (get_current_regcache (), -1);

reinit_frame_cache ();
print_stack_frame (get_selected_frame (NULL), 0, SRC_AND_LOC, 1);
}

#endif

static void
bsd_kvm_pcb_cmd (const char *arg, int fromtty)
{
    if (arg == NULL)
        /* i18n: PCB == "Process Control Block". */
        error_no_arg (_("pcb address"));

    if (core_kd == NULL)
        error (_("No kernel memory image."));

    bsd_kvm_paddr = (struct pcb *) (u_long) parse_and_eval_address (arg);

    target_fetch_registers (get_current_regcache (), -1);

    reinit_frame_cache ();
    print_stack_frame (get_selected_frame (NULL), 0, SRC_AND_LOC, 1);
}

bool
bsd_kvm_target::thread_alive (ptid_t ptid)
{
    return true;
}

const char *
bsd_kvm_target::pid_to_str (ptid_t ptid)
{
    static char buf[64];
    xsnprintf (buf, sizeof buf, "<kvm>");
    return buf;
}

/* Add the libkvm interface to the list of all possible targets and
   register CUPPLY_PCB as the architecture-specific process control
   block interpreter. */

void
bsd_kvm_add_target (int (*supply_pcb)(struct regcache *, struct pcb *))

```

```

{
gdb_assert (bsd_kvm_supply_pcb == NULL);
bsd_kvm_supply_pcb = supply_pcb;

add_target (bsd_kvm_target_info, bsd_kvm_target_open);

add_prefix_cmd ("kvm", class_obscure, bsd_kvm_cmd, _("\\
Generic command for manipulating the kernel memory interface."),
    &bsd_kvm_cmdlist, "kvm ", 0, &cmdlist);

#ifdef HAVE_STRUCT_THREAD_TD_PCB
add_cmd ("proc", class_obscure, bsd_kvm_proc_cmd,
    _("Set current context from proc address"), &bsd_kvm_cmdlist);
#endif
add_cmd ("pcb", class_obscure, bsd_kvm_pcb_cmd,
    /* i18n: PCB == "Process Control Block". */
    _("Set current context from pcb address"), &bsd_kvm_cmdlist);

/* Some notes on the ptid usage on this target.

```

The pid field represents the kvm inferior instance. Currently, we don't support multiple kvm inferiors, but we start at 1 anyway. The lwp field is set to != 0, in case the core wants to refer to the whole kvm inferior with ptid(1,0,0).

If kvm is made to export running processes as gdb threads, the following form can be used:

```

ptid (1, 1, 0) -> kvm inferior 1, in kernel
ptid (1, 1, 1) -> kvm inferior 1, process 1
ptid (1, 1, 2) -> kvm inferior 1, process 2
ptid (1, 1, n) -> kvm inferior 1, process n */

```

```

bsd_kvm_ptid = ptid_t (1, 1, 0);
}
BEGIN {
FS="\"";
print "/* ==> Do not modify this file!! \" \
\"-* buffer-read-only: t -* vi\" \
\":set ro:\";
print " It is created automatically by copying.awk.";
print " Modify copying.awk instead. <== */";
print ""
print "#include \"defs.h\""
print "#include \"command.h\""
print "#include \"gdbcmd.h\""
print ""
print "static void show_copying_command (const char *, int);"
print ""

```



```

print "static void show_warranty_command (const char *, int);"
print ""
print "static void";
print "show_copying_command (const char *ignore, int from_tty)";
print "{";
}
NR == 1,/^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/ {
if ($0 ~ //)
{
printf " printf_filtered (\\\"\\n\\");\n";
}
else if ($0 !~/^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/ )
{
printf " printf_filtered (\"";
for (i = 1; i < NF; i++)
printf "%s\\\"\", $i;
printf "%s\\n\\");\n", $NF;
}
}
/^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/ {
print "}";
print "";
print "static void";
print "show_warranty_command (const char *ignore, int from_tty)";
print "{";
}
/^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/,/^[ ]*END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS[ ]*$/ {
if (! ($0 ~ /^[ ]*END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS[ ]*$/))
{
printf " printf_filtered (\"";
for (i = 1; i < NF; i++)
printf "%s\\\"\", $i;
printf "%s\\n\\");\n", $NF;
}
}
END {
print "}";
print "";
print "void"
print "_initialize_copying (void)";
print "{";
print " add_cmd (\"copying\", no_set_class, show_copying_command,\";
print " _(\"Conditions for redistributing copies of GDB.\");";
print " &showlist);";
print " add_cmd (\"warranty\", no_set_class, show_warranty_command,\";
print " _(\"Various kinds of warranty you do not have.\");";
print " &showlist);";
print "";
}

```

```
print " /* For old-timers, allow \"info copying\", etc. */";
print " add_info (\"copying\", show_copying_command,");
print " _(\"Conditions for redistributing copies of GDB.\");";
print " add_info (\"warranty\", show_warranty_command,");
print " _(\"Various kinds of warranty you do not have.\");";
print "};";
}
```

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```
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#include "x86-nat.h"

/* Low level x86 XSAVE info. */
extern size_t x86bsd_xsavelen;

/* A prototype *BSD/x86 target. */

template<typename BaseTarget>
class x86bsd_nat_target : public x86_nat_target<BaseTarget>
{
    using base_class = x86_nat_target<BaseTarget>;
public:
#ifdef HAVE_PT_GETDBREGS
    void mourn_inferior () override
    {
        x86_cleanup_dregs ();
        base_class::mourn_inferior ();
    }
#endif /* HAVE_PT_GETDBREGS */
};

#endif /* x86-bsd-nat.h */
```

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the

Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility

is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work

under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot

use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

Preamble

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the

ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion

of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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```

#ifndef I386_BSD_NAT_H
#define I386_BSD_NAT_H

/* Helper functions. See definitions. */
extern void i386bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
      int regnum);
extern void i386bsd_store_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
      int regnum);

/* A prototype *BSD/i386 target. */

template<typename BaseTarget>
class i386_bsd_nat_target : public x86bsd_nat_target<BaseTarget>
{
public:
void fetch_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
{ i386bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }

void store_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
{ i386bsd_store_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }
};

#endif /* i386-bsd-nat.h */
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```

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@ignore

@c Set file name and title for man page.

@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
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@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
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That's all there is to it!
/* Native-dependent code for modern AMD64 BSD's.

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```
#ifndef AMD64_BSD_NAT_H
#define AMD64_BSD_NAT_H
```

```
#include "x86-bsd-nat.h"
```

```
/* Helper functions. See definitions. */
extern void amd64bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
                                              int regnum);
extern void amd64bsd_store_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
                                              int regnum);
```

```
/* A prototype *BSD/AMD64 target. */
```

```

template<typename BaseTarget>
class amd64_bsd_nat_target : public x86bsd_nat_target<BaseTarget>
{
public:
void fetch_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
{ amd64bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }

void store_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
{ amd64bsd_store_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }
};

#endif /* i386-bsd-nat.h */

```

1.15 openssl 0.9.7j

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.17 syslogd 1.5.0

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```

```
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1.18 diffutils 3.3

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1.20 cronie 1.4.11

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 * @(#)bitstring.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 7/19/93
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1.21 iproute 3.16.0

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1.22 wget 1.15

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1.23 i2c-tools 3.0

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1.24 libvirt 0.8.4

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1.25 zlib 1.2.3

1.25.1 Available under license :

```
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version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017
```

```
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```

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1.26 fdisk 2.24.2

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1.28 curl 7.63.0

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License Mixing

=====

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that [GPL](<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>) licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the [Original BSD license](<https://spdx.org/licenses/BSD-4-Clause.html>) (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you accompany your license with an [exception](<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs>). This particular problem was addressed when the [Modified BSD license](<https://opensource.org/licenses/BSD-3-Clause>) was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

libcurl

Uses an [MIT style license](<https://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html>) that is very liberal.

OpenSSL

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it "incompatible" with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL's licensing is a problem for you, consider using another TLS library.

GnuTLS

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the [LGPL](<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl.html>) license. If this is a problem for you, consider using another TLS library. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libgcrypt and libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

WolfSSL

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the GPL license or a proprietary license. If this is a problem for you, consider using another TLS library.

NSS

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Is covered by the [MPL](<https://www.mozilla.org/MPL/>) license, the GPL license and the LGPL license. You may choose to license the code under MPL terms, GPL terms, or LGPL terms. These licenses grant you different permissions and impose different obligations. You should select the license that best meets your needs.

axTLS

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license.

mbedTLS

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the [Apache 2.0 license](<https://opensource.org/licenses/Apache-2.0>) or the GPL license. You may choose to license the code under Apache 2.0 terms or GPL terms. These licenses grant you different permissions and impose different obligations. You should select the license that best meets your needs.

BoringSSL

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) As an OpenSSL fork, it has the same license as that.

libressl

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) As an OpenSSL fork, it has the same license as that.

c-ares

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you may link with.

zlib

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

MIT Kerberos

(May be used for GSS support) MIT licensed, that shouldn't collide with any other parts.

Heimdal

(May be used for GSS support) Heimdal is Original BSD licensed with the announcement clause.

GNU GSS

(May be used for GSS support) GNU GSS is GPL licensed. Note that you may not distribute binary curl packages that uses this if you build curl to also link and use any Original BSD licensed libraries!

libidn

(Used for IDNA support) Uses the GNU Lesser General Public License [3]. LGPL is a variation of GPL with slightly less aggressive "copyleft". This license requires more requirements to be met when distributing binaries, see the license for details. Also note that if you distribute a binary that includes this library, you must also include the full LGPL license text. Please properly point out what parts of the distributed package that the license addresses.

OpenLDAP

(Used for LDAP support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license. Since libcurl uses OpenLDAP as a shared library only, I have not heard of anyone that ships OpenLDAP linked with libcurl in an app.

libssh2

(Used for scp and sftp support) libssh2 uses a Modified BSD-style license.

1.29 cracklib 2.9.1

1.29.1 Available under license :

EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly

> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,

> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was

> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =
a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46

Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan
=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
> To: Neulinger, Nathan
> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> > I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
> directly
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> point,
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> license
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> unless their
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> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code
(where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct
license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>> bit of
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>> by me.
>
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
>
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the
GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small

>>> bit of
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>>> by me.
>>
>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
>>
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>> linked with any code, not just GPL...
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> timeframe.
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> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
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> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.
>
> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>>

>> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
>> make the change now ?

>

> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>

<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>
> ----- Forwarded message -----
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> Subject: RE: cracklib license
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
>
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies
of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence
the version number 2.1.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software packages--typically libraries--of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

^L

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is

linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

^L

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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^L

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the

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1.30 openssl 1.0.1p

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1.31 Is of 4.87

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Version 2, June 1991

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards

changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.32 perl 5.14.2

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- b) accompany the distribution with the machine-readable source of the Package with your modifications.
- c) give non-standard executables non-standard names, and clearly document the differences in manual pages (or equivalent), together with instructions on where to get the Standard Version.
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The End

abstract: 'Build and install Perl modules'

author:

- 'Ken Williams <kwilliams@cpan.org>'

- "Development questions, bug reports, and patches should be sent to the\nModule-Build mailing list at <module-build@perl.org>."

build_requires:

File::Temp: 0.15

Test::Harness: 3.16

Test::More: 0.49

generated_by: 'Module::Build version 0.3608'

license: gpl

meta-spec:

url: <http://module-build.sourceforge.net/META-spec-v1.4.html>

version: 1.4

name: Module-Build

resources:

MailingList: <mailto:module-build@perl.org>

license: <http://dev.perl.org/licenses/>

repository: <http://github.com/dagolden/module-build/>

version: 3

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

#!/perl

=head1 NAME

copyright.t

=head1 DESCRIPTION

Tests that the latest copyright years in the top-level README file and the C<perl -v> output match each other.

If the test fails, update at least one of README and perl.c so that they match reality.

Optionally you can pass the C<--now> option to check they are at the current year. This isn't checked by default, so that it doesn't fail for people working on older releases. It should be run before making a new release.

=cut

```
use strict;
use Config;
BEGIN { require './test.pl' }
```

```

if ( $Config{usecrosscompile} ) {
    skip_all( "Not all files are available during cross-compilation" );
}

my ($opt) = @ARGV;

my $readme_year = readme_year();
my $v_year = v_year();

# Check that both copyright dates are up-to-date, but only if requested, so
# that tests still pass for people intentionally working on older versions:
if ($opt eq '--now')
{
    my $current_year = (gmtime)[5] + 1900;
    is $v_year, $current_year, 'perl -v copyright includes current year';
    is $readme_year, $current_year, 'README copyright includes current year';
}

# Otherwise simply check that the two copyright dates match each other:
else
{
    is $readme_year, $v_year, 'README and perl -v copyright dates match';
}

done_testing;

sub readme_year
# returns the latest copyright year from the top-level README file
{

    open my $readme, '<', './README' or die "Opening README failed: $!";

    # The copyright message is the first paragraph:
    local $/ = "";
    my $copyright_msg = <$readme>;

    my ($year) = $copyright_msg =~ /\b(\d{4,})/s
        or die "Year not found in README copyright message '$copyright_msg'";

    $year;
}

sub v_year
# returns the latest copyright year shown in perl -v
{

```

```
my $output = runperl switches => ['-v'];
my ($year) = $output =~ /copyright 1987.*\b(\d{4,})/i
    or die "Copyright statement not found in perl -v output '$output'";
```

```
$year;
```

```
}
```

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

```
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any later version.
```

```
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```

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the
program `Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes
at assemblers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

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The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.33 berkeley-db 6.0.30

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```

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```
=====  
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*  
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* encouraged by the resulting cooperation. However, in the case of
* software used on network servers, this result may fail to come about.
* The GNU General Public License permits making a modified version and
* letting the public access it on a server without ever releasing its
* source code to the public.
*

* The GNU Affero General Public License is designed specifically to
* ensure that, in such cases, the modified source code becomes available
* to the community. It requires the operator of a network server to
* provide the source code of the modified version running there to the
* users of that server. Therefore, public use of a modified version, on
* a publicly accessible server, gives the public access to the source
* code of the modified version.
*

* An older license, called the Affero General Public License and
* published by Affero, was designed to accomplish similar goals. This is
* a different license, not a version of the Affero GPL, but Affero has
* released a new version of the Affero GPL which permits relicensing under
* this license.
*

* The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
* modification follow.
*

* TERMS AND CONDITIONS

*
*

* 0. Definitions.

*
*

* "This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU Affero General Public License.

*
*

* "Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of
* works, such as semiconductor masks.

*
*

* "The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this
* License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and
* "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

*
*

* To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work
* in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an
* exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the
* earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

*
*

* A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based
* on the Program.

*
*

* To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without
* permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for
* infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a
* computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying,
* distribution (with or without modification), making available to the
* public, and in some countries other activities as well.

*
*

* To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other
* parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through
* a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

*
*

* An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices"
* to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
* feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2)
* tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the
* extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the
* work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
* the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
* menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

*
*

* 1. Source Code.

*
*

* The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work
* for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source
* form of a work.

*
*

* A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official

- * standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
- * interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
- * is widely used among developers working in that language.
- *
- * The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other
- * than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
- * packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major
- * Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
- * Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an
- * implementation is available to the public in source code form. A
- * "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component
- * (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
- * (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
- * produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.
- *
- * The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all
- * the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
- * work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
- * control those activities. However, it does not include the work's
- * System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
- * programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but
- * which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source
- * includes interface definition files associated with source files for
- * the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically
- * linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require,
- * such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those
- * subprograms and other parts of the work.
- *
- * The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users
- * can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding
- * Source.
- *
- * The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that
- * same work.
- *
- * 2. Basic Permissions.
- *
- * All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of
- * copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated
- * conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited
- * permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a
- * covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its
- * content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your
- * rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law.
- *
- * You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not
- * convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains
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* not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works
* for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction
* and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of
* your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.

*

* Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under
* the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10
* makes it unnecessary.

*

* 3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

*

* No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological
* measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article
* 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or
* similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such
* measures.

*

* When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid
* circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention
* is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to
* the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or
* modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the work's
* users, your or third parties' legal rights to forbid circumvention of
* technological measures.

*

* 4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

*

* You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you
* receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and
* appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice;
* keep intact all notices stating that this License and any
* non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code;
* keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all
* recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

*

* You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey,
* and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

*

* 5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

*

* You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to
* produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the
* terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

*

* a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified

- * it, and giving a relevant date.
- *
- * b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is
- * released under this License and any conditions added under section
- * 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to
- * "keep intact all notices".
- *
- * c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this
- * License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This
- * License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7
- * additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts,
- * regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no
- * permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not
- * invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
- *
- * d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
- * Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
- * interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your
- * work need not make them do so.
- *
- * A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent
- * works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work,
- * and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program,
- * in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an
- * "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not
- * used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users
- * beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work
- * in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other
- * parts of the aggregate.
- *
- * 6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.
- *
- * You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms
- * of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the
- * machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License,
- * in one of these ways:
- *
- * a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
- * (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the
- * Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium
- * customarily used for software interchange.
- *
- * b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product
- * (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a
- * written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as
- * long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product
- * model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a
- * copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the

- * product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical
- * medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no
- * more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this
- * conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the
- * Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
- *
- * c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the
- * written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This
- * alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and
- * only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord
- * with subsection 6b.
- *
- * d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated
- * place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the
- * Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
- * further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
- * Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to
- * copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source
- * may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party)
- * that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain
- * clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the
- * Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the
- * Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is
- * available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.
- *
- * e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided
- * you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding
- * Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no
- * charge under subsection 6d.
- *
- * A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded
- * from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be
- * included in conveying the object code work.
- *
- * A "User Product" is either (1) a "consumer product", which means any
- * tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family,
- * or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation
- * into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product,
- * doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular
- * product received by a particular user, "normally used" refers to a
- * typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status
- * of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user
- * actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product
- * is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial
- * commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent
- * the only significant mode of use of the product.
- *
- * "Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods,

* procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install
* and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from
* a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must
* suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object
* code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because
* modification has been made.

*

* If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or
* specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as
* part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the
* User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a
* fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the
* Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied
* by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply
* if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install
* modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has
* been installed in ROM).

*

* The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a
* requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates
* for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for
* the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a
* network may be denied when the modification itself materially and
* adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and
* protocols for communication across the network.

*

* Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided,
* in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly
* documented (and with an implementation available to the public in
* source code form), and must require no special password or key for
* unpacking, reading or copying.

*

* 7. Additional Terms.

*

* "Additional permissions" are terms that supplement the terms of this
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*

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*

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*

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*

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*

* If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent license,
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*
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*
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*

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* an absolute waiver of all civil liability in connection with the
* Program, unless a warranty or assumption of liability accompanies a
* copy of the Program in return for a fee.

*

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*

* How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

*

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* free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

*

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* state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least
* the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

*

* <one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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*

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<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8" />
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  <link rel="up" href="upgrade_60_toc.html" title="Chapter9. Upgrading Berkeley DB 11.2.5.3 applications to Berkeley DB 12.1.6.0" />
  <link rel="prev" href="compare_func.html" title="Comparison Function Signature Change" />
  <link rel="next" href="sqlite_ver60.html" title="Updated SQLite Version" />
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        <th width="60%" align="center">Chapter9.
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        </th>
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      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
  <p>
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  </p>
</div>
<div class="navfooter">
  <hr />
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      <td width="20%" align="center">
        <a accesskey="u" href="upgrade_60_toc.html">Up</a>
      </td>
      <td width="40%" align="right"><a accesskey="n" href="sqlite_ver60.html">Next</a></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
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      <td width="20%" align="center">
        <a accesskey="h" href="index.html">Home</a>
      </td>
      <td width="40%" align="right" valign="top">Updated SQLite Version</td>
    </tr>
  </table>
</div>
</body>
</html>

```

This package was debianized by Sam Clegg <samo@debian.org> on
Tue, 25 Jul 2006 11:43:45 +0100.

It was downloaded from <http://www.ch-werner.de/sqliteodbc/>

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<head>

<title>Berkeley DB: Berkeley DB Product License</title>

<meta name="description" content="Berkeley DB: An embedded database programmatic toolkit.">

<meta name="keywords"

content="embedded,database,programmatic,toolkit,btree,hash,hashing,transaction,transactions,locking,logging,access method,access methods,Java,C,C++">

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</head>
<body bgcolor=white>
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</body>
</html>
```

1.34 i2c-tools 3.1

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1.35 free-type 6.11.2

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#
# All lines in this file are patterns, including the comment lines; this
# means that e.g. `FTL.TXT' matches all files that have this string in
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#
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#
.gitignore
#
builds/unix/pkg.m4
#
docs/FTL.TXT
docs/GPLv2.TXT
#
include/freetype/internal/fthash.h
#
src/base/fthash.c
src/base/md5.c
src/base/md5.h
#
src/bdf/bdf.c
```

```
src/bdf/bdf.h
src/bdf/bdfdrivr.c
src/bdf/bdfdrivr.h
src/bdf/bdferror.h
src/bdf/bdflib.c
src/bdf/module.mk
src/bdf/README
src/bdf/rules.mk
#
src/pcf/module.mk
src/pcf/pcf.c
src/pcf/pcf.h
src/pcf/pcfdrivr.c
src/pcf/pcfdrivr.h
src/pcf/pcferror.h
src/pcf/pcfread.c
src/pcf/pcfread.h
src/pcf/pcfutil.c
src/pcf/pcfutil.h
src/pcf/README
src/pcf/rules.mk
#
src/gzip/adler32.c
src/gzip/infblock.c
src/gzip/infblock.h
src/gzip/infcodes.c
src/gzip/infcodes.h
src/gzip/inffixed.h
src/gzip/inflate.c
src/gzip/inftrees.c
src/gzip/inftrees.h
src/gzip/infutil.c
src/gzip/infutil.h
src/gzip/zconf.h
src/gzip/zlib.h
src/gzip/zutil.c
src/gzip/zutil.h
#
src/tools/apinames.c
src/tools/ftrandom/ftrandom.c
#
# EOF
```

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2006-Jan-27

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The End

#!perl

=head1 NAME

copyright.t

=head1 DESCRIPTION

Tests that the latest copyright years in the top-level README file and the C<perl -v> output match each other.

If the test fails, update at least one of README and perl.c so that they match reality.

Optionally you can pass the C<--now> option to check they are at the current year. This isn't checked by default, so that it doesn't fail for people working on older releases. It should be run before making a new release.

=cut

```
use strict;
```

```
use Config;
```

```
BEGIN { require './test.pl' }
```

```
if ( $Config{usecrosscompile} ) {
```

```
    skip_all( "Not all files are available during cross-compilation" );
```

```
}
```

```
my ($opt) = @ARGV;
```

```
my $readme_year = readme_year();
```

```
my $v_year = v_year();
```

```
# Check that both copyright dates are up-to-date, but only if requested, so
```

```
# that tests still pass for people intentionally working on older versions:
```

```

if ($opt eq '--now')
{
my $current_year = (gmtime)[5] + 1900;
is $v_year, $current_year, 'perl -v copyright includes current year';
is $readme_year, $current_year, 'README copyright includes current year';
}

# Otherwise simply check that the two copyright dates match each other:
else
{
is $readme_year, $v_year, 'README and perl -v copyright dates match';
}

done_testing;

sub readme_year
# returns the latest copyright year from the top-level README file
{

open my $readme, '<', './README' or die "Opening README failed: $!";

# The copyright message is the first paragraph:
local $/ = "";
my $copyright_msg = <$readme>;

my ($year) = $copyright_msg =~ /\b(\d{4,})/s
    or die "Year not found in README copyright message '$copyright_msg'";

$year;
}

sub v_year
# returns the latest copyright year shown in perl -v
{

my $output = runperl switches => ['-v'];
my ($year) = $output =~ /copyright 1987.\b(\d{4,})/i
    or die "Copyright statement not found in perl -v output '$output'";

$year;
}

```

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Version 1, February 1989

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
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the Free Software Foundation; either version 1, or (at your option)  
any later version.
```

```
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```

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```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the  
program `Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes
```

at assemblers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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abstract: 'Build and install Perl modules'

author:

- 'Ken Williams <kwilliams@cpan.org>'

- "Development questions, bug reports, and patches should be sent to the\nModule-Build mailing list at <module-build@perl.org>."

build_requires:

File::Temp: 0.15
Test::Harness: 3.16
Test::More: 0.49
generated_by: 'Module::Build version 0.3608'
license: gpl
meta-spec:
url: <http://module-build.sourceforge.net/META-spec-v1.4.html>
version: 1.4
name: Module-Build
resources:
MailingList: <mailto:module-build@perl.org>
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repository: <http://github.com/dagolden/module-build/>
version: 3

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

1.37 open-ldap 2.4.46

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1.38 libgcrypt 1.6.1

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/*

* hash.c: chained hash tables

*

* Reference: Your favorite introductory book on algorithms

*

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1.40 pcre 7.6

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Written by: Philip Hazel

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1.41 ipsec-tools 0.5

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1.48 libpcap 0.9.8

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1.50 libyaml 0.1.5

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1.51 openssl 1.0.2k

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1.52 python 2.7.2

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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

| Release | Derived from | Year | Owner | GPL-compatible? (1) |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|
| 0.9.0 thru 1.2 | | 1991-1995 | CWI | yes |
| 1.3 thru 1.5.2 | 1.2 | 1995-1999 | CNRI | yes |
| 1.6 | 1.5.2 | 2000 | CNRI | no |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
| 1.6.1 | 1.6 | 2001 | CNRI | yes (2) |
| 2.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | no |
| 2.0.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2 | 2.1.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.1 | 2.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.2 | 2.2.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |

| | | | | |
|-------|-------|-----------|-----|-----|
| 2.2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.1 | 2.3 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.2 | 2.3.1 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.3 | 2.3.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.4 | 2.3.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.5 | 2.3.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4 | 2.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.1 | 2.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.2 | 2.4.1 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.3 | 2.4.2 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.4 | 2.4.3 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5 | 2.4 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.1 | 2.5 | 2007 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.2 | 2.5.1 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.3 | 2.5.2 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6 | 2.5 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.1 | 2.6 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.2 | 2.6.1 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.3 | 2.6.2 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.4 | 2.6.3 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.5 | 2.6.4 | 2010 | PSF | yes |
| 2.7 | 2.6 | 2010 | PSF | yes |

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```
/* number.c: Implements arbitrary precision numbers. */  
/*
```

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*****/

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <config.h>
#include <number.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h> /* Prototypes needed for external utility routines. */
```

```
#define bc_rt_warn rt_warn
#define bc_rt_error rt_error
#define bc_out_of_memory out_of_memory
```

```
_PROTOTYPE(void rt_warn, (char *mesg ,...));
_PROTOTYPE(void rt_error, (char *mesg ,...));
_PROTOTYPE(void out_of_memory, (void));
```

```
/* Storage used for special numbers. */
```

```
bc_num _zero_;
bc_num _one_;
bc_num _two_;
```

```
static bc_num _bc_Free_list = NULL;
```

```
/* new_num allocates a number and sets fields to known values. */
```

```
bc_num
bc_new_num (length, scale)
    int length, scale;
{
    bc_num temp;

    if (_bc_Free_list != NULL) {
```

```

temp = _bc_Free_list;
_bc_Free_list = temp->n_next;
} else {
temp = (bc_num) malloc (sizeof(bc_struct));
if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory ();
}
temp->n_sign = PLUS;
temp->n_len = length;
temp->n_scale = scale;
temp->n_refs = 1;
temp->n_ptr = (char *) malloc (length+scale);
if (temp->n_ptr == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
temp->n_value = temp->n_ptr;
memset (temp->n_ptr, 0, length+scale);
return temp;
}

/* "Frees" a bc_num NUM. Actually decreases reference count and only
frees the storage if reference count is zero. */

void
bc_free_num (num)
bc_num *num;
{
if (*num == NULL) return;
(*num)->n_refs--;
if ((*num)->n_refs == 0) {
if ((*num)->n_ptr)
free ((*num)->n_ptr);
(*num)->n_next = _bc_Free_list;
_bc_Free_list = *num;
}
*num = NULL;
}

/* Initialize the number package! */

void
bc_init_numbers ()
{
_zero_ = bc_new_num (1,0);
_one_ = bc_new_num (1,0);
_one_->n_value[0] = 1;
_two_ = bc_new_num (1,0);
_two_->n_value[0] = 2;
}

```



```
/* Make a copy of a number! Just increments the reference count! */
```

```
bc_num  
bc_copy_num (num)  
    bc_num num;  
{  
    num->n_refs++;  
    return num;  
}
```

```
/* Initialize a number NUM by making it a copy of zero. */
```

```
void  
bc_init_num (num)  
    bc_num *num;  
{  
    *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);  
}
```

```
/* For many things, we may have leading zeros in a number NUM.  
   _bc_rm_leading_zeros just moves the data "value" pointer to the  
   correct place and adjusts the length. */
```

```
static void  
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (num)  
    bc_num num;  
{  
    /* We can move n_value to point to the first non zero digit! */  
    while (*num->n_value == 0 && num->n_len > 1) {  
        num->n_value++;  
        num->n_len--;  
    }  
}
```

```
/* Compare two bc numbers. Return value is 0 if equal, -1 if N1 is less  
   than N2 and +1 if N1 is greater than N2. If USE_SIGN is false, just  
   compare the magnitudes. */
```

```
static int  
_bc_do_compare (n1, n2, use_sign, ignore_last)  
    bc_num n1, n2;  
    int use_sign;  
    int ignore_last;  
{  
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr;
```

```

int count;

/* First, compare signs. */
if (use_sign && n1->n_sign != n2->n_sign)
{
    if (n1->n_sign == PLUS)
return (1); /* Positive N1 > Negative N2 */
    else
return (-1); /* Negative N1 < Positive N1 */
}

/* Now compare the magnitude. */
if (n1->n_len != n2->n_len)
{
    if (n1->n_len > n2->n_len)
{
        /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (1);
        else
            return (-1);
    }
    else
{
        /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (-1);
        else
            return (1);
    }
}

/* If we get here, they have the same number of integer digits.
   check the integer part and the equal length part of the fraction. */
count = n1->n_len + MIN (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
n1ptr = n1->n_value;
n2ptr = n2->n_value;

while ((count > 0) && (*n1ptr == *n2ptr))
{
    n1ptr++;
    n2ptr++;
    count--;
}
if (ignore_last && count == 1 && n1->n_scale == n2->n_scale)
    return (0);
if (count != 0)
{

```

```

    if (*n1ptr > *n2ptr)
    {
        /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (1);
        else
            return (-1);
    }
    else
    {
        /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (-1);
        else
            return (1);
    }
}

/* They are equal up to the last part of the equal part of the fraction. */
if (n1->n_scale != n2->n_scale)
{
    if (n1->n_scale > n2->n_scale)
    {
        for (count = n1->n_scale-n2->n_scale; count>0; count--)
            if (*n1ptr++ != 0)
            {
                /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
                if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
                    return (1);
                else
                    return (-1);
            }
    }
    else
    {
        for (count = n2->n_scale-n1->n_scale; count>0; count--)
            if (*n2ptr++ != 0)
            {
                /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
                if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
                    return (-1);
                else
                    return (1);
            }
    }
}

/* They must be equal! */

```

```

return (0);
}

/* This is the "user callable" routine to compare numbers N1 and N2. */

int
bc_compare (n1, n2)
    bc_num n1, n2;
{
    return _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, TRUE, FALSE);
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number is negative. */

char
bc_is_neg (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    return num->n_sign == MINUS;
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number NUM is zero. */

char
bc_is_zero (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    int count;
    char *nptr;

    /* Quick check. */
    if (num == _zero_) return TRUE;

    /* Initialize */
    count = num->n_len + num->n_scale;
    nptr = num->n_value;

    /* The check */
    while ((count > 0) && (*nptr++ == 0)) count--;

    if (count != 0)
        return FALSE;
    else
        return TRUE;
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number NUM is almost zero.

```

Specifically, all but the last digit is 0 and the last digit is 1.

Last digit is defined by scale. */

```
char
bc_is_near_zero (num, scale)
    bc_num num;
    int scale;
{
int count;
char *nptr;

/* Error checking */
if (scale > num->n_scale)
    scale = num->n_scale;

/* Initialize */
count = num->n_len + scale;
nptr = num->n_value;

/* The check */
while ((count > 0) && (*nptr++ == 0)) count--;

if (count != 0 && (count != 1 || *--nptr != 1))
    return FALSE;
else
    return TRUE;
}

/* Perform addition: N1 is added to N2 and the value is
returned. The signs of N1 and N2 are ignored.
SCALE_MIN is to set the minimum scale of the result. */

static bc_num
_bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num sum;
    int sum_scale, sum_digits;
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *sumptr;
    int carry, n1bytes, n2bytes;
    int count;

/* Prepare sum. */
sum_scale = MAX (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
sum_digits = MAX (n1->n_len, n2->n_len) + 1;
sum = bc_new_num (sum_digits, MAX(sum_scale, scale_min));
```

```

/* Zero extra digits made by scale_min. */
if (scale_min > sum_scale)
{
    sumptr = (char *) (sum->n_value + sum_scale + sum_digits);
    for (count = scale_min - sum_scale; count > 0; count--)
*sumptr++ = 0;
}

/* Start with the fraction part. Initialize the pointers. */
n1bytes = n1->n_scale;
n2bytes = n2->n_scale;
n1ptr = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1->n_len + n1bytes - 1);
n2ptr = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2->n_len + n2bytes - 1);
sumptr = (char *) (sum->n_value + sum_scale + sum_digits - 1);

/* Add the fraction part. First copy the longer fraction.*/
if (n1bytes != n2bytes)
{
    if (n1bytes > n2bytes)
while (n1bytes>n2bytes)
    { *sumptr-- = *n1ptr--; n1bytes--;}
    else
while (n2bytes>n1bytes)
    { *sumptr-- = *n2ptr--; n2bytes--;}
}

/* Now add the remaining fraction part and equal size integer parts. */
n1bytes += n1->n_len;
n2bytes += n2->n_len;
carry = 0;
while ((n1bytes > 0) && (n2bytes > 0))
{
    *sumptr = *n1ptr-- + *n2ptr-- + carry;
    if (*sumptr > (BASE-1))
    {
        carry = 1;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
    else
carry = 0;
    sumptr--;
    n1bytes--;
    n2bytes--;
}

/* Now add carry the longer integer part. */
if (n1bytes == 0)

```

```

    { n1bytes = n2bytes; n1ptr = n2ptr; }
while (n1bytes-- > 0)
{
    *sumptr = *n1ptr-- + carry;
    if (*sumptr > (BASE-1))
    {
        carry = 1;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
    else
carry = 0;
    sumptr--;
}

/* Set final carry. */
if (carry == 1)
    *sumptr += 1;

/* Adjust sum and return. */
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (sum);
return sum;
}

/* Perform subtraction: N2 is subtracted from N1 and the value is
returned. The signs of N1 and N2 are ignored. Also, N1 is
assumed to be larger than N2. SCALE_MIN is the minimum scale
of the result. */

static bc_num
_bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num diff;
    int diff_scale, diff_len;
    int min_scale, min_len;
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *diffptr;
    int borrow, count, val;

    /* Allocate temporary storage. */
    diff_len = MAX (n1->n_len, n2->n_len);
    diff_scale = MAX (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
    min_len = MIN (n1->n_len, n2->n_len);
    min_scale = MIN (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
    diff = bc_new_num (diff_len, MAX(diff_scale, scale_min));

    /* Zero extra digits made by scale_min. */

```

```

if (scale_min > diff_scale)
{
    diffptr = (char *) (diff->n_value + diff_len + diff_scale);
    for (count = scale_min - diff_scale; count > 0; count--)
*diffptr++ = 0;
}

/* Initialize the subtract. */
n1ptr = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1->n_len + n1->n_scale - 1);
n2ptr = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2->n_len + n2->n_scale - 1);
diffptr = (char *) (diff->n_value + diff_len + diff_scale - 1);

/* Subtract the numbers. */
borrow = 0;

/* Take care of the longer scaled number. */
if (n1->n_scale != min_scale)
{
    /* n1 has the longer scale */
    for (count = n1->n_scale - min_scale; count > 0; count--)
*diffptr-- = *n1ptr--;
}
else
{
    /* n2 has the longer scale */
    for (count = n2->n_scale - min_scale; count > 0; count--)
{
        val = - *n2ptr-- - borrow;
        if (val < 0)
        {
            val += BASE;
            borrow = 1;
        }
        else
            borrow = 0;
        *diffptr-- = val;
    }
}

/* Now do the equal length scale and integer parts. */

for (count = 0; count < min_len + min_scale; count++)
{
    val = *n1ptr-- - *n2ptr-- - borrow;
    if (val < 0)
    {
        val += BASE;
        borrow = 1;
    }
}

```



```

    }
    else
borrow = 0;
    *diffptr-- = val;
    }

/* If n1 has more digits than n2, we now do that subtract. */
if (diff_len != min_len)
{
    for (count = diff_len - min_len; count > 0; count--)
    {
        val = *n1ptr-- - borrow;
        if (val < 0)
        {
            val += BASE;
            borrow = 1;
        }
        else
            borrow = 0;
        *diffptr-- = val;
    }
}

/* Clean up and return. */
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (diff);
return diff;
}

/* Here is the full subtract routine that takes care of negative numbers.
N2 is subtracted from N1 and the result placed in RESULT. SCALE_MIN
is the minimum scale for the result. */

void
bc_sub (n1, n2, result, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2, *result;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num diff = NULL;
    int cmp_res;
    int res_scale;

    if (n1->n_sign != n2->n_sign)
    {
        diff = _bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min);
        diff->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
    }
    else

```

```

{
    /* subtraction must be done. */
    /* Compare magnitudes. */
    cmp_res = _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, FALSE, FALSE);
    switch (cmp_res)
    {
case -1:
    /* n1 is less than n2, subtract n1 from n2. */
    diff = _bc_do_sub (n2, n1, scale_min);
    diff->n_sign = (n2->n_sign == PLUS ? MINUS : PLUS);
    break;
case 0:
    /* They are equal! return zero! */
    res_scale = MAX (scale_min, MAX(n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale));
    diff = bc_new_num (1, res_scale);
    memset (diff->n_value, 0, res_scale+1);
    break;
case 1:
    /* n2 is less than n1, subtract n2 from n1. */
    diff = _bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min);
    diff->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
    break;
    }
    }

    /* Clean up and return. */
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = diff;
}

/* Here is the full add routine that takes care of negative numbers.
   N1 is added to N2 and the result placed into RESULT. SCALE_MIN
   is the minimum scale for the result. */

void
bc_add (n1, n2, result, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2, *result;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num sum = NULL;
    int cmp_res;
    int res_scale;

    if (n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign)
    {
        sum = _bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min);
        sum->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
    }
}

```

```

    }
else
    {
        /* subtraction must be done. */
        cmp_res = _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, FALSE, FALSE); /* Compare magnitudes. */
        switch (cmp_res)
        {
case -1:
            /* n1 is less than n2, subtract n1 from n2. */
            sum = _bc_do_sub (n2, n1, scale_min);
            sum->n_sign = n2->n_sign;
            break;
case 0:
            /* They are equal! return zero with the correct scale! */
            res_scale = MAX (scale_min, MAX(n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale));
            sum = bc_new_num (1, res_scale);
            memset (sum->n_value, 0, res_scale+1);
            break;
case 1:
            /* n2 is less than n1, subtract n2 from n1. */
            sum = _bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min);
            sum->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
        }
    }

    /* Clean up and return. */
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = sum;
}

/* Recursive vs non-recursive multiply crossover ranges. */
#ifdef(MULDIGITS)
#include "muldigits.h"
#else
#define MUL_BASE_DIGITS 80
#endif

int mul_base_digits = MUL_BASE_DIGITS;
#define MUL_SMALL_DIGITS mul_base_digits/4

/* Multiply utility routines */

static bc_num
new_sub_num (length, scale, value)
    int length, scale;
    char *value;
{
    bc_num temp;

```

```

if (_bc_Free_list != NULL) {
    temp = _bc_Free_list;
    _bc_Free_list = temp->n_next;
} else {
    temp = (bc_num) malloc (sizeof(bc_struct));
    if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory ();
}
temp->n_sign = PLUS;
temp->n_len = length;
temp->n_scale = scale;
temp->n_refs = 1;
temp->n_ptr = NULL;
temp->n_value = value;
return temp;
}

static void
_bc_simp_mul (bc_num n1, int n1len, bc_num n2, int n2len, bc_num *prod,
             int full_scale)
{
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *pvptr;
    char *n1end, *n2end; /* To the end of n1 and n2. */
    int indx, sum, prodlen;

    prodlen = n1len+n2len+1;

    *prod = bc_new_num (prodlen, 0);

    n1end = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1len - 1);
    n2end = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2len - 1);
    pvptr = (char *) ((*prod)->n_value + prodlen - 1);
    sum = 0;

    /* Here is the loop... */
    for (indx = 0; indx < prodlen-1; indx++)
    {
        n1ptr = (char *) (n1end - MAX(0, indx-n2len+1));
        n2ptr = (char *) (n2end - MIN(indx, n2len-1));
        while ((n1ptr >= n1->n_value) && (n2ptr <= n2end))
            sum += *n1ptr-- * *n2ptr++;
        *pvptr-- = sum % BASE;
        sum = sum / BASE;
    }
    *pvptr = sum;
}

```

```

/* A special adder/subtractor for the recursive divide and conquer
multiply algorithm. Note: if sub is called, accum must
be larger than what is being subtracted. Also, accum and val
must have n_scale = 0. (e.g. they must look like integers. *) */
static void
_bc_shift_addsub (bc_num accum, bc_num val, int shift, int sub)
{
    signed char *accp, *valp;
    int count, carry;

    count = val->n_len;
    if (val->n_value[0] == 0)
        count--;
    assert (accum->n_len+accum->n_scale >= shift+count);

    /* Set up pointers and others */
    accp = (signed char *) (accum->n_value +
        accum->n_len + accum->n_scale - shift - 1);
    valp = (signed char *) (val->n_value + val->n_len - 1);
    carry = 0;

    if (sub) {
        /* Subtraction, carry is really borrow. */
        while (count--) {
            *accp -= *valp-- + carry;
            if (*accp < 0) {
                carry = 1;
                *accp-- += BASE;
            } else {
                carry = 0;
            }
            accp--;
        }
        while (carry) {
            *accp -= carry;
            if (*accp < 0)
                *accp-- += BASE;
            else
                carry = 0;
        }
    } else {
        /* Addition */
        while (count--) {
            *accp += *valp-- + carry;
            if (*accp > (BASE-1)) {
                carry = 1;
                *accp-- -= BASE;
            } else {

```

```

carry = 0;
accp--;
    }
}
while (carry) {
    *accp += carry;
    if (*accp > (BASE-1))
*accp-- -= BASE;
    else
carry = 0;
    }
}
}

```

/* Recursive divide and conquer multiply algorithm.

Based on

Let $u = u_0 + u_1 \cdot (b^n)$

Let $v = v_0 + v_1 \cdot (b^n)$

Then $uv = (B^{2n} + B^n) \cdot u_1 \cdot v_1 + B^n \cdot (u_1 - u_0) \cdot (v_0 - v_1) + (B^{n+1}) \cdot u_0 \cdot v_0$

B is the base of storage, number of digits in u_1, u_0 close to equal.

*/

static void

_bc_rec_mul (bc_num u, int ulen, bc_num v, int vlen, bc_num *prod,
int full_scale)

```

{
bc_num u0, u1, v0, v1;
int u0len, v0len;
bc_num m1, m2, m3, d1, d2;
int n, prodlen, m1zero;
int d1len, d2len;

```

/* Base case? */

```

if ((ulen+vlen) < mul_base_digits
    || ulen < MUL_SMALL_DIGITS
    || vlen < MUL_SMALL_DIGITS ) {
_bc_simp_mul (u, ulen, v, vlen, prod, full_scale);
return;
}

```

/* Calculate n -- the u and v split point in digits. */

$n = (\text{MAX}(\text{ulen}, \text{vlen}) + 1) / 2;$

/* Split u and v. */

```

if (ulen < n) {
u1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
u0 = new_sub_num (ulen, 0, u->n_value);
} else {

```

```

    u1 = new_sub_num (ulen-n, 0, u->n_value);
    u0 = new_sub_num (n, 0, u->n_value+ulen-n);
}
if (vlen < n) {
    v1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
    v0 = new_sub_num (vlen,0, v->n_value);
} else {
    v1 = new_sub_num (vlen-n, 0, v->n_value);
    v0 = new_sub_num (n, 0, v->n_value+vlen-n);
}
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (u1);
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (u0);
u0len = u0->n_len;
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (v1);
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (v0);
v0len = v0->n_len;

m1zero = bc_is_zero(u1) || bc_is_zero(v1);

/* Calculate sub results ... */

bc_init_num(&d1);
bc_init_num(&d2);
bc_sub (u1, u0, &d1, 0);
d1len = d1->n_len;
bc_sub (v0, v1, &d2, 0);
d2len = d2->n_len;

/* Do recursive multiplies and shifted adds. */
if (m1zero)
    m1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (u1, u1->n_len, v1, v1->n_len, &m1, 0);

if (bc_is_zero(d1) || bc_is_zero(d2))
    m2 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (d1, d1len, d2, d2len, &m2, 0);

if (bc_is_zero(u0) || bc_is_zero(v0))
    m3 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (u0, u0->n_len, v0, v0->n_len, &m3, 0);

/* Initialize product */
prodlen = ulen+vlen+1;
*prod = bc_new_num(prodlen, 0);

```

```

if (!m1zero) {
    _bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m1, 2*n, 0);
    _bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m1, n, 0);
}
_bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m3, n, 0);
_bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m3, 0, 0);
_bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m2, n, d1->n_sign != d2->n_sign);

/* Now clean up! */
bc_free_num (&u1);
bc_free_num (&u0);
bc_free_num (&v1);
bc_free_num (&m1);
bc_free_num (&v0);
bc_free_num (&m2);
bc_free_num (&m3);
bc_free_num (&d1);
bc_free_num (&d2);
}

/* The multiply routine. N2 times N1 is put int PROD with the scale of
the result being MIN(N2 scale+N1 scale, MAX (SCALE, N2 scale, N1 scale)).
*/

void
bc_multiply (n1, n2, prod, scale)
    bc_num n1, n2, *prod;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num pval;
    int len1, len2;
    int full_scale, prod_scale;

    /* Initialize things. */
    len1 = n1->n_len + n1->n_scale;
    len2 = n2->n_len + n2->n_scale;
    full_scale = n1->n_scale + n2->n_scale;
    prod_scale = MIN(full_scale, MAX(scale, MAX(n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale)));

    /* Do the multiply */
    _bc_rec_mul (n1, len1, n2, len2, &pval, full_scale);

    /* Assign to prod and clean up the number. */
    pval->n_sign = ( n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS );
    pval->n_value = pval->n_ptr;
    pval->n_len = len2 + len1 + 1 - full_scale;
    pval->n_scale = prod_scale;
}

```



```

_bc_rm_leading_zeros (pval);
if (bc_is_zero (pval))
    pval->n_sign = PLUS;
bc_free_num (prod);
*prod = pval;
}

/* Some utility routines for the divide: First a one digit multiply.
NUM (with SIZE digits) is multiplied by DIGIT and the result is
placed into RESULT. It is written so that NUM and RESULT can be
the same pointers. */

```

```

static void
_one_mult (num, size, digit, result)
    unsigned char *num;
    int size, digit;
    unsigned char *result;
{
    int carry, value;
    unsigned char *nptr, *rptr;

    if (digit == 0)
        memset (result, 0, size);
    else
        {
            if (digit == 1)
                memcpy (result, num, size);
            else
                {
                    /* Initialize */
                    nptr = (unsigned char *) (num+size-1);
                    rptr = (unsigned char *) (result+size-1);
                    carry = 0;

                    while (size-- > 0)
                        {
                            value = *nptr-- * digit + carry;
                            *rptr-- = value % BASE;
                            carry = value / BASE;
                        }

                    if (carry != 0) *rptr = carry;
                }
        }
}

```

```

/* The full division routine. This computes N1 / N2. It returns

```

0 if the division is ok and the result is in QUOT. The number of digits after the decimal point is SCALE. It returns -1 if division by zero is tried. The algorithm is found in Knuth Vol 2. p237. */

```

int
bc_divide (n1, n2, quot, scale)
    bc_num n1, n2, *quot;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num qval;
    unsigned char *num1, *num2;
    unsigned char *ptr1, *ptr2, *n2ptr, *qptr;
    int scale1, val;
    unsigned int len1, len2, scale2, qdigits, extra, count;
    unsigned int qdig, qguess, borrow, carry;
    unsigned char *mval;
    char zero;
    unsigned int norm;

    /* Test for divide by zero. */
    if (bc_is_zero (n2)) return -1;

    /* Test for divide by 1. If it is we must truncate. */
    if (n2->n_scale == 0)
    {
        if (n2->n_len == 1 && *n2->n_value == 1)
        {
            qval = bc_new_num (n1->n_len, scale);
            qval->n_sign = (n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS);
            memset (&qval->n_value[n1->n_len], 0, scale);
            memcpy (qval->n_value, n1->n_value,
                n1->n_len + MIN(n1->n_scale, scale));
            bc_free_num (quot);
            *quot = qval;
        }
    }

    /* Set up the divide. Move the decimal point on n1 by n2's scale.
       Remember, zeros on the end of num2 are wasted effort for dividing. */
    scale2 = n2->n_scale;
    n2ptr = (unsigned char *) n2->n_value+n2->n_len+scale2-1;
    while ((scale2 > 0) && (*n2ptr-- == 0)) scale2--;

    len1 = n1->n_len + scale2;
    scale1 = n1->n_scale - scale2;
    if (scale1 < scale)
        extra = scale - scale1;
    else

```

```

    extra = 0;
    num1 = (unsigned char *) malloc (n1->n_len+n1->n_scale+extra+2);
    if (num1 == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
    memset (num1, 0, n1->n_len+n1->n_scale+extra+2);
    memcpy (num1+1, n1->n_value, n1->n_len+n1->n_scale);

```

```

len2 = n2->n_len + scale2;
num2 = (unsigned char *) malloc (len2+1);
if (num2 == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
memcpy (num2, n2->n_value, len2);
*(num2+len2) = 0;
n2ptr = num2;
while (*n2ptr == 0)

```

```

{
    n2ptr++;
    len2--;
}

```

```

/* Calculate the number of quotient digits. */

```

```

if (len2 > len1+scale)

```

```

{
    qdigits = scale+1;
    zero = TRUE;
}

```

```

else

```

```

{
    zero = FALSE;
    if (len2>len1)

```

```

qdigits = scale+1; /* One for the zero integer part. */

```

```

else
qdigits = len1-len2+scale+1;
}

```

```

/* Allocate and zero the storage for the quotient. */

```

```

qval = bc_new_num (qdigits-scale,scale);

```

```

memset (qval->n_value, 0, qdigits);

```

```

/* Allocate storage for the temporary storage mval. */

```

```

mval = (unsigned char *) malloc (len2+1);

```

```

if (mval == NULL) bc_out_of_memory ();

```

```

/* Now for the full divide algorithm. */

```

```

if (!zero)

```

```

{
    /* Normalize */
    norm = 10 / ((int)*n2ptr + 1);
    if (norm != 1)

```

```

{

```

```

_one_mult (num1, len1+scale1+extra+1, norm, num1);
_one_mult (n2ptr, len2, norm, n2ptr);
}

/* Initialize divide loop. */
qdig = 0;
if (len2 > len1)
qptr = (unsigned char *) qval->n_value+len2-len1;
else
qptr = (unsigned char *) qval->n_value;

/* Loop */
while (qdig <= len1+scale-len2)
{
/* Calculate the quotient digit guess. */
if (*n2ptr == num1[qdig])
qguess = 9;
else
qguess = (num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1]) / *n2ptr;

/* Test qguess. */
if (n2ptr[1]*qguess >
(num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1] - *n2ptr*qguess)*10
+ num1[qdig+2])
{
qguess--;
/* And again. */
if (n2ptr[1]*qguess >
(num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1] - *n2ptr*qguess)*10
+ num1[qdig+2])
qguess--;
}

/* Multiply and subtract. */
borrow = 0;
if (qguess != 0)
{
*mval = 0;
_one_mult (n2ptr, len2, qguess, mval+1);
ptr1 = (unsigned char *) num1+qdig+len2;
ptr2 = (unsigned char *) mval+len2;
for (count = 0; count < len2+1; count++)
{
val = (int) *ptr1 - (int) *ptr2-- - borrow;
if (val < 0)
{
val += 10;
borrow = 1;
}
}
}
}

```

```

    }
    else
        borrow = 0;
    *ptr1-- = val;
}
}

/* Test for negative result. */
if (borrow == 1)
{
    qguess--;
    ptr1 = (unsigned char *) num1+qdig+len2;
    ptr2 = (unsigned char *) n2ptr+len2-1;
    carry = 0;
    for (count = 0; count < len2; count++)
    {
        val = (int) *ptr1 + (int) *ptr2-- + carry;
        if (val > 9)
        {
            val -= 10;
            carry = 1;
        }
        else
            carry = 0;
        *ptr1-- = val;
    }
    if (carry == 1) *ptr1 = (*ptr1 + 1) % 10;
}

/* We now know the quotient digit. */
*qptr++ = qguess;
qdig++;
}
}

/* Clean up and return the number. */
qval->n_sign = ( n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS );
if (bc_is_zero (qval)) qval->n_sign = PLUS;
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (qval);
bc_free_num (quot);
*quot = qval;

/* Clean up temporary storage. */
free (mval);
free (num1);
free (num2);

return 0; /* Everything is OK. */

```

```

}

/* Division *and* modulo for numbers. This computes both NUM1 / NUM2 and
   NUM1 % NUM2 and puts the results in QUOT and REM, except that if QUOT
   is NULL then that store will be omitted.
*/

int
bc_divmod (num1, num2, quot, rem, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *quot, *rem;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num quotient = NULL;
    bc_num temp;
    int rscale;

    /* Check for correct numbers. */
    if (bc_is_zero (num2)) return -1;

    /* Calculate final scale. */
    rscale = MAX (num1->n_scale, num2->n_scale+scale);
    bc_init_num(&temp);

    /* Calculate it. */
    bc_divide (num1, num2, &temp, scale);
    if (quot)
        quotient = bc_copy_num (temp);
    bc_multiply (temp, num2, &temp, rscale);
    bc_sub (num1, temp, rem, rscale);
    bc_free_num (&temp);

    if (quot)
    {
        bc_free_num (quot);
        *quot = quotient;
    }

    return 0; /* Everything is OK. */
}

/* Modulo for numbers. This computes NUM1 % NUM2 and puts the
   result in RESULT. */

int
bc_modulo (num1, num2, result, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *result;

```

```

    int scale;
    {
    return bc_divmod (num1, num2, NULL, result, scale);
    }

/* Raise BASE to the EXPO power, reduced modulo MOD. The result is
   placed in RESULT. If a EXPO is not an integer,
   only the integer part is used. */

int
bc_raisemod (base, expo, mod, result, scale)
    bc_num base, expo, mod, *result;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num power, exponent, parity, temp;
    int rscale;

/* Check for correct numbers. */
    if (bc_is_zero(mod)) return -1;
    if (bc_is_neg(expo)) return -1;

/* Set initial values. */
    power = bc_copy_num (base);
    exponent = bc_copy_num (expo);
    temp = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    bc_init_num(&parity);

/* Check the base for scale digits. */
    if (base->n_scale != 0)
        bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in base");

/* Check the exponent for scale digits. */
    if (exponent->n_scale != 0)
    {
        bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in exponent");
        bc_divide (exponent, _one_, &exponent, 0); /*truncate */
    }

/* Check the modulus for scale digits. */
    if (mod->n_scale != 0)
        bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in modulus");

/* Do the calculation. */
    rscale = MAX(scale, base->n_scale);
    while ( !bc_is_zero(exponent) )
    {
        (void) bc_divmod (exponent, _two_, &exponent, &parity, 0);
        if ( !bc_is_zero(parity) )

```

```

{
    bc_multiply (temp, power, &temp, rscale);
    (void) bc_modulo (temp, mod, &temp, scale);
}

    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, rscale);
    (void) bc_modulo (power, mod, &power, scale);
}

/* Assign the value. */
bc_free_num (&power);
bc_free_num (&exponent);
bc_free_num (result);
*result = temp;
return 0; /* Everything is OK. */
}

/* Raise NUM1 to the NUM2 power. The result is placed in RESULT.
Maximum exponent is LONG_MAX. If a NUM2 is not an integer,
only the integer part is used. */

void
bc_raise (num1, num2, result, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *result;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num temp, power;
    long exponent;
    int rscale;
    int pwrscale;
    int calcscale;
    char neg;

    /* Check the exponent for scale digits and convert to a long. */
    if (num2->n_scale != 0)
        bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in exponent");
    exponent = bc_num2long (num2);
    if (exponent == 0 && (num2->n_len > 1 || num2->n_value[0] != 0))
        bc_rt_error ("exponent too large in raise");

    /* Special case if exponent is a zero. */
    if (exponent == 0)
    {
        bc_free_num (result);
        *result = bc_copy_num (_one_);
        return;
    }
}

```



```

/* Other initializations. */
if (exponent < 0)
{
    neg = TRUE;
    exponent = -exponent;
    rscale = scale;
}
else
{
    neg = FALSE;
    rscale = MIN (num1->n_scale*exponent, MAX(scale, num1->n_scale));
}

/* Set initial value of temp. */
power = bc_copy_num (num1);
pwrscale = num1->n_scale;
while ((exponent & 1) == 0)
{
    pwrscale = 2*pwrscale;
    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, pwrscale);
    exponent = exponent >> 1;
}
temp = bc_copy_num (power);
calcscale = pwrscale;
exponent = exponent >> 1;

/* Do the calculation. */
while (exponent > 0)
{
    pwrscale = 2*pwrscale;
    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, pwrscale);
    if ((exponent & 1) == 1) {
calcscale = pwrscale + calcscale;
bc_multiply (temp, power, &temp, calcscale);
    }
    exponent = exponent >> 1;
}

/* Assign the value. */
if (neg)
{
    bc_divide (_one_, temp, result, rscale);
    bc_free_num (&temp);
}
else
{
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = temp;
}

```

```

        if ((*result)->n_scale > rscale)
(*result)->n_scale = rscale;
    }
    bc_free_num (&power);
}

/* Take the square root NUM and return it in NUM with SCALE digits
after the decimal place. */

int
bc_sqrt (num, scale)
    bc_num *num;
    int scale;
{
    int rscale, cmp_res, done;
    int cscale;
    bc_num guess, guess1, point5, diff;

    /* Initial checks. */
    cmp_res = bc_compare (*num, _zero_);
    if (cmp_res < 0)
        return 0; /* error */
    else
    {
        if (cmp_res == 0)
        {
            bc_free_num (num);
            *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
            return 1;
        }
    }
    cmp_res = bc_compare (*num, _one_);
    if (cmp_res == 0)
    {
        bc_free_num (num);
        *num = bc_copy_num (_one_);
        return 1;
    }

    /* Initialize the variables. */
    rscale = MAX (scale, (*num)->n_scale);
    bc_init_num(&guess);
    bc_init_num(&guess1);
    bc_init_num(&diff);
    point5 = bc_new_num (1,1);
    point5->n_value[1] = 5;

```

```

/* Calculate the initial guess. */
if (cmp_res < 0)
{
    /* The number is between 0 and 1. Guess should start at 1. */
    guess = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    cscale = (*num)->n_scale;
}
else
{
    /* The number is greater than 1. Guess should start at 10^(exp/2). */
    bc_int2num (&guess,10);

    bc_int2num (&guess1,(*num)->n_len);
    bc_multiply (guess1, point5, &guess1, 0);
    guess1->n_scale = 0;
    bc_raise (guess, guess1, &guess, 0);
    bc_free_num (&guess1);
    cscale = 3;
}

/* Find the square root using Newton's algorithm. */
done = FALSE;
while (!done)
{
    bc_free_num (&guess1);
    guess1 = bc_copy_num (guess);
    bc_divide (*num, guess, &guess, cscale);
    bc_add (guess, guess1, &guess, 0);
    bc_multiply (guess, point5, &guess, cscale);
    bc_sub (guess, guess1, &diff, cscale+1);
    if (bc_is_near_zero (diff, cscale))
    {
        if (cscale < rscale+1)
            cscale = MIN (cscale*3, rscale+1);
        else
            done = TRUE;
    }
}

/* Assign the number and clean up. */
bc_free_num (num);
bc_divide (guess,_one_,num,rscale);
bc_free_num (&guess);
bc_free_num (&guess1);
bc_free_num (&point5);
bc_free_num (&diff);
return 1;
}

```

```

/* The following routines provide output for bcd numbers package
   using the rules of POSIX bc for output. */

/* This structure is used for saving digits in the conversion process. */
typedef struct stk_rec {
    long digit;
    struct stk_rec *next;
} stk_rec;

/* The reference string for digits. */
static char ref_str[] = "0123456789ABCDEF";

/* A special output routine for "multi-character digits." Exactly
   SIZE characters must be output for the value VAL. If SPACE is
   non-zero, we must output one space before the number. OUT_CHAR
   is the actual routine for writing the characters. */

void
bc_out_long (val, size, space, out_char)
    long val;
    int size, space;
#ifdef __STDC__
    void (*out_char)(int);
#else
    void (*out_char)();
#endif
{
    char digits[40];
    int len, ix;

    if (space) (*out_char) (' ');
    sprintf (digits, "%ld", val);
    len = strlen (digits);
    while (size > len)
    {
        (*out_char) ('0');
        size--;
    }
    for (ix=0; ix < len; ix++)
        (*out_char) (digits[ix]);
}

/* Output of a bcd number. NUM is written in base O_BASE using OUT_CHAR
   as the routine to do the actual output of the characters. */

```

```

void
bc_out_num (num, o_base, out_char, leading_zero)
    bc_num num;
    int o_base;
#ifdef __STDC__
    void (*out_char)(int);
#else
    void (*out_char)();
#endif
    int leading_zero;
{
    char *nptr;
    int index, fdigit, pre_space;
    stk_rec *digits, *temp;
    bc_num int_part, frac_part, base, cur_dig, t_num, max_o_digit;

    /* The negative sign if needed. */
    if (num->n_sign == MINUS) (*out_char) ('-');

    /* Output the number. */
    if (bc_is_zero (num))
        (*out_char) ('0');
    else
        if (o_base == 10)
            {
                /* The number is in base 10, do it the fast way. */
                nptr = num->n_value;
                if (num->n_len > 1 || *nptr != 0)
                    for (index=num->n_len; index>0; index--)
                        (*out_char) (BCD_CHAR(*nptr++));
                else
                    nptr++;
            }

        if (leading_zero && bc_is_zero (num))
            (*out_char) ('0');

    /* Now the fraction. */
    if (num->n_scale > 0)
        {
            (*out_char) ('. ');
            for (index=0; index<num->n_scale; index++)
                (*out_char) (BCD_CHAR(*nptr++));
        }
    else
        {
            /* special case ... */
            if (leading_zero && bc_is_zero (num))

```

```

(*out_char) ('0');

/* The number is some other base. */
digits = NULL;
bc_init_num (&int_part);
bc_divide (num, _one_, &int_part, 0);
bc_init_num (&frac_part);
bc_init_num (&cur_dig);
bc_init_num (&base);
bc_sub (num, int_part, &frac_part, 0);
/* Make the INT_PART and FRAC_PART positive. */
int_part->n_sign = PLUS;
frac_part->n_sign = PLUS;
bc_int2num (&base, o_base);
bc_init_num (&max_o_digit);
bc_int2num (&max_o_digit, o_base-1);

/* Get the digits of the integer part and push them on a stack. */
while (!bc_is_zero (int_part))
{
    bc_modulo (int_part, base, &cur_dig, 0);
    temp = (stk_rec *) malloc (sizeof(stk_rec));
    if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
    temp->digit = bc_num2long (cur_dig);
    temp->next = digits;
    digits = temp;
    bc_divide (int_part, base, &int_part, 0);
}

/* Print the digits on the stack. */
if (digits != NULL)
{
    /* Output the digits. */
    while (digits != NULL)
    {
        temp = digits;
        digits = digits->next;
        if (o_base <= 16)
            (*out_char) (ref_str[ (int) temp->digit]);
        else
            bc_out_long (temp->digit, max_o_digit->n_len, 1, out_char);
        free (temp);
    }
}

/* Get and print the digits of the fraction part. */
if (num->n_scale > 0)

```

```

{
    (*out_char) ('.');
    pre_space = 0;
    t_num = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    while (t_num->n_len <= num->n_scale) {
        bc_multiply (frac_part, base, &frac_part, num->n_scale);
        fdigit = bc_num2long (frac_part);
        bc_int2num (&int_part, fdigit);
        bc_sub (frac_part, int_part, &frac_part, 0);
        if (o_base <= 16)
            (*out_char) (ref_str[fdigit]);
        else {
            bc_out_long (fdigit, max_o_digit->n_len, pre_space, out_char);
            pre_space = 1;
        }
        bc_multiply (t_num, base, &t_num, 0);
    }
    bc_free_num (&t_num);
}

/* Clean up. */
bc_free_num (&int_part);
bc_free_num (&frac_part);
bc_free_num (&base);
bc_free_num (&cur_dig);
bc_free_num (&max_o_digit);
}

/* Convert a number NUM to a long. The function returns only the integer
part of the number. For numbers that are too large to represent as
a long, this function returns a zero. This can be detected by checking
the NUM for zero after having a zero returned. */

long
bc_num2long (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    long val;
    char *nptr;
    int index;

    /* Extract the int value, ignore the fraction. */
    val = 0;
    nptr = num->n_value;
    for (index=num->n_len; (index>0) && (val<=(LONG_MAX/BASE)); index--)
        val = val*BASE + *nptr++;

    /* Check for overflow. If overflow, return zero. */

```

```

if (index>0) val = 0;
if (val < 0) val = 0;

/* Return the value. */
if (num->n_sign == PLUS)
    return (val);
else
    return (-val);
}

/* Convert an integer VAL to a bc number NUM. */

void
bc_int2num (num, val)
    bc_num *num;
    int val;
{
    char buffer[30];
    char *bptr, *vptr;
    int ix = 1;
    char neg = 0;

    /* Sign. */
    if (val < 0)
    {
        neg = 1;
        val = -val;
    }

    /* Get things going. */
    bptr = buffer;
    *bptr++ = val % BASE;
    val = val / BASE;

    /* Extract remaining digits. */
    while (val != 0)
    {
        *bptr++ = val % BASE;
        val = val / BASE;
        ix++; /* Count the digits. */
    }

    /* Make the number. */
    bc_free_num (num);
    *num = bc_new_num (ix, 0);
    if (neg) (*num)->n_sign = MINUS;

```



```

/* Assign the digits. */
vptr = (*num)->n_value;
while (ix-- > 0)
    *vptr++ = *--bptr;
}

/* Convert a numbers to a string. Base 10 only.*/

char
*num2str (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    char *str, *sptr;
    char *nptr;
    int index, signch;

    /* Allocate the string memory. */
    signch = ( num->n_sign == PLUS ? 0 : 1 ); /* Number of sign chars. */
    if (num->n_scale > 0)
        str = (char *) malloc (num->n_len + num->n_scale + 2 + signch);
    else
        str = (char *) malloc (num->n_len + 1 + signch);
    if (str == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();

    /* The negative sign if needed. */
    sptr = str;
    if (signch) *sptr++ = '-';

    /* Load the whole number. */
    nptr = num->n_value;
    for (index=num->n_len; index>0; index--)
        *sptr++ = BCD_CHAR(*nptr++);

    /* Now the fraction. */
    if (num->n_scale > 0)
    {
        *sptr++ = '.';
        for (index=0; index<num->n_scale; index++)
            *sptr++ = BCD_CHAR(*nptr++);
    }

    /* Terminate the string and return it! */
    *sptr = '\0';
    return (str);
}

/* Convert strings to bc numbers. Base 10 only.*/

void

```

```

bc_str2num (num, str, scale)
    bc_num *num;
    char *str;
    int scale;
{
int digits, strscale;
char *ptr, *nptr;
char zero_int;

/* Prepare num. */
bc_free_num (num);

/* Check for valid number and count digits. */
ptr = str;
digits = 0;
strscale = 0;
zero_int = FALSE;
if ((*ptr == '+') || (*ptr == '-')) ptr++; /* Sign */
while (*ptr == '0') ptr++; /* Skip leading zeros. */
while (isdigit((int)*ptr)) ptr++, digits++; /* digits */
if (*ptr == '.') ptr++; /* decimal point */
while (isdigit((int)*ptr)) ptr++, strscale++; /* digits */
if ((*ptr != '\0') || (digits+strscale == 0))
{
    *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
    return;
}

/* Adjust numbers and allocate storage and initialize fields. */
strscale = MIN(strscale, scale);
if (digits == 0)
{
    zero_int = TRUE;
    digits = 1;
}
*num = bc_new_num (digits, strscale);

/* Build the whole number. */
ptr = str;
if (*ptr == '-')
{
    (*num)->n_sign = MINUS;
    ptr++;
}
else
{
    (*num)->n_sign = PLUS;
    if (*ptr == '+') ptr++;
}

```

```

    }
    while (*ptr == '0') ptr++; /* Skip leading zeros. */
    nptr = (*num)->n_value;
    if (zero_int)
    {
        *nptr++ = 0;
        digits = 0;
    }
    for (;digits > 0; digits--)
        *nptr++ = CH_VAL(*ptr++);

/* Build the fractional part. */
if (strscale > 0)
{
    ptr++; /* skip the decimal point! */
    for (;strscale > 0; strscale--)
        *nptr++ = CH_VAL(*ptr++);
}

/* pn prints the number NUM in base 10. */

static void
out_char (int c)
{
    putchar(c);
}

void
pn (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    bc_out_num (num, 10, out_char, 0);
    out_char ('\n');
}

/* pv prints a character array as if it was a string of bcd digits. */
void
pv (name, num, len)
    char *name;
    unsigned char *num;
    int len;
{
    int i;
    printf ("%s=", name);

```

```
for (i=0; i<len; i++) printf ("%c",BCD_CHAR(num[i]));
printf ("\n");
}
```

1.54 gdb 6.8.50

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@c Local Variables:

@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"

@c End:

/* Native-dependent code for modern AMD64 BSD's.

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```
#ifndef AMD64_BSD_NAT_H
#define AMD64_BSD_NAT_H

#include "x86-bsd-nat.h"

/* Helper functions. See definitions. */
extern void amd64bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
        int regnum);
extern void amd64bsd_store_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
        int regnum);

/* A prototype *BSD/AMD64 target. */

template<typename BaseTarget>
class amd64_bsd_nat_target : public x86bsd_nat_target<BaseTarget>
{
public:
    void fetch_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
    { amd64bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }

    void store_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
    { amd64bsd_store_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }
};

#endif /* i386-bsd-nat.h */
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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#include "cli/cli-cmds.h"
#include "command.h"
#include "frame.h"
#include "regcache.h"
#include "target.h"
#include "process-stratum-target.h"
#include "value.h"
#include "gdbcore.h"
#include "inferior.h"    /* for get_exec_file */
#include "gdbthread.h"

#include <fcntl.h>
#include <kvm.h>
#ifdef HAVE_NLIST_H
#include <nlist.h>
#endif
#include <paths.h>
#include "readline/readline.h"
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <sys/proc.h>
#ifdef HAVE_SYS_USER_H
#include <sys/user.h>
#endif

#include "bsd-kvm.h"

/* Kernel memory device file. */
static const char *bsd_kvm_corefile;

/* Kernel memory interface descriptor. */
static kvm_t *core_kd;

/* Address of process control block. */
static struct pcb *bsd_kvm_paddr;

/* Pointer to architecture-specific function that reconstructs the
   register state from PCB and supplies it to REGCACHE. */
static int (*bsd_kvm_supply_pcb)(struct regcache *regcache, struct pcb *pcb);

/* This is the ptid we use while we're connected to kvm. The kvm
   target currently doesn't export any view of the running processes,
   so this represents the kernel task. */
static ptid_t bsd_kvm_ptid;
```

```

/* The libkvm target. */

static const target_info bsd_kvm_target_info = {
    "kvm",
    N_("Kernel memory interface"),
    N_("Use a kernel virtual memory image as a target.\n\
Optionally specify the filename of a core dump.")
};

class bsd_kvm_target final : public process_stratum_target
{
public:
    bsd_kvm_target () = default;

    const target_info &info () const override
    { return bsd_kvm_target_info; }

    void close () override;

    void fetch_registers (struct regcache *, int) override;
    enum target_xfer_status xfer_partial (enum target_object object,
        const char *annex,
        gdb_byte *readbuf,
        const gdb_byte *writebuf,
        ULONGEST offset, ULONGEST len,
        ULONGEST *xfered_len) override;

    void files_info () override;
    bool thread_alive (ptid_t ptid) override;
    const char *pid_to_str (ptid_t) override;

    bool has_memory () override { return true; }
    bool has_stack () override { return true; }
    bool has_registers () override { return true; }
};

/* Target ops for libkvm interface. */
static bsd_kvm_target bsd_kvm_ops;

static void
bsd_kvm_target_open (const char *arg, int from_tty)
{
    char errbuf[_POSIX2_LINE_MAX];
    char *execfile = NULL;
    kvm_t *temp_kd;
    char *filename = NULL;

    target_preopen (from_tty);

```

```

if (arg)
{
    char *temp;

    filename = tilde_expand (arg);
    if (filename[0] != '/')
    {
        temp = concat (current_directory, "/", filename, (char *)NULL);
        xfree (filename);
        filename = temp;
    }
}

execfile = get_exec_file (0);
temp_kd = kvm_openfiles (execfile, filename, NULL,
    write_files ? O_RDWR : O_RDONLY, errbuf);
if (temp_kd == NULL)
    error ("%s", errbuf);

bsd_kvm_corefile = filename;
unpush_target (&bsd_kvm_ops);
core_kd = temp_kd;
push_target (&bsd_kvm_ops);

add_thread_silent (bsd_kvm_ptid);
inferior_ptid = bsd_kvm_ptid;

target_fetch_registers (get_current_regcache (), -1);

reinit_frame_cache ();
print_stack_frame (get_selected_frame (NULL), 0, SRC_AND_LOC, 1);
}

void
bsd_kvm_target::close ()
{
    if (core_kd)
    {
        if (kvm_close (core_kd) == -1)
            warning ("%s", kvm_geterr(core_kd));
        core_kd = NULL;
    }

    inferior_ptid = null_ptid;
    discard_all_inferiors ();
}

```



```

static LONGEST
bsd_kvm_xfer_memory (CORE_ADDR addr, ULONGEST len,
    gdb_byte *readbuf, const gdb_byte *writebuf)
{
    ssize_t nbytes = len;

    if (readbuf)
        nbytes = kvm_read (core_kd, addr, readbuf, nbytes);
    if (writebuf && nbytes > 0)
        nbytes = kvm_write (core_kd, addr, writebuf, nbytes);
    return nbytes;
}

enum target_xfer_status
bsd_kvm_target::xfer_partial (enum target_object object,
    const char *annex, gdb_byte *readbuf,
    const gdb_byte *writebuf,
    ULONGEST offset, ULONGEST len, ULONGEST *xfered_len)
{
    switch (object)
    {
        case TARGET_OBJECT_MEMORY:
            {
                LONGEST ret = bsd_kvm_xfer_memory (offset, len, readbuf, writebuf);

                if (ret < 0)
                    return TARGET_XFER_E_IO;
                else if (ret == 0)
                    return TARGET_XFER_EOF;
                else
                    {
                        *xfered_len = (ULONGEST) ret;
                        return TARGET_XFER_OK;
                    }
            }

        default:
            return TARGET_XFER_E_IO;
    }
}

void
bsd_kvm_target::files_info ()
{
    if (bsd_kvm_corefile && strcmp (bsd_kvm_corefile, _PATH_MEM) != 0)
        printf_filtered (_("\tUsing the kernel crash dump %s.\n"),
            bsd_kvm_corefile);
    else

```

```

    printf_filtered (_("\tUsing the currently running kernel.\n"));
}

/* Fetch process control block at address PADDR. */

static int
bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (struct regcache *regcache, struct pcb *paddr)
{
    struct pcb pcb;

    if (kvm_read (core_kd, (unsigned long) paddr, &pcb, sizeof pcb) == -1)
        error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    gdb_assert (bsd_kvm_supply_pcb);
    return bsd_kvm_supply_pcb (regcache, &pcb);
}

void
bsd_kvm_target::fetch_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum)
{
    struct nlist nl[2];

    if (bsd_kvm_paddr)
    {
        bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, bsd_kvm_paddr);
        return;
    }

    /* On dumping core, BSD kernels store the faulting context (PCB)
       in the variable "dumppcb". */
    memset (nl, 0, sizeof nl);
    nl[0].n_name = "_dumppcb";

    if (kvm_nlist (core_kd, nl) == -1)
        error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    if (nl[0].n_value != 0)
    {
        /* Found dumppcb. If it contains a valid context, return
           immediately. */
        if (bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, (struct pcb *) nl[0].n_value))
            return;
    }

    /* Traditional BSD kernels have a process proc0 that should always
       be present. The address of proc0's PCB is stored in the variable
       "proc0paddr". */

```

```

memset (nl, 0, sizeof nl);
nl[0].n_name = "_proc0paddr";

if (kvm_nlist (core_kd, nl) == -1)
    error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

if (nl[0].n_value != 0)
{
    struct pcb *paddr;

    /* Found proc0paddr. */
    if (kvm_read (core_kd, nl[0].n_value, &paddr, sizeof paddr) == -1)
error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, paddr);
    return;
}

#ifdef HAVE_STRUCT_THREAD_TD_PCB
/* In FreeBSD kernels for 5.0-RELEASE and later, the PCB no longer
lives in `struct proc' but in `struct thread'. The `struct
thread' for the initial thread for proc0 can be found in the
variable "thread0". */

memset (nl, 0, sizeof nl);
nl[0].n_name = "_thread0";

if (kvm_nlist (core_kd, nl) == -1)
    error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

if (nl[0].n_value != 0)
{
    struct pcb *paddr;

    /* Found thread0. */
    nl[0].n_value += offsetof (struct thread, td_pcb);
    if (kvm_read (core_kd, nl[0].n_value, &paddr, sizeof paddr) == -1)
error ("%s", kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    bsd_kvm_fetch_pcb (regcache, paddr);
    return;
}
#endif

/* i18n: PCB == "Process Control Block". */
error (_("Cannot find a valid PCB"));
}

```

```

/* Kernel memory interface commands. */
struct cmd_list_element *bsd_kvm_cmdlist;

static void
bsd_kvm_cmd (const char *arg, int fromtty)
{
    /* ??? Should this become an alias for "target kvm"? */
}

#ifdef HAVE_STRUCT_THREAD_TD_PCB

static void
bsd_kvm_proc_cmd (const char *arg, int fromtty)
{
    CORE_ADDR addr;

    if (arg == NULL)
        error_no_arg (_, "proc address");

    if (core_kd == NULL)
        error (_, "No kernel memory image.");

    addr = parse_and_eval_address (arg);
#ifdef HAVE_STRUCT_LWP
    addr += offsetof (struct lwp, l_addr);
#else
    addr += offsetof (struct proc, p_addr);
#endif

    if (kvm_read (core_kd, addr, &bsd_kvm_paddr, sizeof bsd_kvm_paddr) == -1)
        error (("s"), kvm_geterr (core_kd));

    target_fetch_registers (get_current_regcache (), -1);

    reinit_frame_cache ();
    print_stack_frame (get_selected_frame (NULL), 0, SRC_AND_LOC, 1);
}

#endif

static void
bsd_kvm_pcb_cmd (const char *arg, int fromtty)
{
    if (arg == NULL)
        /* i18n: PCB == "Process Control Block". */
        error_no_arg (_, "pcb address");
}

```

```

if (core_kd == NULL)
    error (_("No kernel memory image.));

bsd_kvm_paddr = (struct pcb *) (u_long) parse_and_eval_address (arg);

target_fetch_registers (get_current_regcache (), -1);

reinit_frame_cache ();
print_stack_frame (get_selected_frame (NULL), 0, SRC_AND_LOC, 1);
}

bool
bsd_kvm_target::thread_alive (ptid_t ptid)
{
    return true;
}

const char *
bsd_kvm_target::pid_to_str (ptid_t ptid)
{
    static char buf[64];
    xsnprintf (buf, sizeof buf, "<kvm>");
    return buf;
}

/* Add the libkvm interface to the list of all possible targets and
   register CUPPLY_PCB as the architecture-specific process control
   block interpreter. */

void
bsd_kvm_add_target (int (*supply_pcb)(struct regcache *, struct pcb *))
{
    gdb_assert (bsd_kvm_supply_pcb == NULL);
    bsd_kvm_supply_pcb = supply_pcb;

    add_target (bsd_kvm_target_info, bsd_kvm_target_open);

    add_prefix_cmd ("kvm", class_obscure, bsd_kvm_cmd, _("\
Generic command for manipulating the kernel memory interface."),
        &bsd_kvm_cmdlist, "kvm ", 0, &cmdlist);

#ifdef HAVE_STRUCT_THREAD_TD_PCB
    add_cmd ("proc", class_obscure, bsd_kvm_proc_cmd,
        _("Set current context from proc address"), &bsd_kvm_cmdlist);
#endif
    add_cmd ("pcb", class_obscure, bsd_kvm_pcb_cmd,
        /* i18n: PCB == "Process Control Block". */
        _("Set current context from pcb address"), &bsd_kvm_cmdlist);

```

/* Some notes on the ptid usage on this target.

The pid field represents the kvm inferior instance. Currently, we don't support multiple kvm inferiors, but we start at 1 anyway. The lwp field is set to != 0, in case the core wants to refer to the whole kvm inferior with ptid(1,0,0).

If kvm is made to export running processes as gdb threads, the following form can be used:

ptid (1, 1, 0) -> kvm inferior 1, in kernel
ptid (1, 1, 1) -> kvm inferior 1, process 1
ptid (1, 1, 2) -> kvm inferior 1, process 2
ptid (1, 1, n) -> kvm inferior 1, process n */

```
bsd_kvm_ptid = ptid_t (1, 1, 0);  
}
```

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```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

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That's all there is to it!

/* Native-dependent code for modern i386 BSD's.

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```
#ifndef I386_BSD_NAT_H
#define I386_BSD_NAT_H
```

```
/* Helper functions. See definitions. */
```

```
extern void i386bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
                                             int regnum);
extern void i386bsd_store_inferior_registers (struct regcache *regcache,
                                             int regnum);
```

```
/* A prototype *BSD/i386 target. */
```

```
template<typename BaseTarget>
class i386_bsd_nat_target : public x86bsd_nat_target<BaseTarget>
{
public:
```

```
void fetch_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
{ i386bsd_fetch_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }
```

```
void store_registers (struct regcache *regcache, int regnum) override
{ i386bsd_store_inferior_registers (regcache, regnum); }
};
```

```
#endif /* i386-bsd-nat.h */
```

```
/* Native-dependent code for x86 BSD's.
```

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```
#ifndef X86_BSD_NAT_H
#define X86_BSD_NAT_H
```

```
#include "x86-nat.h"
```

```
/* Low level x86 XSAVE info. */
extern size_t x86bsd_xsave_len;
```

```
/* A prototype *BSD/x86 target. */
```

```
template<typename BaseTarget>
class x86bsd_nat_target : public x86_nat_target<BaseTarget>
{
  using base_class = x86_nat_target<BaseTarget>;
public:
#ifdef HAVE_PT_GETDBREGS
  void mourn_inferior () override
  {
    x86_cleanup_dregs ();
    base_class::mourn_inferior ();
  }
}
```

```

#endif /* HAVE_PT_GETDBREGS */
};

#endif /* x86-bsd-nat.h */
BEGIN {
    FS="\"";
    print "/* ==> Do not modify this file!! \" \
    \"-* - buffer-read-only: t -* - vi\" \
    \":set ro:";
    print " It is created automatically by copying.awk.";
    print " Modify copying.awk instead. <== */";
    print ""
    print "#include \"defs.h\""
    print "#include \"command.h\""
    print "#include \"gdbcmd.h\""
    print ""
    print "static void show_copying_command (const char *, int);"
    print ""
    print "static void show_warranty_command (const char *, int);"
    print ""
    print "static void";
    print "show_copying_command (const char *ignore, int from_tty)";
    print "{";
}
NR == 1,/^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/ {
    if ($0 ~ //)
    {
        printf " printf_filtered (\"\\n\");\n";
    }
    else if ($0 !~ /^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/)
    {
        printf " printf_filtered (\"";
        for (i = 1; i < NF; i++)
        printf "%s\\\"\", $i;
        printf "%s\\n\");\n", $NF;
    }
}
/^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/ {
    print "}";
    print "";
    print "static void";
    print "show_warranty_command (const char *ignore, int from_tty)";
    print "{";
}
/^[ ]*15\. Disclaimer of Warranty\.[ ]*$/,/^[ ]*END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS[ ]*$/ {
    if (! ($0 ~ /^[ ]*END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS[ ]*$/))
    {
        printf " printf_filtered (\"";

```

```

    for (i = 1; i < NF; i++)
printf "%s\\", $i;
    printf "%s\\n\\n";\n", $NF;
}
}
END {
print "}";
print "";
print "void"
print "_initialize_copying (void)";
print "{";
print " add_cmd (\\"copying\\", no_set_class, show_copying_command,";
print " _(\\"Conditions for redistributing copies of GDB.\\"),";
print " &showlist);";
print " add_cmd (\\"warranty\\", no_set_class, show_warranty_command,";
print " _(\\"Various kinds of warranty you do not have.\\"),";
print " &showlist);";
print "";
print " /* For old-timers, allow \\"info copying\\", etc. */";
print " add_info (\\"copying\\", show_copying_command,";
print " _(\\"Conditions for redistributing copies of GDB.\\"));";
print " add_info (\\"warranty\\", show_warranty_command,";
print " _(\\"Various kinds of warranty you do not have.\\"));";
print "}";
}

```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
#!/usr/bin/env python
```

```

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```

```

"""copyright.py

```

This script updates the list of years in the copyright notices in most files maintained by the GDB project.

Usage: cd src/gdb && python copyright.py

Always review the output of this script before committing it!

A useful command to review the output is:

```
% filterdiff -x \*.c -x \*.cc -x \*.h -x \*.exp updates.diff
```

This removes the bulk of the changes which are most likely to be correct.

```

"""

```

```

import datetime
import os
import os.path
import subprocess

```

```

def get_update_list():
    """Return the list of files to update.

```

Assumes that the current working directory when called is the root of the GDB source tree (NOT the gdb/ subdirectory!). The names of the files are relative to that root directory.

```

"""

```

```

result = []
for gdb_dir in ('gdb', 'sim', 'include/gdb'):
    for root, dirs, files in os.walk(gdb_dir, topdown=True):
        for dirname in dirs:
            reldirname = "%s/%s" % (root, dirname)

```



```

    if (dirname in EXCLUDE_ALL_LIST
        or reldirname in EXCLUDE_LIST
        or reldirname in NOT_FSF_LIST
        or reldirname in BY_HAND):
        # Prune this directory from our search list.
        dirs.remove(dirname)
for filename in files:
    relpath = "%s/%s" % (root, filename)
    if (filename in EXCLUDE_ALL_LIST
        or relpath in EXCLUDE_LIST
        or relpath in NOT_FSF_LIST
        or relpath in BY_HAND):
        # Ignore this file.
        pass
    else:
        result.append(relpath)
return result

def update_files(update_list):
    """Update the copyright header of the files in the given list.

    We use gnulib's update-copyright script for that.
    """
    # We want to use year intervals in the copyright notices, and
    # all years should be collapsed to one single year interval,
    # even if there are "holes" in the list of years found in the
    # original copyright notice (OK'ed by the FSF, case [gnu.org #719834]).
    os.environ['UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_USE_INTERVALS'] = '2'

    # Perform the update, and save the output in a string.
    update_cmd = ['bash', 'gdb/gnulib/import/extra/update-copyright']
    update_cmd += update_list

    p = subprocess.Popen(update_cmd, stdout=subprocess.PIPE,
                          stderr=subprocess.STDOUT)
    update_out = p.communicate()[0]

    # Process the output. Typically, a lot of files do not have
    # a copyright notice :-(. The update-copyright script prints
    # a well defined warning when it did not find the copyright notice.
    # For each of those, do a sanity check and see if they may in fact
    # have one. For the files that are found not to have one, we filter
    # the line out from the output, since there is nothing more to do,
    # short of looking at each file and seeing which notice is appropriate.
    # Too much work! (~4,000 files listed as of 2012-01-03).
    update_out = update_out.splitlines()
    warning_string = ': warning: copyright statement not found'

```

```
warning_len = len(warning_string)
```

```
for line in update_out:  
    if line.endswith('\n'):  
        line = line[:-1]  
    if line.endswith(warning_string):  
        filename = line[:-warning_len]  
        if may_have_copyright_notice(filename):  
            print line  
    else:  
        # Unrecognized file format. !?!  
        print "*** " + line
```

```
def may_have_copyright_notice(filename):  
    """Check that the given file does not seem to have a copyright notice.
```

The filename is relative to the root directory.

This function assumes that the current working directory is that root directory.

The algorithm is fairly crude, meaning that it might return some false positives. I do not think it will return any false negatives... We might improve this function to handle more complex cases later...

```
    """
```

```
    # For now, it may have a copyright notice if we find the word  
    # "Copyright" at the (reasonable) start of the given file, say  
    # 50 lines...
```

```
    MAX_LINES = 50
```

```
    fd = open(filename)
```

```
    lineno = 1
```

```
    for line in fd:
```

```
        if 'Copyright' in line:
```

```
            return True
```

```
        lineno += 1
```

```
        if lineno > 50:
```

```
            return False
```

```
    return False
```

```
def main ():
```

```
    """The main subprogram."""
```

```
    if not os.path.isfile("gnulib/import/extra/update-copyright"):
```

```
        print "Error: This script must be called from the gdb directory."
```

```
    root_dir = os.path.dirname(os.getcwd())
```

```

os.chdir(root_dir)

update_list = get_update_list()
update_files (update_list)

# Remind the user that some files need to be updated by HAND...

if MULTIPLE_COPYRIGHT_HEADERS:
    print
    print("\033[31m"
          "REMINDER: Multiple copyright headers must be updated by hand:"
          "\033[0m")
    for filename in MULTIPLE_COPYRIGHT_HEADERS:
        print " ", filename

if BY_HAND:
    print
    print "\033[31mREMINDER: The following files must be updated by hand." \
          "\033[0m"
    for filename in BY_HAND:
        print " ", filename

#####
#
# Some constants, placed at the end because they take up a lot of room.
# The actual value of these constants is not significant to the understanding
# of the script.
#
#####

# Files which should not be modified, either because they are
# generated, non-FSF, or otherwise special (e.g. license text,
# or test cases which must be sensitive to line numbering).
#
# Filenames are relative to the root directory.
EXCLUDE_LIST = (
    'gdb/nat/glibc_thread_db.h',
    'gdb/CONTRIBUTE',
    'gdb/gnulib/import'
)

# Files which should not be modified, either because they are
# generated, non-FSF, or otherwise special (e.g. license text,
# or test cases which must be sensitive to line numbering).
#
# Matches any file or directory name anywhere. Use with caution.
# This is mostly for files that can be found in multiple directories.
# Eg: We want all files named COPYING to be left untouched.

```

```

EXCLUDE_ALL_LIST = (
    "COPYING", "COPYING.LIB", "CVS", "configure", "copying.c",
    "fdl.texi", "gpl.texi", "aclocal.m4",
)

# The list of files to update by hand.
BY_HAND = (
    # Nothing at the moment :-).
)

# Files containing multiple copyright headers. This script is only
# fixing the first one it finds, so we need to finish the update
# by hand.
MULTIPLE_COPYRIGHT_HEADERS = (
    "gdb/doc/gdb.texinfo",
    "gdb/doc/refcard.tex",
    "gdb/gdbarch.sh",
)

# The list of file which have a copyright, but not head by the FSF.
# Filenames are relative to the root directory.
NOT_FSF_LIST = (
    "gdb/exc_request.defs",
    "gdb/gdbtk",
    "gdb/testsuite/gdb.gdbtk/",
    "sim/arm/armemu.h", "sim/arm/armos.c", "sim/arm/gdbhost.c",
    "sim/arm/dbg_hif.h", "sim/arm/dbg_conf.h", "sim/arm/communicate.h",
    "sim/arm/armos.h", "sim/arm/armcopro.c", "sim/arm/armemu.c",
    "sim/arm/kid.c", "sim/arm/thumbemu.c", "sim/arm/armdefs.h",
    "sim/arm/armopts.h", "sim/arm/dbg_cp.h", "sim/arm/dbg_rdi.h",
    "sim/arm/parent.c", "sim/arm/armsupp.c", "sim/arm/armrdi.c",
    "sim/arm/bag.c", "sim/arm/armvirt.c", "sim/arm/main.c", "sim/arm/bag.h",
    "sim/arm/communicate.c", "sim/arm/gdbhost.h", "sim/arm/armfpe.h",
    "sim/arm/arminit.c",
    "sim/common/cgen-fpu.c", "sim/common/cgen-fpu.h",
    "sim/common/cgen-accfp.c",
    "sim/mips/m16run.c", "sim/mips/sim-main.c",
    "sim/moxie/moxie-gdb.dts",
    # Not a single file in sim/ppc/ appears to be copyright FSF :-(.
    "sim/ppc/filter.h", "sim/ppc/gen-support.h", "sim/ppc/ld-insn.h",
    "sim/ppc/hw_sem.c", "sim/ppc/hw_disk.c", "sim/ppc/idecode_branch.h",
    "sim/ppc/sim-endian.h", "sim/ppc/table.c", "sim/ppc/hw_core.c",
    "sim/ppc/gen-support.c", "sim/ppc/gen-semantics.h", "sim/ppc/cpu.h",
    "sim/ppc/sim_callbacks.h", "sim/ppc/RUN", "sim/ppc/Makefile.in",
    "sim/ppc/emul_chirp.c", "sim/ppc/hw_nvram.c", "sim/ppc/dc-test.01",
    "sim/ppc/hw_phb.c", "sim/ppc/hw_eeeprom.c", "sim/ppc/bits.h",
    "sim/ppc/hw_vm.c", "sim/ppc/cap.h", "sim/ppc/os_emul.h",

```

```
"sim/ppc/options.h", "sim/ppc/gen-idecode.c", "sim/ppc/filter.c",
"sim/ppc/corefile-n.h", "sim/ppc/std-config.h", "sim/ppc/ld-decode.h",
"sim/ppc/filter_filename.h", "sim/ppc/hw_shm.c",
"sim/ppc/pk_disklabel.c", "sim/ppc/dc-simple", "sim/ppc/misc.h",
"sim/ppc/device_table.h", "sim/ppc/ld-insn.c", "sim/ppc/inline.c",
"sim/ppc/emul_bugapi.h", "sim/ppc/hw_cpu.h", "sim/ppc/debug.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_ide.c", "sim/ppc/debug.c", "sim/ppc/gen-itable.h",
"sim/ppc/interrupts.c", "sim/ppc/hw_glue.c", "sim/ppc/emul_unix.c",
"sim/ppc/sim_calls.c", "sim/ppc/dc-complex", "sim/ppc/ld-cache.c",
"sim/ppc/registers.h", "sim/ppc/dc-test.02", "sim/ppc/options.c",
"sim/ppc/igen.h", "sim/ppc/registers.c", "sim/ppc/device.h",
"sim/ppc/emul_chirp.h", "sim/ppc/hw_register.c", "sim/ppc/hw_init.c",
"sim/ppc/sim-endian-n.h", "sim/ppc/filter_filename.c",
"sim/ppc/bits.c", "sim/ppc/idecode_fields.h", "sim/ppc/hw_memory.c",
"sim/ppc/misc.c", "sim/ppc/double.c", "sim/ppc/psim.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_trace.c", "sim/ppc/emul_netbsd.h", "sim/ppc/psim.c",
"sim/ppc/ppc-instructions", "sim/ppc/tree.h", "sim/ppc/README",
"sim/ppc/gen-icache.h", "sim/ppc/gen-model.h", "sim/ppc/ld-cache.h",
"sim/ppc/mon.c", "sim/ppc/corefile.h", "sim/ppc/vm.c",
"sim/ppc/INSTALL", "sim/ppc/gen-model.c", "sim/ppc/hw_cpu.c",
"sim/ppc/corefile.c", "sim/ppc/hw_opic.c", "sim/ppc/gen-icache.c",
"sim/ppc/events.h", "sim/ppc/os_emul.c", "sim/ppc/emul_generic.c",
"sim/ppc/main.c", "sim/ppc/hw_com.c", "sim/ppc/gen-semantics.c",
"sim/ppc/emul_bugapi.c", "sim/ppc/device.c", "sim/ppc/emul_generic.h",
"sim/ppc/tree.c", "sim/ppc/mon.h", "sim/ppc/interrupts.h",
"sim/ppc/cap.c", "sim/ppc/cpu.c", "sim/ppc/hw_phb.h",
"sim/ppc/device_table.c", "sim/ppc/lf.c", "sim/ppc/lf.c",
"sim/ppc/dc-stupid", "sim/ppc/hw_pal.c", "sim/ppc/ppc-spr-table",
"sim/ppc/emul_unix.h", "sim/ppc/words.h", "sim/ppc/basics.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_htab.c", "sim/ppc/lf.h", "sim/ppc/ld-decode.c",
"sim/ppc/sim-endian.c", "sim/ppc/gen-itable.c",
"sim/ppc/idecode_expression.h", "sim/ppc/table.h", "sim/ppc/dgen.c",
"sim/ppc/events.c", "sim/ppc/gen-idecode.h", "sim/ppc/emul_netbsd.c",
"sim/ppc/igen.c", "sim/ppc/vm_n.h", "sim/ppc/vm.h",
"sim/ppc/hw_iobus.c", "sim/ppc/inline.h",
"sim/testsuite/sim/bfin/s21.s", "sim/testsuite/sim/mips/mips32-dsp2.s",
)
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    main()
```

```
    GNU LIBRARY GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
```

```
    Version 2, June 1991
```

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```
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1.55 libn13 3.2.25

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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```
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```

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MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU  
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

1.56 binutils 2.23.51

1.56.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
(This file is under construction.) -*- text -*-

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me, nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS file, as requested by the FSF.

+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff

and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases

for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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Version 2, June 1991

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
```

```
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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Less License

Less

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1.59 blas 1.2.20110419-7

1.60 netkit-tftp 1.9.2

1.60.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source

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The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
@c The GNU Free Documentation License.
@center Version 1.3, 3 November 2008
```

```
@c This file is intended to be included within another document,
@c hence no sectioning command or @node.
```

```
@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
@uref{http://fsf.org/}
```

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```
@end display
```

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```

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1.62 setserial 2.17

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```
#!/bin/sh
# Attempt to guess a canonical system name.
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timestamp='2012-08-14'

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#
# As a special exception to the GNU General Public License, if you
# distribute this file as part of a program that contains a
# configuration script generated by Autoconf, you may include it under
# the same distribution terms that you use for the rest of that program.

# Originally written by Per Bothner. Please send patches (context
# diff format) to <config-patches@gnu.org> and include a ChangeLog
# entry.
#
# This script attempts to guess a canonical system name similar to
# config.sub. If it succeeds, it prints the system name on stdout, and
# exits with 0. Otherwise, it exits with 1.
#
# You can get the latest version of this script from:
```

```
# http://git.savannah.gnu.org/gitweb/?p=config.git;a=blob_plain;f=config.guess;hb=HEAD
```

```
me=`echo "$0" | sed -e 's,./,,'`
```

```
usage="\
```

```
Usage: $0 [OPTION]
```

Output the configuration name of the system `\`$me'` is run on.

Operation modes:

```
-h, --help    print this help, then exit
```

```
-t, --time-stamp  print date of last modification, then exit
```

```
-v, --version    print version number, then exit
```

Report bugs and patches to `<config-patches@gnu.org>`.

```
version="\
```

```
GNU config.guess ($timestamp)
```

Originally written by Per Bothner.

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```
help="
```

```
Try \`$me --help' for more information."
```

```
# Parse command line
```

```
while test $# -gt 0 ; do
```

```
case $1 in
```

```
  --time-stamp | --time* | -t )
```

```
    echo "$timestamp" ; exit ;;
```

```
  --version | -v )
```

```
    echo "$version" ; exit ;;
```

```
  --help | --h* | -h )
```

```
    echo "$usage"; exit ;;
```

```
  -- ) # Stop option processing
```

```
    shift; break ;;
```

```
  - ) # Use stdin as input.
```

```
    break ;;
```

```
  -* )
```

```
    echo "$me: invalid option $1$help" >&2
```

```
    exit 1 ;;
```

```
  * )
```

```
    break ;;
```

```

esac
done

if test $# != 0; then
echo "$me: too many arguments$help" >&2
exit 1
fi

trap 'exit 1' 1 2 15

# CC_FOR_BUILD -- compiler used by this script. Note that the use of a
# compiler to aid in system detection is discouraged as it requires
# temporary files to be created and, as you can see below, it is a
# headache to deal with in a portable fashion.

# Historically, `CC_FOR_BUILD' used to be named `HOST_CC'. We still
# use `HOST_CC' if defined, but it is deprecated.

# Portable tmp directory creation inspired by the Autoconf team.

set_cc_for_build='
trap "exitcode=\$?; (rm -f \${tmpfiles} 2>/dev/null; rmdir \${tmp} 2>/dev/null) && exit \${exitcode}" 0 ;
trap "rm -f \${tmpfiles} 2>/dev/null; rmdir \${tmp} 2>/dev/null; exit 1" 1 2 13 15 ;
: \${TMPDIR=/tmp} ;
{ tmp=`(umask 077 && mktemp -d "\${TMPDIR}/cgXXXXXX") 2>/dev/null` && test -n "\${tmp}" && test -d "\${tmp}" ;
} ||
{ test -n "\${RANDOM}" && tmp=\${TMPDIR}/cg\$\${RANDOM} && (umask 077 && mkdir \${tmp}) ; } ||
{ tmp=\${TMPDIR}/cg-\$\$ && (umask 077 && mkdir \${tmp}) && echo "Warning: creating insecure temp directory"
>&2 ; } ||
{ echo "\$me: cannot create a temporary directory in \${TMPDIR}" >&2 ; exit 1 ; } ;
dummy=\${tmp}/dummy ;
tmpfiles="\${dummy}.c \${dummy}.o \${dummy}.rel \${dummy}" ;
case \${CC_FOR_BUILD},\${HOST_CC},\${CC} in
.,) echo "int x;" > \${dummy}.c ;
for c in cc gcc c89 c99 ; do
if (\${C} -c -o \${dummy}.o \${dummy}.c) >/dev/null 2>&1 ; then
CC_FOR_BUILD="\${c}"; break ;
fi ;
done ;
if test x"\${CC_FOR_BUILD}" = x ; then
CC_FOR_BUILD=no_compiler_found ;
fi
;;
,*,*) CC_FOR_BUILD=\${CC} ;;
,*,*) CC_FOR_BUILD=\${HOST_CC} ;;
esac ; set_cc_for_build='

```

```

# This is needed to find uname on a Pyramid OSx when run in the BSD universe.

```

```

# (ghazi@noc.rutgers.edu 1994-08-24)
if (test -f /.attbin/uname) >/dev/null 2>&1 ; then
    PATH=$PATH:/.attbin ; export PATH
fi

UNAME_MACHINE=`(uname -m) 2>/dev/null` || UNAME_MACHINE=unknown
UNAME_RELEASE=`(uname -r) 2>/dev/null` || UNAME_RELEASE=unknown
UNAME_SYSTEM=`(uname -s) 2>/dev/null` || UNAME_SYSTEM=unknown
UNAME_VERSION=`(uname -v) 2>/dev/null` || UNAME_VERSION=unknown

# Detect uclibc systems.

LIBC="gnu"
if [ -f /usr/include/bits/uClibc_config.h ]
then
    LIBC=uclibc
    if [ -n `grep "#define __UCLIBC_CONFIG_VERSION__" /usr/include/bits/uClibc_config.h` ]
    then
        UCLIBC_SUBVER=`sed -n "/#define __UCLIBC_CONFIG_VERSION__ /s///p" /usr/include/bits/uClibc_config.h`
        LIBC=$LIBC$UCLIBC_SUBVER
    fi
fi

# Note: order is significant - the case branches are not exclusive.

case "${UNAME_MACHINE}:${UNAME_SYSTEM}:${UNAME_RELEASE}:${UNAME_VERSION}" in
    *:NetBSD:*)
        # NetBSD (nbsd) targets should (where applicable) match one or
        # more of the tuples: *-*-netbsdelf*, *-*-netbsdout*,
        # *-*-netbsdcoeff* and *-*-netbsd*. For targets that recently
        # switched to ELF, *-*-netbsd* would select the old
        # object file format. This provides both forward
        # compatibility and a consistent mechanism for selecting the
        # object file format.
        #
        # Note: NetBSD doesn't particularly care about the vendor
        # portion of the name. We always set it to "unknown".
        sysctl=`sysctl -n hw.machine_arch`
        UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH=`(/sbin/$sysctl 2>/dev/null || \
            /usr/sbin/$sysctl 2>/dev/null || echo unknown)`
        case "${UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH}" in
            armeb) machine=armeb-unknown ;;
            arm*) machine=arm-unknown ;;
            sh3el) machine=shl-unknown ;;
            sh3eb) machine=sh-unknown ;;
            sh5el) machine=sh5le-unknown ;;
            *) machine=${UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH}-unknown ;;
        esac

```

```

# The Operating System including object format, if it has switched
# to ELF recently, or will in the future.
case "${UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH}" in
    arm*|i386|m68k|ns32k|sh3*|sparc|vax)
        eval $set_cc_for_build
        if echo __ELF__ | $CC_FOR_BUILD -E - 2>/dev/null \
            | grep -q __ELF__
        then
            # Once all utilities can be ECOFF (netbsdcoff) or a.out (netbsdout).
            # Return netbsd for either.  FIX?
            os=netbsd
        else
            os=netbsdelf
        fi
    ;;
    *)
        os=netbsd
    ;;
esac

# The OS release
# Debian GNU/NetBSD machines have a different userland, and
# thus, need a distinct triplet. However, they do not need
# kernel version information, so it can be replaced with a
# suitable tag, in the style of linux-gnu.
case "${UNAME_VERSION}" in
    Debian*)
        release='-gnu'
    ;;
    *)
        release=`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[-_].*/./'^`
    ;;
esac

# Since CPU_TYPE-MANUFACTURER-KERNEL-OPERATING_SYSTEM:
# contains redundant information, the shorter form:
# CPU_TYPE-MANUFACTURER-OPERATING_SYSTEM is used.
echo "${machine}-${os}${release}"
exit ;;

*:Bitrig:*)
UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH=`arch | sed 's/Bitrig.//'^`
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH}-unknown-bitrig${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;

*:OpenBSD:*)
UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH=`arch | sed 's/OpenBSD.//'^`
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE_ARCH}-unknown-openbsd${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;

*:ekkoBSD:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-ekkobsd${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;

```



```

*:SolidBSD:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-solidbsd${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
  macppc:MirBSD:*)
echo powerpc-unknown-mirbsd${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
  *:MirBSD:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-mirbsd${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
  alpha:OSF1:*)
case $UNAME_RELEASE in
*4.0)
  UNAME_RELEASE=`/usr/sbin/sizer -v | awk '{print $3}'`
  ;;
*5.*)
  UNAME_RELEASE=`/usr/sbin/sizer -v | awk '{print $4}'`
  ;;
esac
# According to Compaq, /usr/sbin/psrinfo has been available on
# OSF/1 and Tru64 systems produced since 1995. I hope that
# covers most systems running today. This code pipes the CPU
# types through head -n 1, so we only detect the type of CPU 0.
ALPHA_CPU_TYPE=`/usr/sbin/psrinfo -v | sed -n -e 's/^ The alpha \(.*) processor.*$/\1/p' | head -n 1`
case "$ALPHA_CPU_TYPE" in
  "EV4 (21064)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alpha" ;;
  "EV4.5 (21064)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alpha" ;;
  "LCA4 (21066/21068)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alpha" ;;
  "EV5 (21164)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev5" ;;
  "EV5.6 (21164A)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev56" ;;
  "EV5.6 (21164PC)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphapca56" ;;
  "EV5.7 (21164PC)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphapca57" ;;
  "EV6 (21264)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev6" ;;
  "EV6.7 (21264A)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev67" ;;
  "EV6.8CB (21264C)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev68" ;;
  "EV6.8AL (21264B)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev68" ;;
  "EV6.8CX (21264D)")
    UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev68" ;;

```

```

"EV6.9A (21264/EV69A)")
UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev69" ;;
"EV7 (21364)")
UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev7" ;;
"EV7.9 (21364A)")
UNAME_MACHINE="alphaev79" ;;
esac
# A Pn.n version is a patched version.
# A Vn.n version is a released version.
# A Tn.n version is a released field test version.
# A Xn.n version is an unreleased experimental baselevel.
# 1.2 uses "1.2" for uname -r.
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-dec-osf echo ${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed -e 's/^[PVTX]/' | tr
'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ' 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzz'
# Reset EXIT trap before exiting to avoid spurious non-zero exit code.
exitcode=$?
trap " 0
exit $exitcode ;;
Alpha\ *:Windows_NT*:* )
# How do we know it's Interix rather than the generic POSIX subsystem?
# Should we change UNAME_MACHINE based on the output of uname instead
# of the specific Alpha model?
echo alpha-pc-interix
exit ;;
21064:Windows_NT:50:3)
echo alpha-dec-winnt3.5
exit ;;
Amiga*:UNIX_System_V:4.0:* )
echo m68k-unknown-sysv4
exit ;;
*:[Aa]miga[Oo][Ss]:*:* )
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-amigaos
exit ;;
*:[Mm]orph[Oo][Ss]:*:* )
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-morphos
exit ;;
*:OS/390:*:* )
echo i370-ibm-openedition
exit ;;
*:z/VM:*:* )
echo s390-ibm-zvmoe
exit ;;
*:OS400:*:* )
echo powerpc-ibm-os400
exit ;;
arm:RISC*:1.[012]*:*|arm:riscix:1.[012]*:* )
echo arm-acorn-riscix${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;

```

```

    arm:riscos:.*|arm:RISCOS:.*)
echo arm-unknown-riscos
exit ;;
    SR2?01:HI-UX/MPP:.* | SR8000:HI-UX/MPP:.*)
echo hppa1.1-hitachi-hiuxmpp
exit ;;
    Pyramid*:OSx*:.* | MIS*:OSx*:.* | MIS*:SMP_DC-OSx*:.*)
# akee@wpdis03.wpafb.af.mil (Earle F. Ake) contributed MIS and NILE.
if test "`(bin/universe) 2>/dev/null`" = att ; then
    echo pyramid-pyramid-sysv3
else
    echo pyramid-pyramid-bsd
fi
exit ;;
    NILE*:*:.*:dcosx)
echo pyramid-pyramid-svr4
exit ;;
    DRS?6000:unix:4.0:6*)
echo sparc-icl-nx6
exit ;;
    DRS?6000:UNIX_SV:4.2*:7* | DRS?6000:isis:4.2*:7*)
case `usr/bin/uname -p` in
    sparc) echo sparc-icl-nx7; exit ;;
esac ;;
    s390x:SunOS:.*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-ibm-solaris2`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^\.]*/'^
exit ;;
    sun4H:SunOS:5.)*
echo sparc-hal-solaris2`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^\.]*/'^
exit ;;
    sun4*:SunOS:5.)* | tadpole*:SunOS:5.)*
echo sparc-sun-solaris2`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^\.]*/'^
exit ;;
    i86pc:AuroraUX:5.)* | i86xen:AuroraUX:5.)*
echo i386-pc-auroraux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    i86pc:SunOS:5.)* | i86xen:SunOS:5.)*
eval $set_cc_for_build
SUN_ARCH="i386"
# If there is a compiler, see if it is configured for 64-bit objects.
# Note that the Sun cc does not turn __LP64__ into 1 like gcc does.
# This test works for both compilers.
if [ "$CC_FOR_BUILD" != 'no_compiler_found' ]; then
    if (echo '#ifdef __amd64'; echo IS_64BIT_ARCH; echo '#endif') | \
(CCOPTS= $CC_FOR_BUILD -E - 2>/dev/null) | \
grep IS_64BIT_ARCH >/dev/null
    then
        SUN_ARCH="x86_64"

```

```

fi
fi
echo ${SUN_ARCH}-pc-solaris2`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^.]*/'^
exit ;;
sun4*:SunOS:6*:*)
# According to config.sub, this is the proper way to canonicalize
# SunOS6. Hard to guess exactly what SunOS6 will be like, but
# it's likely to be more like Solaris than SunOS4.
echo sparc-sun-solaris3`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^.]*/'^
exit ;;
sun4*:SunOS:*:*)
case "`/usr/bin/arch -k`" in
Series*|S4*)
UNAME_RELEASE=`uname -v`
;;
esac
# Japanese Language versions have a version number like `4.1.3-JL'.
echo sparc-sun-sunos`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/-/_/'^
exit ;;
sun3*:SunOS:*:*)
echo m68k-sun-sunos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
sun*:*:4.2BSD:*)
UNAME_RELEASE=`(sed 1q /etc/motd | awk '{print substr($5,1,3)}') 2>/dev/null`
test "x${UNAME_RELEASE}" = "x" && UNAME_RELEASE=3
case "`/bin/arch`" in
sun3)
echo m68k-sun-sunos${UNAME_RELEASE}
;;
sun4)
echo sparc-sun-sunos${UNAME_RELEASE}
;;
esac
exit ;;
aushp:SunOS:*:*)
echo sparc-auspex-sunos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
# The situation for MiNT is a little confusing. The machine name
# can be virtually everything (everything which is not
# "atarist" or "atariste" at least should have a processor
# > m68000). The system name ranges from "MiNT" over "FreeMiNT"
# to the lowercase version "mint" (or "freemint"). Finally
# the system name "TOS" denotes a system which is actually not
# MiNT. But MiNT is downward compatible to TOS, so this should
# be no problem.
atarist[e]:*MiNT:*:* | atarist[e]:*mint:*:* | atarist[e]:*TOS:*:*)
echo m68k-atari-mint${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;

```

```

    atari*:*MiNT:*:* | atari*:*mint:*:* | atarist[e]:*TOS:*:*)
echo m68k-atari-mint${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    *falcon*:*MiNT:*:* | *falcon*:*mint:*:* | *falcon*:*TOS:*:*)
echo m68k-atari-mint${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    milan*:*MiNT:*:* | milan*:*mint:*:* | *milan*:*TOS:*:*)
echo m68k-milan-mint${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    hades*:*MiNT:*:* | hades*:*mint:*:* | *hades*:*TOS:*:*)
echo m68k-hades-mint${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    *:*MiNT:*:* | *:*mint:*:* | *:*TOS:*:*)
echo m68k-unknown-mint${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    m68k:machten:*:*)
echo m68k-apple-machten${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    powerpc:machten:*:*)
echo powerpc-apple-machten${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    RISC*:Mach:*:*)
echo mips-dec-mach_bsd4.3
exit ;;
    RISC*:ULTRIX:*:*)
echo mips-dec-ultrix${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    VAX*:ULTRIX*:*:*)
echo vax-dec-ultrix${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    2020:CLIX:*:* | 2430:CLIX:*:*)
echo clipper-intergraph-clix${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    mips:*:*:UMIPS | mips:*:*:RISCos)
eval $set_cc_for_build
sed 's/^ //' << EOF >$dummy.c
#ifdef __cplusplus
#include <stdio.h> /* for printf() prototype */
int main (int argc, char *argv[]) {
#else
int main (argc, argv) int argc; char *argv[]; {
#endif
#if defined (host_mips) && defined (MIPSEB)
#if defined (SYSTYPE_SYSV)
    printf ("mips-mips-riscos%ssysv\n", argv[1]); exit (0);
#endif
#if defined (SYSTYPE_SVR4)
    printf ("mips-mips-riscos%ssvr4\n", argv[1]); exit (0);

```

```

#endif
#if defined(SYSTYPE_BSD43) || defined(SYSTYPE_BSD)
    printf ("mips-mips-riscos%sbds\n", argv[1]); exit (0);
#endif
#endif
    exit (-1);
}
EOF
$CC_FOR_BUILD -o $dummy $dummy.c &&
    dummyarg=`echo "${UNAME_RELEASE}" | sed -n 's/^([0-9]*\).*^1/p` &&
    SYSTEM_NAME=`$dummy $dummyarg` &&
    { echo "$SYSTEM_NAME"; exit; }
echo mips-mips-riscos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    Motorola:PowerMAX_OS:*)
echo powerpc-motorola-powermax
exit ;;
    Motorola:*.4.3:PL8-*)
echo powerpc-harris-powermax
exit ;;
    Night_Hawk:*.*:PowerMAX_OS | Synergy:PowerMAX_OS:*)
echo powerpc-harris-powermax
exit ;;
    Night_Hawk:Power_UNIX:*)
echo powerpc-harris-powerunix
exit ;;
    m88k:CX/UX:7:*)
echo m88k-harris-cxux7
exit ;;
    m88k:*.4*:R4*)
echo m88k-motorola-sysv4
exit ;;
    m88k:*.3*:R3*)
echo m88k-motorola-sysv3
exit ;;
    AViiON:dgux:*)
# DG/UX returns AViiON for all architectures
UNAME_PROCESSOR=`/usr/bin/uname -p`
if [ $UNAME_PROCESSOR = mc88100 ] || [ $UNAME_PROCESSOR = mc88110 ]
then
    if [ ${TARGET_BINARY_INTERFACE}x = m88kdguxelfx ] || \
        [ ${TARGET_BINARY_INTERFACE}x = x ]
    then
echo m88k-dg-dgux${UNAME_RELEASE}
    else
echo m88k-dg-dguxbcs${UNAME_RELEASE}
    fi
else

```

```

    echo i586-dg-dgux${UNAME_RELEASE}
fi
exit ;;
M88*:DolphinOS:*) # DolphinOS (SVR3)
echo m88k-dolphin-sysv3
exit ;;
M88*:*:R3:*)
# Delta 88k system running SVR3
echo m88k-motorola-sysv3
exit ;;
XD88*:*:*) # Tektronix XD88 system running UTekV (SVR3)
echo m88k-tektronix-sysv3
exit ;;
Tek43[0-9][0-9]:UTek:*) # Tektronix 4300 system running UTek (BSD)
echo m68k-tektronix-bsd
exit ;;
*:IRIX:*)
echo mips-sgi-irix`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/_/_/g`
exit ;;
????????:AIX?:[12].1:2) # AIX 2.2.1 or AIX 2.1.1 is RT/PC AIX.
echo romp-ibm-aix # uname -m gives an 8 hex-code CPU id
exit ;; # Note that: echo "`uname -s`" gives 'AIX '
i*86:AIX:*)
echo i386-ibm-aix
exit ;;
ia64:AIX:*)
if [ -x /usr/bin/oslevel ] ; then
    IBM_REV=`/usr/bin/oslevel`
else
    IBM_REV=${UNAME_VERSION}.${UNAME_RELEASE}
fi
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-ibm-aix${IBM_REV}
exit ;;
*:AIX:2:3)
if grep bos325 /usr/include/stdio.h >/dev/null 2>&1; then
    eval $set_cc_for_build
    sed 's/^ //' << EOF >$dummy.c
#include <sys/systemcfg.h>

main()
{
    if (!__power_pc())
        exit(1);
    puts("powerpc-ibm-aix3.2.5");
    exit(0);
}
EOF
if $CC_FOR_BUILD -o $dummy $dummy.c && SYSTEM_NAME=`$dummy`

```

```

then
    echo "$SYSTEM_NAME"
else
    echo rs6000-ibm-aix3.2.5
fi
elif grep bos324 /usr/include/stdio.h >/dev/null 2>&1; then
    echo rs6000-ibm-aix3.2.4
else
    echo rs6000-ibm-aix3.2
fi
exit ;;
*:AIX:*: [4567])
IBM_CPU_ID=`/usr/sbin/lscdev -C -c processor -S available | sed 1q | awk '{ print $1 }'`
if /usr/sbin/lscattr -El ${IBM_CPU_ID} | grep 'POWER' >/dev/null 2>&1; then
    IBM_ARCH=rs6000
else
    IBM_ARCH=powerpc
fi
if [ -x /usr/bin/oslevel ] ; then
    IBM_REV=`/usr/bin/oslevel`
else
    IBM_REV=${UNAME_VERSION}.${UNAME_RELEASE}
fi
echo ${IBM_ARCH}-ibm-aix${IBM_REV}
exit ;;
*:AIX:*:*)
echo rs6000-ibm-aix
exit ;;
    ibmrt:4.4BSD:.*|romp-ibm:BSD:*)
echo romp-ibm-bsd4.4
exit ;;
    ibmrt:*BSD:.*|romp-ibm:BSD:*)          # covers RT/PC BSD and
echo romp-ibm-bsd${UNAME_RELEASE} # 4.3 with uname added to
exit ;;                                # report: romp-ibm BSD 4.3
*:BOSX:*:*)
echo rs6000-bull-bosx
exit ;;
    DPX/2?00:B.O.S.:*:*)
echo m68k-bull-sysv3
exit ;;
    9000/[34]?:4.3bsd:1.*:*)
echo m68k-hp-bsd
exit ;;
    hp300:4.4BSD:.* | 9000/[34]?:4.3bsd:2.*:*)
echo m68k-hp-bsd4.4
exit ;;
    9000/[34678]?:HP-UX:.*:*)
HPUX_REV=`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^\.]*/[0B]*/'`

```



```

case "${UNAME_MACHINE}" in
    9000/31?)      HP_ARCH=m68000 ;;
    9000/[34]??)  HP_ARCH=m68k ;;
    9000/[678][0-9][0-9])
if [ -x /usr/bin/getconf ]; then
    sc_cpu_version=`usr/bin/getconf SC_CPU_VERSION 2>/dev/null`
    sc_kernel_bits=`usr/bin/getconf SC_KERNEL_BITS 2>/dev/null`
    case "${sc_cpu_version}" in
        523) HP_ARCH="hppa1.0" ;; # CPU_PA_RISC1_0
        528) HP_ARCH="hppa1.1" ;; # CPU_PA_RISC1_1
        532)      # CPU_PA_RISC2_0
    case "${sc_kernel_bits}" in
        32) HP_ARCH="hppa2.0n" ;;
        64) HP_ARCH="hppa2.0w" ;;
        ") HP_ARCH="hppa2.0" ;; # HP-UX 10.20
    esac ;;
    esac
fi
if [ "${HP_ARCH}" = "" ]; then
    eval $set_cc_for_build
    sed 's/^ //' << EOF >$dummy.c

```

```
#define _HPUX_SOURCE
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{
```

```
#if defined(_SC_KERNEL_BITS)
```

```
    long bits = sysconf(_SC_KERNEL_BITS);
```

```
#endif
```

```
    long cpu = sysconf (_SC_CPU_VERSION);
```

```
    switch (cpu)
```

```
{
```

```
case CPU_PA_RISC1_0: puts ("hppa1.0"); break;
```

```
case CPU_PA_RISC1_1: puts ("hppa1.1"); break;
```

```
case CPU_PA_RISC2_0:
```

```
#if defined(_SC_KERNEL_BITS)
```

```
    switch (bits)
```

```
{
```

```
case 64: puts ("hppa2.0w"); break;
```

```
case 32: puts ("hppa2.0n"); break;
```

```
default: puts ("hppa2.0"); break;
```

```
    } break;
```

```
#else /* !defined(_SC_KERNEL_BITS) */
```

```
    puts ("hppa2.0"); break;
```

```
#endif
```

```

default: puts ("hppa1.0"); break;
}
    exit (0);
}
EOF
    (CCOPTS= $CC_FOR_BUILD -o $dummy $dummy.c 2>/dev/null) && HP_ARCH=`$dummy`
    test -z "$HP_ARCH" && HP_ARCH=hppa
fi ;;
esac
if [ ${HP_ARCH} = "hppa2.0w" ]
then
    eval $set_cc_for_build

    # hppa2.0w-hp-hpux* has a 64-bit kernel and a compiler generating
    # 32-bit code. hppa64-hp-hpux* has the same kernel and a compiler
    # generating 64-bit code. GNU and HP use different nomenclature:
    #
    # $ CC_FOR_BUILD=cc ./config.guess
    # => hppa2.0w-hp-hpux11.23
    # $ CC_FOR_BUILD="cc +DA2.0w" ./config.guess
    # => hppa64-hp-hpux11.23

    if echo __LP64__ | (CCOPTS= $CC_FOR_BUILD -E - 2>/dev/null) |
grep -q __LP64__
    then
        HP_ARCH="hppa2.0w"
    else
        HP_ARCH="hppa64"
    fi
fi
echo ${HP_ARCH}-hp-hpux${HPUX_REV}
exit ;;
    ia64:HP-UX:.*:*)
HPUX_REV=`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^\.]*. [0B]*//`
echo ia64-hp-hpux${HPUX_REV}
exit ;;
    3050*:HI-UX:.*:*)
eval $set_cc_for_build
sed 's/^ //' << EOF >$dummy.c
#include <unistd.h>
int
main ()
{
    long cpu = sysconf (_SC_CPU_VERSION);
    /* The order matters, because CPU_IS_HP_MC68K erroneously returns
    true for CPU_PA_RISC1_0. CPU_IS_PA_RISC returns correct
    results, however. */
    if (CPU_IS_PA_RISC (cpu))

```

```

    {
        switch (cpu)
        {
            case CPU_PA_RISC1_0: puts ("hppa1.0-hitachi-hiuxwe2"); break;
            case CPU_PA_RISC1_1: puts ("hppa1.1-hitachi-hiuxwe2"); break;
            case CPU_PA_RISC2_0: puts ("hppa2.0-hitachi-hiuxwe2"); break;
            default: puts ("hppa-hitachi-hiuxwe2"); break;
        }
    }
    else if (CPU_IS_HP_MC68K (cpu))
        puts ("m68k-hitachi-hiuxwe2");
    else puts ("unknown-hitachi-hiuxwe2");
    exit (0);
}
EOF
$CC_FOR_BUILD -o $dummy $dummy.c && SYSTEM_NAME=`$dummy` &&
{ echo "$SYSTEM_NAME"; exit; }
echo unknown-hitachi-hiuxwe2
exit ;;
9000/7???:4.3bsd:*:*) | 9000/8?[79]:4.3bsd:*:*)
echo hppa1.1-hp-bsd
exit ;;
9000/8???:4.3bsd:*:*)
echo hppa1.0-hp-bsd
exit ;;
*9???:MPE/iX:*:*) | *3000*:MPE/iX:*:*)
echo hppa1.0-hp-mpeix
exit ;;
hp7???:OSF1:*:*) | hp8?[79]:OSF1:*:*)
echo hppa1.1-hp-osf
exit ;;
hp8???:OSF1:*:*)
echo hppa1.0-hp-osf
exit ;;
i*86:OSF1:*:*)
if [ -x /usr/sbin/sysversion ] ; then
    echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-osf1mk
else
    echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-osf1
fi
exit ;;
parisc*:Lites:*:*)
echo hppa1.1-hp-lites
exit ;;
C1*:ConvexOS:*:*) | convex:ConvexOS:C1:*)
echo c1-convex-bsd
exit ;;
C2*:ConvexOS:*:*) | convex:ConvexOS:C2:*)

```

```

if getsysinfo -f scalar_acc
then echo c32-convex-bsd
else echo c2-convex-bsd
fi
exit ;;
C34*:ConvexOS:*:*) | convex:ConvexOS:C34*:*)
echo c34-convex-bsd
exit ;;
C38*:ConvexOS:*:*) | convex:ConvexOS:C38*:*)
echo c38-convex-bsd
exit ;;
C4*:ConvexOS:*:*) | convex:ConvexOS:C4*:*)
echo c4-convex-bsd
exit ;;
CRAY*Y-MP:*:*)
echo ymp-cray-unicos${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed -e 's/^[^.]*/.X/'
exit ;;
CRAY*[A-Z]90:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-cray-unicos${UNAME_RELEASE} \
| sed -e 's/CRAY.*\([A-Z]90\)\^1/' \
-e y/ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ/abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy/ \
-e 's/^[^.]*/.X/'
exit ;;
CRAY*TS:*:*)
echo t90-cray-unicos${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed -e 's/^[^.]*/.X/'
exit ;;
CRAY*T3E:*:*)
echo alphaev5-cray-unicosmk${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed -e 's/^[^.]*/.X/'
exit ;;
CRAY*SV1:*:*)
echo sv1-cray-unicos${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed -e 's/^[^.]*/.X/'
exit ;;
*:UNICOS/mp:*)
echo craynv-cray-unicosmp${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed -e 's/^[^.]*/.X/'
exit ;;
F30[01]:UNIX_System_V:*) | F700:UNIX_System_V:*)
FUJITSU_PROC=`uname -m | tr 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ' 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz'`
FUJITSU_SYS=`uname -p | tr 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ' 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz' | sed -e
's/\/\/'^
FUJITSU_REL=`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed -e 's/ /_/'`
echo "${FUJITSU_PROC}-fujitsu-${FUJITSU_SYS}${FUJITSU_REL}"
exit ;;
5000:UNIX_System_V:4:*)
FUJITSU_SYS=`uname -p | tr 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ' 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz' | sed -e
's/\/\/'^
FUJITSU_REL=`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE} | tr 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ'
'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz' | sed -e 's/ /_/'`
echo "sparc-fujitsu-${FUJITSU_SYS}${FUJITSU_REL}"

```

```

exit ;;
i*86:BSD/386:*:* | i*86:BSD/OS:*:* | *:Ascend\ Embedded/OS:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-bsdi${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
sparc*:BSD/OS:*:*)
echo sparc-unknown-bsdi${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
*:BSD/OS:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-bsdi${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
*:FreeBSD:*:*)
UNAME_PROCESSOR=`/usr/bin/uname -p`
case ${UNAME_PROCESSOR} in
amd64)
echo x86_64-unknown-freebsd`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[-(].*//` ;;
*)
echo ${UNAME_PROCESSOR}-unknown-freebsd`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[-(].*//` ;;
esac
exit ;;
i*:CYGWIN:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-cygwin
exit ;;
*:MINGW64:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-mingw64
exit ;;
*:MINGW*:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-mingw32
exit ;;
i*:MSYS*:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-msys
exit ;;
i*:windows32*:*:*)
# uname -m includes "-pc" on this system.
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-mingw32
exit ;;
i*:PW*:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-pw32
exit ;;
*:Interix*:*:*)
case ${UNAME_MACHINE} in
x86)
echo i586-pc-interix${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
authenticamd | genuineintel | EM64T)
echo x86_64-unknown-interix${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
IA64)
echo ia64-unknown-interix${UNAME_RELEASE}

```

```

exit ;;
esac ;;
  [345]86:Windows_95:* | [345]86:Windows_98:* | [345]86:Windows_NT:*)
echo i${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-mks
exit ;;
  8664:Windows_NT:*)
echo x86_64-pc-mks
exit ;;
  i*:Windows_NT*:*) | Pentium*:Windows_NT*:*)
# How do we know it's Interix rather than the generic POSIX subsystem?
# It also conflicts with pre-2.0 versions of AT&T UWIN. Should we
# UNAME_MACHINE based on the output of uname instead of i386?
echo i586-pc-interix
exit ;;
  i*:UWIN*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-uwin
exit ;;
  amd64:CYGWIN*:*) | x86_64:CYGWIN*:*)
echo x86_64-unknown-cygwin
exit ;;
  p*:CYGWIN*:*)
echo powerpcle-unknown-cygwin
exit ;;
  prep*:SunOS:5.*:*)
echo powerpcle-unknown-solaris2`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[^.]*/'^
exit ;;
  *:GNU*:*)
# the GNU system
echo `echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}|sed -e 's,[-/].*$,^-unknown-gnu`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's,/.*$,$,^
exit ;;
  *:GNU/*:*)
# other systems with GNU libc and userland
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown`echo ${UNAME_SYSTEM} | sed 's,^[^/]*/,| tr '[A-Z]' '[a-z]`echo
${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[-().*/'^-gnu
exit ;;
  i*86:Minix*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-minix
exit ;;
  aarch64:Linux*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-gnu
exit ;;
  aarch64_be:Linux*:*)
UNAME_MACHINE=aarch64_be
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-gnu
exit ;;
  alpha:Linux*:*)
case `sed -n '^cpu model/s/^.*: \(.*)\^1/p' < /proc/cpuinfo` in
EV5) UNAME_MACHINE=alphaev5 ;;

```

```

EV56) UNAME_MACHINE=alphaev56 ;;
PCA56) UNAME_MACHINE=alphapca56 ;;
PCA57) UNAME_MACHINE=alphapca56 ;;
EV6) UNAME_MACHINE=alphaev6 ;;
EV67) UNAME_MACHINE=alphaev67 ;;
EV68*) UNAME_MACHINE=alphaev68 ;;
esac
objdump --private-headers /bin/sh | grep -q ld.so.1
if test "$?" = 0 ; then LIBC="gnulibc1" ; else LIBC="" ; fi
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    arm*:Linux:*)
eval $set_cc_for_build
if echo __ARM_EABI__ | $CC_FOR_BUILD -E - 2>/dev/null \
    | grep -q __ARM_EABI__
then
    echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
else
    if echo __ARM_PCS_VFP | $CC_FOR_BUILD -E - 2>/dev/null \
    | grep -q __ARM_PCS_VFP
    then
        echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-gnueabi
    else
        echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-gnueabihf
    fi
fi
exit ;;
    avr32*:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    cris:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-axis-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    criv32:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-axis-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    frv:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    hexagon:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    i*86:Linux:*)
LIBC=gnu
eval $set_cc_for_build
sed 's/^ //' << EOF >$dummy.c
#ifdef __dietlibc__
LIBC=dietlibc

```

```

#endif
EOF
eval ` $CC_FOR_BUILD -E $dummy.c 2>/dev/null | grep '^LIBC'`
echo "${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-linux-${LIBC}"
exit ;;
ia64:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
m32r*:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
m68*:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
mips:Linux:*.* | mips64:Linux:*.*
eval $set_cc_for_build
sed 's/^ //' << EOF >$dummy.c
#undef CPU
#undef ${UNAME_MACHINE}
#undef ${UNAME_MACHINE}el
#if defined(__MIPSEL__) || defined(__MIPSEL) || defined(_MIPSEL) || defined(MIPSEL)
CPU=${UNAME_MACHINE}el
#else
#if defined(__MIPSEB__) || defined(__MIPSEB) || defined(_MIPSEB) || defined(MIPSEB)
CPU=${UNAME_MACHINE}
#else
CPU=
#endif
#endif
EOF
eval ` $CC_FOR_BUILD -E $dummy.c 2>/dev/null | grep '^CPU'`
test x"${CPU}" != x && { echo "${CPU}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}"; exit; }
;;
or32:Linux:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
padre:Linux:*)
echo sparc-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
parisc64:Linux:*.* | hppa64:Linux:*.*
echo hppa64-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
parisc:Linux:*.* | hppa:Linux:*.*
# Look for CPU level
case `grep '^cpu[^\a-z]*:' /proc/cpuinfo 2>/dev/null | cut -d' ' -f2` in
PA7*) echo hppa1.1-unknown-linux-${LIBC} ;;
PA8*) echo hppa2.0-unknown-linux-${LIBC} ;;
*) echo hppa-unknown-linux-${LIBC} ;;

```



```

esac
exit ;;
    ppc64:Linux:*:*)
echo powerpc64-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    ppc:Linux:*:*)
echo powerpc-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    s390:Linux:*:* | s390x:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-ibm-linux
exit ;;
    sh64*:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    sh*:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    sparc:Linux:*:* | sparc64:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    tile*:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    vax:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-dec-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    x86_64:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    xtensa*:Linux:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-linux-${LIBC}
exit ;;
    i*86:DYNIX/ptx:4*:*)
# ptx 4.0 does uname -s correctly, with DYNIX/ptx in there.
# earlier versions are messed up and put the nodename in both
# sysname and nodename.
echo i386-sequent-sysv4
exit ;;
    i*86:UNIX_SV:4.2MP:2.*)
# Unixware is an offshoot of SVR4, but it has its own version
# number series starting with 2...
# I am not positive that other SVR4 systems won't match this,
# I just have to hope. -- rms.
# Use sysv4.2uw... so that sysv4* matches it.
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-sysv4.2uw${UNAME_VERSION}
exit ;;
    i*86:OS/2:*:*)
# If we were able to find `uname', then EMX Unix compatibility

```

```

# is probably installed.
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-os2-emx
exit ;;
i*86:XTS-300:*:STOP)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-stop
exit ;;
i*86:atheos:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-atheos
exit ;;
i*86:syllable:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-syllable
exit ;;
i*86:LynxOS:2.*:* | i*86:LynxOS:3.[01]*:* | i*86:LynxOS:4.[02]*:* *)
echo i386-unknown-lynxos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
i*86:*DOS:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-msdosdjgpp
exit ;;
i*86:*:4.*:* | i*86:SYSTEM_V:4.*:*)
UNAME_REL=`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE} | sed 's/^\MP$/\^`
if grep Novell /usr/include/link.h >/dev/null 2>/dev/null; then
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-univel-sysv${UNAME_REL}
else
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-sysv${UNAME_REL}
fi
exit ;;
i*86:*:5:[678]*)
# UnixWare 7.x, OpenUNIX and OpenServer 6.
case `bin/uname -X | grep "^Machine" in
*486*) UNAME_MACHINE=i486 ;;
*Pentium) UNAME_MACHINE=i586 ;;
*Pent*|*Celeron) UNAME_MACHINE=i686 ;;
esac
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-
sysv${UNAME_RELEASE}${UNAME_SYSTEM}${UNAME_VERSION}
exit ;;
i*86:*:3.2:*)
if test -f /usr/options/cb.name; then
UNAME_REL=`sed -n 's/*Version //p' </usr/options/cb.name`
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-isc$UNAME_REL
elif /bin/uname -X 2>/dev/null >/dev/null ; then
UNAME_REL=`(/bin/uname -X|grep Release|sed -e 's/*.*= //')`
(/bin/uname -X|grep i80486 >/dev/null) && UNAME_MACHINE=i486
(/bin/uname -X|grep '^Machine.*Pentium' >/dev/null) \
&& UNAME_MACHINE=i586
(/bin/uname -X|grep '^Machine.*Pent *II' >/dev/null) \
&& UNAME_MACHINE=i686
(/bin/uname -X|grep '^Machine.*Pentium Pro' >/dev/null) \

```

```

    && UNAME_MACHINE=i686
    echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-sco$UNAME_REL
else
    echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-sysv32
fi
exit ;;
    pc:*:*:*)
# Left here for compatibility:
# uname -m prints for DJGPP always 'pc', but it prints nothing about
# the processor, so we play safe by assuming i586.
# Note: whatever this is, it MUST be the same as what config.sub
# prints for the "djgpp" host, or else GDB configury will decide that
# this is a cross-build.
echo i586-pc-msdosdjgpp
exit ;;
    Intel:Mach:3:*:*)
echo i386-pc-mach3
exit ;;
    paragon:*:*:*)
echo i860-intel-osf1
exit ;;
    i860:*:4.*:*:*) # i860-SVR4
if grep Stardent /usr/include/sys/uadmin.h >/dev/null 2>&1 ; then
    echo i860-stardent-sysv${UNAME_RELEASE} # Stardent Vistra i860-SVR4
else # Add other i860-SVR4 vendors below as they are discovered.
    echo i860-unknown-sysv${UNAME_RELEASE} # Unknown i860-SVR4
fi
exit ;;
    mini*:CTIX:SYS*5:*:*)
# "miniframe"
echo m68010-convergent-sysv
exit ;;
    mc68k:UNIX:SYSTEM5:3.51m)
echo m68k-convergent-sysv
exit ;;
    M680?0:D-NIX:5.3:*:*)
echo m68k-diab-dnix
exit ;;
    M68*:*:R3V[5678]*:*:*)
test -r /sysV68 && { echo 'm68k-motorola-sysv'; exit; } ;;
    3[345]??:*:4.0:3.0 | 3[34]??A:*:4.0:3.0 | 3[34]??,*:*:4.0:3.0 | 3[34]??*:*:4.0:3.0 | 4400:*:4.0:3.0 | 4850:*:4.0:3.0 |
SKA40:*:4.0:3.0 | SDS2:*:4.0:3.0 | SHG2:*:4.0:3.0 | S7501*:*:4.0:3.0)
OS_REL="
test -r /etc/.reliid \
&& OS_REL=`sed -n 's/[^ ]* [^ ]* \([0-9][0-9]\).*\1/p' </etc/.reliid`
/bin/uname -p 2>/dev/null | grep 86 >/dev/null \
    && { echo i486-ncr-sysv4.3${OS_REL}; exit; }
/bin/uname -p 2>/dev/null | /bin/grep entium >/dev/null \

```

```

    && { echo i586-ncr-sysv4.3${OS_REL}; exit; } ;;
    3[34]?:*:4.0:* | 3[34]?:*:4.0:*)
/bin/uname -p 2>/dev/null | grep 86 >/dev/null \
    && { echo i486-ncr-sysv4; exit; } ;;
    NCR?:*:4.2:* | MPRAS?:*:4.2:*)
OS_REL='.3'
test -r /etc/.relid \
    && OS_REL=`sed -n 's/[^ ]* [^ ]* \([0-9][0-9]\).*\1/p' < /etc/.relid`
/bin/uname -p 2>/dev/null | grep 86 >/dev/null \
    && { echo i486-ncr-sysv4.3${OS_REL}; exit; }
/bin/uname -p 2>/dev/null | /bin/grep entium >/dev/null \
    && { echo i586-ncr-sysv4.3${OS_REL}; exit; }
/bin/uname -p 2>/dev/null | /bin/grep pteron >/dev/null \
    && { echo i586-ncr-sysv4.3${OS_REL}; exit; } ;;
    m68*:LynxOS:2.*:* | m68*:LynxOS:3.0*:* )
echo m68k-unknown-lynxos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    mc68030:UNIX_System_V:4.*:* )
echo m68k-atari-sysv4
exit ;;
    TSUNAMI:LynxOS:2.*:* )
echo sparc-unknown-lynxos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    rs6000:LynxOS:2.*:* )
echo rs6000-unknown-lynxos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    PowerPC:LynxOS:2.*:* | PowerPC:LynxOS:3.[01]*:* | PowerPC:LynxOS:4.[02]*:* )
echo powerpc-unknown-lynxos${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    SM[BE]S:UNIX_SV:*:* )
echo mips-dde-sysv${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    RM*:ReliantUNIX-*:*:* )
echo mips-sni-sysv4
exit ;;
    RM*:SINIX-*:*:* )
echo mips-sni-sysv4
exit ;;
    *:SINIX-*:*:* )
if uname -p 2>/dev/null >/dev/null ; then
    UNAME_MACHINE=`uname -p 2>/dev/null`
    echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-sni-sysv4
else
    echo ns32k-sni-sysv
fi
exit ;;
    PENTIUM?:*:4.0*:* ) # Unisys `ClearPath HMP IX 4000' SVR4/MP effort
    # says <Richard.M.Bartel@ccMail.Census.GOV>

```

```

echo i586-unisys-sysv4
exit ;;
*:UNIX_System_V:4*:FTX*)
# From Gerald Hewes <hewes@openmarket.com>.
# How about differentiating between stratus architectures? -djm
echo hppa1.1-stratus-sysv4
exit ;;
*:*:*:FTX*)
# From seanf@swdc.stratus.com.
echo i860-stratus-sysv4
exit ;;
i*86:VOS:*:*)
# From Paul.Green@stratus.com.
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-stratus-vos
exit ;;
*:VOS:*:*)
# From Paul.Green@stratus.com.
echo hppa1.1-stratus-vos
exit ;;
mc68*:A/UX:*:*)
echo m68k-apple-aux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
news*:NEWS-OS:6*:**)
echo mips-sony-newsos6
exit ;;
R[34]000:*System_V*:*:* | R4000:UNIX_SYSV*:*:* | R*000:UNIX_SV*:*:*
if [ -d /usr/nec ]; then
echo mips-nec-sysv${UNAME_RELEASE}
else
echo mips-unknown-sysv${UNAME_RELEASE}
fi
exit ;;
BeBox:BeOS:*:*) # BeOS running on hardware made by Be, PPC only.
echo powerpc-be-beos
exit ;;
BeMac:BeOS:*:*) # BeOS running on Mac or Mac clone, PPC only.
echo powerpc-apple-beos
exit ;;
BePC:BeOS:*:*) # BeOS running on Intel PC compatible.
echo i586-pc-beos
exit ;;
BePC:Haiku:*:*) # Haiku running on Intel PC compatible.
echo i586-pc-haiku
exit ;;
x86_64:Haiku:*:*)
echo x86_64-unknown-haiku
exit ;;
SX-4:SUPER-UX:*:*)

```

```

echo sx4-nec-superux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
SX-5:SUPER-UX:*:*)
echo sx5-nec-superux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
SX-6:SUPER-UX:*:*)
echo sx6-nec-superux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
SX-7:SUPER-UX:*:*)
echo sx7-nec-superux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
SX-8:SUPER-UX:*:*)
echo sx8-nec-superux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
SX-8R:SUPER-UX:*:*)
echo sx8r-nec-superux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
Power*:Rhapsody:*:*)
echo powerpc-apple-rhapsody${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
*:Rhapsody:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-apple-rhapsody${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
*:Darwin:*:*)
UNAME_PROCESSOR=`uname -p` || UNAME_PROCESSOR=unknown
case $UNAME_PROCESSOR in
    i386)
        eval $set_cc_for_build
        if [ "$CC_FOR_BUILD" != 'no_compiler_found' ]; then
            if (echo '#ifdef __LP64__'; echo IS_64BIT_ARCH; echo '#endif') | \
                (CCOPTS= $CC_FOR_BUILD -E - 2>/dev/null) | \
                grep IS_64BIT_ARCH >/dev/null
            then
                UNAME_PROCESSOR="x86_64"
            fi
        fi ;;
    unknown) UNAME_PROCESSOR=powerpc ;;
esac
echo ${UNAME_PROCESSOR}-apple-darwin${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
*:procnto*:*:*)
*:QNX:[0123456789]*:*)
UNAME_PROCESSOR=`uname -p`
if test "$UNAME_PROCESSOR" = "x86"; then
    UNAME_PROCESSOR=i386
    UNAME_MACHINE=pc
fi
echo ${UNAME_PROCESSOR}-${UNAME_MACHINE}-nto-qnx${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;

```

```

*:QNX:*.4*)
echo i386-pc-qnx
exit ;;
  NEO-?:NONSTOP_KERNEL:*.*)
echo neo-tandem-nsk${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
  NSE-?:NONSTOP_KERNEL:*.*)
echo nse-tandem-nsk${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
  NSR-?:NONSTOP_KERNEL:*.*)
echo nsr-tandem-nsk${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
*:NonStop-UX:*.*)
echo mips-compaq-nonstopux
exit ;;
  BS2000:POSIX:*.*)
echo bs2000-siemens-sysv
exit ;;
  DS/*:UNIX_System_V:*.*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-${UNAME_SYSTEM}-${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
*:Plan9:*.*)
# "uname -m" is not consistent, so use $cputype instead. 386
# is converted to i386 for consistency with other x86
# operating systems.
if test "$cputype" = "386"; then
  UNAME_MACHINE=i386
else
  UNAME_MACHINE="$cputype"
fi
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-plan9
exit ;;
*:TOPS-10:*.*)
echo pdp10-unknown-tops10
exit ;;
*:TENEX:*.*)
echo pdp10-unknown-tenex
exit ;;
  KS10:TOPS-20:*.*) | KL10:TOPS-20:*.*) | TYPE4:TOPS-20:*.*)
echo pdp10-dec-tops20
exit ;;
  XKL-1:TOPS-20:*.*) | TYPE5:TOPS-20:*.*)
echo pdp10-xkl-tops20
exit ;;
*:TOPS-20:*.*)
echo pdp10-unknown-tops20
exit ;;
*:ITS:*.*)

```

```

echo pdp10-unknown-its
exit ;;
    SEI:*:*:SEIUX)
echo mips-sei-seiux${UNAME_RELEASE}
exit ;;
    *:DragonFly:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-dragonfly`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}|sed -e 's/[-(].*//'^
exit ;;
    *:*VMS:*:*)
UNAME_MACHINE=`(uname -p) 2>/dev/null`
case "${UNAME_MACHINE}" in
    A*) echo alpha-dec-vms ; exit ;;
    I*) echo ia64-dec-vms ; exit ;;
    V*) echo vax-dec-vms ; exit ;;
esac ;;
    *:XENIX:*:SysV)
echo i386-pc-xenix
exit ;;
    i*86:skyos:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-skyos`echo ${UNAME_RELEASE}` | sed -e 's/.*$//'
exit ;;
    i*86:rdos:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-rdos
exit ;;
    i*86:AROS:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-pc-aros
exit ;;
    x86_64:VMkernel:*:*)
echo ${UNAME_MACHINE}-unknown-esx
exit ;;
esac

eval $set_cc_for_build
cat >$dummy.c <<EOF
#ifdef _SEQUENT_
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/utsname.h>
#endif
main ()
{
#ifdef (sony)
#ifdef (MIPSEB)
/* BFD wants "bsd" instead of "newsos". Perhaps BFD should be changed,
   I don't know.... */
printf ("mips-sony-bsd\n"); exit (0);
#else
#include <sys/param.h>
printf ("m68k-sony-newsos%s\n",

```



```

#ifdef NEWSOS4
    "4"
#else
    ""
#endif
); exit (0);
#endif
#endif

#if defined (__arm) && defined (__acorn) && defined (__unix)
    printf ("arm-acorn-riscix\n"); exit (0);
#endif

#if defined (hp300) && !defined (hpux)
    printf ("m68k-hp-bsd\n"); exit (0);
#endif

#if defined (NeXT)
    #if !defined (__ARCHITECTURE__)
        #define __ARCHITECTURE__ "m68k"
    #endif
    int version;
    version=`(hostinfo | sed -n 's/.*NeXT Mach \([0-9]*\).*\1/p') 2>/dev/null`;
    if (version < 4)
        printf ("%s-next-nextstep%d\n", __ARCHITECTURE__, version);
    else
        printf ("%s-next-openstep%d\n", __ARCHITECTURE__, version);
    exit (0);
#endif

#if defined (MULTIMAX) || defined (n16)
    #if defined (UMAXV)
        printf ("ns32k-encore-sysv\n"); exit (0);
    #else
        #if defined (CMU)
            printf ("ns32k-encore-mach\n"); exit (0);
        #else
            printf ("ns32k-encore-bsd\n"); exit (0);
        #endif
    #endif
#endif
#endif
#endif

#if defined (__386BSD__)
    printf ("i386-pc-bsd\n"); exit (0);
#endif

#if defined (sequent)
    #if defined (i386)

```

```

printf ("i386-sequent-dynix\n"); exit (0);
#endif
#if defined (ns32000)
printf ("ns32k-sequent-dynix\n"); exit (0);
#endif
#endif

#if defined (_SEQUENT_)
struct utsname un;

uname(&un);

if (strncmp(un.version, "V2", 2) == 0) {
printf ("i386-sequent-ptx2\n"); exit (0);
}
if (strncmp(un.version, "V1", 2) == 0) { /* XXX is V1 correct? */
printf ("i386-sequent-ptx1\n"); exit (0);
}
printf ("i386-sequent-ptx\n"); exit (0);

#endif

#if defined (vax)
# if !defined (ultrix)
# include <sys/param.h>
# if defined (BSD)
# if BSD == 43
printf ("vax-dec-bsd4.3\n"); exit (0);
# else
# if BSD == 199006
printf ("vax-dec-bsd4.3reno\n"); exit (0);
# else
printf ("vax-dec-bsd\n"); exit (0);
# endif
# endif
# else
printf ("vax-dec-bsd\n"); exit (0);
# endif
# else
printf ("vax-dec-ultrix\n"); exit (0);
# endif
#endif

#if defined (alliant) && defined (i860)
printf ("i860-alliant-bsd\n"); exit (0);
#endif

exit (1);

```

```

}
EOF

$CC_FOR_BUILD -o $dummy $dummy.c 2>/dev/null && SYSTEM_NAME=`$dummy` &&
{ echo "$SYSTEM_NAME"; exit; }

# Apollos put the system type in the environment.

test -d /usr/apollo && { echo ${ISP}-apollo-${SYSTYPE}; exit; }

# Convex versions that predate uname can use getsysinfo(1)

if [ -x /usr/convex/getsysinfo ]
then
  case `getsysinfo -f cpu_type` in
    c1*)
      echo c1-convex-bsd
      exit ;;
    c2*)
      if getsysinfo -f scalar_acc
      then echo c32-convex-bsd
      else echo c2-convex-bsd
      fi
      exit ;;
    c34*)
      echo c34-convex-bsd
      exit ;;
    c38*)
      echo c38-convex-bsd
      exit ;;
    c4*)
      echo c4-convex-bsd
      exit ;;
    esac
  fi

cat >&2 <<EOF
$0: unable to guess system type

```

This script, last modified \$timestamp, has failed to recognize the operating system you are using. It is advised that you download the most up to date version of the config scripts from

http://git.savannah.gnu.org/gitweb/?p=config.git;a=blob_plain;f=config.guess;hb=HEAD
and
http://git.savannah.gnu.org/gitweb/?p=config.git;a=blob_plain;f=config.sub;hb=HEAD

If the version you run (\$0) is already up to date, please

send the following data and any information you think might be pertinent to <config-patches@gnu.org> in order to provide the needed information to handle your system.

```
config.guess timestamp = $timestamp
```

```
uname -m = `(uname -m) 2>/dev/null || echo unknown`  
uname -r = `(uname -r) 2>/dev/null || echo unknown`  
uname -s = `(uname -s) 2>/dev/null || echo unknown`  
uname -v = `(uname -v) 2>/dev/null || echo unknown`
```

```
/usr/bin/uname -p = `(/usr/bin/uname -p) 2>/dev/null`  
/bin/uname -X = `(/bin/uname -X) 2>/dev/null`
```

```
hostinfo = `(hostinfo) 2>/dev/null`  
/bin/universe = `(/bin/universe) 2>/dev/null`  
/usr/bin/arch -k = `(/usr/bin/arch -k) 2>/dev/null`  
/bin/arch = `(/bin/arch) 2>/dev/null`  
/usr/bin/oslevel = `(/usr/bin/oslevel) 2>/dev/null`  
/usr/convex/getsysinfo = `(/usr/convex/getsysinfo) 2>/dev/null`
```

```
UNAME_MACHINE = ${UNAME_MACHINE}  
UNAME_RELEASE = ${UNAME_RELEASE}  
UNAME_SYSTEM = ${UNAME_SYSTEM}  
UNAME_VERSION = ${UNAME_VERSION}  
EOF
```

```
exit 1
```

```
# Local variables:  
# eval: (add-hook 'write-file-hooks 'time-stamp)  
# time-stamp-start: "timestamp=""  
# time-stamp-format: "%:y-%02m-%02d"  
# time-stamp-end: ""  
# End:
```

1.63 readline 6.3

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1.64 libdevmapper 1.02

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1.67 gawk 4.0.0

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data

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That's all there is to it!

1.68 nettle 2.7.1

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```
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1.70 ncurses 5.9

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1.71 audit 3.12.gf885037

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. The `grn' preprocessor, written by Barry Roitblat <barry@rentonww.com> and David Slattengren <slatteng@Xinet.COM>. These files have been part of the original Berkeley ditroff distribution, without AT&T code, and are in the public domain.

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```
src/preproc/grn/gprint.h
src/preproc/grn/hdb.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hgraph.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hpoint.cpp
src/preproc/grn/main.cpp
```

. The `gxditview' output device. It is based on X11's `xditview' program and thus has the X license.

```
src/devices/xditview/DESC.in
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.c
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.h
src/devices/xditview/DviP.h
src/devices/xditview/FontMap
src/devices/xditview/GXditview.ad
src/devices/xditview/Menu.h
src/devices/xditview/ad2c
src/devices/xditview/device.c
src/devices/xditview/device.h
src/devices/xditview/draw.c
src/devices/xditview/font.c
src/devices/xditview/gray1.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray2.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray3.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray4.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray5.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray6.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray7.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray8.bm
src/devices/xditview/gxditview.man
src/devices/xditview/lex.c
src/devices/xditview/page.c
src/devices/xditview/parse.c
src/devices/xditview/xdit.bm
src/devices/xditview/xdit_mask.bm
src/devices/xditview/xditview.c
```

```
src/include/DviChar.h
src/include/XFontName.h
```

```
src/libs/libxutil/DviChar.c
src/libs/libxutil/XFontName.c
```

Macro Packages

. The -mdoc macro set, using the BSD license.

```
tmac/doc.tmac
tmac/doc-old.tmac
tmac/doc-common
tmac/doc-ditroff
tmac/doc-nroff
```

tmac/doc-syms
tmac/groff_mdoc.man

. The -me macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/e.tmac
tmac/groff_me.man
doc/meintro.me
doc/meintro_fr.me
doc/meref.me

Hyphenation Patterns

. The file ``tmac/hyphen.us'` is identical to the file ``hyphen.tex'`, part of the TeX system written by Donald E. Knuth; the master file can be found at

<ftp://labrea.stanford.edu/pub/tex/dist/lib/hyphen.tex> .

It has been renamed for consistency, i.e., to make patterns available under the filenames ``hyphen.<language>'`, e.g. ``hyphen.de'` or ``hyphen.uk'`.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.fr'` contains the same patterns as the file ``frhyph.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

<http://dante.ctan.org/CTAN/language/hyphenation/frhyph.tex> .

The patterns have been converted to a format groff can understand.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.sv'` is identical to the file ``svhyph.tex'`, which can be found at

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. The files ``tmac/hyphen.det'` and ``tmac/hyphen.den'` contain the same patterns as the files ``dehypht-x-2017-03-31.pat'` and ``dehyphn-x-2017-03-31.pat'` (for TeX), respectively, which can be found at

<http://ctan.org/tex-archive/language/hyphenation/dehyph-exptl>

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. The file `tmac/hyphen.cs' contains the same patterns as the file
`czhyphen.tex' (for TeX), which can be found in the archive

<http://dante.ctan.org/CTAN/macros/cstex/base/csplain.tar.gz> .

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.78 popt 1.16

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```
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```

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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```

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1.80 tdb 1.42.9

1.80.1 Available under license :

```
#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
```

```
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'/'$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))
```

```
install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
```

```
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
```

```
$(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

```
install-strip: install
```

```
install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs
```

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
```

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean::
```

```
$(RM) -rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

Upstream Author: Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the ss command-line interface parsing library library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
tsx-11.mit.edu/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the EXT2 file system utilities (e2fsck, mke2fs, etc.). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the

users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

*/

/*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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```
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```

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```
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the Common Error
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system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>,
from sources obtained from a mirror of:
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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1.81 json-c 0.9

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1.82 vim 7.4.481

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

uganda.txt For Vim version 8.2. Last change: 2019 Dec 07

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

uganda *Uganda* *copying* *copyright* *license*

SUMMARY

iccf *ICCF*

Vim is Charityware. You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda. Please see [kcc] below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

<http://www.iccf.nl/>

You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see [manual-copyright].

=== begin of license ===

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D) There are no restrictions on distributing unmodified copies of Vim except that they must include this license text. You can also distribute unmodified parts of Vim, likewise unrestricted except that they must include this license text. You are also allowed to include executables that you made from the unmodified Vim sources, plus your own usage examples and Vim scripts.

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- 1) This license text must be included unmodified.
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- a) If you make changes to Vim yourself, you must clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. When the maintainer asks you (in any way) for a copy of the modified Vim you distributed, you must make your changes, including source code, available to the maintainer without fee. The maintainer reserves the right to include your changes in the official version of Vim. What the maintainer will do with your changes and under what license they will be distributed is negotiable. If there has been no negotiation then this license, or a later version, also applies to your changes. The current maintainer is Bram Moolenaar <Bram@vim.org>. If this changes it will be announced in appropriate places (most likely vim.sf.net, www.vim.org and/or comp.editors). When it is completely impossible to contact the maintainer, the obligation to send him your changes ceases. Once the maintainer has confirmed that he has received your changes they will not have to be sent again.

- b) If you have received a modified Vim that was distributed as

mentioned under a) you are allowed to further distribute it unmodified, as mentioned at I). If you make additional changes the text under a) applies to those changes.

c) Provide all the changes, including source code, with every copy of the modified Vim you distribute. This may be done in the form of a context diff. You can choose what license to use for new code you add. The changes and their license must not restrict others from making their own changes to the official version of Vim.

d) When you have a modified Vim which includes changes as mentioned under c), you can distribute it without the source code for the changes if the following three conditions are met:

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- You keep the changes for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim. When the maintainer or someone who you distributed the modified Vim to asks you (in any way) for the changes within this period, you must make them available to him.
- You clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. This contact information must remain valid for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim, or as long as possible.

e) When the GNU General Public License (GPL) applies to the changes, you can distribute the modified Vim under the GNU GPL version 2 or any later version.

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4) The contact information as required under 2)a) and 2)d) must not be removed or changed, except that the person himself can make corrections.

III) If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you are encouraged to use the Vim license for your changes and make them available to the maintainer, including the source code. The preferred way to do this is by e-mail or by uploading the files to a server and e-mailing the URL. If the number of changes is small (e.g., a modified Makefile) e-mailing a context diff will do. The e-mail address to be used is
<maintainer@vim.org>

IV) It is not allowed to remove this license from the distribution of the Vim sources, parts of it or from a modified version. You may use this license for previous Vim releases instead of the license that they came with, at your option.

==== end of license ====

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.
- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.
- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.
- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.
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=====
Kibaale Children's Centre *kcc* *Kibaale* *charity*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is

also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

donate

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Furthermore, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is

visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: *iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.

Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy
10238-168 Street
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4
Canada
Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.

This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:

<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any

country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:noet:ft=help:norl:

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'show w'.
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```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.83 u-boot 1.0.1

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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1.85 lapack 3.5.0 2ubuntu1

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1.86 sed 4.1.5

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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1.89 elfutils 0.148

1.89.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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- c) If the modified program normally reads commands interactively when run, you must cause it, when started running for such interactive use in the most ordinary way, to print or display an announcement including an appropriate copyright notice and a notice that there is no warranty (or else, saying that you provide a warranty) and that users may redistribute the program under these conditions, and telling the user how to view a copy of this License. (Exception: if the Program itself is interactive but does not normally print such an announcement, your work based on the Program is not required to print an announcement.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Program.

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- c) Accompany it with the information you received as to the offer to distribute corresponding source code. (This alternative is allowed only for noncommercial distribution and only if you received the program in object code or executable form with such an offer, in accord with Subsection b above.)

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
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```

```
This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,  
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```

```
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```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.90 iconv 2.20

1.91 kmod 2.2.8

1.91.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the

Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy

from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.93 openssh 6.2

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/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

typedef struct pollfd {
    int fd;
    short events;
    short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
#endif

```

```
#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */
```

```
int poll(struct pollfd *, nfd_t, int);
```

```
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
```

```
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
```

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* @version 3.0 (December 2000)

*

* Optimised ANSI C code for the Rijndael cipher (now AES)

*

* @author Vincent Rijmen <vincent.rijmen@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>

* @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>

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*/

#ifndef HAVE_SETRESGID

int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);

#endif

#ifndef HAVE_SETRESUID

int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);

#endif

/*

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*/

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H

#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID

/* Clean out any potential issues */

#undef WIFEXITED

#undef WIFSTOPPED

#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */

#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */

#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))

#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)

```

#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */

```

1.94 nfs-utils 1.3.0

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1.98 tcp-wrappers 7.6

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1.99 Irzsz 0.12.20

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```
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protname.c - return the name of the protocol used  
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```

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```
*/  
#include "zglobal.h"  
  
/* this code was duplicate in lrz.c and lsz.c */  
  
const char *  
protname(void)  
{
```

```
const char *prot_name;
switch(protocol) {
case ZM_XMODEM:
    prot_name="XMODEM";
    break;
case ZM_YMODEM:
    prot_name="YMODEM";
    break;
default:
    prot_name="ZMODEM";
    break;
}
return prot_name;
}
```

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1.101 sqlite 3.8.10.2

1.102 gnutls 28.38.0

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```
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## Constant-time SSSE3 AES core implementation.  
## version 0.1  
##  
## By Mike Hamburg (Stanford University), 2009  
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##  
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1.103 libtecla 1.4.1

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1.104 libcap 1.10-1

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```
/* <filename>.c
```

```
*
```

```
* $Id: gpl-template.txt 43536 2012-06-28 22:56:06Z darkjames $
```

```
*
```

```
* Wireshark - Network traffic analyzer
```

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```

```
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Files: wiretap/erf.c

wiretap/erf.h

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epan/dissectors/pidl/mapi/mapi.idl

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/* <filename>.c

*

* Wireshark - Network traffic analyzer

* By Gerald Combs <gerald@wireshark.org>

* Copyright 1998 Gerald Combs

*

* SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0-or-later

*/

Installing Wireshark on FreeBSD/OpenBSD/NetBSD/DragonFly BSD

1. Extra packages required
2. Compiling Wireshark
3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement
4. Running Wireshark as a non-root user

1. Extra packages required

Wireshark requires a number of additional programs to function.

Install the latest versions of the following programs before compiling:

The easiest way to install these is by using your operating system's ports or packages system. If you prefer to build from source, the programs can be found at the following sites:

glib 2.32 or later:

<ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/glib/>
<http://ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/glib/>

pkgconfig:

<http://pkgconfig.freedesktop.org/releases/>

python 3.4 or later:

<https://www.python.org/downloads/source/>

If you want to use the Wireshark GUI, install one or both of these toolkits:

Qt 5.2 or later:

http://download.qt-project.org/official_releases/qt/

(These programs may require additional dependencies)

Additional programs can be used to enhance Wireshark's functionality.

These can be found by typing `./configure --help` or looking at the output at the end of running the configure script.

2. Compiling Wireshark

To compile Wireshark with the default options, run `configure`, `make` and `make install` (you may have to run `"autogen.sh"` first):


```
./configure
make
make install
```

The configure and make steps can be run as a non-root user and you can run Wireshark from the compilation directory itself. You must run make install as root in order to copy the program to the proper directories.

3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement

In order to capture packets (with Wireshark/TShark, tcpdump, or any other packet capture program) on a BSD system, your kernel must have the Berkeley Packet Filter mechanism enabled. The default kernel configurations in recent versions of BSD systems have this enabled already. To verify the bpf device is present, look in the /dev directory:

```
ls -l /dev/bpf*
```

You should see one or more bpf devices listed similar to this:

```
crw----- 1 root wheel  0, 90 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf0
crw----- 1 root wheel  0, 91 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf1
```

Packet-capturing programs will pick the first bpf device that's not in use. Recent versions of most BSDs will create bpf devices as needed, so you don't have to configure the number of devices that will be available.

4. Running wireshark as a non-root user

Since the bpf devices are read-only by the owner (root), you normally have to run packet capturing programs such as Wireshark as root. It is safer to run programs as a non-root user if possible. To run Wireshark as a non-root user, you must change the permissions on the bpf device(s). If you are the only user that needs to use Wireshark, the easiest way is to change the owner of each bpf device to your username. You can also add the read/write ability to the group (typically wheel) and add users that need to use Wireshark to the wheel group. Check your operating system's documentation on how to make permanent these changes as they are often reset upon reboot; if /dev is implemented with devfs, it might be possible to configure devfs to create all bpf devices owned by a particular user and/or group and with particular permissions. In FreeBSD 6.0 and later this can be done by creating an /etc/devfs.rules file with content such as

```
[localrules=10]
```

```
add path 'bpf*' {mode and permissions}
```

where "mode and permissions" can include clauses such as

```
mode {octal permissions}
```

to set the permissions on the device (e.g., "mode 0660" to set the permissions to rw-rw-r--),

```
user {user}
```

to set the user who owns the device, or

```
group {group}
```

to set the group that owns the device and adding a line such as

```
devfs_system_ruleset=localrules
```

to /etc/rc.conf. For example, an /etc/devfs.rules file with

```
[localrules=10]
add path 'bpf*' mode 0660 group wheel
```

will grant read and write permissions on all BPF devices to all users in the "wheel" group.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# Copyright (c) 2013 The Chromium Authors. All rights reserved.
#
# SPDX-License-Identifier: BSD-3-Clause
#
"""Makes sure that all files contain proper licensing information."""
```

```
import optparse
import os.path
import subprocess
import sys
```

```
def PrintUsage():
    print("""Usage: python checklicenses.py [--root <root>] [tocheck]
--root Specifies the repository root. This defaults to "." relative
      to the script file. This will be correct given the normal location
      of the script in "<root>/tools".

--ignore-suppressions Ignores path-specific license whitelist. Useful when
      trying to remove a suppression/whitelist entry.
```

tocheck Specifies the directory, relative to root, to check. This defaults to "." so it checks everything.

Examples:

```
python checklicenses.py
python checklicenses.py --root ~/chromium/src third_party""")
```

```
WHITELISTED_LICENSES = [
    'BSD',
    'BSD (2 clause)',
    'BSD (2 clause) GPL (v2 or later)',
    'BSD (3 clause)',
    'GPL (v2 or later)',
    'GPL (v3 or later) (with Bison parser exception)',
    'ISC',
    'ISC GPL (v2 or later)',
    'LGPL (v2 or later)',
    'LGPL (v2.1 or later)',
    'MIT/X11 (BSD like)',
    'Public domain',
    'Public domain GPL (v2 or later)',
    'Public domain MIT/X11 (BSD like)',
    'zlib/libpng',
    'zlib/libpng GPL (v2 or later)',
]
```

```
PATH_SPECIFIC_WHITELISTED_LICENSES = {
    'caputils/airpcap.h': [
        'BSD-3-Clause',
    ],
    'wsutil/strnatcmp.c': [
        'Zlib',
    ],
    'wsutil/strnatcmp.h': [
        'Zlib',
    ],
    'dtds': [
        'UNKNOWN',
    ],
    'diameter/dictionary.dtd': [
        'UNKNOWN',
    ],
    'wimaxasn1p/dictionary.dtd': [
        'UNKNOWN',
    ],
}
```

```
'doc/': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'docbook/custom_layer_chm.xsl': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'docbook/custom_layer_single_html.xsl': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'docbook/ws.css': [  
    'UNKNOWN'  
],  
'fix': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'wsutil/g711.c': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'packaging/macosx': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'epan/except.c': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'epan/except.h': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'cmake/TestFileOffsetBits.c': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
# Generated header files by lex/yacc/whatever  
'epan/dtd_grammar.h': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'epan/dfilter/grammar.h': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'epan/dfilter/grammar.c': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'epan/dissectors/packet-ieee80211-radiotap-iter.': [ # Using ISC license only  
    'ISC GPL (v2)'  
],  
'plugins/mate/mate_grammar.h': [  
    'UNKNOWN',  
],  
'version.h': [  
    'UNKNOWN',
```

```

],
# Special IDL license that appears to be compatible as far as I (not a
# lawyer) can tell. See
# https://www.wireshark.org/lists/wireshark-dev/201310/msg00234.html
'epan/dissectors/pidl/idl_types.h': [
    'UNKNOWN',
],
# Written by Ronnie Sahlberg and correctly licensed, but cannot include
# a license header despite the file extension as they need to be
# parsed by the pidl tool
'epan/dissectors/pidl/mapi/request.cnf.c': [
    'UNKNOWN',
],
'epan/dissectors/pidl/mapi/response.cnf.c': [
    'UNKNOWN',
],
# The following tools are under incompatible licenses (mostly GPLv3 or
# GPLv3+), but this is OK since they are not actually linked into Wireshark
'tools/pidl': [
    'UNKNOWN',
],
'tools/lemon': [
    'UNKNOWN',
],
'tools/licensecheck.pl': [
    'GPL (v2)'
],
# Generated files for GTK pixbuf binary bundling
'ui/gtk/wireshark-gresources.h': [
    'UNKNOWN',
],
'ui/gtk/wireshark-gresources.c': [
    'UNKNOWN',
],
}

```

```

def check_licenses(options, args):
    # Figure out which directory we have to check.
    if len(args) == 0:
        # No directory to check specified, use the repository root.
        start_dir = options.base_directory
    elif len(args) == 1:
        # Directory specified. Start here. It's supposed to be relative to the
        # base directory.
        start_dir = os.path.abspath(os.path.join(options.base_directory, args[0]))
    else:
        # More than one argument, we don't handle this.
        PrintUsage()

```

```

return 1

print("Using base directory: %s" % options.base_directory)
print("Checking: %s" % start_dir)
print("")

licensecheck_path = os.path.abspath(os.path.join(options.base_directory,
                                                'tools',
                                                'licensecheck.pl'))

licensecheck = subprocess.Popen([licensecheck_path,
                                '-l', '150',
                                '-r', start_dir],
                                stdout=subprocess.PIPE,
                                stderr=subprocess.PIPE)
stdout, stderr = licensecheck.communicate()
if sys.version_info[0] >= 3:
    stdout = stdout.decode('utf-8')
    stderr = stderr.decode('utf-8')
if options.verbose:
    print('----- licensecheck stdout -----')
    print(stdout)
    print('----- end licensecheck stdout -----')
if licensecheck.returncode != 0 or stderr:
    print('----- licensecheck stderr -----')
    print(stderr)
    print('----- end licensecheck stderr -----')
    print("\nFAILED\n")
    return 1

success = True
exit_status = 0
for line in stdout.splitlines():
    filename, license = line.split(':', 1)
    filename = os.path.relpath(filename.strip(), options.base_directory)

    # All files in the build output directory are generated one way or another.
    # There's no need to check them.
    if filename.startswith('out/') or filename.startswith('sconsbuild/'):
        continue

    # For now we're just interested in the license.
    license = license.replace('*No copyright*', '').strip()

    # Skip generated files.
    if 'GENERATED FILE' in license:
        continue

```

```

# Support files which provide a choice between licenses.
if any(item in WHITELISTED_LICENSES for item in license.split(';')):
    continue

if not options.ignore_suppressions:
    found_path_specific = False
    for prefix in PATH_SPECIFIC_WHITELISTED_LICENSES:
        if filename.startswith(prefix) and
            license in PATH_SPECIFIC_WHITELISTED_LICENSES[prefix]:
            found_path_specific = True
            break
    if found_path_specific:
        continue

reason = "%s' has non-whitelisted license '%s'" % (filename, license)
success = False
print(reason)
exit_status = 1

if success:
    print("\nSUCCESS\n")
    return 0
else:
    print("\nFAILED\n")
    return exit_status

def main():
    default_root = os.path.abspath(
        os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), '..'))
    option_parser = optparse.OptionParser()
    option_parser.add_option('--root', default=default_root,
                             dest='base_directory',
                             help='Specifies the repository root. This defaults '
                             'to "../.." relative to the script file, which '
                             'will normally be the repository root.')
    option_parser.add_option('-v', '--verbose', action='store_true',
                             default=False, help='Print debug logging')
    option_parser.add_option('--ignore-suppressions',
                             action='store_true',
                             default=False,
                             help='Ignore path-specific license whitelist.')
    options, args = option_parser.parse_args()
    return check_licenses(options, args)

if '__main__' == __name__:
    sys.exit(main())

```

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Description: Change location of license file in about dialog

Forwarded: not-needed

Author: Frederic Peters <fpeters@debian.org>

```
--- a/ui/qt/about_dialog.cpp
+++ b/ui/qt/about_dialog.cpp
@@ -335,7 +335,7 @@
#if defined(_WIN32)
    f_license.setFileName(get_datafile_path("COPYING.txt"));
#else
- f_license.setFileName(get_datafile_path("COPYING"));
+ f_license.setFileName(get_datafile_path("ABOUT.GPL"));
#endif
```

```
f_license.open(QFile::ReadOnly | QFile::Text);
```

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1.108 sysv-init 2.86

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1.109 xz 5.0.99

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1.110 dash 1.22.1

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1.111 e2fsprogs 1.43

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This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
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Theodore Ts'o
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the static EXT2 file system consistency checker (e2fsck.static). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card

<card@masi.ibp.fr>.

Sources were obtained from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

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#

This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
libraries.

#

In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0

BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce

BSDLIB_MYDIR = et

BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = \$(SHLIBDIR)

#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile

@echo " MKDIR pic"

@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = \$(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.\$(BSDLIB_VERSION)

BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: \$(BSD_LIB)

\$(BSD_LIB): \$(OBJS)

(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o \$(BSD_LIB) \$(LDFLAGS_SHLIB) \$(OBJS))

\$(MV) pic/\$(BSD_LIB) .

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's/lib/;;'/'$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

```
=====
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
/*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      2005
+ Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      1999-2005
+ Copyright (C) Jeremy Allison      2000-2006
+ Copyright (C) Paul `Rusty' Russell  2000
```

```
** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb
** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released
This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007
```

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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1.112 telnetd 1.9.2

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1.113 linux-kernel 2.6.27.47

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for the initial saa7146 driver and it's recent overhaul

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for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

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Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>
for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacompt.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>
for patching the cable card decoder driver

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for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

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for his AFC kernel thread

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for his LIRC infrared handler

Andreas Oberritter <obi@linuxtv.org>

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Florian Schirmer <jolt@tuxbox.org>

Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>

Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>

...and all the other dbox2 people

for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

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for many bugfixes

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for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

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Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>

for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

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for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

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for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

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for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a
line to the DVB mailing list)

```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
```

```

* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*   combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*   recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
*
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

```

1.114 hostapd 2.2

1.114.1 Available under license :

wpa_supplicant and hostapd

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1.115 netbsd-resolv 2.20

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes

a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated

interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must

be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference

directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you

distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility

is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work

under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot

use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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```

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```
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```

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1.124 groff 1.0

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Source Files

. The `grn' preprocessor, written by Barry Roitblat <barry@rentonww.com> and David Slattengren <slatteng@Xinet.COM>. These files have been part of the original Berkeley ditroff distribution, without AT&T code, and are in the public domain.

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```
src/preproc/grn/gprint.h
src/preproc/grn/hdb.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hgraph.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hpoint.cpp
src/preproc/grn/main.cpp
```

. The `gxditview' output device. It is based on X11's `xditview' program and thus has the X license.

```
src/devices/xditview/DESC.in
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.c
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.h
src/devices/xditview/DviP.h
```

src/devices/xditview/FontMap
src/devices/xditview/GXditview.ad
src/devices/xditview/Menu.h
src/devices/xditview/ad2c
src/devices/xditview/device.c
src/devices/xditview/device.h
src/devices/xditview/draw.c
src/devices/xditview/font.c
src/devices/xditview/gray1.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray2.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray3.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray4.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray5.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray6.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray7.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray8.bm
src/devices/xditview/gxditview.man
src/devices/xditview/lex.c
src/devices/xditview/page.c
src/devices/xditview/parse.c
src/devices/xditview/xdit.bm
src/devices/xditview/xdit_mask.bm
src/devices/xditview/xditview.c

src/include/DviChar.h
src/include/XFontName.h

src/libs/libxutil/DviChar.c
src/libs/libxutil/XFontName.c

Macro Packages

. The -mdoc macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/doc.tmac
tmac/doc-old.tmac
tmac/doc-common
tmac/doc-ditroff
tmac/doc-nroff
tmac/doc-syms
tmac/groff_mdoc.man

. The -me macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/e.tmac
tmac/groff_me.man

doc/meintro.me
doc/meintro_fr.me
doc/meref.me

Hyphenation Patterns

. The file ``tmac/hyphen.us'` is identical to the file ``hyphen.tex'`, part of the TeX system written by Donald E. Knuth; the master file can be found at

<ftp://labrea.stanford.edu/pub/tex/dist/lib/hyphen.tex> .

It has been renamed for consistency, i.e., to make patterns available under the filenames ``hyphen.<language>'`, e.g. ``hyphen.de'` or ``hyphen.uk'`.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.fr'` contains the same patterns as the file ``frhyph.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

<http://dante.ctan.org/CTAN/language/hyphenation/frhyph.tex> .

The patterns have been converted to a format groff can understand.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.sv'` is identical to the file ``svhyph.tex'`, which can be found at

<http://dante.ctan.org/CTAN/language/hyphenation/svhyph.tex> .

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. The files ``tmac/hyphen.det'` and ``tmac/hyphen.den'` contain the same patterns as the files ``dehypht-x-2017-03-31.pat'` and ``dehyphn-x-2017-03-31.pat'` (for TeX), respectively, which can be found at

<http://ctan.org/tex-archive/language/hyphenation/dehyph-exptl>

The patterns have been converted to latin-1.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.cs'` contains the same patterns as the file

`czhyphen.tex' (for TeX), which can be found in the archive

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-*- text -*-

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.127 icu 53

1.127.1 Available under license :

```
## -*-makefile*-  
## BSD-specific setup (FreeBSD, OpenBSD, NetBSD, *BSD)  
## Copyright (c) 1999-2013, International Business Machines Corporation and  
## others. All Rights Reserved.
```

```
## Commands to generate dependency files  
GEN_DEPS.c= $(CC) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)  
GEN_DEPS.cc= $(CXX) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)
```

```
## Flags for position independent code  
SHAREDLIBCFLAGS = -fPIC  
SHAREDLIBCXXFLAGS = -fPIC
```

SHAREDLIBCPPFLAGS = -DPIC

Additional flags when building libraries and with threads

THREADSCPPFLAGS = -D_REENTRANT

LIBCPPFLAGS =

Compiler switch to embed a runtime search path

LD_RPATH=

LD_RPATH_PRE= -Wl,-rpath,

Compiler switch to embed a library name

LD_SONAME = -Wl,-soname -Wl,\$(notdir \$(MIDDLE_SO_TARGET))

Shared library options

LD_SOOPTIONS= -Wl,-Bsymbolic

Shared object suffix

SO = so

Non-shared intermediate object suffix

STATIC_O = ao

Compilation rules

%. \$(STATIC_O): \$(srcdir)/%.c

\$(COMPILE.c) \$(STATICCPPFLAGS) \$(STATICCFLAGS) -o \$@ \$<

%.o: \$(srcdir)/%.c

\$(COMPILE.c) \$(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) \$(DYNAMICCFLAGS) -o \$@ \$<

%. \$(STATIC_O): \$(srcdir)/%.cpp

\$(COMPILE.cc) \$(STATICCPPFLAGS) \$(STATICCXXFLAGS) -o \$@ \$<

%.o: \$(srcdir)/%.cpp

\$(COMPILE.cc) \$(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) \$(DYNAMICCXXFLAGS) -o \$@ \$<

Dependency rules

%.d: \$(srcdir)/%.c

@echo "generating dependency information for \$<"

@\$(SHELL) -ec '\$(GEN_DEPS.c) \$< \

| sed "s^\(\$*\)\.o[:]*^1.o \$@ :/g\" > \$@; \

[-s \$@] || rm -f \$@'

%.d: \$(srcdir)/%.cpp

@echo "generating dependency information for \$<"

@\$(SHELL) -ec '\$(GEN_DEPS.cc) \$< \

| sed "s^\(\$*\)\.o[:]*^1.o \$@ :/g\" > \$@; \

[-s \$@] || rm -f \$@'

Versioned libraries rules

```

%.$(SO).$(SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR): %.$(SO).$(SO_TARGET_VERSION)
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${<F} $@
%.$(SO): %.$(SO).$(SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR)
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${*F}.$(SO).$(SO_TARGET_VERSION) $@

## Bind internal references

# LDflags that pkgdata will use
BIR_LDFLAGS= -Wl,-Bsymbolic

# Dependencies [i.e. map files] for the final library
BIR_DEPS=

## Remove shared library 's'
STATIC_PREFIX_WHEN_USED =
STATIC_PREFIX =

## End BSD-specific setup

```

1.128 nginx 1.7.10

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```

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```

1.129 iptables 1.14.21

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.130 at 3.1.15

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In August 2009 the upstream development and Debian packaging were taken over by Ansgar Burchardt <ansgar@debian.org> and Cyril Brulebois <kibi@debian.org>.

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parsetime.pl:

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1.131 libassuan 2.1.2

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1.133 busybox 1.22.1

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bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

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1.136 Izo 2.01

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1.143 shadow 4.2.1

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1.144 protobuf 2.5.0

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Oliver Jowett <oliver.jowett@gmail.com>
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* Fixes for Solaris 10 32/64-bit confusion.
Evan Jones <evanj@mit.edu>
* Optimize Java serialization code when writing a small message to a stream.
* Optimize Java serialization of strings so that UTF-8 encoding happens only
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* Fix bug with permanent callbacks that delete themselves when run.
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1.145 pcre 8.35

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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the static EXT2 file system consistency checker (e2fsck.static). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
/*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
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written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

Sources were obtained from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

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1.147 procps 3.2.8

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1.148 ncftp 3.2.5

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1.149 glibc 2.20

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1.150 libcap-ng 0.6.6

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1.152 mdadm 3.3.1

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1.153 expat 2.1.0

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1.155 util-linux 2.24.2

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1.157 strace 4.5

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1.158 openssh 5.0p1

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/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */

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*/

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

typedef struct pollfd {
    int fd;
    short events;
    short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

#define POLLIN 0x0001

```

```

#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif

#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfd_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/*
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*/

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID

```

```

/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
/*
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 */

#ifdef HAVE_SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
#ifdef HAVE_SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif

```

1.159 psmisc 22.21

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```
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* Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
*/
```

```
#ifndef COMM_H
#define COMM_H
```

```
#ifdef HAVE_CONFIG_H
#include <config.h>
#endif
```

```
/*
* COMM_LEN should be the same size as TASK_COMM_LEN in the Linux source
* at include/linux/sched.h
*/
#define COMM_LEN 16
```

```
#endif
```

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1.163 pciutils 3.3.1

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- * @version 3.0 (December 2000)
- *
- * Optimised ANSI C code for the Rijndael cipher (now AES)
- *
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- * @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
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1.167 xinetd 2.3.3

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1.168 ethtool 3.15

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```

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1.169 pam 1.1.6

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1.170 python 2.7.8

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.. highlightlang:: none

.. _history-and-license:

History and License

History of the software

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl/>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us/>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation; see <http://www.zope.com/>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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| 1.6 | 1.5.2 | 2000 | CNRI | no |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
| 1.6.1 | 1.6 | 2001 | CNRI | no |
| 2.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | no |
| 2.0.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2 and above | 2.1.1 | 2001-now | PSF | yes |

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The `:mod:`_random`` module includes code based on a download from <http://www.math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/~m-mat/MT/MT2002/emt19937ar.html>. The following are the verbatim comments from the original code::

A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using `init_genrand(seed)`
or `init_by_array(init_key, key_length)`.

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Sockets

The `:mod:`socket`` module uses the functions, `:func:`getaddrinfo``, and `:func:`getnameinfo``, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE Project, <http://www.wide.ad.jp/>. ::

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MD5 message digest algorithm

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L. Peter Deutsch
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt>

The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite (section A.5) but excluding the rest of Appendix A. It does not include any code or documentation that is identified in the RFC as being copyrighted.

The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

- 2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
- 1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
- 1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
- 1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:

- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with Python standard

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strtod and dtoa

The file `:file:`Python/dtoa.c``, which supplies C functions `dtoa` and `strtod` for conversion of C doubles to and from strings, is derived from the file of the same name by David M. Gay, currently available from <http://www.netlib.org/fp/>. The original file, as retrieved on March 16, 2009, contains the following copyright and licensing notice:

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.172 gzip 1.6

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1.173 xinetd 2.3.15

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Version: 2.1.8.7-current

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1.174 grep 2.19

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1.177 libpcap 1.6.1

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1.178 glibc 2.8

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d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

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Version 2, June 1991

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That's all there is to it!

1.183 curl 7.37.1

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=====

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

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libressl

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c-ares

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zlib

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

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libssh2

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1.184 usbutils 007

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1.185 sysv-init 2.88

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- *
- * Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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@page

@unnumberedsubsec Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{yyyy} @var{name of author}

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the

GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA.
@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19@var{yy} @var{name of author}
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
@end smallexample
```

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than @samp{show w} and @samp{show c}; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items---whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@example
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end example
```

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.

```
@node GNU LGPL
@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@cindex LGPL, GNU Lesser General Public License
@cindex License, GNU LGPL
@center Version 2.1, February 1999
```

@display

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the
version number 2.1.]

@end display

@unnumberedsubsec Preamble

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This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some
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it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this
license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to
use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source
code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide
complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them
with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@unnumberedsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex

@ifinfo

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@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

@enumerate 0

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@item

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@enumerate a

@item

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@item

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@item

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@item

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

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@item

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@item

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

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@item

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@page

@unnumberedsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

@smallexample

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

@end smallexample

That's all there is to it!

1.188 bzip2 1.0.6

1.188.1 Available under license :

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

jseward@acm.org

bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.2 of 30 December 2001

```
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```
/*
```

```
minibz2
```

```
libbz2.dll test program.
```

by Yoshioka Tsuneo (tsuneo@rr.iij4u.or.jp)

This file is Public Domain. Welcome any email to me.

```
usage: minibz2 [-d] [-{1,2,..9}] [[srcfilename] destfilename]
*/
```

1.189 file 5.18

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1.190 libpcap 0.9.4

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1.191 libnss-mdns 0.10

1.192 libuser 0.60

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1.193 iptutils 20121221

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1.194 coreutils 8.22

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1.195 cpio 2.11

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1.196 python 3.7.3

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History and License

History of the software

=====

Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <https://www.cwi.nl/>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <https://www.cnri.reston.va.us/>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to

form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation; see <http://www.zope.com/>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <https://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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| Release | Derived from | Year | Owner | GPL compatible? |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|
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| 1.6 | 1.5.2 | 2000 | CNRI | no |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
| 1.6.1 | 1.6 | 2001 | CNRI | no |
| 2.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | no |
| 2.0.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using `init_genrand(seed)`
or `init_by_array(init_key, key_length)`.

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Sockets

The `:mod:`socket`` module uses the functions, `:func:`getaddrinfo``, and `:func:`getnameinfo``, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE Project, <http://www.wide.ad.jp/>. ::

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Asynchronous socket services

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UUencode and UUdecode functions

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:

- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with Python standard

XML Remote Procedure Calls

The `:mod:`xmlrpc.client`` module contains the following notice::

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Select kqueue

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SipHash24

The file `:file:`Python/pyhash.c`` contains Marek Majkowski's implementation of Dan Bernstein's SipHash24 algorithm. The contains the following note::

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Original location:

<https://github.com/majek/csiphash/>

Solution inspired by code from:

Samuel Neves ([supercop/crypto_auth/siphhash24/little](https://github.com/supercop/crypto_auth/siphhash24/little))

djb ([supercop/crypto_auth/siphhash24/little2](https://github.com/supercop/crypto_auth/siphhash24/little2))

Jean-Philippe Aumasson (<https://131002.net/siphhash/siphhash24.c>)

strtod and dtoa

The file `:file:`Python/dtoa.c``, which supplies C functions `dtoa` and `strtod` for conversion of C doubles to and from strings, is derived from the file of the same name by David M. Gay, currently available from <http://www.netlib.org/fp/>. The original file, as retrieved on

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OpenSSL

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cfuhash

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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations, which became Zope Corporation. In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <https://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation was a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.199 tcl 8.5.7

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1.200 zlib 1.2.8

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```
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
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```

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* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

* `admin/check-style.sh`, `admin/check-style-common.awk`, `admin/check-style-cpp.awk`, `admin/check-style-shell.awk`: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project. They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that process, the shell script was created.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

```
=====
vim: filetype=text:textwidth=75:expandtab:shiftwidth=2:softtabstop=2
```

```
<!--
```

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```
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```

```
-->
```

```
<!-- $Id$ -->
```

```
<!-- Generate ISC copyright comments from Docbook copyright metadata. -->
```

```
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"
```

```

xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude"
xmlns:db="http://docbook.org/ns/docbook">

<xsl:template name="isc.copyright.format">
  <xsl:param name="text"/>
  <xsl:value-of select="$isc.copyright.leader"/>
  <xsl:value-of select="normalize-space(substring-before($text, '&#10;'))"/>
  <xsl:text>&#10;</xsl:text>
  <xsl:variable name="rest" select="substring-after($text, '&#10;')"/>
  <xsl:if test="translate($rest, '&#9;&#32;', '')">
    <xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">
      <xsl:with-param name="text" select="$rest"/>
    </xsl:call-template>
  </xsl:if>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright.text">
  <xsl:text>
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    file, You can obtain one at http://mozilla.org/MPL/2.0/.
  </xsl:text>
</xsl:variable>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright">
  <xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">
    <xsl:with-param name="text">
      <xsl:for-each select="book/info/copyright | refentry/docinfo/copyright">
        <xsl:text>Copyright (C) </xsl:text>
        <xsl:call-template name="copyright.years">
          <xsl:with-param name="years" select="year"/>
        </xsl:call-template>
        <xsl:text> </xsl:text>
        <xsl:value-of select="holder"/>
        <xsl:value-of select="$isc.copyright.breakline"/>
        <xsl:text>&#10;</xsl:text>
      </xsl:for-each>
    <xsl:value-of select="$isc.copyright.text"/>
    </xsl:with-param>
  </xsl:call-template>
</xsl:variable>
</xsl:stylesheet>

<!--
- Local variables:
- mode: sgml
- End:

```


-->

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1.203 net-tools 1.60

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.204 openssh 6.6p1

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* @version 3.0 (December 2000)
*
* Optimised ANSI C code for the Rijndael cipher (now AES)
*
* @author Vincent Rijmen <vincent.rijmen@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
* @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
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lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

include/ipropr_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropr_svc.c
lib/kdb/ipropr.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h

lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
kprop/kpropd_rpc.c
kprop/kproplog.c

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cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
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lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
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lib/libgss/g_imp_sec_context.c
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